

# Introduction to language theory and compiling Project – Part 2

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# 1. Transforming Imp grammar

This part of the project consists in implementing a  $LL(k)$  parser for the Imp programming language. A  $LL(k)$  parser is a recursive descent parser composed of:

- An input buffer, containing  $k$  input tokens. Since we are considering a  $LL(1)$  parser, the latter only considers one token at a time to decide how to grow the syntactic tree.
- A stack containing the set of remaining terminals and non-terminals to process.
- An action table, mapping the front of the stack and the current token to the corresponding rule.

## 1.1 Removing useless rules and variables

### 1.1.1 Unreachable variables

Unreachable variables are variables that cannot be accessed using composed rules from grammar  $G$ .

i	$V_i$
0	$\{Program\}$
1	$V_0 \cup \{Code\}$
2	$V_1 \cup \{IntList\}$
3	$V_2 \cup \{Instruction\}$
4	$V_3 \cup \{Assign, If, While, For, Print, Read\}$
5	$V_4 \cup \{ExprArithm, Cond\}$
6	$V_5 \cup \{Op, BinOp, SimpleCond\}$
7	$V_6 \cup \{Comp\}$
8	$V_7$

All variables are accessible.

## 1.1.2 Unproductive variables

i	$V_i$
0	$\phi$
1	$\{Code, ExprArithm, Op, BinOp, Comp, Print, Read\}$
2	$V_1 \cup \{Program, Instruction, Assign, For, SimpleCond\}$
3	$V_2 \cup \{IntList, Cond\}$
4	$V_3 \cup \{While, If\}$
5	$V_4$

All variables are productive.

## 1.2 Removing ambiguity

### 1.2.1 Operator priority

$\langle CondP1 \rangle \rightarrow \langle CondP1 \rangle \text{ and } \langle CondP2 \rangle$   
 $\rightarrow \langle CondP2 \rangle$   
 $\langle CondP2 \rangle \rightarrow \langle CondP2 \rangle \text{ or } \langle CondP3 \rangle$   
 $\rightarrow \langle CondP3 \rangle$   
 $\langle CondP3 \rangle \rightarrow \text{not } \langle SimpleCond \rangle$   
 $\rightarrow \langle SimpleCond \rangle$

<Assign>	→	[VarName] := <ExprArithP1>
<SimpleCond>	→	<ExprArithmP1> <Comp> <ExprArithP1>
	→	TODO ???
<ExprArithP1>	→	<ExprArithP1> + <ExprArithP2>
	→	<ExprArithP1> - <ExprArithP2>
	→	<ExprArithP2>
<ExprArithP2>	→	<ExprArithP2> * <ExprArithP3>
	→	<ExprArithP2> / <ExprArithP3>
	→	<ExprArithP3>
<ExprArithP3>	→	[VarName]
	→	[number]
	→	( <ExprArithP3> )
	→	- <ExprArithP3>

### 1.2.2 Operator associativity

## 1.3 Removing left-recursion and applying factorization

### 1.3.1 Left-recursion

### 1.3.2 Factorization

<If>	→	if <Cond> then <Code> <IfTail>
<IfTail>	→	endif
	→	else <Code> endif
<For>	→	for [VarName] from <ExprArith> <ForTail>
<ForTail>	→	<ExprArith> to <ExprArith> do <Code> done
	→	<ExprArith> do <Code> done

## 1.4 Resulting grammar

[1]	<Program>	→ begin <Code> end
[2]	<Code>	→ $\epsilon$
[3]	<>	→ <InstList>
[4]	<InstList>	→ <Instruction>
[5]	<>	→ <Instruction> ; <InstList>
[6]	<Instruction>	→ <Assign>
[7]	<>	→ <If>
[8]	<>	→ <While>
[9]	<>	→ <For>
[10]	<>	→ <Print>
[11]	<>	→ <Read>
[12]	<Assign>	→ [VarName] := <ExprArithP1>
[13]	<If>	→ if <Cond> then <Code> <IfTail>
[14]	<IfTail>	→ endif
[15]	<>	→ else <Code> endif
[16]	<For>	→ for [VarName] from <ExprArith> <ForTail>
[17]	<ForTail>	→ <ExprArith> to <ExprArith> do <Code> done
[18]	<>	→ <ExprArith> do <Code> done
[19]	<Comp>	→ =
[20]	<>	→ >=
[21]	<>	→ >
[22]	<>	→ <=
[23]	<>	→ <
[24]	<>	→ <>
[25]	<While>	→ while <Cond> do <Code> done
[26]	<Print>	→ print ( [VarName] )
[27]	<Read>	→ read ( [VarName] )