## Reparative Resource Description - Recommended Guidance for ICMGLT Library

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The <u>APA Mechanics of Style Guide</u> covers the rules that I used for <u>capitalization</u>, <u>spelling</u>, and the <u>author name(s) format</u>.

Reparative Subject Headings for most frequently used terms in the catalog data

Former/Disputed term(s)	Updated terms	Notes
<ul> <li>Native American</li> <li>American Indian</li> <li>Indian</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>"Indigenous people of America" (N. and S. America)</li> <li>Specific name of the tribe, band, nation</li> <li>First Nations (Canada)</li> <li>Māori (New Zealand)</li> <li>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (Australia)</li> </ul>	Make sure that Indigenous tribes, bands, and/or nations have confirmed the preferred term. Some popular names originated from colonizing English, French, Spanish nations, etc. and could be offensive.  Example: Instead of using "Navajo" to describe the indigenous people, use "Diné" instead.  Source Source 2 Source 3
<ul> <li>Slaves</li> <li>Hispanics</li> <li>Colored people, Negros, N-word</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Enslaved people</li> <li>Latines, Latinos, Latinx</li> <li>African Americans, Black Americans, Black people</li> </ul>	Hispanics is a term that describes people of Spanish descent in the Americas. It doesn't include Brazilians or Haitians  Latines/Latinos/Latinx describe individuals or communities from romance language-speaking countries in Latin America. This includes Brazilians and Haitians, as Portuguese and French are romance languages  Black people refers to people of African descent anywhere in the world. Black Americans are a racial group in the U.S.

		African American is the ethnicity of Black people in the U.S.  Source Source 2 Source 3
<ul> <li>Assembly center/camp</li> <li>Detainees</li> <li>Interned</li> <li>Evacuees</li> <li>Internment camp</li> <li>Relocated</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Temporary detention center</li> <li>Incarcerees</li> <li>Incarcerated</li> <li>American concentration camp</li> <li>Forcefully removed</li> </ul>	Japanese Americans  Source Source 2
Identity-first language  • Disabled people	Person-first language	It really depends on the individual and/or community perspective here. Some prefer identity-first language, others prefer person-first language.  Source Source 2 Source 3
<ul><li>Sexual minorities</li><li>Sex role</li></ul>	<ul><li>LGBTQ people</li><li>Gender role</li></ul>	Source See the Cataloging Lab
Victims	Survivors	Note: there are different ideas about how these terms should be used. Survivor is recommended for an individual who has recovered from their trauma, while a victim is still experiencing trauma or is healing.  See Cataloging Lab
Paraphilias	Sex Offenses	Source
<ul> <li>"Disputed" lands</li> <li>"Israeli-controlled" lands</li> <li>Palestinian-"claimed" lands</li> <li>"Contested" lands</li> <li>Arab Israeli</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Occupied Palestinian territories</li> <li>Palestinian territories occupied by Israel</li> <li>Occupied West Bank</li> <li>Palestinian citizen of Israel or Palestinian</li> </ul>	Source - Int'l Press Institute Source 2 - Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) Source 3 - Solutions not sides Source 4 - Institute for Middle

Arabs	with Israeli citizenship  • Palestinians	East Understanding
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## Resources related to Holocaust-Shoah:

- USC Shoah Foundation Keyword Thesaurus
- Yale Fortunoff Video Archive

## **General Sources:**

## **Cataloging Lab**

American Psychological Association - <u>Inclusive language guide</u>
National Library of Medicine - <u>Medical subject headings</u>
American Chemical Society - <u>Inclusivity style guide</u>