

Programming Assignment - 4

Name:

```
In [3]:  
# Import required packages  
import numpy as np  
  
In [41]:  
# You can modify this code to answer the following  
'''  
Jacobi's iteration method for solving the system of equations Ax=b.  
p0 is the initialization for the iteration.  
'''  
def jacobi(A, b, p0, tol, maxIter=100):  
    n=len(A)  
    p = p0  
  
    for k in range(maxIter):  
        p_old = p.copy() # In python assignment is not the same as copy  
  
        # Update every component of iterant p  
        for i in range(n):  
            sumi = b[i];  
            for j in range(n):  
                if i==j: # Diagonal elements are not included in Jacobi  
                    continue;  
                sumi = sumi - A[i,j] * p_old[j]  
            p[i] = sumi/A[i,i]  
  
        rel_error = np.linalg.norm(p-p_old)/n  
        # print("Relative error in iteration", k+1,":",rel_error)  
        if rel_error<tol:  
            print("TOLERANCE MET BEFORE MAX-ITERATION")  
            break  
    return p;
```

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In [24]:  
# Example System  
A = np.array([[10, -1, 2, 0],  
              [-1, 11, -1, 3],  
              [2, -1, 10, -1],  
              [0, 3, -1, 8]],dtype=float)  
b = np.array([6, 25, -11, 15],dtype=float)
```

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In [40]:  
## What will happen if the followign code runs  
#x = jacobi(A,b, np.array([0,0,0,0]),0.00001, 100)  
  
x = jacobi(A,b, np.array([0,0,0,0],dtype=float),0.0000001, 100)  
print("The solution is: ",x)
```

```
TOLERANCE MET BEFORE MAX-ITERATION  
The solution is: [ 1.00000003  1.99999996 -0.99999997  0.99999995]
```

- (A) Implement the Gauss-Siedel Iteration in Python. Solve the following system by using this method. Exact answer is (1,2,-1,1). Stopping criteria could be a relative error < 0.00001. \$\$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 10 & -1 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 11 & -1 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 10 & -1 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

`\begin{pmatrix} x_1 \ x_2 \ x_3 \ x_4`

`\end{pmatrix}`

$$\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 25 \\ -11 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix}$$

`$$`

In [14]:

Your code here

- (B) Implement Successive Over-relaxation in Python and solve the above problem again with $\omega = 1.5$.

In []:

Your code here