



Page 8 and 9 ;

1.1.1. Determine whether each of the following is true or false.

- (a) $\emptyset \subseteq \emptyset$
- (b) $\emptyset \in \emptyset$
- (c) $\emptyset \in \{\emptyset\}$
- (d) $\emptyset \subseteq \{\emptyset\}$
- (e) $\{a, b\} \in \{a, b, c, \{a, b\}\}$
- (f) $\{a, b\} \subseteq \{a, b, \{a, b\}\}$
- (g) $\{a, b\} \subseteq 2^{\{a, b, \{a, b\}\}}$
- (h) $\{\{a, b\}\} \in 2^{\{a, b, \{a, b\}\}}$
- (i) $\{a, b, \{a, b\}\} - \{a, b\} = \{a, b\}$

ANSWER:

- | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| (a) True | (e) True | (i) False |
| (b) False | (f) True | |
| (c) True | (g) False | |
| (d) True | (h) True | |

1.1.2. What are these sets? Write them using braces, commas, and numerals only.

- (a) $(\{1, 3, 5\} \cup \{3, 1\}) \cap \{3, 5, 7\}$
- (b) $\bigcup\{\{3\}, \{3, 5\}, \bigcap\{\{5, 7\}, \{7, 9\}\}\}$
- (c) $(\{1, 2, 5\} - \{5, 7, 9\}) \cup (\{5, 7, 9\} - \{1, 2, 5\})$
- (d) $2^{\{7, 8, 9\}} - 2^{\{7, 9\}}$
- (e) 2^{\emptyset}

ANSWER:

- (a) $\{3, 5\}$
- (b) $\{3, 5, 7\}$
- (c) $\{1, 2, 7, 9\}$
- (d) $\{\{8\}, \{7, 8\}, \{8, 9\}, \{7, 8, 9\}\}$
- (e) $\{\emptyset\}$

1.1.4. Let $S = \{a, b, c, d\}$.

- (a) What partition of S has the fewest members? The most members?
- (b) List all partitions of S with exactly two members.

ANSWER:

(a) Fewest Members:

$\{\{a, b, c, d\}\}$

(b) Most Members:

$\{\{a\}, \{b\}, \{c\}, \{d\}\}$

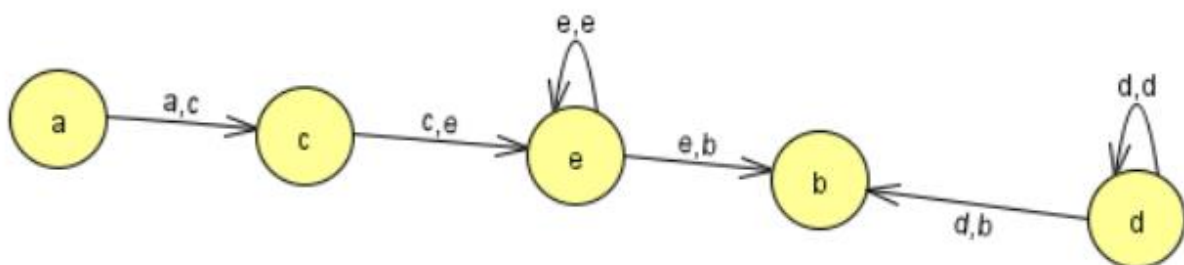
Sayfa 20-21;

1.3.1. Let $R = \{(a, c), (c, e), (e, e), (e, b), (d, b), (d, d)\}$. Draw directed graphs representing each of the following.

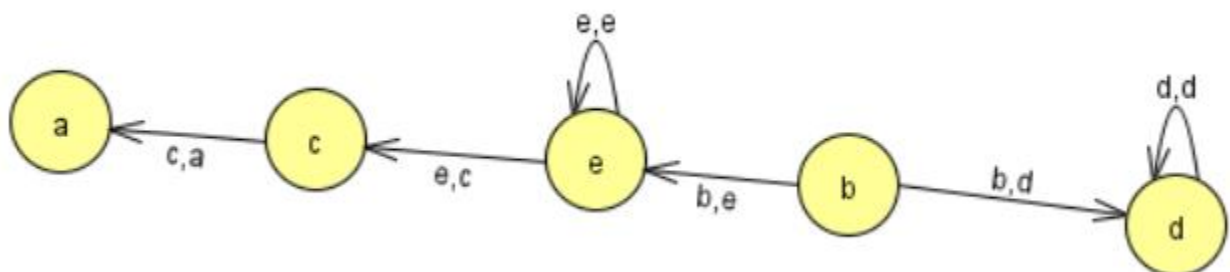
- (a) R
- (b) R^{-1}
- (c) $R \cup R^{-1}$
- (d) $R \cap R^{-1}$

ANSWER:

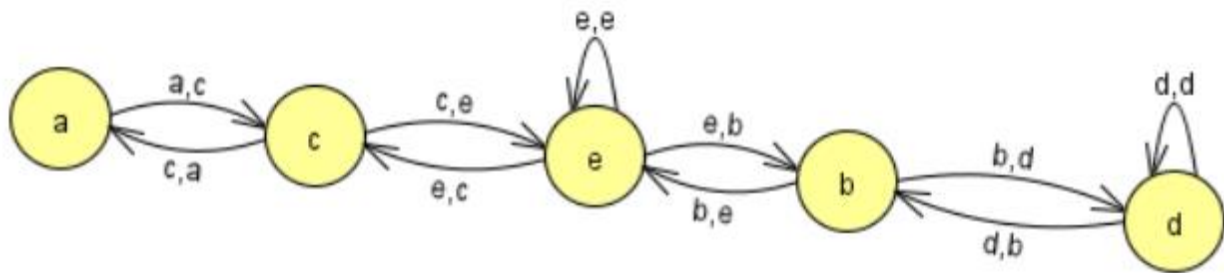
(a)



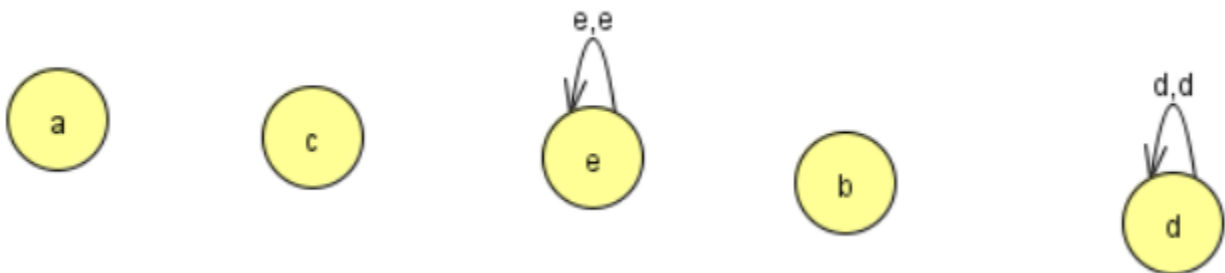
(b)



(c)



(d)



1.3.2. Let R and S be the binary relations on $A = \{1, \dots, 7\}$ with the graphical representations shown in the next page.

- (a) Indicate whether each of R and S is (i) symmetric, (ii) reflexive, and (iii) transitive.
- (b) Repeat (a) for the relation $R \cup S$.

ANSWER:

(a)

R : Not reflexive, transitive, and symmetric

S : Not reflexive and transitive. On the other hand it is symmetric.

(b)

$R \cup S$: it is reflexive

1.3.4. Let A be a nonempty set and let $R \subseteq A \times A$ be the empty set. Which properties does R have?

- (a) Reflexivity.
- (b) Symmetry.
- (c) Antisymmetry.
- (d) Transitivity.

ANSWER:

- (a) R is not Reflexive
- (b) R is symmetric
- (c) R is also Antisymmetric
- (d) R is Transitive

1.3.7. Let R_1 and R_2 be any two partial orders on the same set A . Show that $R_1 \cap R_2$ is a partial order.

ANSWER:

$R_1 \cap R_2$ is reflexive, antisymmetric and transitive.

1.3.9. Under what circumstances does a directed graph represent a function?

ANSWER:

In directed graphs, the edge emerging from each node represents a function.