Layer (type)

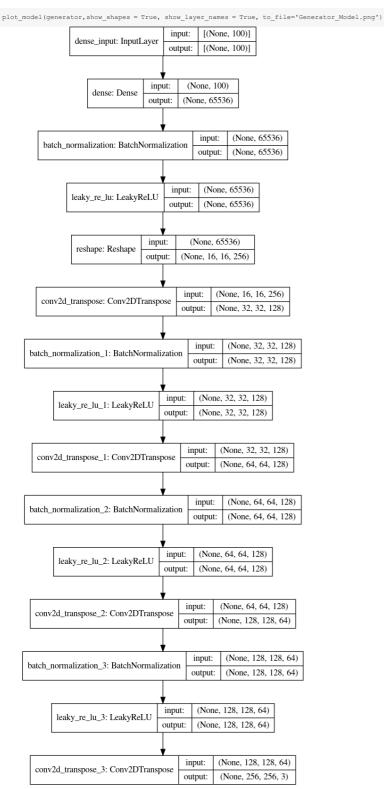
batch\_normalization (BatchNo (None, 65536)

6553600

262144

```
import numpy as np
import PIL
from glob import glob
 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras import layers
import cv2
import random
from keras.utils.vis_utils import plot_model
{\tt MAIN\_PATH} \quad = \quad {\tt "...} \\ \underline{/input/celeba-dataset/img \ align \ celeba/img \ align \ celeba} \\ {\tt "}
image_paths = glob(MAIN_PATH+"/*")
len(image paths)
           202599
def readImage(path,image_size=(256,256)):
    img = np.asarray(PIL.Image.open(path).resize(image_size))
    img = ((img - 127.5) / 127.5).astype("float32")
          return img
\texttt{test\_img} = \texttt{readImage("...} \underline{/\texttt{input/celeba-dataset/img align celeba/img align celeba/000030.jpg"})}
print(test_img.shape)
plt.imshow(test_img)
plt.show()
           (256, 256, 3)
              50
             150
             200
       . I said we'll read images as batches so now we'll define a generator that yield one batch data
BATCH_SIZE = 128
STEPS_PER_EPOCH = 500
print("Steps per epochh are",STEPS_PER_EPOCH)
def dataGenerator(batch_size):
          while True:
                   paths = random.choices(image paths, k=batch size)
                   batch = []
                  for p in paths:
batch.append(readImage(p))
                  yield np.asarray(batch)
dataGen = dataGenerator(BATCH_SIZE)
print(next(dataGen).shape)
           Steps per epochh are 500 (128, 256, 256, 3)
WEIGHT INIT = tf.keras.initializers.RandomNormal(mean=0.0,stddev=0.2)
def make_generator():
   model = tf.keras.Sequential()
          model.add(layers.Dense(16*16*256,use_bias=False,input_shape=(100,)))
          model.add(layers.BatchNormalization())
model.add(layers.LeakyReLU())
model.add(layers.Reshape((16,16,256)))
          assert model.output_shape == (None, 16, 16, 256)
         model.add(layers.Conv2DTranspose(128,(5,5),strides=(2,2),use_bias=False,padding="same",kernel_initializer=WEIGHT_INIT))
model.add(layers.BatchNormalization())
model.add(layers.LeakyReLU())
          assert model.output_shape == (None, 32, 32, 128)
          \verb|model.add(layers.Conv2DTranspose(128, (5,5), \verb|strides=(2,2)|, \verb|use_bias=False, \verb|padding="same", \verb|kernel_initializer=WEIGHT_INIT|)|||
          model.add(layers.BatchNormalization())
model.add(layers.LeakyReLU())
          assert model.output shape == (None, 64, 64, 128)
          \verb|model.add(layers.Conv2DTranspose(64,(5,5), strides=(2,2), \verb|use_bias=False,padding="same", kernel_initializer=WEIGHT_INIT))|
          model.add(layers.BatchNormalization())
model.add(layers.LeakyReLU())
          assert model.output_shape == (None,128,128,64)
          \verb|model.add(layers.Conv2DTranspose(3,(5,5), strides=(2,2), \verb|use_bias=False, padding="same", kernel_initializer=WEIGHT_INIT, layers(3,0), strides=(2,2), layers(3,0), layers
                                                                                 activation="tanh"
          assert model.output_shape == (None,256,256,3)
return model
generator = make_generator()
generator.summary()
           Model: "sequential"
```

leaky_re_lu (LeakyReLU)	(None,	65536)	0
reshape (Reshape)	(None,	16, 16, 256)	0
conv2d_transpose (Conv2DTran	(None,	32, 32, 128)	819200
batch_normalization_1 (Batch	(None,	32, 32, 128)	512
leaky_re_lu_1 (LeakyReLU)	(None,	32, 32, 128)	0
conv2d_transpose_1 (Conv2DTr	(None,	64, 64, 128)	409600
batch_normalization_2 (Batch	(None,	64, 64, 128)	512
leaky_re_lu_2 (LeakyReLU)	(None,	64, 64, 128)	0
conv2d_transpose_2 (Conv2DTr	(None,	128, 128, 64)	204800
batch_normalization_3 (Batch	(None,	128, 128, 64)	256
leaky_re_lu_3 (LeakyReLU)	(None,	128, 128, 64)	0
conv2d_transpose_3 (Conv2DTr Total params: 8,255,424 Trainable params: 8,123,712	(None,	256, 256, 3)	4800



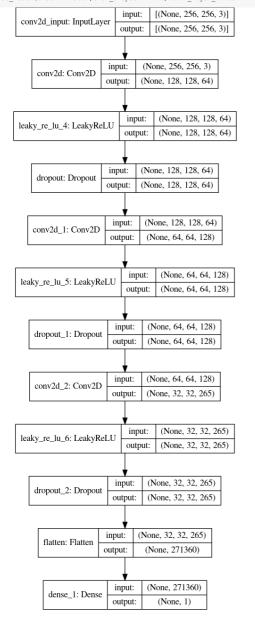
```
def make discriminator():
    model.add(layers.Conv2D(64,(5,5),strides=(2,2),padding="same",input_shape=(256,256,3)))
model.add(layers.LeakyReLU())
     model.add(layers.Dropout(0.3))
     model.add(layers.Conv2D(128,(5,5),strides=(2,2),padding="same"))
    model.add(layers.LeakyReLU())
model.add(layers.Dropout(0.3))
    model.add(layers.Conv2D(265,(5,5),strides=(2,2),padding="same"))
model.add(layers.LeakyReLU())
model.add(layers.Dropout(0.3))
     model.add(layers.Flatten())
     model.add(layers.Dense(1))
    return model
discriminator = make_discriminator()
discriminator.summary()
```

## Model: "sequential\_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 64)	4864
leaky_re_lu_4 (LeakyReLU)	(None, 128, 128, 64)	0
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 128, 128, 64)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 64, 64, 128)	204928
leaky_re_lu_5 (LeakyReLU)	(None, 64, 64, 128)	0
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 64, 64, 128)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 265)	848265
leaky_re_lu_6 (LeakyReLU)	(None, 32, 32, 265)	0
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 32, 32, 265)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 271360)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)	271361

Total params: 1,329,418 Trainable params: 1,329,418 Non-trainable params: 0

plot\_model(discriminator,show\_shapes = True, show\_layer\_names = True, to\_file='Generator\_Model.png')



```
def discriminator loss(real images, fake images):
     real loss = cross_entropy(tf.ones_like(real_images),real_images)
fake loss = cross_entropy(tf.zeros_like(fake_images),fake_images)
total_loss = real_loss + fake_loss
return total_loss
discriminator optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(lr=1e-4)
EPOCHS = 5
@tf.function
def train_step(images):
    noise = tf.random.normal([BATCH_SIZE,NOISE_DIM])
     with tf.GradientTape() as gen_tape, tf.GradientTape() as disc_tape:
          generated_images = generator(noise,training=True)
          real output = discriminator(images, training=True)
          Take output = discriminator(generated_images_training=True)

L_G = tf.reduce_mean(tf.abs(real_output - fake_output))

L_D = tf.reduce_mean(tf.abs(real_output - fake_output)) - k * tf.reduce_mean(tf.abs(real_output - fake_output))
          gen loss = generator loss(fake output)
          disc loss = discriminator loss(real output, fake output)
          gradients_of_generator = gen_tape.gradient(L_G, generator.trainable_variables)
gradients_of_discriminator = disc_tape.gradient(L_D, discriminator.trainable_variables)
          gen_optimizer.apply_gradients(zip(gradients_of_generator, generator.trainable_variables))
discriminator_optimizer.apply_gradients(zip(gradients_of_discriminator, discriminator.trainable_variables))
import sys
     for epoch in range (epochs):
          start = time.time()
for step in range(STEPS_PER_EPOCH):
              train_step(next(dataGen))
               sys.stdout.write(f"\rSTEP: {step}/{STEPS_PER_EPOCH}")
               sys.stdout.flush()
          finish time = round(time.time() - start,2)
          print(f"Epoch {epoch}/{epochs} Process Time : {finish_time}")
print("--*15)
train(EPOCHS)
      STEP: 499/500Epoch 0/5 Process Time : 640.75
      STEP: 499/500Epoch 1/5 Process Time : 501.48
      STEP: 499/500Epoch 2/5 Process Time: 485.45
      STEP: 499/500Epoch 3/5 Process Time : 444.74
      STEP: 499/500Epoch 4/5 Process Time : 423.32
      STEP: 499/500Epoch 0/3 Process Time: 417.55
      STEP: 499/500Epoch 1/3 Process Time: 415.64
      STEP: 499/500Epoch 2/3 Process Time : 414.8
train(2)
      STEP: 499/500Epoch 0/2 Process Time: 414.82
      STEP: 499/500Epoch 1/2 Process Time : 414.91
noise = tf.random.normal([16,100])
  enerated_images = np.asarray(generator(noise,training=False))
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(6,6))
for i in range(16):
    i in range(16):
plt.subplot(4,4,i+1)
     plt.imshow((generated_images[i,:,:,:]*127.5+127.5).astype("int"))
plt.axis("off")
plt.show()
      9 6 6
```



Compared to the results presented in the BEGAN paper, the images generated by my model are clearly lacking in quality and coherence. While the BEGAN model was able to produce high-resolution (up to 128x128 pixels), diverse, and natural-looking face images, my model is struggling to generate anything beyond blurred and disoriented faces.