

PHY 102.7 Lab report 2:

Measurement of various time period with effective length of a simple pendulum.

Submitted to:

Saikat Chowdhury

Submitted by:

Mohim Chakma

172000912

Jective! To evaluate various time period with the effective longth of a simple pendulum of a siven mass and impret the result. Also by ploting L Vs Tr graph.

Apparatus! A Clamp with stand,

Bob with hook,

Split cork,

Stopwatch,

Verneer calliper,

Cotton thread,

Huf meta scale.

Observation: Verneir constant of the vernin collipse, v.c=0.050m.

Drameter of the bob and length of hook:

Radius of the bob, $r = \frac{d}{2}$ = 0.475 cm.

Length of the hook, h = 61.95 cm.

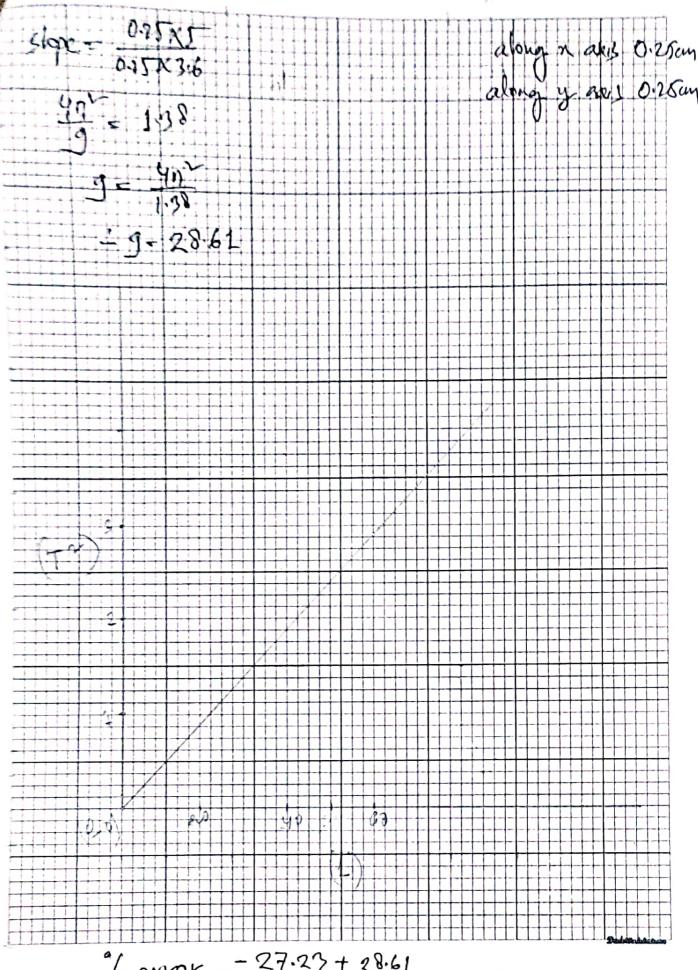
Calculation:

Experimental value, $g_1 = 4n^{\nu} \left(\frac{L}{2T^2}\right)$

$$= 27.23$$
.

recautions!

- i. Thread should be very light and strong.
- 11. Point of suspension Should be resonably rigid.
- III. Pendulum Should in the vertical plane without any Spin motion.
 - iv. Floor of the latoratory should not have, vibration, which may cause a deviation from the rigular excillation of the pendulum.
 - v. Amplitude of Vibration should be small (less than 15).
 - vi. Length of pendulum should as large as possible in the given stradion.
 - Vil. Determination of time for 20 or more oscillation Should be carefully taken and repeated for alkast three times.
 - VIII. There should not be strong wind blowing during the experiment.



% error = -27.23 + 28.61 × 100 = 4.823%.

Bob no.	Radius of bob with zero error correction	layth of the thread and huok (lth) cm	Effective langth L=1+(h+r) cm	Time Ocalla to	for 20 for 5	ts 3	Mean-Une	-three period
1	0.95cm	62	383662-25	2076	29.6	90	29.32	1.466
2	0.95 cm	61	28.80 610	28.70	2847	24,90	28.69	1.434
3	0.95 cm	60	28 47 60.95	28.47	2970	29.72	29.16	1.458
								1 a - 5

(By) 5/22

2.016

2.126.