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- You have already seen how to execute programs written in Java, PySpark, Hive, HBase, Pig.
- When you execute any program in Hadoop cluster, it is queued by Yarn resource manager
- You can examine what is running or queued on the Hadoop cluster from a command line with yarn application --list:

• If you ssh to hadoop with -Y option and your ssh client supports X-forwarding (under Mac you might have to install XQuartz for that), you can run firefox there and point it to the Tracking-URL associated with each job to see more details about it.

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 yarn top allows to understand how busy the cluster is and who uses how much resources:

```
[ivy2@md01 ~]$ yarn top
YARN top - 13:40:33, up 84d, 17:27, 0 active users, queue(s): root
NodeManager(s): 5 total, 5 active, 0 unhealthy, 0 decommissioned, 1 lost, 0 rebooted
Queue(s) Applications: 5 running, 2129 submitted, 0 pending, 2118 completed, 6 killed, 0 failed
Queue(s) Mem(GB): O available, 768 allocated, 1251 pending, 22 reserved
Queue(s) VCores: O available, 176 allocated, 278 pending, 5 reserved
Queue(s) Containers: 176 allocated, 278 pending, 5 reserved
APPLICATION ID
                               USER
                                          TYPE QUEUE PRIOR #CONT
                                                                                              160
application_1568600009828_2141 shermanw
                                          spark root.users.shermanw
                                                                                                                                        341
application_1568600009828_2145 zwang151
                                          spark root.users.zwang151
                                                                                                              28G
application_1568600009828_2146 zzhao9
                                          spark root.users.zzhao9
                                                                                                               86
                                                                                                                               15901
application 1568600009828 2142 shermanw
                                          spark root.users.shermanw
application 1568600009828 2149 zzhao9
                                          spark root.users.zzhao9
                                                                                                                               29829
```

- This command works similar to the standard UNIX top, refreshing the screen every few seconds. To exit from it, press Ctrl-C
- The two most important lines from the above are:

```
Queue(s) Mem(GB): 0 available, 768 allocated, 1251 pending, 22 reserved Queue(s) VCores: 0 available, 176 allocated, 278 pending, 5 reserved
```

- The first line says that 768 GB of memory is allocated and 0 are available
- The second line says that 176 CPU cores are allocated and 0 are available

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- Therefore, if you start the job, it will not run for a while until enough memory and computing cores become available
- Notice, that if you use Spark interactively via Jupyter, you are holding cluster resources even if you are not running anything especially if you pin RDD or Data Frame to memory with cache()
- We have rather small Hadoop cluster and it is better to submit job to it in batch rather than lock resources using interactive Jupyter notebook
- There is a cronjob running on login node, killing jupyter notebooks and the corresponding pyspark jobs that spent in queue more than N hours. When this was written, N was 24 hours.
- It is very important to exit Jupyter notebook properly to release resources

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- The cluster becomes particularly busy and unusable at the end of each semester when students are finishing their final projects
- To kill running job, use
   yarn application -kill <Application ID>
- You can find application id using one of the previous commands
- To get logs for a particular application:

```
yarn logs -applicationId <Application ID>
```

- When you launch a batch job under Yarn, it runs in shell foreground, the shell will not retun until the job is finished.
- To run it in a background, use standard UNIX way (see my Linux tutorial for details). For example:

nohup pyspark myscript.py > log.txt 2>&1 &

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