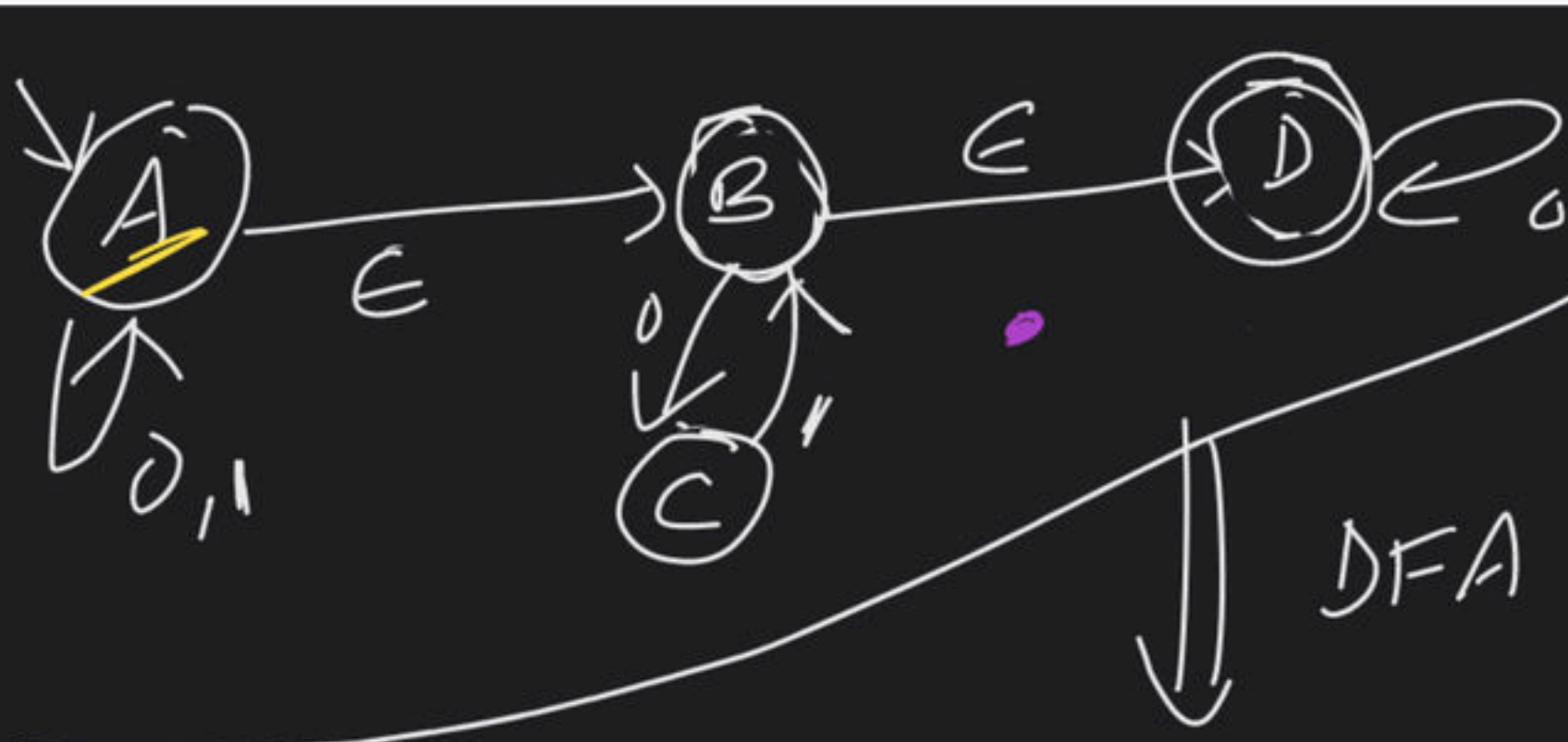


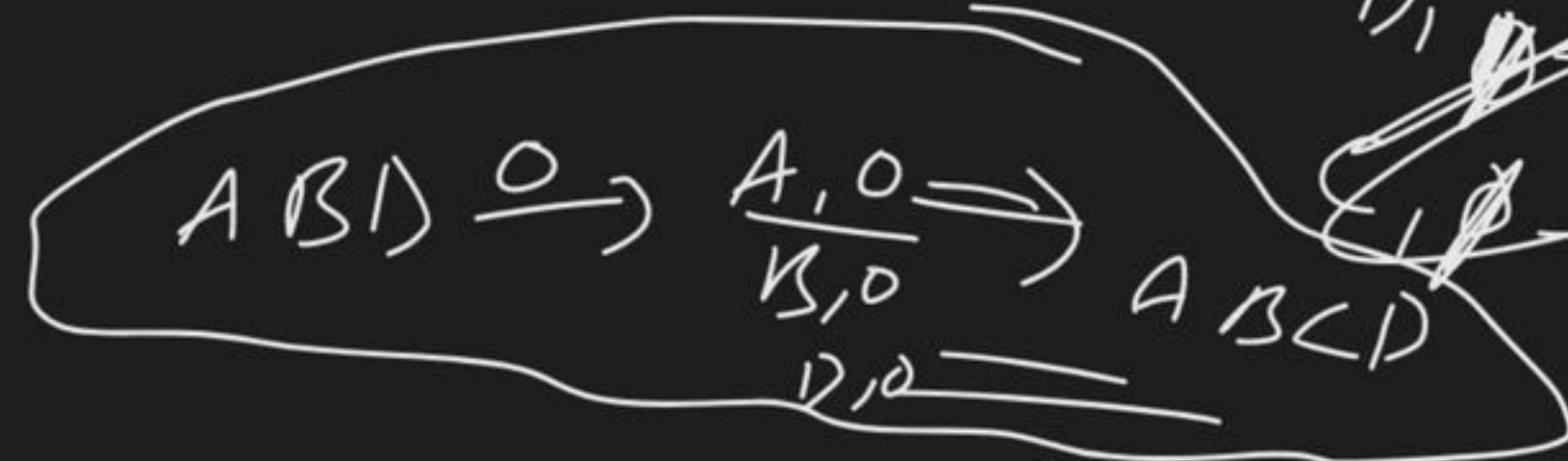
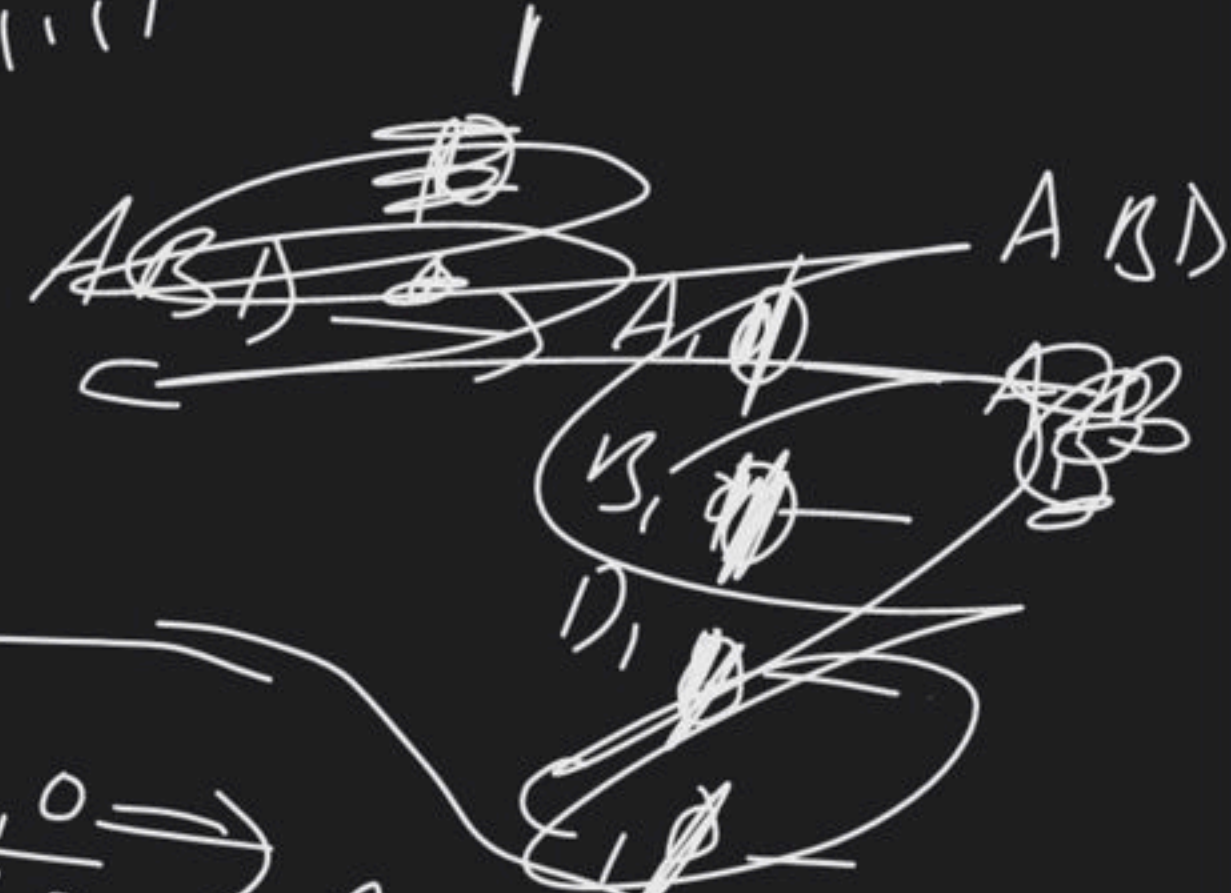


Conversion - I

Complete Course on Theory of Computation

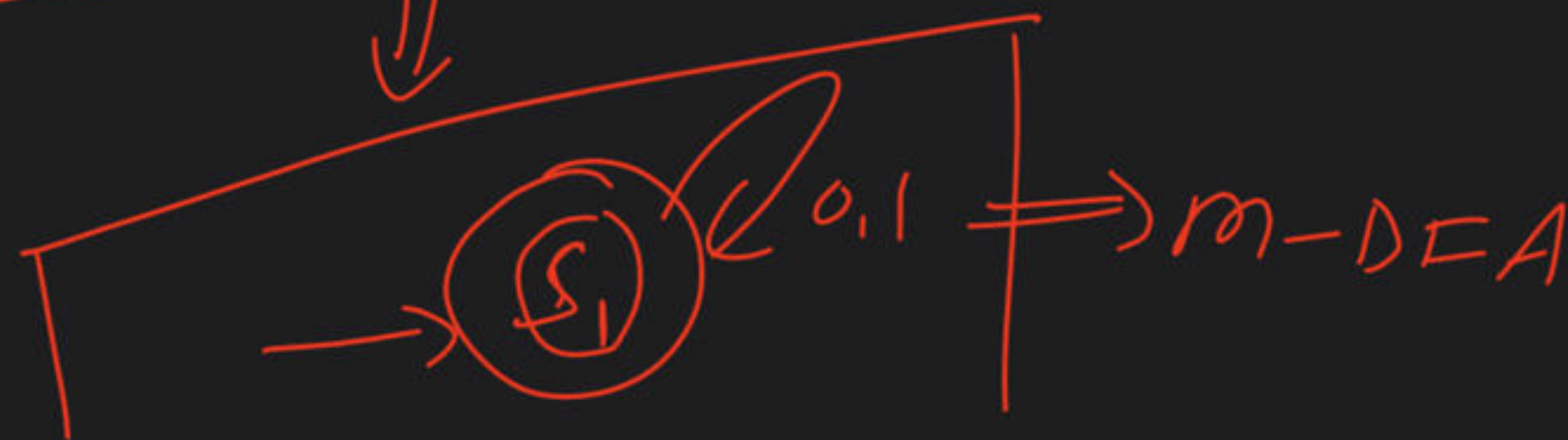
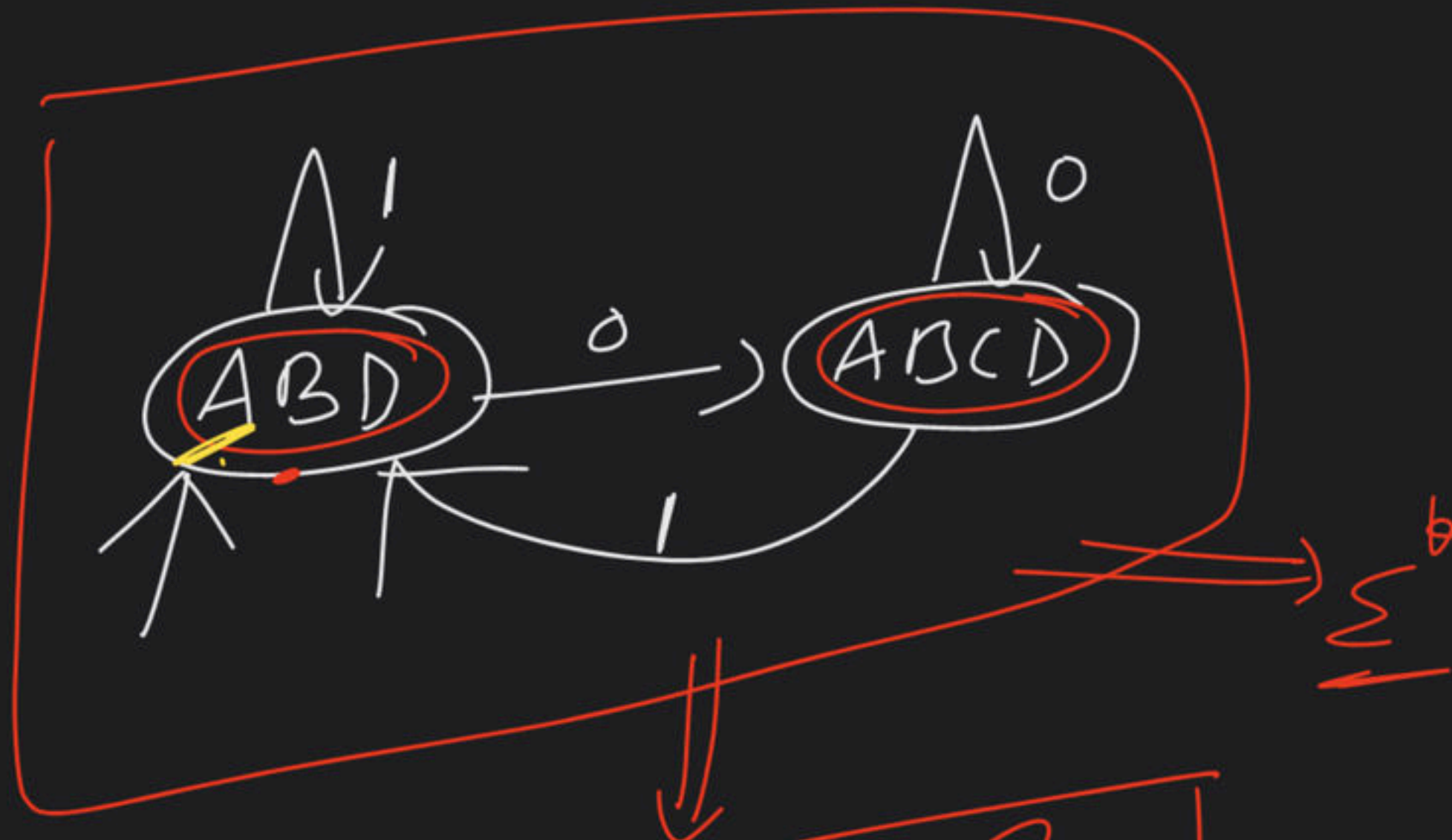


$\epsilon, 0, 000000$
 $1, 1111, 00001111$
 11110000
 1000
 0100



$ABD, 1 \Rightarrow A, 1 \Rightarrow A, 3$
 $B, 1 \Rightarrow \emptyset$
 $D, 1 \Rightarrow \emptyset$

$ABCD, 1 \Rightarrow A, 1 \Rightarrow ABD$
 $B, 1 \Rightarrow \emptyset$
 $C, 1 \Rightarrow B, D$
 $D, 1 \Rightarrow \emptyset$



$NFA \Rightarrow DFA$

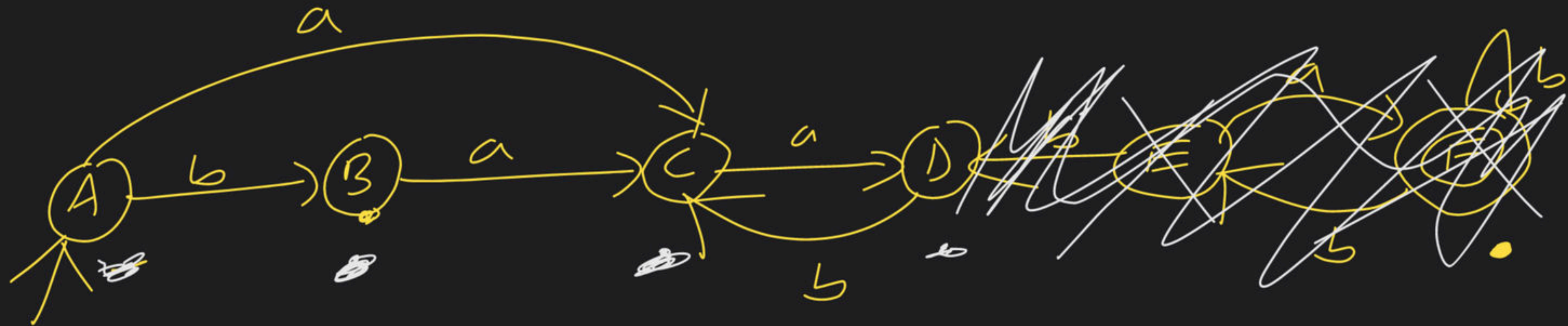
$E-NFA$ \Rightarrow NFA \Rightarrow DFA

Decidable problems of EA

- ① Emptiness problem
- ② Finiteness problem
- ③ Equality problem

Empty problem

ex Empty Language (or not?)



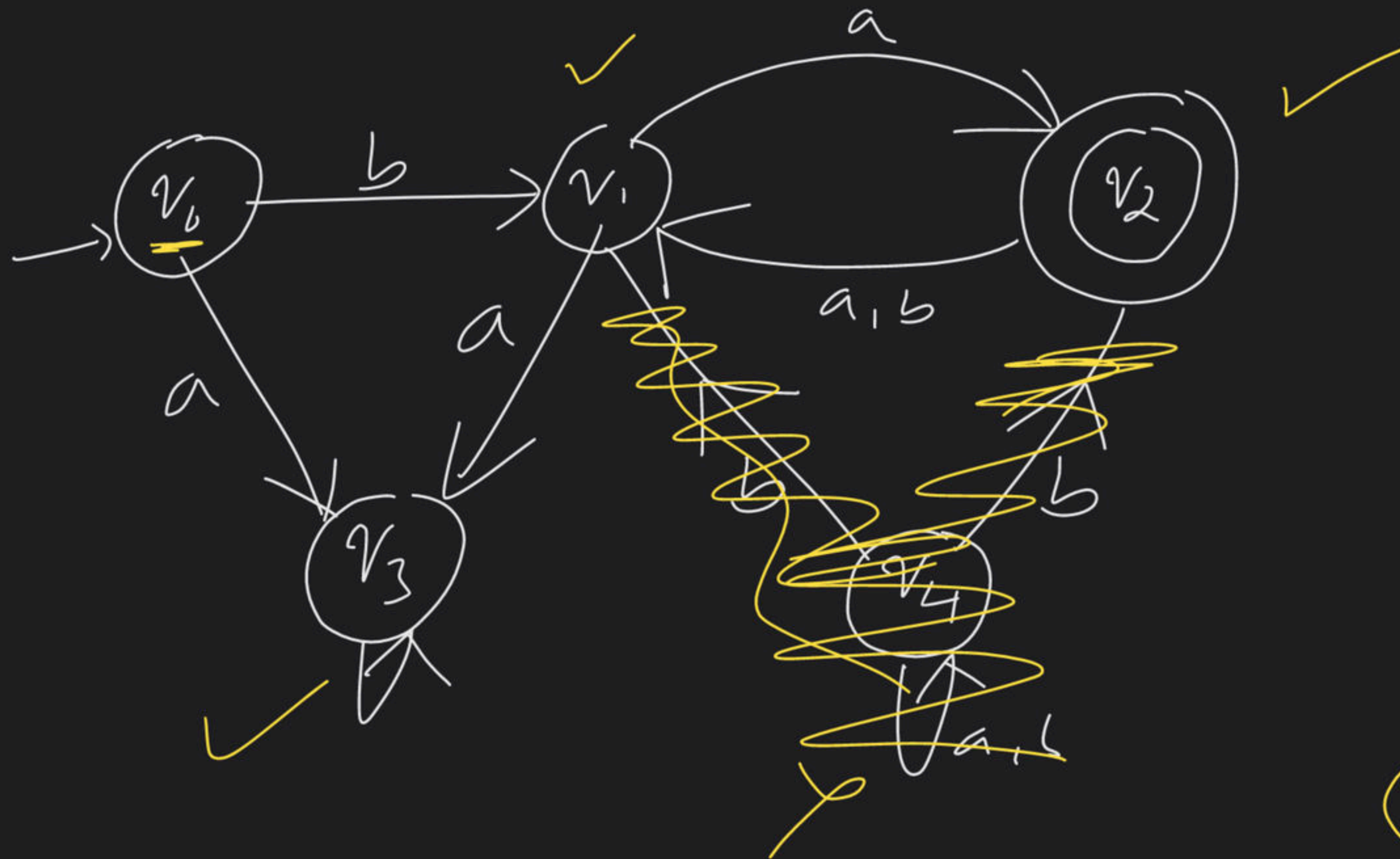
empty ✓

Algo

- ① Eliminate those states * which are not reachable from initial state and its transitions
- ② In the remaining FA if you found at least 1-final state then given FA accepts non-em otherwise empty.

ex

E/NF

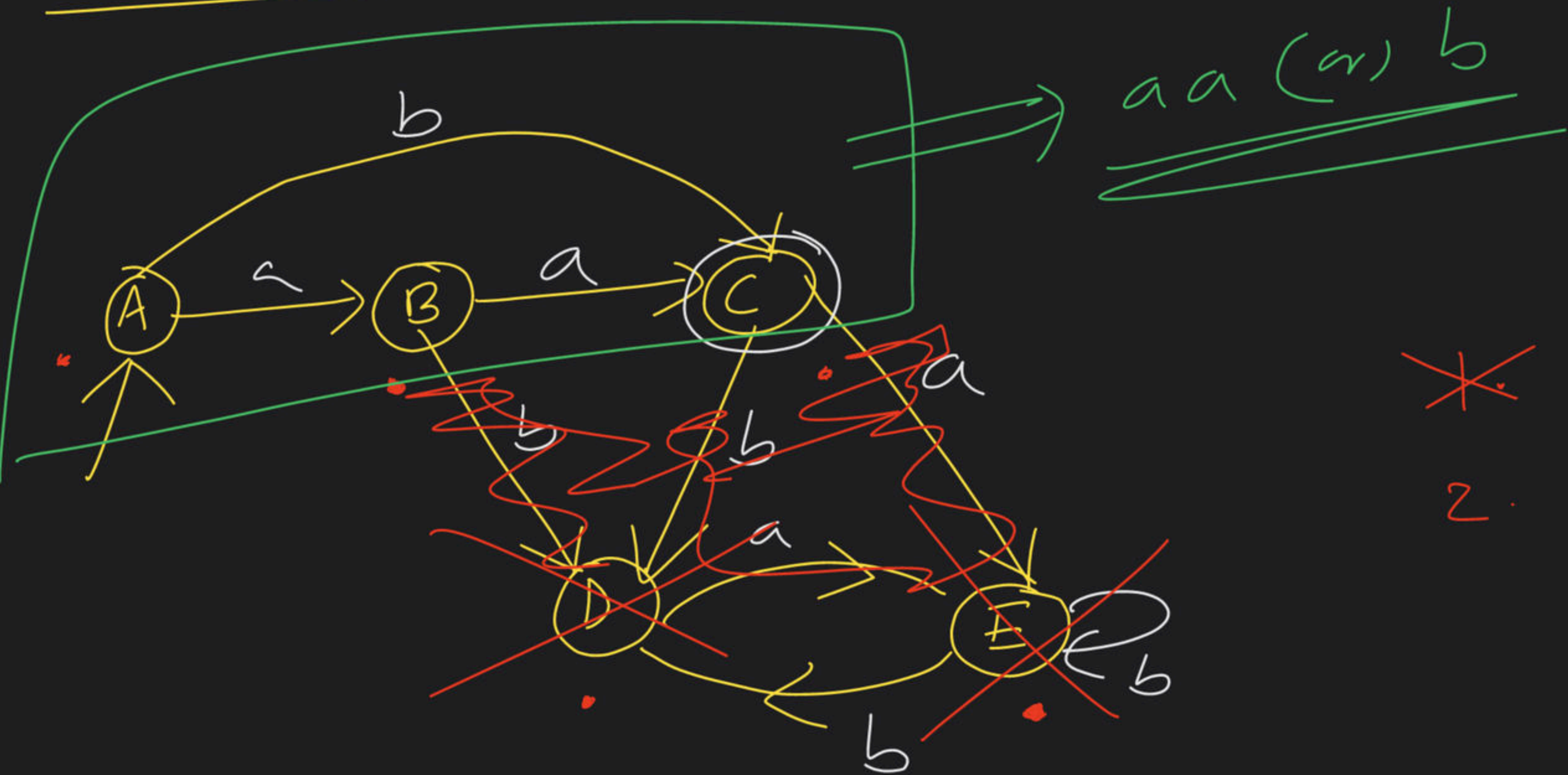


① Simplify

② Final ✓

NF ✓

Finite null



Algo

- ① Eliminate those states & its transitions which are not reachable from initial state.
- ② Eliminate those states & its transitions from which we can't reach final.
- ③ In the rem- of FA if loop is present then it's called infinite language otherwise Finite Language.

Thank

Goto hell

Dedicate Naty

DFA

$$\underline{Q} \times \underline{\Sigma} \rightarrow \underline{Q}$$

NFA

$$\underline{Q} \times \underline{\Sigma} \rightarrow \underline{p(Q)}$$

E-NFA

$$\underline{Q} \times \{\underline{\Sigma} \cup \epsilon\} \rightarrow \underline{p(Q)}$$

NFA

EFA

$$E(DFA) = E(NFA) \\ = E(E-NFA)$$

