## Worksheet 3.6 Types of Bonding

<ol> <li>What types of bonding have we discussed so far? Briefly describe how each type of bonding results in very different properties. Use an example to help you explain.</li> </ol>
The next few questions will ask you to explain the following properties for these three different elements: $Na(s)$ , $Si(s)$ , and $Br_2(I)$ .
<b>Sodium</b> : Na, mp 370 K, grey, shiny, malleable and ductile and conducts electricity. <b>Silicon</b> : Si, mp 1687 K, grey, shiny, hard and brittle, can be chipped. <b>Bromine</b> : Br <sub>2</sub> , mp 266 K, brown liquid, easily vaporized (bp 332 K). At temperatures above 1000K, Br <sub>2</sub> dissociates.
For each element <u>draw</u> and <u>label</u> an atomic/molecular level depiction that explains the observed properties below. Then use the drawing to explain how the type of bonding in the element leads to its observed properties.
2. Sodium: Na, mp 370 K, grey, shiny, malleable and ductile and conducts electricity.
3. Silicon: Si, mp 1687 K, grey, shiny, hard and brittle, can be chipped, does not conduct electricity at low temperatures.

4. Bromine: Br<sub>2</sub>, mp 266 K, brown liquid, easily vaporized (bp 332 K). At temperatures

above 1000K, Br<sub>2</sub> dissociates.