

MATH 100, Fall 2021

Tutorial Worksheet

Tutorial Section (T01, T02 etc) T12

Tutorial Instructor Name: Marcus Xie

Question Number Attempted (Q1, Q2, etc) Q4

Your Name: Arefaz Hossain

Your Student Number: V00984826

Today's Date: _____

Question 4.1

Given, $\int \frac{\cot^{-1} x}{x^2} dx = k \ln(x^2+1) + \ln x - \frac{\cot^{-1} x}{x} + C$

Here, $\frac{d}{dx} \left(k \ln(x^2+1) + \ln x - \frac{\cot^{-1} x}{x} + C \right) = \frac{d}{dx} \left[\int \left(\frac{\cot^{-1} x}{x^2} \right) dx \right] = \frac{\cot^{-1} x}{x^2}$

$\Rightarrow k \cdot \frac{1}{x^2+1} (2x+0) - \frac{1}{x} - \left[\frac{-1}{(1+x^2)} \cdot \frac{1}{x} + \cot^{-1} x \cdot -\frac{1}{x^2} + 0 \right] = \frac{\cot^{-1} x}{x^2}$

$\Rightarrow \frac{2kx}{x^2+1} - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x(1+x^2)} + \frac{\cot^{-1} x}{x^2} = \frac{\cot^{-1} x}{x^2}$

$\Rightarrow \frac{2kx}{x^2+1} = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x(1+x^2)} = \frac{1+x^2-1}{x(1+x^2)} = \frac{x^2}{x(1+x^2)} = \frac{x}{(1+x^2)}$

$\Rightarrow \frac{2kx}{(x^2+1)} = \frac{x}{(1+x^2)} \Rightarrow 2kx = x$

$\Rightarrow 2k = 1$

$\Rightarrow k = \frac{1}{2}$

Answer: $k = \frac{1}{2}$

Question 1.2

Given $y(1) = \ln 2$, $k = \frac{1}{2}$

$$y(1) \Rightarrow k \ln(x^2+1) - \ln x - \frac{\cot^{-1} x}{x} + C = \ln 2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \ln(1^2+1) - \ln 1 - \frac{\cot^{-1} 1}{1} + C = \ln 2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\ln 2}{2} - \ln 1 - \cot^{-1} 1 + C = \ln 2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\ln 2}{2} - 0 - \frac{2 \cot^{-1} 1}{2} - \frac{2 \ln 2}{2} = -C$$

$$\Rightarrow C = \frac{2 \ln 2 - \ln 2 + 2 \cot^{-1} 1}{2} = \frac{\ln 2 + 2 \cot^{-1} 1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{\ln 2}{2} + \cot^{-1} 1$$

$$= \frac{\ln 2}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

(Ans)