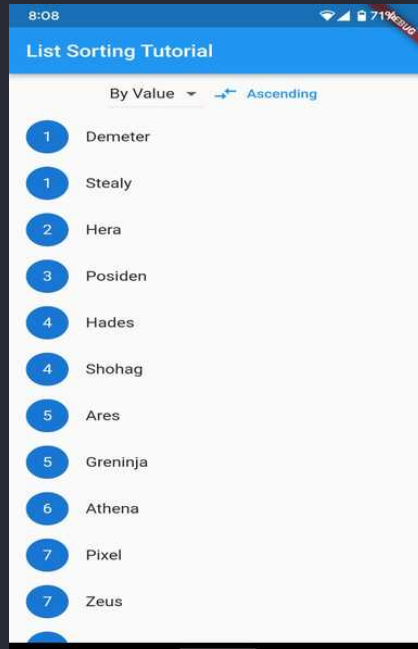


# Tutorial on Flutter Sort List

Sort a List by at least 2 different fields with both ascending and descending option

## Sorting a List View

ListView is the most commonly used scrolling widget. It displays its children one after another in the scroll direction. In the cross axis, the children are required to fill the ListView. In this tutorial we will show how to sort a ListView based two fields in both and ascending and descending orders



## Prerequisites

1. Basics of stateful and stateless widget
2. List Data Structures
3. ListView Widget
4. DropDown Widget

## Project Setup

For this project you can create a new project or a new file in your existing project. No other dependencies are required.

### Step 1: Create Flutter Project and Add a Simple Stateful Widget

We create a simple stateful widget. We return a scaffold that contains an appBar and a text in the center

```
class MyApp extends StatefulWidget {
  const MyApp({super.key});
  @override
  State<MyApp> createState() => _MyAppState();
}

class _MyAppState extends State<MyApp> {
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return MaterialApp(
      title: 'CSEDU',
      home: Scaffold(
        appBar: AppBar(
```

```

        title: const Text('List Sorting Tutorial'),
      ),
      body: const Center(
        child: Text('Hello# '),
      ),
    );
  }
}

```

## Step 2: Creating a Pair and List Data Structure

We will use a simple list of pairs/tuples for our list view so we create a very simple Pair class with an integer and a string value

```

//Pair Class
class Pair {
  int value;
  String name;
  Pair(this.value, this.name);
}

```

Now, make a List of pairs and insert some values to it.

```

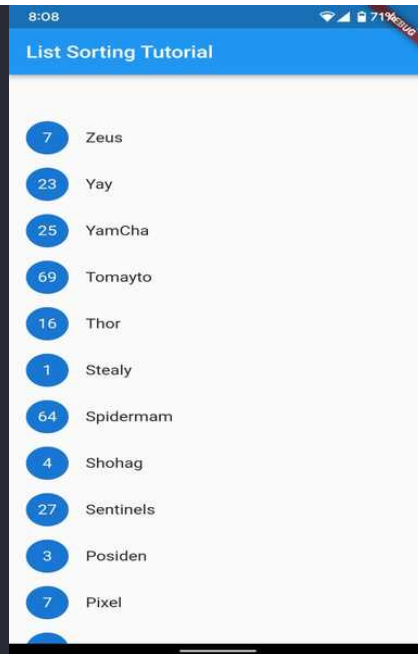
//Insert items to the list
class _MyAppState extends State<MyApp> {
  List<Pair> myList = [
    Pair(3, 'Posiden'),
    Pair(4, 'Hades'),
    Pair(7, 'Zeus'),
    Pair(2, 'Hera'),
    Pair(1, 'Demeter'),
    Pair(6, 'Athena'),
    Pair(5, 'Ares'),
  ];

  /*
   code
  */
}

```

## Step 3: Creating a List View Widget

Now we will add a function which will return a listView widget named listViewBuilder(). In the listView widget there is variable called currentItem and itemCount. We assign our list length to itemCount and our list to current item. We take every item from the list and view it as ListTile. We add a circle avatar to view the value and text field to view the name of the item.

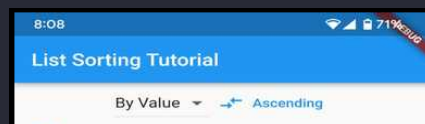


```
//listview builder function
class _MyAppState extends State<MyApp> {
  /*
   code
  */

  Widget listViewBuilder() => ListView.builder(
    itemCount: myList.length,
    itemBuilder: ((context, index) {
      final currentItem = myList[index];
      return ListTile(
        leading: CircleAvatar(
          radius: 20,
          child: Text(currentItem.value.toString()),
        ),
        title: Text(currentItem.name),
      );
    })),
);
}
```

## Step 4: Adding Sort Buttons and Drop Down Menu

Here, we add a toggle button to select between ascending and descending order of sort. We also add a drop down menu to select on which field our list will be sorted (value/name)



```
//Required variables
//true : ascending, false: descending
class _MyAppState extends State<MyApp> {
  /*
   code
  */
}
```

```

bool order = true;
List<String> dropDown = [
  'By Value',
  'By Name',
];
String curDropDownValue = 'By Value';

@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
  return MaterialApp(
    /*
    code

    */
    body: Center(
      child: Column(
        children: [

          //row for Button and DropDown
          Row(mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.center, children: [
            //Button For Changing sorting order
            TextButton.icon(
              icon: const Icon(Icons.compare_arrows_outlined),
              label: Text(order ? 'Ascending' : 'Descending'),
              onPressed: () {
                setState(() {
                  order = !order;
                });
              },
            ),
            //Drop Down menu for selecting which value to sort by
            DropdownButton<String>({
              value: curDropDownValue,
              items:
                dropDown.map<DropdownMenuItem<String>>((String value) {
                  return DropdownMenuItem<String>({
                    value: value,
                    child: Text(value),
                  });
                }).toList(),
              onChanged: (String? value) {
                setState(() {
                  curDropDownValue = value!;
                });
              },
            ),
          ]),

          //Calling the listViewBuilder function
          Expanded(child: listViewBuilder()),
        ],
      ),
    ),
  );
}

/*
code

*/
}

```

## Step 5 : Adding Sort Functions to listViewbuilder function

Here, we use the built-in sort method of List data structure on listViewbuilder() function. Based on the field of the drop-down menu and state of the button we determine in which order the list should be sorted and on what field. We do this by passing b.value or b.name in the compareTo() method. By default the sort method sorts the list in ascending order. We reversed the list if the state of the button is descending.

```

Widget listViewBuilder() => ListView.builder(
  itemCount: myList.length,
  itemBuilder: ((context, index) {
    //Newly added code
    List<Pair> sortedList = myList;
    if (curDropDownValue == 'By Value') {
      sortedList.sort((a, b) => a.value.compareTo(b.value));
      if (!order) sortedList = List.from(sortedList.reversed);
    } else {
      sortedList.sort((a, b) => a.name.compareTo(b.name));
      if (!order) sortedList = List.from(sortedList.reversed);
    }
    //Newly added code

    //take currentItem from sortedList
    final currentItem = sortedList[index];
    return ListTile(
      leading: CircleAvatar(
        radius: 20,
        child: Text(currentItem.value.toString()),
      ),
      title: Text(currentItem.name),
    );
  })),
);

```

## Screenshots

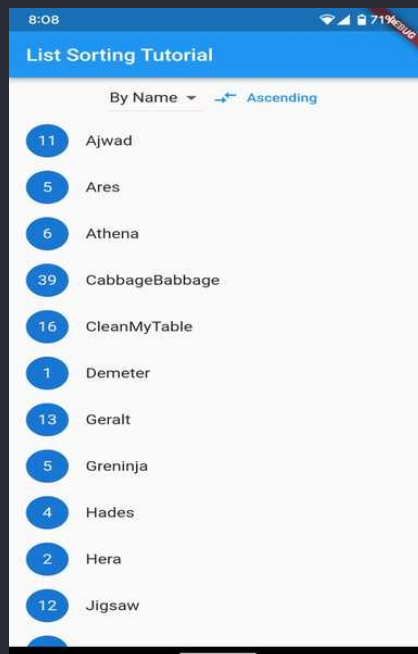
Sorting by value in ascending order



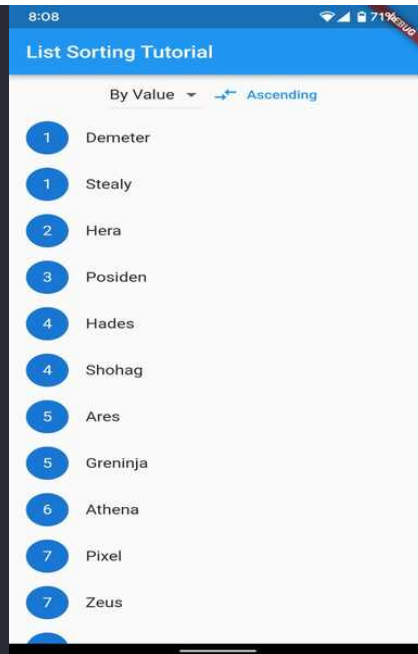
Sorting by value in descending order



Sorting by name in ascending order



Sorting by name in descending order



## Resources

1. [Stateful Widget](#)
2. [List Class dart](#)
3. [Pair Class dart](#)
4. [List View Widget](#)
5. [A good video tutorial on this topic](#)

## Errors and Cautions

1. Make sure to use stateful widget
2. Add correct item counts in the listViewbuilder functions
3. Make sure to use setState whenever you are making changes to any variables inside a stateful widget

## Github Repository

[sort\\_list\\_tutorial\\_flutter](#)

## Demo APK for this tutorial

[Apk file](#)