Adopted Levels, Gammas

History						
Type	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date			
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh	ENSDF	20-Feb-2010			

 $Q(\beta^{-})=-1.65\times10^{4} \text{ syst}; S(n)=1.803\times10^{4} \text{ 4}; S(p)=4882 22; Q(\alpha)=-6794 20$ 2012Wa38

Note: Current evaluation has used the following Q record \$ -17100 syst 18.58E350 4883 26 -6777 21 2009AuZZ,2003Au03.

Estimated uncertainty=110 for $Q(\beta^-)$ (2009AuZZ,2003Au03).

 $Q(\varepsilon p) = 2243 \ 20 \ (2009AuZZ, 2003Au03).$

Mass excess=-29.472 20 MeV (1992Bo37).

1972Zi02: identification and production of 46 Cr in 32 S(16 O,2n) reaction.

1991Wi13: 46 Ti(π^+,π^-) E=450 MeV, measured cross section for double isobaric analog state using LAMPF facility and Large Acceptance spectrometer (las). Measured $d\sigma/d\Omega=0.25~\mu$ b/sr 10 at 5°.

1990We05: 46 Ti(π^+,π^-) E=33.9 MeV, measured cross section and $\sigma(\theta)$ for double isobaric analog state using LAMPF facility, Measured $d\sigma/d\Omega$ =3.1 μ b/sr 8 at 0° and 2.5 μ b/sr 6 at 25.1°.

1994B110: ⁹Be(⁵⁸Ni,X) E=650 MeV/nucleon, Fragment separator FRS at GSI facility, measured cross section for the production of ⁴⁶Cr.

2005On03: measured half-life of ⁴⁶Cr g.s.

Structure calculations using shell model: 2008Ma44, 2007He32, 2002Ca48: levels, B(E2), mirror states, etc.

⁴⁶Cr Levels

Cross Reference (XREF) Flags

- A 46 Mn ε decay (36.2 ms)
- B 47 Fe ε p decay (21.9 ms)
- $C = {}^{12}C({}^{36}Ar,2n\gamma)$
- D Coulomb excitation

E(level) [†]	$J^{\pi \ddagger}$	T _{1/2}	XREF	Comments
0.0#	0+	0.26 s 6	ABCD	%ε+% β ⁺ =100 $T_{1/2}$: from 1972Zi02, timing of β decays. Other: 0.24 s 14 (2005On03) from β (993 γ) coin decay curve. Additional information 1.
892.16 [#] <i>10</i>	2+	5.4 ps <i>12</i>	ABCD	J^{π} : level is Coulomb excited. $T_{1/2}$: from B(E2)=0.093 20 (2005Ya26) in Coulomb excitation.
1987.1 [#] <i>3</i>	(4^{+})		ABC	-1-
3196.5 [@] 6	(3^{-})		BC	
3226.9 [#] 6 3296 3 3494.3 7	(6 ⁺)		C C C	
3593.7 [@] 7 3682.2 <i>16</i> 3715.8 9 3778.1 <i>12</i>	(4-)		C C C	
3986.7 [@] 7 4235 <i>3</i> 4305.5 <i>12</i> 4434.4 <i>10</i>	(5 ⁻)		C C C	
4817.4 [#] 8 4830 [@] 3 5117 4	(8 ⁺) (6 ⁻)		C C C	
5346 [@] 3	(7-)		C	

Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

⁴⁶Cr Levels (continued)

E(level) [†]	$J^{\pi \ddagger}$	XREF
6179.5 [#] 11	(10^{+})	С
8162.5? [#] <i>15</i>	(12^{+})	C
9152.24	(4^{+})	Α

Comments

E(level): from 2007Do17, see detailed comment in 46 Mn ε decay. J^{π} : T=2 quadruplet in 46 Sc (g.s.,4⁺), 46 Ti (9168,4⁺,probable IAS of 46 Sc g.s.), 46 Cr (9152 state) and ⁴⁶Mn (g.s.). Superallowed type β^+ decay (log $ft \approx 3.4$) from ⁴⁶Mn g.s. to the 9152 level of ⁴⁶Cr is consistent with this interpretation. Also mirror analogy with 9168, 4⁺ state of

This state decays mainly by proton emission, but only 17.3% 12 branch is so far accounted in measurements of 2007Do17 and 1992Bo37. Energetically, two-proton and α -decay modes are also possible but these are expected to be small (2007Do17).

$\gamma(^{46}Cr)$

$E_i(level)$	\mathbf{J}_i^{π}	E_{γ}^{\dagger}	I_{γ}	\mathbf{E}_f	\mathbf{J}_f^{π}	Mult.	Comments
892.16	2+	892.15 [‡] <i>10</i>	100	0.0	0+	[E2]	B(E2)(W.u.)=19 4
1987.1	(4^{+})	1094.9 [‡] <i>3</i>	100	892.16	2+		
3196.5	(3^{-})	2304.6 7	100	892.16	2+	D#	
3226.9	(6^+)	1239.9 5	100	1987.1	(4^{+})	Q#	
3296	. ,	2404 <i>3</i>	100	892.16			
3494.3		1506.9 8	100	1987.1	(4^{+})		
3593.7	(4^{-})	397.4 6	100 13	3196.5	(3^{-})	$D^{\#}$	
		1605.3 <i>15</i>	75 19	1987.1	(4^{+})		
3682.2		1695.0 <i>15</i>	100	1987.1	(4^{+})		
3715.8		519.3 6	100	3196.5	(3^{-})		
3778.1		581.7 11	50 30	3196.5	(3^{-})		
2006.7	(5-)	1790 <i>3</i> 393.0 <i>15</i>	100 <i>60</i> 12 <i>7</i>	1987.1 3593.7	(4^{+})		
3986.7	(5^{-})	492.3 7	60 11	3494.3	(4-)		
		760.3 10	43 13	3226.9	(6+)		
		790.1 8	100 22	3196.5	(3^{-})	Q#	
4235		2248 3	100	1987.1	(4^{+})	~	
4305.5		711.8 9	100	3593.7	(4^{-})		
4434.4		841.0 22	22 13	3593.7	(4-)		
		1207.4 9	100 17	3226.9	(6^{+})		
4817.4	(8^{+})	1590.4 6	100	3226.9	(6^{+})		
4830	(6-)	1236 3	100	3593.7	(4^{-})		
5117	(7-)	1401 3	100	3715.8	(F-)		
5346	(7^{-})	1359 3	100	3986.7	(5^{-})		
6179.5	(10^{+})	1362.1 7	100	4817.4	(8+)		
8162.5?	(12^{+})	1983.0 [@] 10	100	6179.5	(10^{+})		

[†] From ¹²C(³⁶Ar,2n γ), unless otherwise stated.

[†] From least-squares fit to E γ 's.

 $^{^{\}ddagger}$ As proposed in 2007Ga03 based on $\gamma(\theta)$ data for selected transitions observed in 12 C(36 Ar,2n γ) and mirror analogy with 46 Ti and ⁴⁶V. # Band(A): Yrast (T=1) band. Structure is similar to T=1 states in mirror nuclide ⁴⁶Ti and ⁴⁶V.

[@] Band(B): $\Delta J=1$ band based on (3⁻).

Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

$\gamma(^{46}Cr)$ (continued)

[‡] Weighted average of values from ε decay, ε p decay and $^{12}C(^{36}Ar,2n\gamma)$.

The $\gamma(\theta)$ patterns in $^{12}C(^{36}Ar,2n\gamma)$ are consistent with ΔJ =2, quadrupole for 1240 γ and 790 γ ; and ΔJ =1 for 2305 γ and 397 γ .

@ Placement of transition in the level scheme is uncertain.

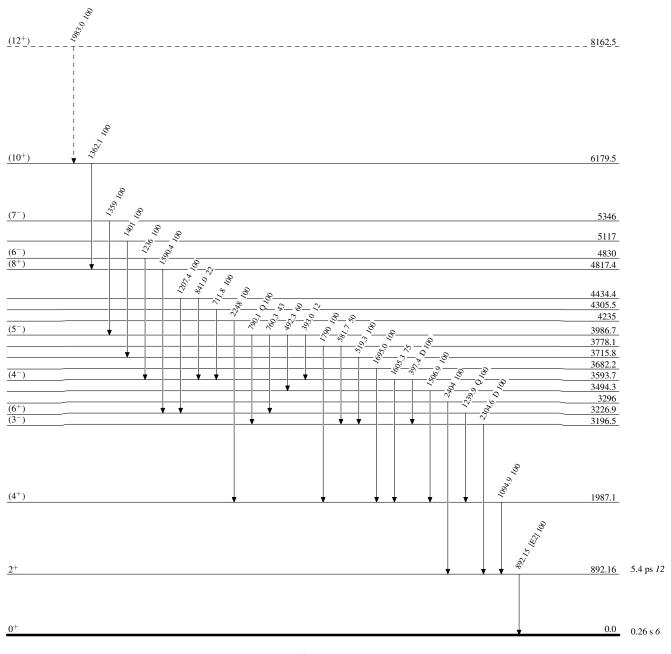
Adopted Levels, Gammas

Legend

Level Scheme

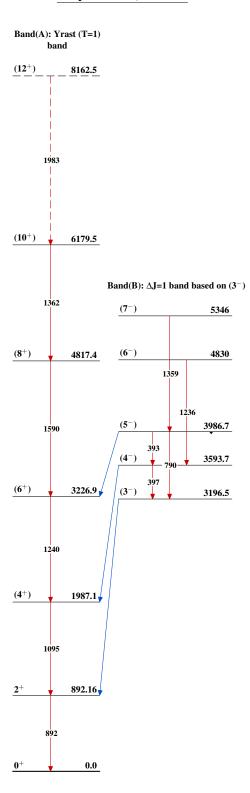
Intensities: Relative photon branching from each level

---- γ Decay (Uncertain)



 $^{46}_{24}\mathrm{Cr}_{22}$

Adopted Levels, Gammas



$$^{46}_{24}\mathrm{Cr}_{22}$$