

Write a query to create a route_details table using suitable data types for the fields, such as route_id, flight_num, origin_airport, destination_airport, aircraft_id, and distance_miles. Implement the check constraint for the flight number and unique constraint for the route_id fields. Also, make sure that the distance miles field is greater than 0.

```
mysql> DESC route_details;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
ROUTE_ID	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
FLIGHT_NUM	int	YES		NULL	
ORIGIN_AIRPORT	varchar(10)	YES		NULL	
DESTINATION_AIRPORT	varchar(10)	YES		NULL	
AIRCRAFT_ID	varchar(50)	YES		NULL	
DISTANCE_MILES	int	YES		NULL	

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Write a query to display all the passengers (customers) who have travelled in routes 01 to 25. Take data from the passengers_on_flights table.

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM passengers_on_flights WHERE ROUTE_ID BETWEEN 1 AND 25;
```

CUSTOMER_ID	AIRCRAFT_ID	ROUTE_ID	DEPART	ARRIVAL	SEAT_NUM	CLASS_ID	TRAVEL_DATE	FLIGHT_NUM
2	767-301ER	4	JFK	LAX	01E	Economy	2018-09-02	1114
1	ERJ142	9	DEN	LAX	01EP	Economy Plus	2019-12-26	1119
5	767-301ER	12	ABI	ADK	02B	Bussiness	2018-07-02	1122
5	ERJ142	18	ANI	BGR	02E	Economy	2020-05-06	1128
4	767-301ER	5	LAX	JFX	02FC	First Class	2020-04-06	1115
7	767-301ER	20	AVL	BOI	03B	Bussiness	2020-07-08	1130
5	ERJ142	22	BGR	BJI	03E	Economy	2020-05-31	1132
4	767-301ER	4	JFK	LAX	03FC	First Class	2020-04-30	1114
11	767-301ER	5	LAX	JFX	04B	Bussiness	2020-11-12	1115
17	A321	13	ABI	ADK	04EP	Economy Plus	2019-06-03	1123
9	767-301ER	15	CAK	ANI	04FC	First Class	2020-09-10	1125
11	767-301ER	4	JFK	LAX	05B	Bussiness	2020-11-09	1114
10	A321	10	HNL	DEN	05E	Economy	2020-10-11	1120
15	A321	14	BQN	CAK	06B	Bussiness	2018-11-02	1124
13	A321	13	ADK	BQN	06FC	First Class	2019-01-05	1123
22	ERJ142	22	BGR	BJI	07EP	Economy Plus	2020-02-09	1132
24	A321	14	BQN	CAK	08B	Bussiness	2019-07-22	1124
25	767-301ER	23	BLV	BFL	09B	Bussiness	2019-03-07	1133
50	A321	21	BFL	BET	10EP	Economy Plus	2020-08-15	1131
29	ERJ142	9	DEN	LAX	11B	Bussiness	2018-05-03	1119
44	767-301ER	15	CAK	ANI	11FC	First Class	2020-10-06	1125
46	A321	8	ORD	EWB	12FC	First Class	2011-07-08	1118
49	767-301ER	15	CAK	ANI	13B	Bussiness	2020-08-19	1125
31	767-301ER	20	AVL	BOI	13E	Economy	2018-12-31	1130
18	767-301ER	1	EWB	HNL	13FC	First Class	2018-04-01	1111
46	A321	25	RDM	BJI	14E	Economy	2020-11-25	1135

26 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Write a query to identify the number of passengers and total revenue in business class from the ticket_details table.

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) AS NO_OF_PASSENGERS, SUM(NO_OF_TICKETS * PRICE_PER_TICKET) AS TOTAL_REVENUE FROM ticket_details WHERE CLASS_ID = 'Business';
```

NO_OF_PASSENGERS	TOTAL_REVENUE
13	6034

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Write a query to display the full name of the customer by extracting the first name and last name from the customer table.

```
mysql> SELECT CONCAT(FIRST_NAME, ' ', LAST_NAME) AS FULL_NAME FROM customers;
```

FULL_NAME
Julie Sam
Steve Ryan
Morris Lois
Cathenna Emily
Aaron Kim
Alexander Scot
Anderson Stewart
Floyd Ted
Leo Travis
Melvin Tracy
Roger Walson
Shirley Wally
Solomon Walter
Carol Vernon
Linda William
Chirstine Willis
Catherine Shad
Gloria Richie
Joyce Paul
Sara Oliver
Chirsty Josh
Pheny Eri
Erwin Tosh
Calvin Willis
Moss Morris
Bryan Collin
Cherly Vernon
Du plesis Chris
Watson Ronald
Donack Dukins

Write a query to extract the customers who have registered and booked a ticket. Use data from the customer and ticket_details tables

```
mysql> SELECT customers.CUSTOMER_ID, customers.FIRST_NAME, customers.LAST_NAME FROM customers INNER JOIN ticket_details ON customers.CUSTOMER_ID = ticket_details.CUSTOMER_ID;
```

CUSTOMER_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME
27	Cherly	Vernon
22	Pheny	Eri
21	Chirsty	Josh
4	Cathenna	Emily
5	Aaron	Kim
7	Anderson	Stewart
8	Floyd	Ted
9	Leo	Travis
10	Melvin	Tracy
11	Roger	Walson
19	Joyce	Paul
13	Solomon	Walter
14	Carol	Vernon
25	Moss	Morris
16	Chirstine	Willis
17	Catherine	Shad
18	Gloria	Richie
24	Calvin	Willis

Write a query to identify the customer's first name and last name based on their customer ID and brand (Emirates) from the ticket_details table.

```
mysql> SELECT customers.FIRST_NAME, customers.LAST_NAME, ticket_details.BRAND FROM customers INNER JOIN ticket_details ON customers.CUSTOMER_ID = ticket_details.CUSTOMER_ID WHERE ticket_details.BRAND = 'Emirates';
```

FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	BRAND
Cherly	Vernon	Emirates
Cathenna	Emily	Emirates
Anderson	Stewart	Emirates
Leo	Travis	Emirates
Roger	Walson	Emirates
Moss	Morris	Emirates
Gloria	Richie	Emirates
Moss	Morris	Emirates
Carol	Vernon	Emirates
Joyce	Paul	Emirates
Gloria	Richie	Emirates
Aaron	Kim	Emirates
Steve	Ryan	Emirates
James	Robert	Emirates
Cathenna	Emily	Emirates
Russell	Peter	Emirates
Billy	Brian	Emirates
Roger	Walson	Emirates

18 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Write a query to identify the customers who have travelled by *Economy Plus* class using Group By and Having clause on the passengers_on_flights table.

```
mysql> SELECT customers.FIRST_NAME, customers.LAST_NAME FROM customers INNER JOIN passengers_on_flights ON customers.CUSTOMER_ID = passengers_on_flights.CUSTOMER_ID WHERE passengers_on_flights.CLASS_ID = 'Economy Plus';
```

FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME
Julie	Sam
Floyd	Ted
Roger	Walson
Catherine	Shad
Joyce	Paul
Joyce	Paul
Pheny	Eri
Chirstoper	Sean
Sophia	Carl
Rose	Arthur

10 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Write a query to identify whether the revenue has crossed 10000 using the IF clause on the ticket_details table.

```
mysql> SELECT
-> CASE WHEN SUM(NO_OF_TICKETS*PRICE_PER_TICKET) > 10000 THEN 'Yes' ELSE 'No' END AS REVENUE_CROSSED_10000
-> FROM ticket_details;
+-----+
| REVENUE_CROSSED_10000 |
+-----+
| Yes                    |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Write a query to create and grant access to a new user to perform operations on a database.

Write a query to find the maximum ticket price for each class using window functions on the ticket_details table.

```
mysql> SELECT CLASS_ID, PRICE_PER_TICKET AS MAX_TICKET_PRICE
-> FROM (
-> SELECT CLASS_ID, PRICE_PER_TICKET,
-> ROW_NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY CLASS_ID ORDER BY PRICE_PER_TICKET DESC) AS ROW_NUM
-> FROM TICKET_DETAILS) AS RANKED_PRICES
-> WHERE ROW_NUM = 1;
+-----+-----+
| CLASS_ID | MAX_TICKET_PRICE |
+-----+-----+
| Business | 510               |
| Economy  | 190               |
| Economy Plus | 295             |
| First Class | 395              |
+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.10 sec)
```

Write a query to extract the passengers whose route ID is 4 by improving the speed and performance of the passengers_on_flights table.

```
mysql> CREATE INDEX idx_route_id ON passengers_on_flights (ROUTE_ID);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.09 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> SELECT * FROM passengers_on_flights WHERE ROUTE_ID = 4;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| CUSTOMER_ID | AIRCRAFT_ID | ROUTE_ID | DEPART | ARRIVAL | SEAT_NUM | CLASS_ID | TRAVEL_DATE | FLIGHT_NUM |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 2           | 767-301ER   | 4        | JFK    | LAX     | 01E      | Economy  | 2018-09-02  | 1114       |
| 4           | 767-301ER   | 4        | JFK    | LAX     | 03FC     | First Class | 2020-04-30  | 1114       |
| 11          | 767-301ER   | 4        | JFK    | LAX     | 05B      | Bussiness | 2020-11-09  | 1114       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

For the route ID 4, write a query to view the execution plan of the passengers_on_flights table.

```
mysql> EXPLAIN SELECT * FROM passengers_on_flights WHERE ROUTE_ID = 4;
```

id	select_type	table	partitions	type	possible_keys	key	key_len	ref	rows	filtered	Extra
1	SIMPLE	passengers_on_flights	NULL	ref	idx_route_id	idx_route_id	5	const	3	100.00	NULL

1 row in set, 1 warning (0.01 sec)

Write a query to calculate the total price of all tickets booked by a customer across different aircraft IDs using rollup function.

```
mysql> SELECT CUSTOMER_ID, AIRCRAFT_ID, SUM(NO_OF_TICKETS * PRICE_PER_TICKET) AS TOTAL_PRICE FROM ticket_details GROUP BY CUSTOMER_ID, AIRCRAFT_ID WITH ROLLUP;
```

CUSTOMER_ID	AIRCRAFT_ID	TOTAL_PRICE
1	CRJ900	320
1	ERJ142	250
1	NULL	570
2	767-301ER	130
2	A321	505
2	NULL	635
4	767-301ER	780
4	NULL	780
5	767-301ER	430
5	ERJ142	240
5	NULL	670
7	767-301ER	430
7	NULL	430
8	A321	465
8	NULL	465
9	767-301ER	380
9	CRJ900	390
9	NULL	770
10	A321	135
10	NULL	135
11	767-301ER	930
11	ERJ142	295
11	NULL	1225
13	A321	395
13	NULL	395
14	767-301ER	170
14	ERJ142	120
14	NULL	290
15	A321	430
15	NULL	430
16	CRJ900	395
16	NULL	395

Write a query to create a view with only business class customers along with the brand of airlines.

```
mysql> CREATE VIEW business_class_customers AS ( SELECT customers.FIRST_NAME, customers.LAST_NAME, ticket_details.BRAND FROM customers INNER JOIN ticket_details ON customer_id = ticket_details.CUSTOMER_ID WHERE CLASS_ID = 'Business');
```

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM business_class_customers;
```

FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	BRAND
Chirsty	Josh	British Airways
Anderson	Stewart	Emirates
Roger	Walson	Emirates
Moss	Morris	Emirates
Calvin	Willis	Qatar Airways
Watson	Ronald	Qatar Airways
Steve	Ryan	Qatar Airways
Watson	Ronald	Jet Airways
Aaron	Kim	Emirates
Linda	William	Qatar Airways
Mark	Ethan	British Airways
Russell	Peter	Emirates
Roger	Walson	Emirates

13 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Write a query to create a stored procedure to get the details of all passengers flying between a range of routes defined in run time. Also, return an error message if the table doesn't exist.

```
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE passengers_details_in_range(IN MIN_ROUTE_ID int, IN MAX_ROUTE_ID int)
-> BEGIN
-> DECLARE table_exists int;
-> SELECT COUNT(*) INTO table_exists FROM information_schema.tables WHERE table_name = 'passengers_on_flights';
-> IF table_exists = 0 THEN
-> SELECT 'Error: Table passengers_on_flights does not exist' AS ErrorMessage;
-> ELSE
-> SELECT * FROM passengers_on_flights WHERE ROUTE_ID BETWEEN MIN_ROUTE_ID AND MAX_ROUTE_ID;
-> END IF;
-> END//
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql> CALL passengers_details_in_range(4, 10);
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| CUSTOMER_ID | AIRCRAFT_ID | ROUTE_ID | DEPART | ARRIVAL | SEAT_NUM | CLASS_ID | TRAVEL_DATE | FLIGHT_NUM |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 2 | 767-301ER | 4 | JFK | LAX | 01E | Economy | 2018-09-02 | 1114 |
| 4 | 767-301ER | 4 | JFK | LAX | 03FC | First Class | 2020-04-30 | 1114 |
| 11 | 767-301ER | 4 | JFK | LAX | 05B | Bussiness | 2020-11-09 | 1114 |
| 4 | 767-301ER | 5 | LAX | JFX | 02FC | First Class | 2020-04-06 | 1115 |
| 11 | 767-301ER | 5 | LAX | JFX | 04B | Bussiness | 2020-11-12 | 1115 |
| 46 | A321 | 8 | ORD | EWR | 12FC | First Class | 2011-07-08 | 1118 |
| 1 | ERJ142 | 9 | DEN | LAX | 01EP | Economy Plus | 2019-12-26 | 1119 |
| 29 | ERJ142 | 9 | DEN | LAX | 11B | Bussiness | 2018-05-03 | 1119 |
| 10 | A321 | 10 | HNL | DEN | 05E | Economy | 2020-10-11 | 1120 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
9 rows in set (0.01 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.07 sec)

mysql> _
```

Write a query to create a stored procedure that extracts all the details from the routes table where the travelled distance is more than 2000 miles.

```
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE routes_greater_than_2000()
-> BEGIN
-> SELECT * FROM route_details WHERE DISTANCE_MILES > 2000;
-> END//
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql> CALL routes_greater_than_2000();
```

```
mysql> CALL routes_greater_than_2000();
```

ROUTE_ID	FLIGHT_NUM	ORIGIN_AIRPORT	DESTINATION_AIRPORT	AIRCRAFT_ID	DISTANCE_MILES
1	1111	EWR	HNL	767-301ER	4962
2	1112	HNL	EWR	767-301ER	4962
3	1113	EWR	LHR	A321	3466
4	1114	JFK	LAX	767-301ER	2475
5	1115	LAX	JFK	767-301ER	2475
6	1116	HNL	LAX	767-301ER	2556
10	1120	HNL	DEN	A321	3365
12	1122	ABI	ADK	767-301ER	4300
13	1123	ADK	BQN	A321	2232
14	1124	BQN	CAK	A321	2445
18	1128	ANI	BGR	ERJ142	2450
19	1129	ATW	AVL	A321	2222
20	1130	AVL	BOI	767-301ER	3134
21	1131	BFL	BET	A321	2425
23	1133	BLV	BFL	767-301ER	2354
25	1135	RDM	BJI	A321	2425
34	1144	CRW	COD	A321	2452
35	1145	STT	CDB	ERJ142	2121
43	1153	CBM	BOI	A321	8989
44	1154	COU	CAK	767-301ER	7676
46	1156	CDV	HNL	767-301ER	8668
48	1158	SCC	DEN	A321	5645
49	1159	DEC	ABI	A321	4533
50	1160	DRT	ORD	A321	2445

```

24 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.09 sec)

```

Write a query to create a stored procedure that groups the distance travelled by each flight into three categories. The categories are, short distance travel (SDT) for ≥ 0 AND ≤ 2000 miles, intermediate distance travel (IDT) for > 2000 AND ≤ 6500 , and long-distance travel (LDT) for > 6500 .

```
mysql> DELIMITER '//'
```

```
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE group_by_distance()
-> BEGIN
-> SELECT ROUTE_ID, FLIGHT_NUM, ORIGIN_AIRPORT, DESTINATION_AIRPORT, AIRCRAFT_ID,
-> CASE
-> WHEN DISTANCE_MILES BETWEEN 0 AND 2000 THEN 'SDT'
-> WHEN DISTANCE_MILES > 2000 AND DISTANCE_MILES <= 6500 THEN 'IDT'
-> WHEN DISTANCE_MILES > 6500 THEN 'LDT'
-> END AS DISTANCE_CATEGORY
-> FROM route_details;
-> END//
```

```
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> CALL group_by_distance();
-> //
```

ROUTE_ID	FLIGHT_NUM	ORIGIN_AIRPORT	DESTINATION_AIRPORT	AIRCRAFT_ID	DISTANCE_CATEGORY
1	1111	EWR	HNL	767-301ER	IDT
2	1112	HNL	EWR	767-301ER	IDT
3	1113	EWR	LHR	A321	IDT
4	1114	JFK	LAX	767-301ER	IDT
5	1115	LAX	JFK	767-301ER	IDT
6	1116	HNL	LAX	767-301ER	IDT
7	1117	LAX	ORD	A321	SDT
8	1118	ORD	EWR	A321	SDT
9	1119	DEN	LAX	ERJ142	SDT
10	1120	HNL	DEN	A321	IDT
12	1122	ABI	ADK	767-301ER	IDT
13	1123	ADK	BQN	A321	IDT
14	1124	BQN	CAK	A321	IDT
15	1125	CAK	ANI	767-301ER	SDT
16	1126	ALB	APN	A321	SDT
17	1127	APN	BLV	767-301ER	SDT
18	1128	ANI	BGR	ERJ142	IDT
19	1129	ATW	AVL	A321	IDT
20	1130	AVL	BOI	767-301ER	IDT
21	1131	BFL	BET	A321	IDT
22	1132	BGR	BJI	ERJ142	SDT
23	1133	BLV	BFL	767-301ER	IDT
24	1134	BJI	BQN	A321	SDT
25	1135	RDM	BJI	A321	IDT
26	1136	BET	BTM	ERJ142	SDT
27	1137	BOI	CLD	A321	SDT
28	1138	BOS	CDC	767-301ER	SDT
29	1139	BKG	CRW	767-301ER	SDT
30	1140	BUR	STT	CRJ900	SDT
31	1141	BTM	CHA	ERJ142	SDT
32	1142	CLD	CHI	767-301ER	SDT
33	1143	CDC	CST	CRJ900	SDT
34	1144	CRW	COD	A321	IDT
35	1145	STT	CDB	ERJ142	IDT

Write a query to extract ticket purchase date, customer ID, class ID and specify if the complimentary services are provided for the specific class using a stored function in stored procedure on the ticket_details table.

Condition:

- If the class is *Business* and *Economy Plus*, then complimentary services are given as *Yes*, else it is *No*


```

mysql> CREATE FUNCTION determine_complimentary_services(CLASS_ID varchar(50))
-> RETURNS varchar(3)
-> DETERMINISTIC
-> BEGIN
-> DECLARE complimentary varchar(3);
-> IF CLASS_ID IN ('Business', 'Economy Plus') THEN
-> SET complimentary = 'Yes';
-> ELSE
-> SET complimentary = 'No';
-> END IF;
-> RETURN complimentary;
-> END//
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE get_ticket_details_with_complimentary_services()
-> BEGIN
-> SELECT
-> P_DATE, CUSTOMER_ID, CLASS_ID, determine_complimentary_services(CLASS_ID) AS complimentary_services
-> FROM ticket_details;
-> END//
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

```

```

mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql> CALL get_ticket_details_with_complimentary_services();

```

P_DATE	CUSTOMER_ID	CLASS_ID	complimentary_services
2018-12-26	27	Economy	No
2020-02-02	22	Economy Plus	Yes
2020-03-03	21	Business	Yes
2020-04-04	4	First Class	No
2020-05-05	5	Economy	No
2020-07-07	7	Business	Yes
2020-08-08	8	Economy Plus	Yes
2020-09-09	9	First Class	No
2020-10-10	10	Economy	No
2020-11-11	11	Business	Yes
2020-12-12	19	Economy Plus	Yes
2019-01-01	13	First Class	No
2019-02-02	14	Economy	No
2019-03-03	25	Business	Yes
2019-04-04	16	First Class	No
2019-05-03	17	Economy Plus	Yes
2019-06-06	18	Economy	No
2019-07-07	24	Business	Yes
2019-08-09	20	First Class	No
2019-09-21	25	Economy	No
2019-10-22	29	Business	Yes
2019-11-23	1	Economy Plus	Yes
2019-12-24	14	Economy	No
2019-01-25	2	Business	Yes
2018-01-01	9	First Class	No
2018-01-02	19	Economy	No
2018-01-03	18	First Class	No
2018-01-04	29	Business	Yes
2018-01-05	8	Economy	No
2018-01-06	20	First Class	No
2018-01-07	5	Business	Yes
2018-01-08	11	Economy Plus	Yes
2018-01-09	2	Economy	No
2018-01-10	1	First Class	No
2018-01-11	15	Business	Yes

Write a query to extract the first record of the customer whose last name ends with Scott using a cursor from the customer table.

```
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE get_first_customer_last_name_scott()
-> BEGIN
-> DECLARE DONE int DEFAULT FALSE;
-> DECLARE CUSTOMER_ID int;
-> DECLARE FIRST_NAME varchar(30);
-> DECLARE LAST_NAME varchar(30);
-> DECLARE cur CURSOR FOR
-> SELECT CUSTOMER_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME
-> FROM customers
-> WHERE LAST_NAME LIKE '%Scott'
-> LIMIT 1;
-> DECLARE CONTINUE HANDLER FOR NOT FOUND SET DONE = TRUE;
-> OPEN cur;
-> FETCH cur INTO CUSTOMER_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME;
-> IF NOT DONE THEN
-> SELECT CUSTOMER_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME;
-> END IF;
-> CLOSE cur;
-> END//
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> DELIMITER ;
mysql> CALL get_first_customer_last_name_scott();
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT CUSTOMER_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME FROM customers WHERE LAST_NAME LIKE '%Scott';
+-----+-----+-----+
| CUSTOMER_ID | FIRST_NAME | LAST_NAME |
+-----+-----+-----+
|          37 | Samuel    | Scott     |
|          38 | Alexis    | Scott     |
+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```