

# Parallel Computing :: CHEAT SHEET

## Splitting :

### Splitting a code by :

1. **Task** (different tasks on same data)
2. **Data** (one task on different data)

### Hardware needs :

CPU (+2 cores)

RAM (shared memory vs distributed memory)

## 2 ideas in parallel computing :

### 1. Map-Reduced Models :

(distributed data; physically on different devices)

- Hadoop
- Spark

#### R Packages:

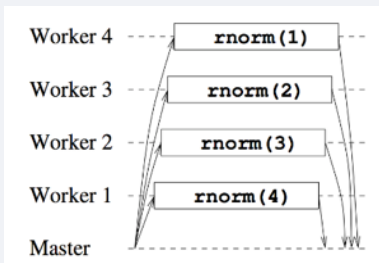
- sparklyr, iotools
- pbdr (programming with big data in R)

### 2. Master - Worker Models :

(M tasks on C cores; usually  $1 < C \ll M$ )

#### R Packages:

- snow, snowFT, snowfal
- foreach
- future, future.apply



## Not always parallel computing:

stop/start cluster takes time

overhead (communication time b/w master and workers ; not good for repeatedly sending big data!)

## Sequential vs Parallel:

```
library(microbenchmark)
microbenchmark( FUN1(...), FUN2(...),
times = 10)
```

## parallel.R : core package

```
library(parallel)
ncores <- detectCores(logical=F) # physical cores
cl <- makeCluster(ncores)
clusterApply(cl, x = c(...), fun = FUN) # FUN(x,...)
stopCluster(cl)
```

## Initialization of workers :

```
clusterCall(cl, FUN) # calls FUN on workers
clusterEvalQ(cl, exp) # eval an exp. on workers
## clusterEvalQ(cl, library(foo))
clusterExport(cl, varlist) # varlist on workers
## clusterExport(cl, c("mean")) where mean = 10
```

## Data Chunk on workers :

1. **generated on workers**  
# clusterApply(cl, x, FUN) e.g FUN(){ rnorm() }
2. **generated on master and pass to workers**  
# ind <- splitIndices(200, 5)  
# clusterApply(cl, ind, FUN)  
# (-) : not efficient in Big Data : heavy
3. **chunk on workers** # copy of original Data on all workers  
# clusterExport(cl, M) e.g. M is a matrix  
# clusterApply(cl, x, FUN) FUN contains subset M

## foreach.R : Sequential

```
library(foreach) # by default return a list
foreach(n = rep(5,3), m = 10^(0:2)) %do% FUN(n,m)
foreach(n, .packages = "X") %do% FUN(n)
# FUN needs package X to be run
foreach(n, .export = c("Y") ) %do% FUN(n,b=Y)
# FUN needs outside object/function "Y"
foreach(n, .combine = rbind) %do% FUN(n) #row bind
foreach(n, .combine = '+') %do% FUN(n) #rbind + colSum
foreach(n, .combine = c) %do% FUN(n) # vector
foreach(n, .combine = c) %:% when(n > 2) %do% FUN(n)
```

## future.R : asynchronously

```
library(future) (variables run as soon as created)
plan(multicore)
# plans : sequential, cluster, multicore, multiprocess
x %<-% mean(rnorm(100))
y %<-% mean(rnorm(100))
```

## future.apply.R : parallel\_apply

```
library(future.apply) (parallel_apply functions)
plan(multicore) # can be other plans
future_apply(n, FUN), future_lapply(...), future_sapply(...)
```

## foreach.R : Parallel

needs backend packages support parallel computing

- doParallel(parallel.R), doFuture (future.R), doSEQ

## doParallel.R : backend of foreach

```
library(doParallel)
cl <- makeCluster(ncores) # ncores = 2,3,...
registerDoParallel(cl) # register the backend
foreach(...) %dopar% FUN(...)
```

## doFuture.R : backend of foreach

```
library(doFuture)
registerDoFuture()
plan(cluster, workers = 3) # can be other plans
foreach(...) %dopar% FUN(...)
```

## Load Balancing: for uneven task times

```
clusterApplyLB(cl, x, FUN) # not for small task time
clusterApply(cl, x = splitIndices(10,2), FUN)
library(itertools)
foreach(s=splitVector(1:10, chunks =2))%dopar% FUN
# e.g. FUN = sapply(s,"*",100)
future_sapply(..., future.scheduling = 1)
```