HTTP verbs

HTTP verbs (or methods) are actions that describe what you want to do with a resource on a server. Think of them as commands that tell the server what you want to do. Here's a simple breakdown:

1. GET: "Give me something"

- Used to retrieve data from the server.
- It's like reading information without changing anything.
- Example: Viewing a list of products on a website.

Request Example:

```
GET /products
```

Response: A list of products.

2. POST: "Create something new"

- Used to send data to the server to create a new resource.
- It's like filling out a form to register or add a new item.
- Example: Adding a new product to the inventory.

Request Example:

```
POST /products
Content-Type: application/json
{
    "name": "Laptop",
    "price": 999.99
}
```

Response: Confirmation of the new product creation.

3. PUT: "Replace something"

- Used to **update or replace** an existing resource entirely.
- Example: Changing all details of a product.

Request Example:

```
PUT /products/1
Content-Type: application/json
{
    "name": "Gaming Laptop",
    "price": 1299.99
}
```

Response: Updated product details.

4. PATCH: "Update part of something"

- Used to **update only specific parts** of an existing resource.
- Example: Updating just the price of a product.

Request Example:

```
PATCH /products/1
Content-Type: application/json
{
    "price": 1199.99
}
```

Response: Updated product with the new price.

5. DELETE: "Remove something"

- Used to delete a resource on the server.
- Example: Removing a product from the inventory.

Request Example:

Response: Confirmation that the product was deleted.

Summary Table

HTTP Verb	Purpose	Example Action
GET	Retrieve data	View a list of items (read-only).
POST	Create a new resource	Add a new item to a database.
PUT	Replace a resource	Overwrite an item with new information.
PATCH	Update a resource	Modify specific details of an item.
DELETE	Remove a resource	Delete an item from the database.

Analogy: Library

• **GET**: Ask for a book to read.

• POST: Donate a new book to the library.

• PUT: Replace an old edition of a book with a new one.

• PATCH: Fix one page of a book without replacing the whole book.

• **DELETE**: Remove a book from the library permanently.

By understanding these verbs, you can effectively communicate with APIs or servers in a web application!