

SELECT Statement

```
SELECT [DISNCT] {*, column [alias],...}
    FROM table
    [WHERE condition(s)]
    [ORDER BY {column, exp, alias} [ASC|DESC]]
```

Cartesian Product

```
SELECT table1.*, table2.*, [...]
    FROM table1, table2[, ...]
```

Equijoin(Simple joins or inner join)

```
SELECT table1.*, table2.*
    FROM table1, table2
    WHERE table1.column = table2.column
```

Non-Equijoins

```
SELECT table1.*, table2.*
    FROM table1, table2
    WHERE table1.column
    BETWEEN table2.column1 AND table2.column2
```

Outer joins

```
SELECT table1.*, table2.*
    FROM table1, table2
    WHERE table1.column(+) = table2.column
SELECT table1.*, table2.*
    FROM table1, table2
    WHERE table1.column = table2.column(+)
```

Self joins

```
SELECT alias1.*, alias2.*
    FROM table1 alias1, table1 alias2
    WHERE alias1.column = alias2.column
```

Aggregation Selecting

```
SELECT [column,] group_function(column)
    FROM table
    [WHERE condition]
    [GROUP BY group_by_expression]
    [HAVING group_condition]
    [ORDER BY column] ;
```

Group function

```
AVG([DISTINCT|ALL]n)
COUNT(*|[DISTINCT|ALL]expr)
MAX([DISTINCT|ALL]expr)
MIN([DISTINCT|ALL]expr)
STDDEV([DISTINCT|ALL]n)
SUM([DISTINCT|ALL]n)
VARIANCE([DISTINCT|ALL]n)
```

Subquery

```
SELECT select_list
    FROM table
    WHERE expr operator(SELECT select_list FROM table);
single-row comparison operators
    = > >= < <= <>
multiple-row comparison operators
    IN ANY ALL
```

Multiple-column Subqueries

```
SELECT column, column, ...
    FROM table
    WHERE (column, column, ...) IN
        (SELECT column, column, ...
        FROM table
        WHERE condition) ;
```

Manipulating Data**INSERT Statement(one row)**

```
INSERT INTO table [ (column [,column...])]
    VALUES (value [,value...]) ;
```

INSERT Statement with Subquery

```
INSERT INTO table [ column(, column) ]
    subquery ;
```

UPDATE Statement

```
UPDATE table
    SET column = value [, column = value,...]
    [WHERE condition] ;
```

Updating with Multiple-column Subquery

```
UPDATE table
    SET (column, column,...) =
        (SELECT column, column,...
        FROM table
        WHERE condition)
    WHERE condition ;
```

Deleting Rows with DELETE Statement

```
DELETE [FROM] table
    [WHERE conditon] ;
```

Deleting Rows Based on Another Table

```
DELETE FROM table
    WHERE column = (SELECT column
        FROM table
        WHERE condition) ;
```

Transaction Control Statements

```
COMMIT ;
SAVEPOINT name ;
ROLLBACK [TO SAVEPOINT name] ;
```

CREATE TABLE Statement

```
CREATE TABLE [schema.]table
    (column datatype [DEFAULT expr] [,...]) ;
```

CREATE TABLE Statement with Subquery

```
CREATE TABLE [schema.]table
    [(column, column,...)]
    AS subquery
```

Datatype

```
VARCHAR2(size) CHAR(size) NUMBER(p,s) DATE
LONG CLOB RAW LONG RAW
BLOB BFILE
```

ALTER TABLE Statement (Add columns)

```
ALTER TABLE table
    ADD (column datatype [DEFAULT expr]
        [, column datatype]...) ;
```

Changing a column's type, size and default of a Table

```
ALTER TABLE table
    MODIFY (column datatype [DEFAULT expr]
        [, column datatype]...) ;
```

Dropping a Table

```
DROP TABLE table ;
```

Changing the Name of an Object

```
RENAME old_name TO new_name ;
```

Truncating a Table

```
TRUNCATE TABLE table ;
```

Adding Comments to a Table

```
COMMENT ON TABLE table | COLUMN table.column
    IS 'text' ;
```

Dropping a comment from a table

```
COMMENT ON TABLE table | COLUMN table.column IS '' ;
```

Data Dictionary

ALL_OBJECTS	USER_OBJECTS
ALL_TABLES	USER_TABLES
ALL_CATALOG	USER_CATALOG or CAT
ALL_COL_COMMENTS	USER_COL_COMMENTS
ALL_TAB_COMMENTS	USER_TAB_COMMENTS

Defining Constraints

```
CREATE TABLE [schema.]table
    (column datatype [DEFAULT expr][NOT NULL]
    [column_constraint],...
    [table_constraint][,...]) ;
```

Column constraint level

```
column [CONSTRAINT constraint_name] constraint_type,
Constraint_type
```

```
PRIMARY KEY REFERENCES table(column) UNIQUE
CHECK (condition)
```

Table constraint level(except NOT NULL)

```
column,...,[CONSTRAINT constraint_name]
    constraint_type (column,...),
```

NOT NULL Constraint (Only Column Level)

```
CONSTRAINT table[_column..._]nn NOT NULL ...
```

UNIQUE Key Constraint

```
CONSTRAINT table[_column..._]uk UNIQUE (column[,...])
```

PRIMARY Key Constraint

```
CONSTRAINT table[_column..._]pk PRIMARY (column[,...])
```

FOREIGN Key Constraint

```
CONSTRAINT table[_column..._]fk
    FOREIGN KEY (column[,...])
    REFERENCES table (column[,...])[ON DELETE CASCADE]
```

CHECK constraint

```
CONSTRAINT table[_column..._]ck CHECK (condition)
```

Adding a Constraint(except NOT NULL)

```
ALTER TABLE table
    ADD [CONSTRAINT constraint_name ] type (column) ;
```

Adding a NOT NULL constraint

```
ALTER TABLE table
    MODIFY (column datatype [DEFAULT expr]
    [CONSTRAINT constraint_name_nn] NOT NULL) ;
```

Dropping a Constraint

```
ALTER TABLE table
    DROP CONSTRAINT constraint_name ;
ALTER TABLE table
    DROP PRIMARY KEY | UNIQUE (column) |
    CONSTRAINT constraint_name [CASCADE] ;
```

Disabling Constraints

```
ALTER TABLE table
    DISABLE CONSTRAINT constraint_name [CASCADE] ;
```

Enabling Constraints

```
ALTER TABLE table
    ENABLE CONSTRAINT constraint_name ;
```

Data Dictionary

ALL_CONSTRAINTS	USER_CONSTRAINTS
ALL_CONS_COLUMNS	USER_CONS_COLUMNS

Creating a View

```
CREATE [OR REPLACE] [FORCE|NOFORCE] VIEW view
```

```
[(alias[, alias]...)]
AS subquery
[WITH CHECK OPTION [CONSTRAINT constraint_name]]
[WITH READ ONLY] ;

Removing a View
DROP VIEW view ;

CREATE SEQUENCE Statement
CREATE SEQUENCE sequence
    [INCREMENT BY n]
    [START WITH n]
    [{MAXVALUE n| NOMAXVALUE}]
    [{MINVALUE n| NOMINVALUE}]
    [{CYCLE | NOCYCLE}]
    [{CACHE [n|20] | NOCACHE}] ;

Pseudocolumns
sequence.NEXTVAL          sequence.CURRVAL

Modifying a Sequence (No START WITH option)
ALTER SEQUENCE sequence
    [INCREMENT BY n]
    [{MAXVALUE n| NOMAXVALUE}]
    [{MINVALUE n| NOMINVALUE}]
    [{CYCLE | NOCYCLE}]
    [{CACHE [n|20] | NOCACHE}] ;

Removing a Sequence
DROP SEQUENCE sequence ;

Creating an Index
CREATE INDEX index
    ON TABLE (column[,column]...) ;

Removing an Index
DROP INDEX index ;

Synonyms
CREATE [PUBLIC] SYNONYM synonym FOR object ;

Removing Synonyms
DROP SYNONYM synonym ;

Data Dictionary
ALL_VIEWS                USER_VIEWS
ALL_SEQUENCES            USER_SEQUENCES
ALL_INDEXES              USER_INDEXES
ALL_IND_COLUMNS          USER_IND_COLUMNS

System Privileges(DBA)    User System Privileges
CREATE USER              CREATE SESION
DROP USER                CREATE TABLE
DROP ANY TABLE          CREATE SEQUENCE
BACKUP ANY TABLE        CREATE VIEW
                        CREATE PROCEDURE

Creating Users
CREATE USER user
    IDENTIFIED BY password ;

Creating Roles
CREATE ROLE role ;

Granting System Privileges
GRANT privelges[,...] TO user[,...] ;
GRANT privelges TO role ;
GRANT role TO user[,...] ;

Changing Password
ALTER USER user IDENTIFIED BY password ;

Dropping Users
DROP USER user [CASCADE] ;
```

```
Dropping Roles
DROP ROLE role ;

Object Privileges
Object      Table  View  Sequence  Procedure
ALTER       X
DELETE      X      X
EXECUTE
INDEX       X
INSERT      X      X
REFERENCES  X
SELECT      X      X      X
UPDATE      X      X

Object Privileges
GRANT object_priv [(column)]
    ON object
    TO {user|role|PUBLIC}
    [WITH GRANT OPTION] ;

Revoking Object Privileges
REVOKE {privilege [,privilege...] | ALL}
    ON object
    FROM {user[,user...]|role|PUBLIC}
    [CASCADE CONSTRAINTS] ;

Data Dictionary
ROLE_SYS_PRIVS
ROLE_TAB_PRIVS          USER_ROLE_PRIVS
USER_TAB_PRIVS_MADE      USER_TAB_PRIVS_REC'D
USER_COL_PRIVS_MADE      USER_COL_PRIVS_REC'D

PL/SQL Block Structure
DECLARE --Optional
    --Variables, Cursors, User-defined exceptions
BEGIN --Mandatory
    --SQL statements
    --PL/SQL statements
EXCEPTION --Optional
    --Actions to perform when errors occur
END ; --Mandatory

PL/SQL Block Type
Anonymous      Procedure      Function
[DECLARE]      PROCEDURE name  FUNCTION name
                IS
                [DECLARE]
                BEGIN
                --statements
                --statements
                --statements
[EXCEPTION]    [EXCEPTION]    [EXCEPTION]
END ;          END ;          END ;

Declaring PL/SQL Variables
identifier [CONSTANT] datatype [NOT NULL]
    [[:=|DEFAULT expr] ;

Assigning Values to Variables
identifier := expr ;

Base Scalar Datatypes
VARCHAR2(n)    NUMBER(p,s)    DATE        CHAR(n)
LONG           LONG RAW      BOOLEAN
BINARY_INTEGER PLS_INTEGER

The %TYPE Attribute
table_name.column_name%TYPE ;
variable_name%TYPE ;

Composite Datatypes
```

```
TABLE          RECORD          NESTED TABLE  VARRAY LOB

Datatypes
CLOB           BLOB           BFILE           NCLOB

Creating Bind Variables
VARIABLE variable_name datatype

Displaying Bind Variables
PRINT [variable_name]

Commenting Code
--prefix single-line comments with two dashes
/* Place muti-line comment between the symbols */

SELECT Statements in PL/SQL
SELECT {column_list|*}
INTO {variable_name[,variable_name]...
    |record_name}
FROM table
WHERE condition

Implicit Cursor Attributes for DML statements
SQL%ROWCOUNT
SQL%FOUND
SQL%NOTFOUND
SQL%ISOPEN

Constrol Structures

IF Statement                                     Basic Loop
IF condition THEN                                LOOP
    statements ;                                statements ;
[ELSIF condition THEN                            ...
    statements ;]                                EXIT [WHEN condition] ;
[ELSE                                           END LOOP
    statements ;]

END IF ;

FOR Loop                                         WHILE Loop
FOR conter in [REVERSE]                        WHILE condition LOOP
    lower..upper LOOP                          statement1 ;
    statement1 ;                                statement2 ;
    statement2 ;                                ...
    ...                                         END LOOP ;

END LOOP ;

Creating a PL/SQL Record
TYPE record_name_type IS RECORD
    (field_declaration[,field_declaration]...) ;
record_name record_name_type ;

Where field_declaration is
field_name {field_type|variable%TYPE|
    table.column%TYPE|table%ROWTYPE}
    [[NOT NULL] {:=|DEFAULT} expr]

Referencing Fields in the Record record_name.field_name

Declaring Records with the %ROWTYPE Attribute
DECLARE
    record_name    reference%ROWTYPE

Creating a PL/SQL Table
TYPE type_name IS TABLE OF
    {column_sclar_type|variable%TYPE|table.column%TYPE
    |variable%ROWTYPE} [NOT NULL]
    [INDEX BY BINARY_INTEGER] ;
identifier type_name ;

Referencing a PL/SQL table
pl_sql_table_name(primary_key_value)
```

Using PL/SQL Table Method

```
table_name.method_name[(parameters)]
```

PL/SQL Table Methods

```
EXITS(n)          COUNT  FIRST  LAST    PRIOR(n)
NEXT(n)           EXTEND(n,i)    TRIM    DELETE
```

PL/SQL Table of Records

```
TYPE table_name_type IS TABLE OF table_name%ROWTYPE
    INDEX BY BINARY_INTEGER ;
```

```
table_name table_name_type ;
```

Referencing a Table of Records

```
table_name(index).field
```

Declaring the Cursor in Declaration Section

```
CURSOR cursor_name IS select_statement ;
record_name cursor_name%ROWTYPE ;
```

Opening and Closing the Cursor

```
OPEN cursor_name ;
CLOSE cursor_name ;
```

Fetching Data from the Cursor

```
FETCH cursor_name
INTO [variable1(,variable2,...)
    |record_name] ;
```

Explicit Cursor Attributes

```
cursor_name%ISOPEN
cursor_name%NOTFOUND
cursor_name%FOUND
cursor_name%ROWCOUNT
```

Cursor FOR Loops

```
FOR record_name IN cursor_name LOOP
    statement1;
    statement2;
    ...
END LOOP;
```

Cursor FOR Loops Using Subqueries

```
FOR record_name IN (subqueries) LOOP
    statement1
    ...
END LOOP ;
```

Cursors with Parameters

```
CURSOR cursor_name [(cursor_parameter_name datatype
[,...])]
IS select_statement
[FOR UPDATE [OF column_reference][NOWAIT]];
```

Parameter Name

```
cursor_parameter_name [IN] datatype [{:=|DEFAULT}expr]
```

Openning with Parameters

```
OPEN cursor_name(cursor_parameter_name[,...]);
```

Cursor FOR Loops with parameters

```
FOR record_name IN cursor_name(cursor_parameter_name
[,...]) LOOP
    statement1;
    statement2;
    ...
END LOOP;
```

WHERE CURRENT OF clause

```
UPDATE|DELETE ... WHERE CURRENT OF cursor_name ;
```

Predefined Exceptions

```
NO_DATA_FOUND
TOO_MANY_ROWS
```

```
INVALID_CURSOR
```

```
ZERO_DIVIDE
```

```
DUP_VAL_ON_INDEX
```

Trapping Exceptions

```
EXCEPTION
    WHEN exception1 [OR exception2 ...] THEN
        statement1 ;
        statement2 ;
        ...
    [WHEN exception3 [OR exception4 ...] THEN
        statement1 ;
        statement2 ;
        ...]
    [WHEN OTHERS THEN
        statement1 ;
        statement2 ;
        ...]
```

Declaring Non-Predefined Oracle Sever Exception

```
DECLARE
    exception EXCEPTION ;
    PRAGMA EXCEPTION_INIT(exception, error_number) ;
```

Referencing the declared Non-predefined exception

```
BEGIN
    ...
EXCEPTION
    WHEN exception THEN
        statement1 ;
        ...
END ;
```

Trapping User-Defined Exceptions

```
DECLARE
    exception EXCEPTION ;
BEGIN
    ...
    IF SQL%NOTFOUND THEN
        RAISE exception ;
    END IF ;
    ...
EXCEPTION
    WHEN exception THEN
        statement1 ;
        ...
END ;
```

Functions for Trapping Exceptions

```
SQLCODE    return error code
SQLERRM    return error message
RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR procedure(Executable/Exception
Section)
RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR ( error_number,
    message [, {TRUE|FALSE}]) ;
error_number    between -20000 to -20999
message         string up to 2,048 bytes long
TRUE           placed on the stack of previous errors.
FALSE         replaces all previous errors
```

Single-Row Functions

Character Functions

```
LOWER(column|expression)
UPPER(column|expression)
```

```
INITCAP(column|expression)
INSTR(column|expression,m)
CONCAT(column1|expression1,column2|expression2}
SUBSTR(column|expression,m,[n])
LENGTH(column|expression)
LPAD(column|expression,n,'string')
```

Number Functions

```
MOD(m,n)
ROUND(column|expression,n)
TRUNC(column|expression,n)
```

Date Functions

```
MONTHS_BETWEEN(date1,date2)
ADD_MONTHS(date,n)
NEXT_DAY(date,'char')
```

```
LAST_DAY(date)
ROUND(date[, 'fmt'])
TRUNC(date[, 'fmt'])
```

Conversion Functions

```
TO_CHAR(number|date[, 'fmt']) TO_NUMBER(char[, 'fmt'])
TO_DATE(char[, 'fmt'])
NVL(expr1,expr2)
DECODE(col/expr,search1,result1
    [,search2,result2,...,]
    [,default])
```

Operators

Comparison	= > >= < <= <>
	BETWEEN..AND, IN, LIKE, IS NULL

Logical	AND OR NOT
---------	------------

Order of Operations

Operator	Operation
**,NOT	Exponentiation, logical negation
+,-	Identity, negation
*,/	Multiplication, division
+, -,	Addition, subtraction, concatenation =, !
=, <, >, <=	Comparison
>=, IS NULL, LIKE	
BETWEEN, IN	
AND	Conjunction
OR	Inclusion

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Database Masters Training