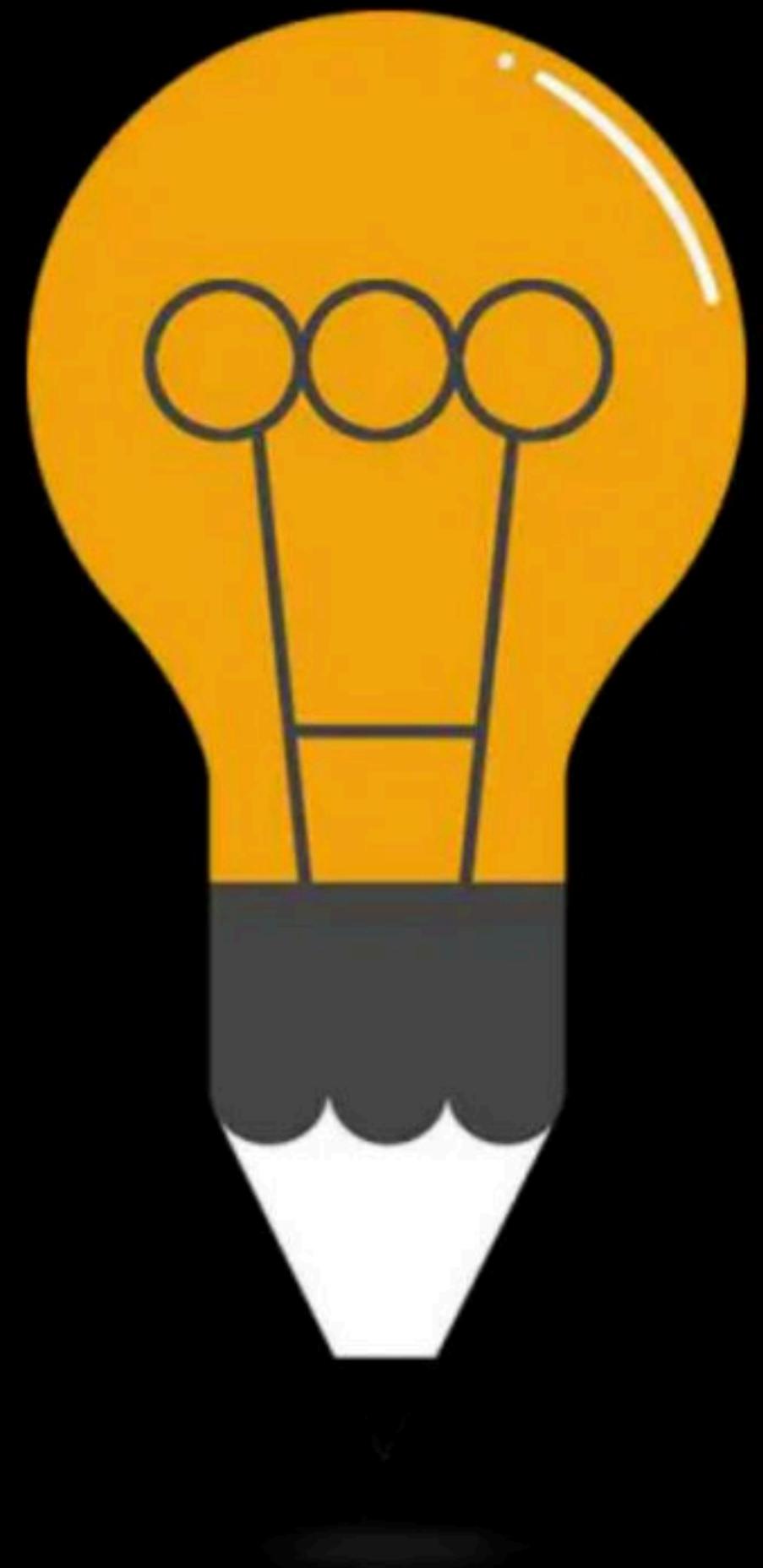




Keys and SQL: Part I

Complete Course on Database Management System



DBMS Relational Modeling

By: Vishvadeep Gothi

Relational Model

The relational model uses a collection of tables to represent both data and the relationships among those data

Relation (Table)

The main construct for representing data in the relational model is a relation, which is table.

student

Attribute / column / field

Attributes are used to describe relations

Or

Columns of relations are attributes

Student

RnO	name	dob
1	Avinil	4 Mar
2	Sunit	5 Apr
3	Namit	6 May
4	Miriel	7 May

rows

Diagram illustrating the relationship between the terms 'rows' and 'columns' and the structure of the 'Student' table:

- Three blue arrows point from the word "rows" to the first three rows of the table, indicating that each row represents a single data record.
- One blue arrow points from the word "columns" to the first three columns of the table, indicating that each column represents a specific attribute or field.

Tuple Or Record / ~ow

A row in a relation

Relation Example

The account relation with unordered tuples

account

account-number	branch-name	balance
A-101	Downtown	500
A-215	Mianus	700
A-102	Perryridge	400
A-305	Round Hill	350
A-201	Brighton	900
A-222	Redwood	700
A-217	Brighton	750

Database Schema

Logical design of database

Tool used

Ex:- e-commerce DB

Shirts

<u>Sid</u>	Shape	Size	Color	Price

Pants

<u>Pid</u>	Rname	color

Database Instance

Snapshot of the data in the database at a given instant in time

Ex:-

Account

Ac-no	branch	Balance
1	B1	5000
2	B2	6000
3	B1	8000
4	B1	4000
5		

Account Domain

Ac-no => _____

branch => _____

Balance => _____

Domain

A unique set of values permitted for an attribute

Domain Constraint

Specifies an important condition that we want each instance of relation to satisfy

Degree or Arity

Number of attributes in relation

Cardinality

Number of tuples in a relation

Relational Database

A relational database is a collection of relations

Keys

An attribute or set of attributes whose values can uniquely identify a tuple in a relation

student

Rno	name	fathername	Dob
1	Amit	Naresh	1 Jan
2	Sumit	Naresh	1 Jan
3	Ankit	Suresh	2 Dec
4	Neha	Mohesh	5 Nov
5	Riya	Rakesh	5 Nov
6	Neha	Ram	5 Nov

key \Rightarrow Rno
name fname

Keys

1. Super Key
2. Candidate Key
3. Primary Key
4. Alternate Key
5. Foreign Key

Super key

All possible keys of a relation

ex:- sno,

sno name

sno name

sno fname

sno dob

sno name fname

sno fname dob

sno name fname dob

name fname dob

Candidate key

minimal super key
or

A super key whose proper subset is not key

eg:-

end,
name, fname

Prime attributes :-

Attributes of candidate keys

Relation $\Rightarrow R$

Attributes $\Rightarrow A, B, C, D, E, F$

candidate key $\Rightarrow ABC$

A
B
C
 AB
 AC
 BC

} not keys

$ABCD \Rightarrow ?$

\hookrightarrow super key but not c. key

Quora Academy (A, B, C, D, E, F)

only one c.k. $\Rightarrow ACD$

Total no. of super keys = ?.

$$\text{Ans} = 8$$

ACD

B, E, F



Power set $\Rightarrow 2^3$ elements

$\{\phi, B, E, F, BE, BF, EF, BEF\}$

s.k.

ACD
 $ACDB$
 $ACDE$
 $ACDF$
 $ACDBE$
⋮

Primary key

chosen c.key for implement'n

ex:-
=

c.keys => sno
name fname

Primary key => sno

Alternate key

all other candidate keys
apart from Primary key

ex:-

name fname

Foreign key

Branch

<u>Branch_id</u>	Branch_name
B1	MG Road
B2	India Nagar
B3	New road

Account

<u>AC-no.</u>	Branch_id	Amount
1	B1	5000
2	B2	7000
3	B1	9000
4	B4	5000

Branch \Rightarrow attribute Branch_id \Rightarrow p.k.

Account \Rightarrow Attribute Branch_id \Rightarrow foreign-key

Referential Integrity

we wish to ensure that a value that appears in one relation for a given set of attributes also appears for a certain set of attributes in another relation. This condition is called referential integrity.

Referential Integrity Example

Publisher (PublisherID, PublisherName, PublisherAddress)

Book (ISBN, Title, Revision, PublisherID)

foreign key

I1	T1	1	P1
I2	T2	1	P1

Foreign Key

The FOREIGN KEY constraint prevents invalid data from being inserted into the foreign key column, because it has to be one of the values contained in the parent table

Foreign key can have NULL.

on update cascade \Rightarrow

if parent table value updated
then automatically foreign key values
are also updated accordingly.

Branch	
Bid	Bname
B1	ABC
B2	XYZ
B3 B6	MNO

Account	
bid	
B1	
B2 B6	BC
B3	
B4 B6	

ex:-

\underline{x}

R_1

A	

R_2

\underline{x}	

R_3

A	\underline{x}

ex:-

R_1

A	B

R_2

A	B

on delete cascade → ✓

- || — No action ✗

— || — set NULL → ✓

↳ only foreign key set to NULL

SQL: Structured Query Language

Domain-specific language used in programming and designed for managing data held in a RDBMS

SQL: Structured Query Language

Domain-specific language used in programming and designed for managing data held in a RDBMS

Operations performed using SQL:

Inserting data

Retrieving data

Updating data

Deleting data

And many more

Customers Table

CustomerID	CustomerName	ContactName	Address	City	PostalCode	Country
1	Alfreds Futterkiste	Maria Anders	Obere Str. 57	Berlin	12209	Germany
2	Ana Trujillo Emparedados y helados	Ana Trujillo	Avda. de la Constitución 2222	México D.F.	05021	Mexico
3	Antonio Moreno Taquería	Antonio Moreno	Mataderos 2312	México D.F.	05023	Mexico
4	Around the Horn	Thomas Hardy	120 Hanover Sq.	London	WA1 1DP	UK
5	Berglunds snabbköp	Christina Berglund	Berguvsvägen 8	Luleå	S-958 22	Sweden
6	Blauer See Delikatessen	Hanna Moos	Forsterstr. 57	Mannheim	68306	Germany
7	Blondel père et fils	Frédérique Citeaux	24, place Kléber	Strasbourg	67000	France
8	Bólido Comidas preparadas	Martín Sommer	C/ Araquil, 67	Madrid	28023	Spain

SQL Datatypes

String

Data Type	Description
CHAR(size)	A FIXED length string (can contain letters, numbers, and special characters). The size parameter specifies the column length in characters - can be from 0 to 255. Default is 1
VARCHAR(size)	A VARIABLE length string (can contain letters, numbers, and special characters). The size parameter specifies the maximum column length in characters - can be from 0 to 65535

SQL Datatypes

Numeric

Data Type	Description
Bit(size)	A bit-value type. The number of bits per value is specified in size. The size parameter can hold a value from 1 to 64. The default value for size is 1
BOOL	Zero is considered as false, nonzero values are considered as true.
BOOLEAN	Equal to BOOL
INT(Size)	A medium integer. Signed range is from -2147483648 to 2147483647. Unsigned range is from 0 to 4294967295. The size parameter specifies the maximum display width (which is 255)
INTEGER(Size)	Equal to INT(size)

SQL Datatypes

Numeric

Data Type	Description
BIGINT(size)	A large integer. Signed range is from -9223372036854775808 to 9223372036854775807. Unsigned range is from 0 to 18446744073709551615. The size parameter specifies the maximum display width (which is 255)
FLOAT(size, d)	A floating point number. The total number of digits is specified in size. The number of digits after the decimal point is specified in the d parameter. This syntax is deprecated in MySQL 8.0.17
FLOAT(p)	A floating point number. MySQL uses the p value to determine whether to use FLOAT or DOUBLE for the resulting data type. If p is from 0 to 24, the data type becomes FLOAT(). If p is from 25 to 53, the data type becomes DOUBLE()

SQL Datatypes

Numeric

Data Type	Description
DOUBLE(size, d)	A normal-size floating point number. The total number of digits is specified in size. The number of digits after the decimal point is specified in the d parameter
DECIMAL(size, d)	An exact fixed-point number. The total number of digits is specified in size. The number of digits after the decimal point is specified in the d parameter. The maximum number for size is 65. The maximum number for d is 30. The default value for size is 10. The default value for d is 0.
DEC(size, d)	Equal to DECIMAL(size,d)

Case Sensitivity

Semicolon Mandatory?

Select Command

Used to retrieve data from one or more tables

Syntax:

Select Command: All Columns

Select Command: Selected Column

Select Command: Selected Multiple Columns



Select Command with distinct

Need to be used with select, to fetch only unique values of designated column(s)

Select Command with distinct

select distinct Country from Customers

Customers Table

CustomerID	CustomerName	ContactName	Address	City	PostalCode	Country
1	Alfreds Futterkiste	Maria Anders	Obere Str. 57	Berlin	12209	Germany
2	Ana Trujillo Emparedados y helados	Ana Trujillo	Avda. de la Constitución 2222	México D.F.	05021	Mexico
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6	Blauer See Delikatessen	Hanna Moos	Forsterstr. 57	Mannheim	68306	Germany
7	Blondel père et fils	Frédérique Citeaux	24, place Kléber	Strasbourg	67000	France
8	Bólido Comidas preparadas	Martín Sommer	C/ Araquil, 67	Madrid	28023	Spain

Select Command with distinct

select distinct Country, PostalCode from Customers

Select Command with distinct

select distinct itemp from itemmaster

item	itemp
1	2
2	4
3	<i>null</i>
4	<i>null</i>

Select Command with distinct

select distinct Country, PostalCode from Customers

Select Command with where

Select Command with where

Used with select, update, delete, insert commands

Used to filter specific rows from table

Select Command with where

Return all such customers' information who live in country Germany

Select Command with where

Return all such customers' information have their CustomerId 3

Select Command with where

Return name of the customer who has CustomerId 3

Select Command with where

Return city and country of customers who have their CustomerId 3

Select Command with where

Can we use only = with where command?

Select Command with where

Relational Operators used in where clause:

1. Equal
2. Not Equal
3. Less than
4. Less than or equal to
5. Greater than
6. Greater than or equal to

OrderDetails Table

OrderDetailID	OrderID	ProductID	Quantity
1	10248	11	12
2	10248	42	10
3	10248	72	5
4	10249	14	9
5	10249	51	40
6	10250	41	10
7	10250	51	35
8	10250	65	15
9	10251	22	6
10	10251	57	15
11	10251	65	20
12	10252	20	40
13	10252	33	25
14	10252	60	40
15	10253	31	20
16	10253	39	42

Select Command with where

Return all such orders details when quantity is atleast 10

Select Command with where

Return all such orders details when quantity is greater than 15

Select Command with where

Return all such orders details when quantity is maximum 10

Select Command with where

Return all such orders details when quantity is less than 15

Select Command with where

Return all such orders details when quantity is not 10

Select Command with where

Logical Operators:

1. AND
2. OR
3. NOT

OrderDetails Table

OrderDetailID	OrderID	ProductID	Quantity
1	10248	11	12
2	10248	42	10
3	10248	72	5
4	10249	14	9
5	10249	51	40
6	10250	41	10
7	10250	51	35
8	10250	65	15
9	10251	22	6
10	10251	57	15
11	10251	65	20
12	10252	20	40
13	10252	33	25
14	10252	60	40
15	10253	31	20
16	10253	39	42

Select Command with where

Select all such orders where quantity is atleast 5 and atmost 30

Between Operator

Used to filter the records in the specific range

Between LB and UB

Between Operator

Return all such orders details when quantity is lesser than 10 or greater than 20

NULL In RDBMS

NULL In RDBMS

```
SELECT *  
FROM itemmaster  
WHERE itemp=NULL
```

item	itemp
1	2
2	4
3	<i>null</i>
4	<i>null</i>

NULL In RDBMS

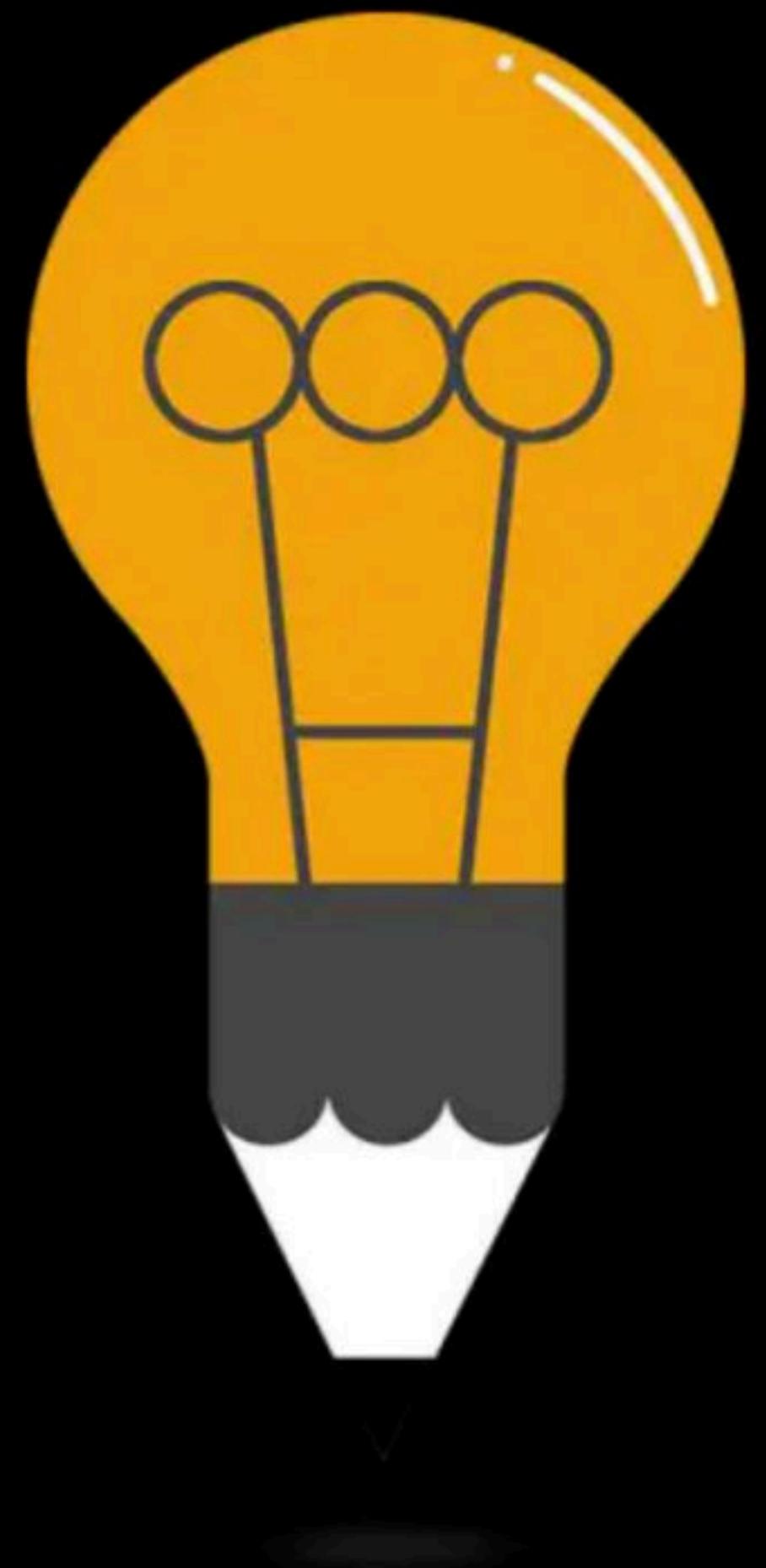
```
SELECT *  
FROM itemmaster  
WHERE itemp is NULL
```

item	itemp
1	2
2	4
3	<i>null</i>
4	<i>null</i>

NULL In RDBMS

```
SELECT *  
FROM itemmaster  
WHERE itemp is NOT NULL
```

item	itemp
1	2
2	4
3	<i>null</i>
4	<i>null</i>



DPP: SQL

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Question

Write query for all below questions on table Customers

1. Select all customers which are from country "Germany", "Berlin"
2. Fetch that customers' name, address city, postal code and country who has contact name 'Yang Wang'
3. Fetch all customers information till customerID 19
4. Fetch all customers information except from Country 'Germany', 'UK', 'USA'

Products Table

ProductID	ProductName	SupplierID	CategoryID	Unit	Price
1	Chais	1	1	10 boxes x 20 bags	18
2	Chang	1	1	24 - 12 oz bottles	19
3	Aniseed Syrup	1	2	12 - 550 ml bottles	10
4	Chef Anton's Cajun Seasoning	2	2	48 - 6 oz jars	22
5	Chef Anton's Gumbo Mix	2	2	36 boxes	21.35
6	Grandma's Boysenberry Spread	3	2	12 - 8 oz jars	25
7	Uncle Bob's Organic Dried Pears	3	7	12 - 1 lb pkgs.	30
8	Northwoods Cranberry Sauce	3	2	12 - 12 oz jars	40
9	Mishi Kobe Niku	4	6	18 - 500 g pkgs.	97
10	Ikura	4	8	12 - 200 ml jars	31
11	Queso Cabrales	5	4	1 kg pkg.	21
12	Queso Manchego La Pastora	5	4	10 - 500 g pkgs.	38
13	Konbu	6	8	2 kg box	6
14	Tofu	6	7	40 - 100 g pkgs.	23.25
15	Genen Shouyu	6	2	24 - 250 ml bottles	15.5

Question

Write query for all below questions on table Products

1. Select all products which are supplied by suppliers with Id 1 or 2 or 3
2. Fetch the name of all such products which have price in range 5 to 25
3. Find all suppliers who supply the products of category 2?
4. Find all products which are supplied by supplier of ID 2 with price more than 30?
5. Find all products which have price more than 50 but not supplied by supplier with ID 6?
6. Find all products which have price less than 30 but not supplied by supplier with ID 2 or 6?

Happy Learning.!

