

1. (1 point)

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A particle of mass $m = 3.13\text{kg}$ and charge $q = 1.77\text{C}$ is moving in a region where there is a constant magnetic field $\vec{B} = 0.78\text{T}\hat{k}$.

At a particular instant the particle is at the origin, moving with velocity $\vec{v} = 2.58\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}\hat{i} - 5.33\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}\hat{j}$.

The particle moves in a circle under the influence of only the Lorentz force.

(The input below will accept answers with no more than 1

What is the magnitude of the Lorentz force on the particle?

_____ N

What is the location of the center of the circle around which the particle moves? (Hint: You will need to find the unit vector direction of the acceleration and the radius of the circle the particle travels in.)

Center at $\vec{r} = \text{_____ m}\hat{i} + \text{_____ m}\hat{j}$

UVic Problem ID: 38301611324924130

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Correct Answers:

- 8.175
- -12.084
- -5.849

2. (1 point)

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A moon of mass $m = 5.77 \times 10^{20}\text{kg}$ orbits a planet.

The moon's orbit is circular with a radius $R = 3.83 \times 10^8\text{m}$.

The moon is moving at speed $|\vec{v}| = 0.93 \times 10^3\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$.

(The input below will accept answers with no more than 1

What is the mass of the planet? Note: You can assume that the planet's mass is large enough that its centre is approximately the centre-of-mass of the planet-moon system.

_____ $\times 10^{24}\text{kg}$

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Correct Answers:

- 4.966

3. (1 point)

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Three charges are located as follows:

Charge 1 with $q_1 = 3.49 \times 10^{-4}\text{C}$ is at $\vec{r}_1 = 33.5\text{m}\hat{i} + 18.5\text{m}\hat{j}$.

Charge 2 with $q_2 = -4.19 \times 10^{-4}\text{C}$ is at $\vec{r}_2 = 33.5\text{m}\hat{i} + 38.4\text{m}\hat{j}$.

Charge 3 with $q_3 = 3.04 \times 10^{-4}\text{C}$ is at $\vec{r}_3 = 48.1\text{m}\hat{i} + 38.4\text{m}\hat{j}$.

(The input below will accept answers with no more than 1

What is the magnitude of the net force on q_3 due to q_1 and q_2

_____ N

What angle does the net force on q_3 make with the positive x-axis \hat{i} ? with the y-axis \hat{j} ?

Angle with \hat{i} : _____ degrees

Angle with \hat{j} : _____ degrees

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Correct Answers:

- 4.627
- 164.148
- 74.148

4. (1 point)

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A charge $q_1 = -2.53\text{C}$ is held fixed at $\vec{r}_1 = 15.7\text{m}\hat{j}$.

A charge $q_2 = -1.27\text{C}$ is held fixed at $\vec{r}_2 = 37.1\text{m}\hat{j}$.

A third charge Q is placed at $\vec{r}_Q = y\hat{j}$.

(The input below will accept answers with no more than 1

What is the value of y for which Q is in equilibrium?

_____ m

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Correct Answers:

- 28.226

5. (1 point)

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Three masses are located as follows:

Mass 1 with $m_1 = 6.19 \times 10^6\text{kg}$ is at $\vec{r}_1 = 33.5\text{m}\hat{i} + 18.5\text{m}\hat{j}$.

Mass 2 with $m_2 = 5.15 \times 10^6\text{kg}$ is at $\vec{r}_2 = 53.4\text{m}\hat{i} + 18.5\text{m}\hat{j}$.

Mass 3 with $m_3 = 3.72 \times 10^6\text{kg}$ is at $\vec{r}_3 = 53.4\text{m}\hat{i} + 33.1\text{m}\hat{j}$.

(The input below will accept answers with no more than 1

What is the magnitude of the net force on m_3 due to m_1 and m_2

_____ N

What angle does the net force on m_3 make with the positive x-axis \hat{i} ? with the y-axis \hat{j} ?

Angle with \hat{i} : _____ degrees

Angle with \hat{j} : _____ degrees

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Correct Answers:

- 7.757
- 105.192

- 164.808

6. (1 point)

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A mass $m = 29.6\text{kg}$ is on a frictionless slope which makes an angle of $\theta = 19.6^\circ$ with the horizontal.

The mass is attached to a spring with $k = 205 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}}$.

The mass is initially held at rest in a location where the spring is unstretched.

The mass is released from rest and slides down the slope stretching the spring.

(The input below will accept answers with no more than 1

At the instant that the mass's acceleration vanishes how much has the spring been stretched from its equilibrium length?

_____ m

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Correct Answers:

- 0.475