# **Model Deployment using Flask**

Name: Arda Cem Özmen

Batch code: LISP01

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### **Overview**

- Deploying your basic machine learning model
- Learn how to use Flask to deploy a machine learning model into production
- Model deployment is a core topic in data scientist interviews so start learning!

#### **Abstract**

This project has been written for the beginners of model deployment. With a simple linear regression example, a model was created on Spyder using Flask.

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### What is Model Deployment?

Deployment is the method by which you integrate a machine learning model into an existing production environment to make practical business decisions based on data. In this way, we turn the model we have created into a product. At the same time, we offer the product to the user side.

#### What is Flask?



Flask is a micro web framework written in Python. It is classified as a microframework because it does not require particular tools or libraries. Extensions exist for object-relational mappers, form validation, upload handling, various open authentication technologies, and several common framework-related tools. The only feature that distinguishes Flask from other frameworks is that it is very easy to use.

### Installing Flask on your Machine

Installing Flask is simple and straightforward. I generally use pip installed.

```
# If you are using pip
$ pip install flask

# For Linux
$ sudo apt-get install python3-flask
```

If you want to work with the latest Flask code before it's released, install or update the code from the master branch:

```
# Living on the edge
$ pip install -U https://github.com/pallets/flask/archive/master.tar.gz
```

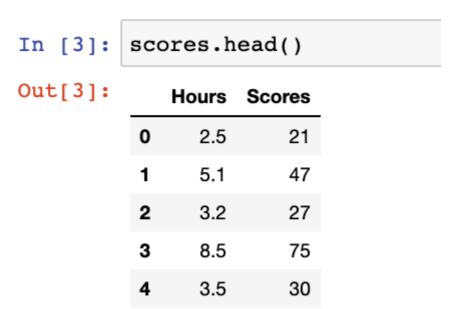
That's it. We are ready to deploying your machine learning model.

### **Setting up the Project WorkFlow**

- 1. Model Building
- 2. Save the model and setup app
- 3. Webpage Template
- 4. Predict class and send results

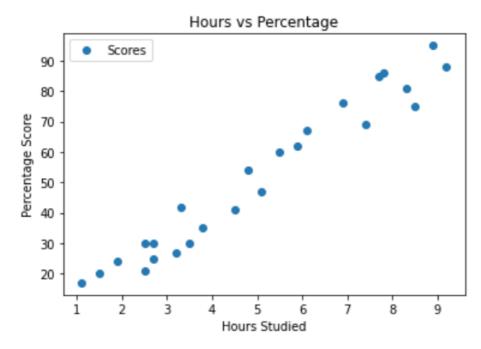
## **Build Machine Learning Model**

I prefer to work on Jupyter Notebook. — Our dataset has 25 rows and 2 columns. Let's take a look at what our dataset actually looks like. To do this, use the head() method:



Let's plot our data points on 2-D graph to eyeball our dataset and see if we can manually find any relationship between the data.

```
In [4]: scores.plot(x='Hours', y='Scores', style='o')
  plt.title('Hours vs Percentage')
  plt.xlabel('Hours Studied')
  plt.ylabel('Percentage Score')
  plt.show()
```



Now that we have our attributes and labels, the next step is to split this data into training and test sets. We'll do this by using Scikit-Learn's built-in train\_test\_split() method:

```
In [6]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=0)
In [7]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
    regressor = LinearRegression()
    regressor.fit(X_train, y_train)
Out[7]: LinearRegression()
```

#### To retrieve the intercept and For retrieving the slope (coefficient of x):

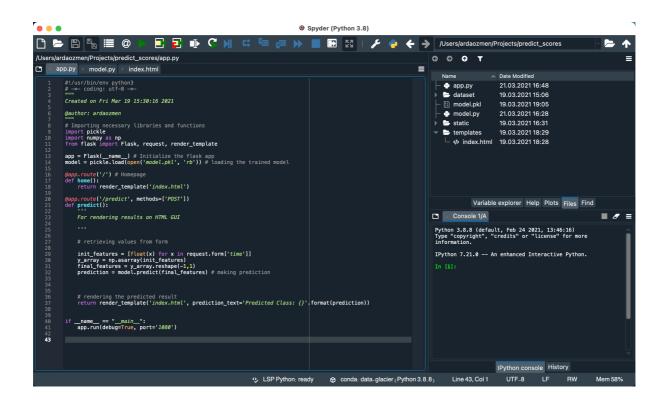
**Making Predictions:** Now that we have trained our algorithm, it's time to make some predictions.

#### **Testing and Proofing:**

```
In [13]: my_score = 5
In [14]: y_array = np.asarray(my_score)
In [15]: regressor.predict(y_array.reshape(-1,1))
Out[15]: array([51.57144244])
In [16]: (5 * 9.91065648) + 2.018160041434683
Out[16]: 51.571442441434684
```

# **Project Snapshots**

# Spyder usage



### Save the Model (model.py)

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-

Created on Fri Mar 19 14:33:31 2021

@author: ardaozmen
"""

# Importing necessary libraries
import pickle
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression

# Reading the data
scores = pd.read_csv('dataset/student_scores.csv')
X = scores.iloc[:, :-1].values
y = scores.iloc[:, :1].values

# Training Data
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=0)
regressor = LinearRegression()
regressor.fit(X_train, y_train)
pickle.dump(regressor, open('model.pkl', 'wb'))
```

### Connect the Webpage with the Model (app.py)

```
#:/usr/bin/env python3
# *** coding: utf-8 **-

Gauthor: ardaozmen
"""

# Importing necessary libraries and functions
import numpy as np
import numpy as np
from flask import Flask, request, render_template

app = Flask(_name_) # Initialize the flask app
model = pickle.load(open('model.pkl', 'rb')) # loading the trained model

app.route('/') # Homepage
def home():
    return render_template('index.html')

app.route('/predict', methods=['POST'])
def predict():

For rendering results on HTML GUI

"""

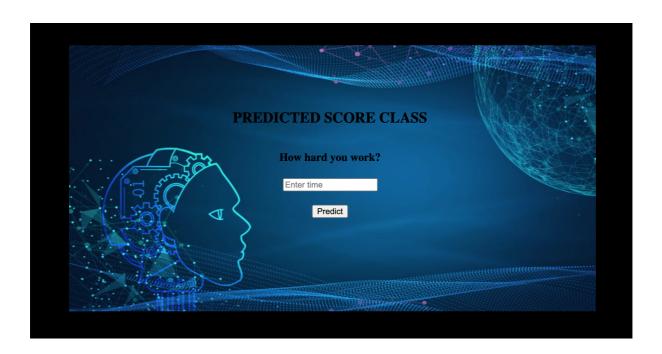
# retrieving values from form
init_features = [float(x) for x in request.form['time']]
y_array = np.asarray(init_features)
final_features = y array.reshape(-1,1)
prediction = model.predict(final_features) # making prediction

# rendering the predicted result
return render_template('index.html', prediction_text='Predicted Class: {}'.format(prediction))

if __name__ == "__main__":
    app.run(debug=True, port='1080')
```

## **Working of the Deployed Model**

We have successfully started the Flask server! Open your browser and go to this address – <a href="http://127.0.0.1:1080/">http://127.0.0.1:1080/</a>. You will see that the Flask server has rendered the default template.



#### **References:**

- <a href="https://towardsdatascience.com/how-to-easily-deploy-machine-learning-models-using-flask-b95af8fe34d4">https://towardsdatascience.com/how-to-easily-deploy-machine-learning-models-using-flask-b95af8fe34d4</a>
- <a href="https://medium.datadriveninvestor.com/deploy-your-machine-learning-model-using-flask-made-easy-now-635d2f12c50c">https://medium.datadriveninvestor.com/deploy-your-machine-learning-model-using-flask-made-easy-now-635d2f12c50c</a>