

CSC 320 FALL 2024
FOUNDATIONS OF COMPUTER SCIENCE
UNIVERSITY OF VICTORIA
ASSIGNMENT 1

1. Examine the following formal descriptions of sets and write a short informal English description of each.
 - a) $\{2, 4, 6, 8, \dots\}$
 - b) $\{\dots, -5, -3, -1, 1, 3, 5, \dots\}$
 - c) $\{n \mid n = 2m + 1 \text{ for some } m \in \mathcal{N}\}$
 - d) $\{n \mid n \in \mathcal{Z} \text{ and } n \neq n + 1\}$
2. Write formal descriptions of the following sets.
 - a) The set of all strings of 0's and 1's that end with a 00
 - b) The set of all strings of 0's and 1's of length less than 4
 - c) The intersection of the sets $\{0, 1\}^*$ and $\{a, b\}^*$
 - d) The intersection of the sets $\{0, 1\}^+$ and $\{a, b\}^*$
3. Find $\mathcal{P}(A)$ and $|\mathcal{P}(A)|$ for each of the following sets.
 - a) $A = \{1, 2\}$
 - b) $A = \{\emptyset, 1, \{a\}\}$
 - c) $A = \{0, \emptyset, \{\emptyset\}\}$
 - d) $A = \mathcal{P}(\{1\})$
4. Let A and B be sets such that A is a subset of B .
 - a) If B is countable, then A is countable. In your own words explain why this is true. I am not asking you to prove this, I just want you explain why you think it makes sense.
 - b) Prove that if A is uncountable, then B is uncountable. You may use a) to do this and I am asking you to prove this one.
5. A *palindrome* can be defined as a string that reads the same forward and backward. You can also define a palindrome as follows:
 - i. The empty string, ε , is a palindrome.
 - ii. If $a \in \Sigma$, then string a is a palindrome.
 - iii. If $a \in \Sigma$ and $w \in \Sigma^*$ is a palindrome, then awa is a palindrome.Prove by induction that the two definitions are equivalent.