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The OWASP Top 10 is a standard awareness document for developers and web application security. It represents a broad consensus about the most critical security risks to web applications.

Globally recognized by developers as the first step towards more secure coding.

Companies should adopt this document and start the process of ensuring that their web applications minimize these risks. Using the OWASP Top 10 is perhaps the most effective first step towards changing the software development culture within your organization into one that produces more secure code.

The OWASP® Foundation

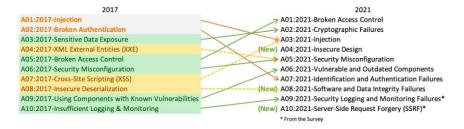
works to improve the security of software through its community-led open source software projects, hundreds of chapters worldwide, tens of thousands of members, and by hosting local and global conferences.

Project Information

- OWASP Top 10:2021
- Making of OWASP Top10
- OWASP Top 10:2021 20th Anniversary
 Presentation (PPTX)
- Flagship Project
- Documentation
- 🖶 Builder
- Defender
- Previous Version (2017)

Top 10 Web Application Security Risks

There are three new categories, four categories with naming and scoping changes, and some consolidation in the Top 10 for 2021.



- A01:2021-Broken Access Control moves up from the fifth position; 94% of applications were tested for some form of broken access control. The 34 Common Weakness Enumerations (CWEs) mapped to Broken Access Control had more occurrences in applications than any other category.
- A02:2021-Cryptographic Failures shifts up one position to #2, previously known as Sensitive Data Exposure, which was broad symptom rather than a root cause. The renewed focus here is on failures related to cryptography which often leads to sensitive data exposure or system compromise.
- A03:2021-Injection slides down to the third position. 94% of the applications were tested for some form of injection, and the 33 CWEs mapped into this category have the second most occurrences in applications. Cross-site Scripting is now part of this category in this edition.
- A04:2021-Insecure Design is a new category for 2021, with a focus on risks related to design flaws. If we genuinely want to "move left" as an industry, it calls for more use of threat modeling,

Downloads or Social Links

- OWASP Top 10 2017
- Other languages → tab
 'Translation Efforts'

Social

Twitter

Code Repository

repo

Leaders

Andrew van der Stock Brian Glas Neil Smithline Torsten Gigler

Upcoming OWASP Global Events

OWASP Global AppSec Singapore 2023

October 4-5, 2023

OWASP Global AppSec Washington DC 2023

October 30 - November 3, 2023

OWASP Global AppSec San Francisco 2024

September 23-27, 2024

OWASP Global AppSec Washington DC 2025

- secure design patterns and principles, and reference architectures.
- A05:2021-Security Misconfiguration moves up from #6 in the previous edition; 90% of applications were tested for some form of misconfiguration. With more shifts into highly configurable software, it's not surprising to see this category move up. The former category for XML External Entities (XXE) is now part of this category.
- A06:2021-Vulnerable and Outdated Components was previously titled Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities and is #2 in the Top 10 community survey, but also had enough data to make the Top 10 via data analysis. This category moves up from #9 in 2017 and is a known issue that we struggle to test and assess risk. It is the only category not to have any Common Vulnerability and Exposures (CVEs) mapped to the included CWEs, so a default exploit and impact weights of 5.0 are factored into their scores.
- A07:2021-Identification and Authentication
 Failures was previously Broken Authentication
 and is sliding down from the second position, and
 now includes CWEs that are more related to
 identification failures. This category is still an
 integral part of the Top 10, but the increased
 availability of standardized frameworks seems to
 be helping.
- A08:2021-Software and Data Integrity
 Failures is a new category for 2021, focusing on making assumptions related to software updates, critical data, and CI/CD pipelines without verifying integrity. One of the highest weighted impacts from Common Vulnerability and

- November 3-7, 2025
 OWASP Global AppSec San Francisco 2026
- November 2-6, 2026

Exposures/Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVE/CVSS) data mapped to the 10 CWEs in this category. Insecure Deserialization from 2017 is now a part of this larger category.

- A09:2021-Security Logging and Monitoring
 Failures was previously Insufficient Logging &
 Monitoring and is added from the industry survey
 (#3), moving up from #10 previously. This
 category is expanded to include more types of
 failures, is challenging to test for, and isn't well
 represented in the CVE/CVSS data. However,
 failures in this category can directly impact
 visibility, incident alerting, and forensics.
- A10:2021-Server-Side Request Forgery is added from the Top 10 community survey (#1).
 The data shows a relatively low incidence rate with above average testing coverage, along with above-average ratings for Exploit and Impact potential. This category represents the scenario where the security community members are telling us this is important, even though it's not illustrated in the data at this time.

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