Lab Exercise #2

Moles, Concentration, Acid-Base Reactions and Quantitative Analysis by Titration

- 1. How many significant figures are possible when recording the following measurements?
 - a) A buret reading
 - b) A sample delivered by a 25 mL pipette
 - c) A sample prepared in a 100 mL volumetric flask
- 2. In the analysis of the vinegar solution, why does the beaker used to collect the supplied vinegar sample need to be dry?
- 3. Why is the inside wall of the Erlenmeyer flask rinsed with a spray of distilled water just before the endpoint?
- 4. Calculate the pH and pOH for a solution of 0.09952 M NaOH.
- 5. How many acidic protons are there in 0.6137 g of KHP?
- 6. What volume of 0.1157 M NaOH is required to obtain the endpoint of a reaction with 0.5938 g of KHP?
- 7. What volume of 0.13 M HCl is required to neutralise a 120 mL sample of 0.52 M NaOH?
- 8. What is included in References and what is the correct format?