

# Talk on ARQUS : Cyber-Security Summer School 2021

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## 1 Introduction

## 2 Challenges

- Security and Privacy in Android
- Cyber-Security Challenges
- Introduction to UNIX & Quizzes
- Side Channel Analysis with Deep Learning

## 3 Conclusion

- What I learnt?

I am Kushagra Singh BISEN, a MSc student in Cyber-Physical Social Systems student at Université de Lyon. I present you my work during the days 6-9 September in the Cyber-Security Summer School organized by Arqus European University Alliance [Home : Arqus].

During the course of 4 days, we were taught different aspects to cyber-security from researchers of different partner universities and were given quizzes and challenges to assess our understanding of the concepts.

# Security and Privacy in Android

Security and Privacy is analyzed using two different softwares,

- RiskInDroid
- SPECK

The application to be analyzed was 'xiaomi home app'. Xiaomi home apps are famous for asking for too many permissions, even if they don't need those. An example of such could be, the home light application asking permissions to access the contacts, and camera. Such extra permissions can be used to spy/sell the data for data mining purposes. This makes us to use softwares to analyze the **APK** file before installing it to our system.

Dockerfile is used to run the analysis application. The apk file is selected to result in a score out of 100 based upon different classifiers. The resulting score value is **30.34 / 100**. Regarding the permissions,

- Declared Permissions - 58
- Required and Used Permissions - 21
- Required and not Used Permissions - 37
- Not required but used permissions - 4

Developers can analyze each and every permission, and make decisions or modify the apk for our use.

xiaomi.apk	
d1b34903f6832d7856291e807df46f9e	
	30.34 / 100
Permissions	
▶ Declared (58 permissions)	
▶ Required and Used (21 permissions)	
▶ Required but Not Used (37 permissions)	
▶ Not Required but Used (4 permissions)	

The application is downloaded from Github and built using gradle. The python script analyzes the code written in the application, to display the quality of code written with respect to the security of the application. 1719 files were analyzed and code was displayed in 3 classifiers, *INFO*, *WARNING* and *CRITICAL*. There are 32 rules which are employed for the analysis, and when you execute they analyze files which depend on the rule. An example of the rule can be, "Store private data within internal storage". Manifest files and main java file are given

# Cyber-Security Challenge

The challenge consists the exploitation of a buffer overflow. Unfortunately, I was not able to solve the challenge.



There were various quizzes given related to file management, networking, file editors, I/O management. I solved the quizzes from section 1 to section 7. Unfortunately, I could not solve the 'init.d' quiz completely, I did solve only 3 of those questions. I could not find the catalog files in my workstation.

# Side Channel Analysis with Deep Learning

In this section, I was able to understand and learn Simple Power Analysis. I could not understand Differential Power Analysis and further modules to an extent where I could solve questions related to them.

# What I learnt?

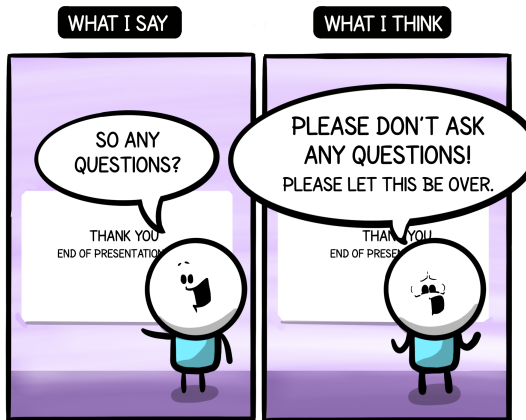
At the end of the summer school, I discovered that Cyber Security is much more than hacking a webpage or getting access to a server. Including Physics, Quantum computing to solve cyber Security problems as well as employing deep learning for cyber-security was a great insight. I wish to rewatch the recordings which will be shared after the school to better understand the concepts to employ later.



## ARQUS (2021)

*Arqus European Alliance*. Accessed September 09, 2021.  
<https://www.arqus-alliance.eu/>

# Thank you for your attention. Any questions?



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