```
1: #!/usr/bin/python3
    2:
    3: from pylab import *
    4: from numpy import *
    6: from pprint import pprint
    7:
    8: def simpson(func, a, b, h=0.1):
    9:
           """Approximates integral using simpson method"""
   10:
           n = int(abs(b - a) / h)
   11:
           n -= 1 if n % 2 == 1 else 0
           I1 = (h / 3.0) * (
   13:
               func(a) + func(b) +
               (4.0 * sum([func(a + (k * h)) for k in range(1, n, 2)])) +
   14:
               (2.0 * sum([func(a + (k * h)) for k in range(2, n - 1, 2)])))
   15:
           h2 = 2 * h
   16:
   17:
           n2 = int(abs(b - a) / h2)
           n2 -= 1 if n2 % 2 == 1 else 0
   18:
   19:
           I2 = (h2 / 3.0) * (
   20:
               func(a) + func(b) +
               (4.0 * sum([func(a + (k * h2)) for k in range(1, n2, 2)])) +
   21:
               (2.0 * sum([func(a + (k * h2)) for k in range(2, n2 - 1, 2)])))
   22:
   23:
           return (I1, abs(I1 - I2) / 3)
   24:
   25: def load_data():
           data = loadtxt('data1.txt')
   26:
   27:
           return data[0], data[1], data[3], data[5]
   28:
   29: T_plot, E1, E2, E3 = load_data()
   30: T_plot = [round(x, 10) for x in list(T_plot)]
   31:
   32: def RMI(T, T_max):
           return simpson(lambda x: (2*E1[T_plot.index(round(x,10))]-E2[T_plot.index(round(x,1
   33:
0))]-2*E3[T_plot.index(round(x, 10))]) / x**2, T, T_max)
   35: def p3():
   36:
           T_max = T_plot[-1]
           def a():
   37:
   38:
               print(RMI(float(input("T[{}-{}]: ".format(T_plot[0], T_plot[-1]))), T_max))
   39:
               # pprint([round(x, 5) for x in list(T)])
               plot(T_plot, [RMI(x, T_max)[0] for x in T_plot], label="RMI")
   40:
               xlabel('Temperature (K)')
   41:
   42:
               ylabel('RMI(T)')
   43:
               xlim(0, 100)
   44:
               legend()
   45:
               show()
   46:
   47:
           a()
   48:
   49:
   50:
   51: if __name__ == "__main__":
   52:
           p3()
```