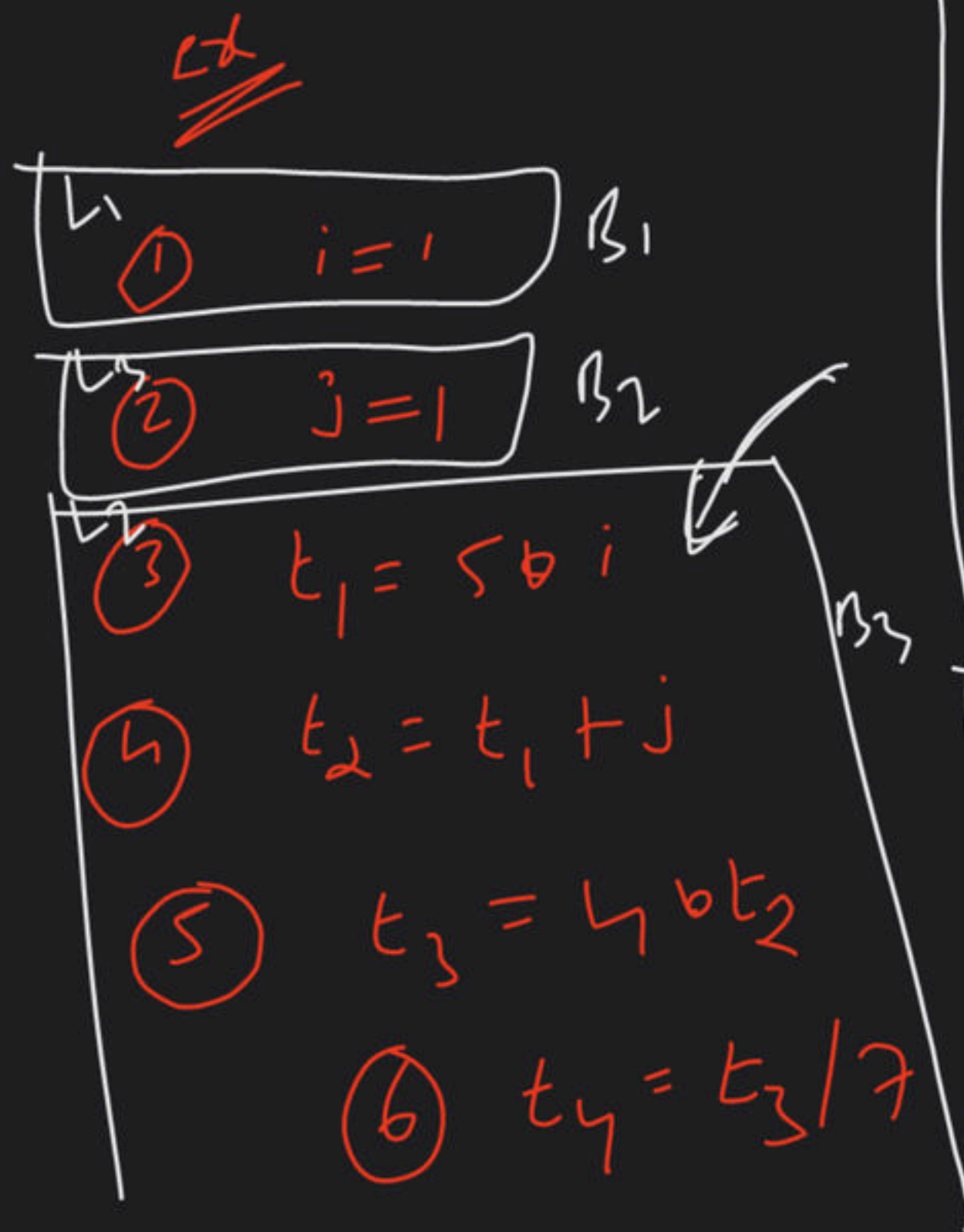


Runtime Environment

Complete Course on Compiler Design

Control Flow Graph (CFG)



⑦ $n[t_4] = -1$

⑧ $j = j + 1$

⑨ $\text{if } j \leq 5 \text{ goto } ③$

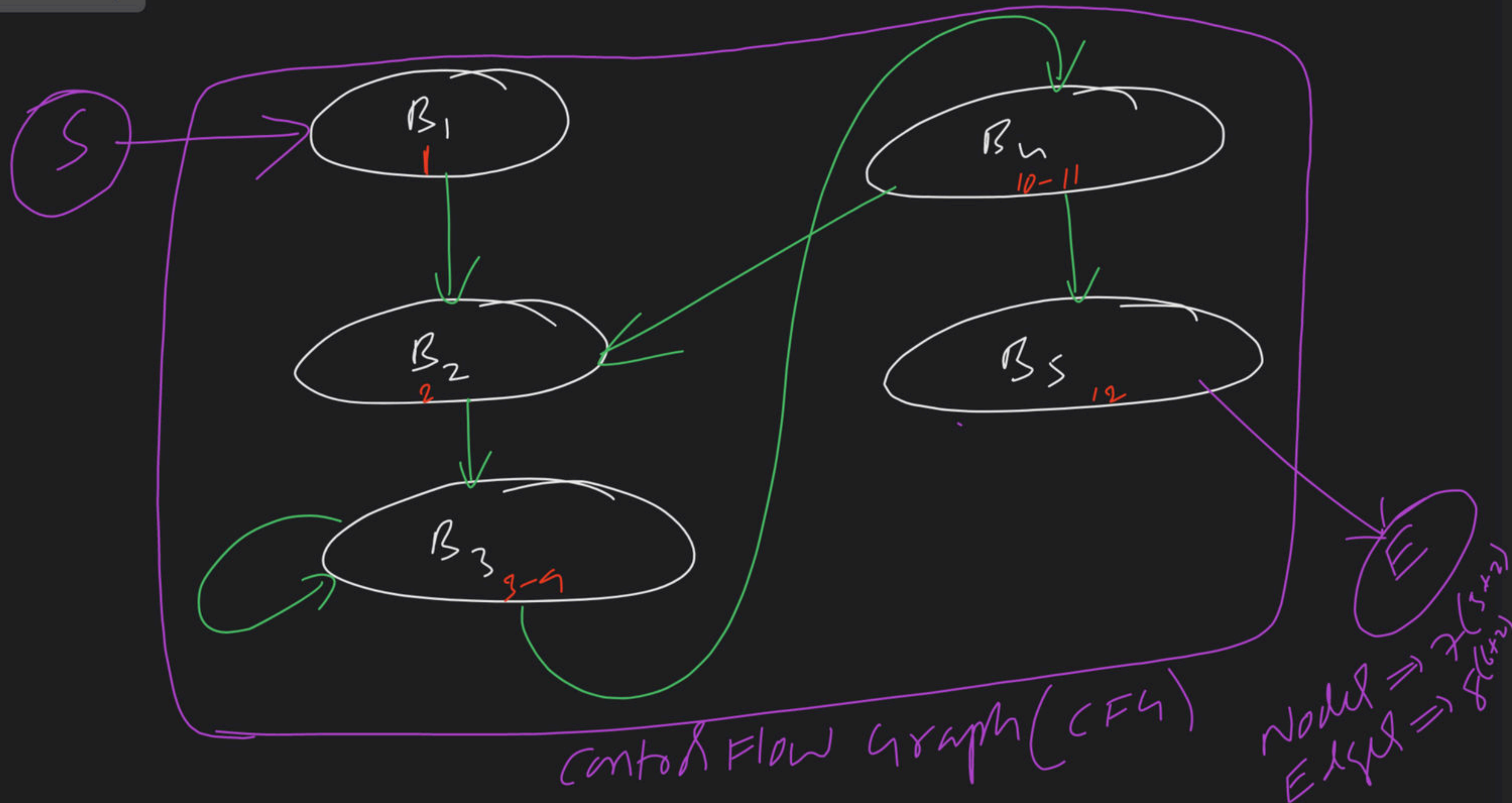
Leave

⑩ $i = i + 1$

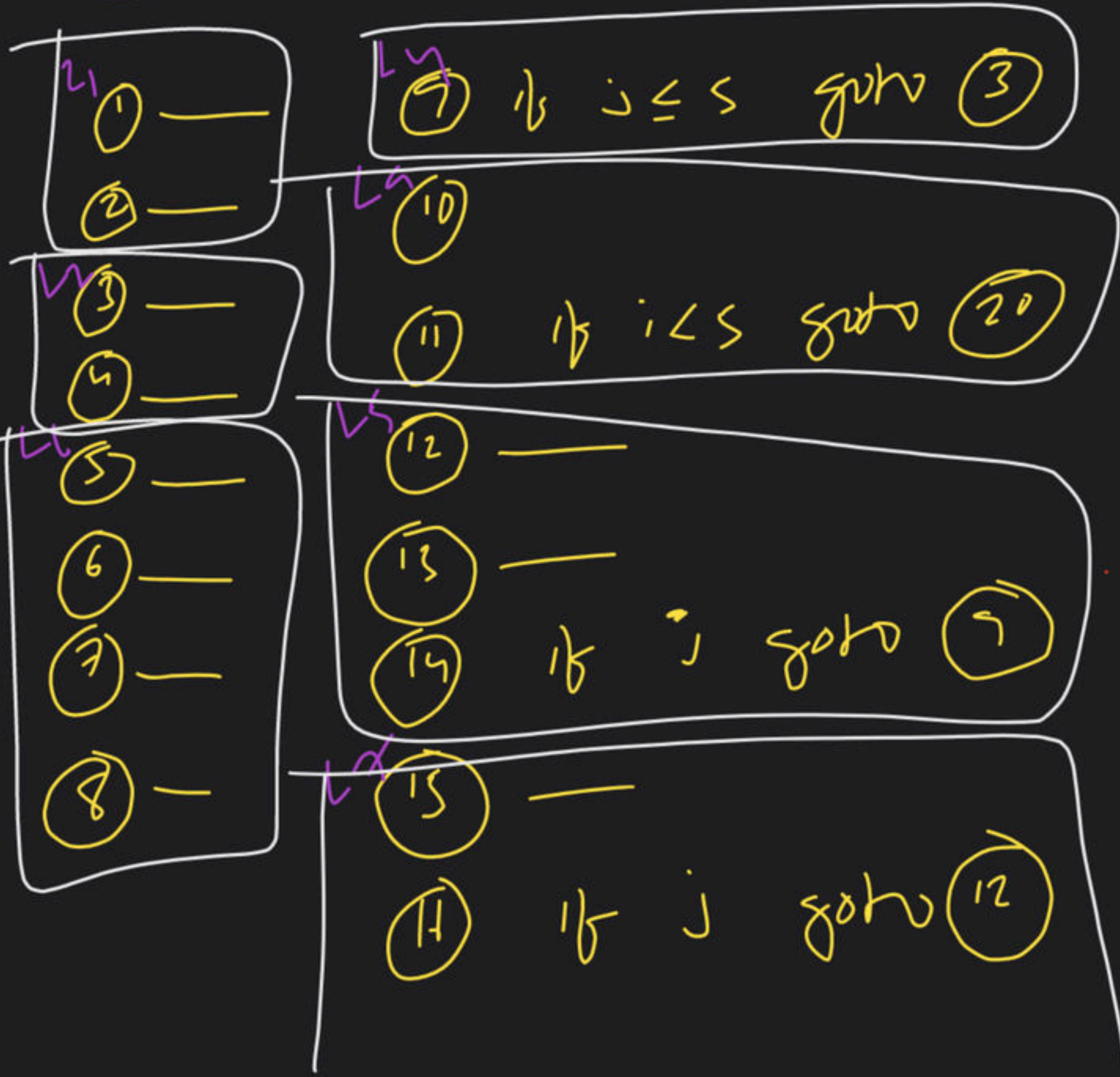
⑪ $\text{if } (i \leq 5) \text{ goto } ②$

⑫ $j = j + 5$

Basic Block

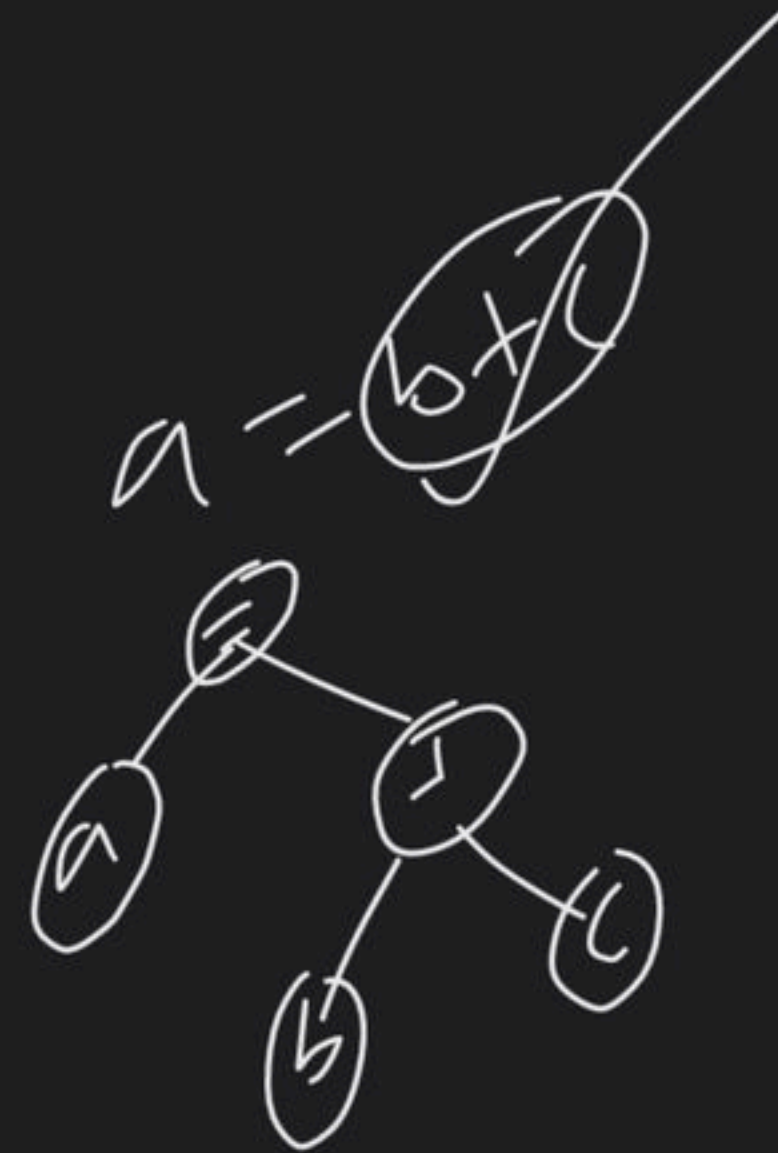


3-address code



Node \Rightarrow 11
Edge \Rightarrow 14

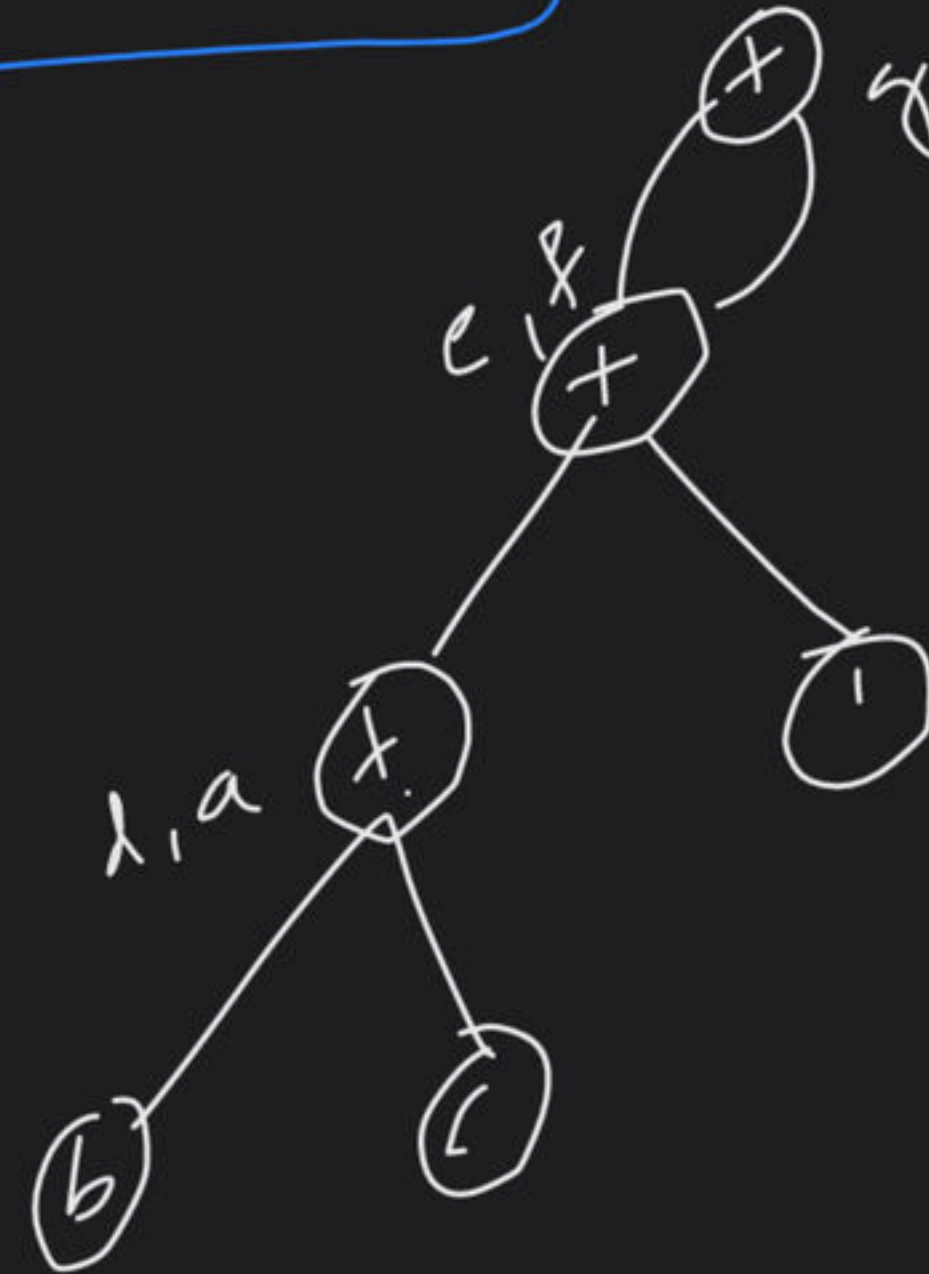




consider the following Basic Block

$a = b + c$
 $c = a + 1$
 $d = b + c$
 $f = d + 1$
 $g = e + f$

if you create DAG
 find no. of nodes $\rightarrow 6$
 no. of edges $\rightarrow 6$



consider the following 3-address code

$$a = b + c$$

$$c = a + d$$

$$d = b + c$$

$$e = d - b$$

$$a = e + b$$

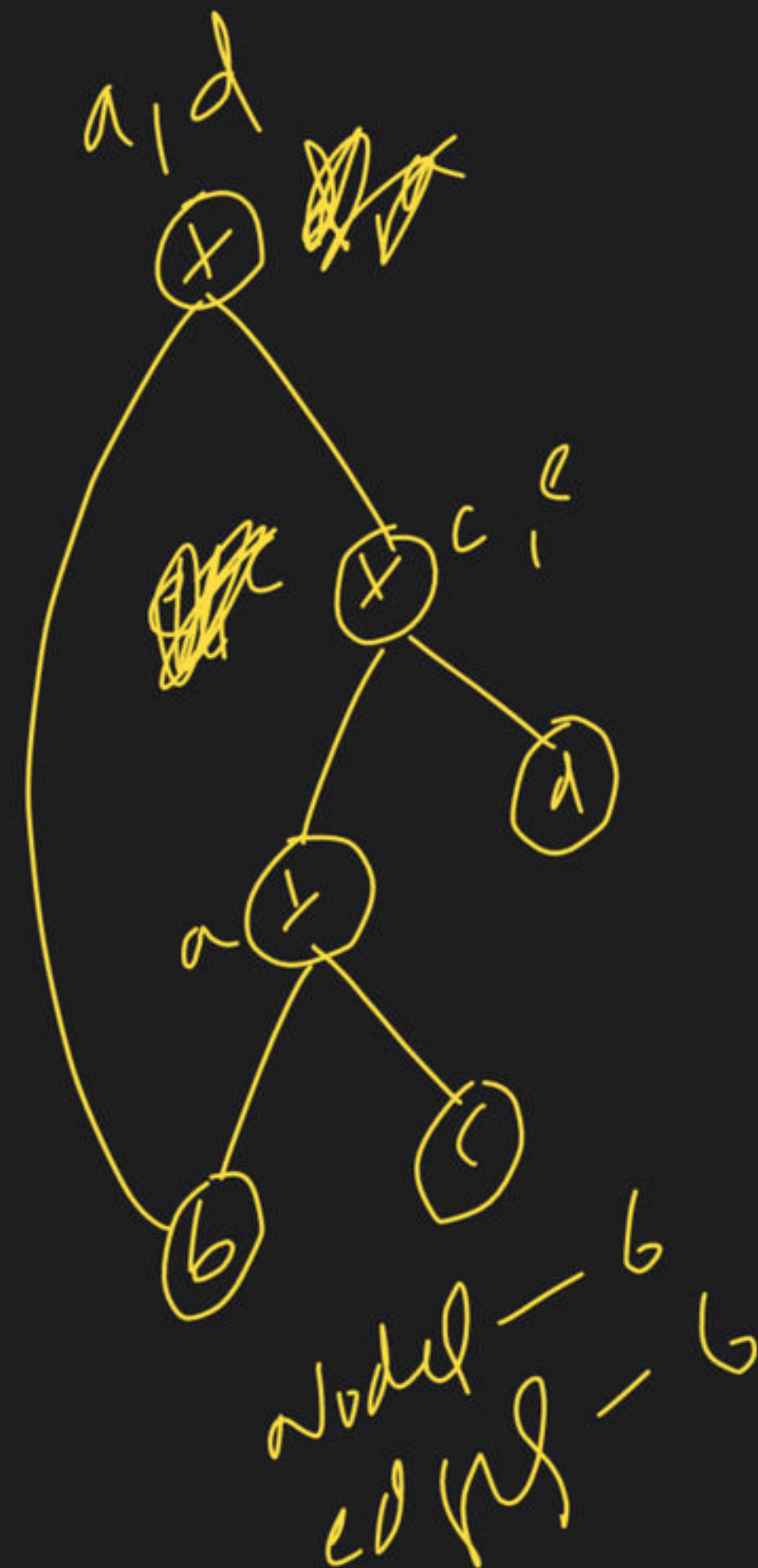
~~DA~~
No. edges
No. nodes



$$\begin{array}{c} a = e + b \\ \Downarrow \quad \Downarrow \\ d - b + b \\ \Downarrow \end{array}$$

$$a = d$$

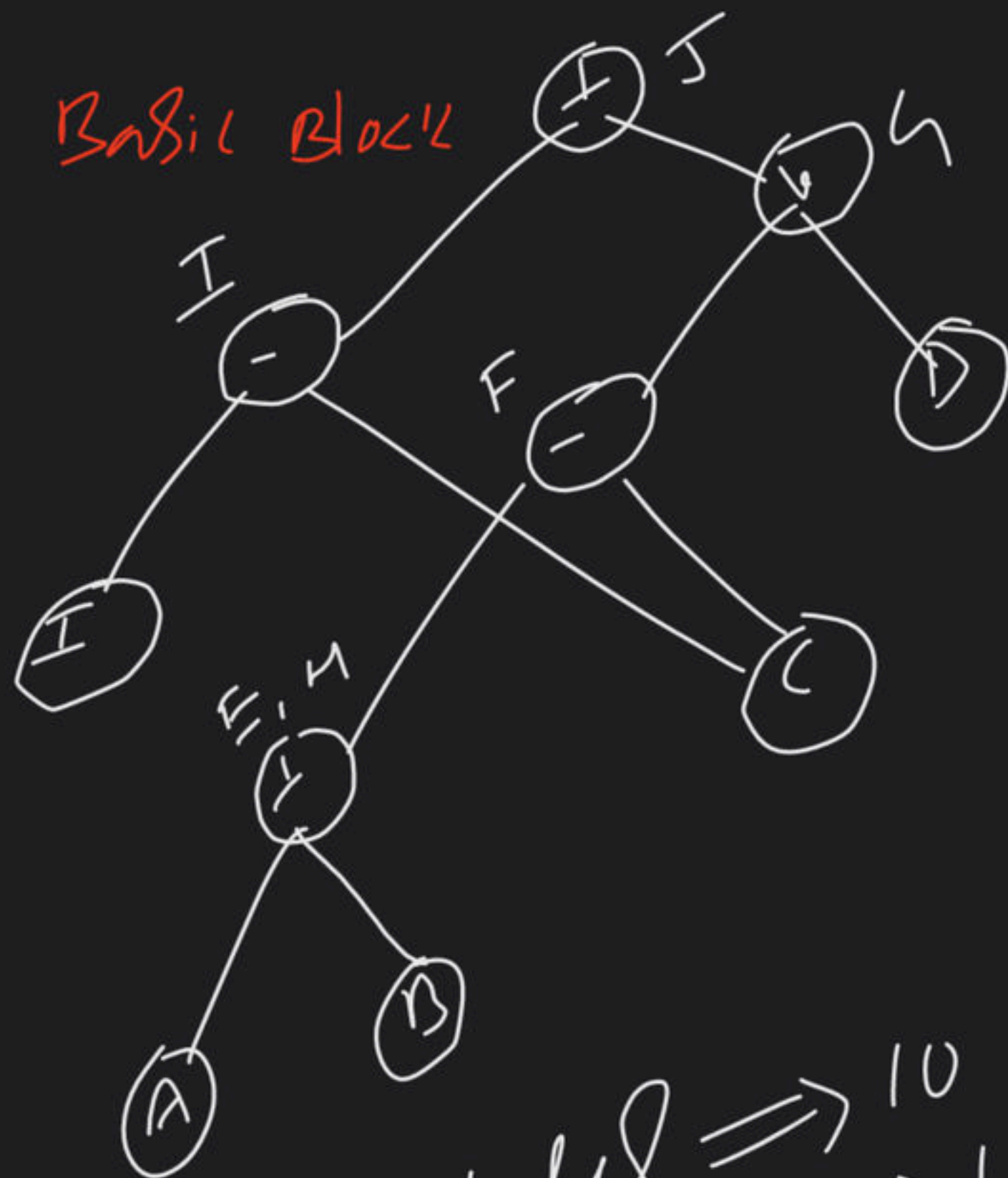
$$\begin{array}{c} e = d - b \\ \Downarrow \quad \Downarrow \\ b + c - b \\ \Downarrow \\ e = c \end{array}$$



$$E = A + B$$
$$F = E - C$$
$$G = F \oplus D$$
$$H = A + B$$

↓
DAL

\downarrow N? / E?



Node $\Rightarrow 10$
 \Rightarrow depth $\Rightarrow 10$

For a C-program accessing $x[i][j][k]$ its following I.C is generated by a compiler. Assume integer 4B, $char = 1B$

$$t_0 = i \times 1024$$

$$t_1 = j \times 32$$

$$t_2 = k \times 4$$

$$t_3 = t_1 + t_0$$

$$t_4 = t_3 + t_2$$

$$t_5 = x[t_4]$$

Which one of the following is correct C-declaration for the above data?

- (a) int x[32][32][8] ✓
- (b) int x[4][1024][32]
- (c) char x[4][32][8]
- (d) char x[32][16][2]

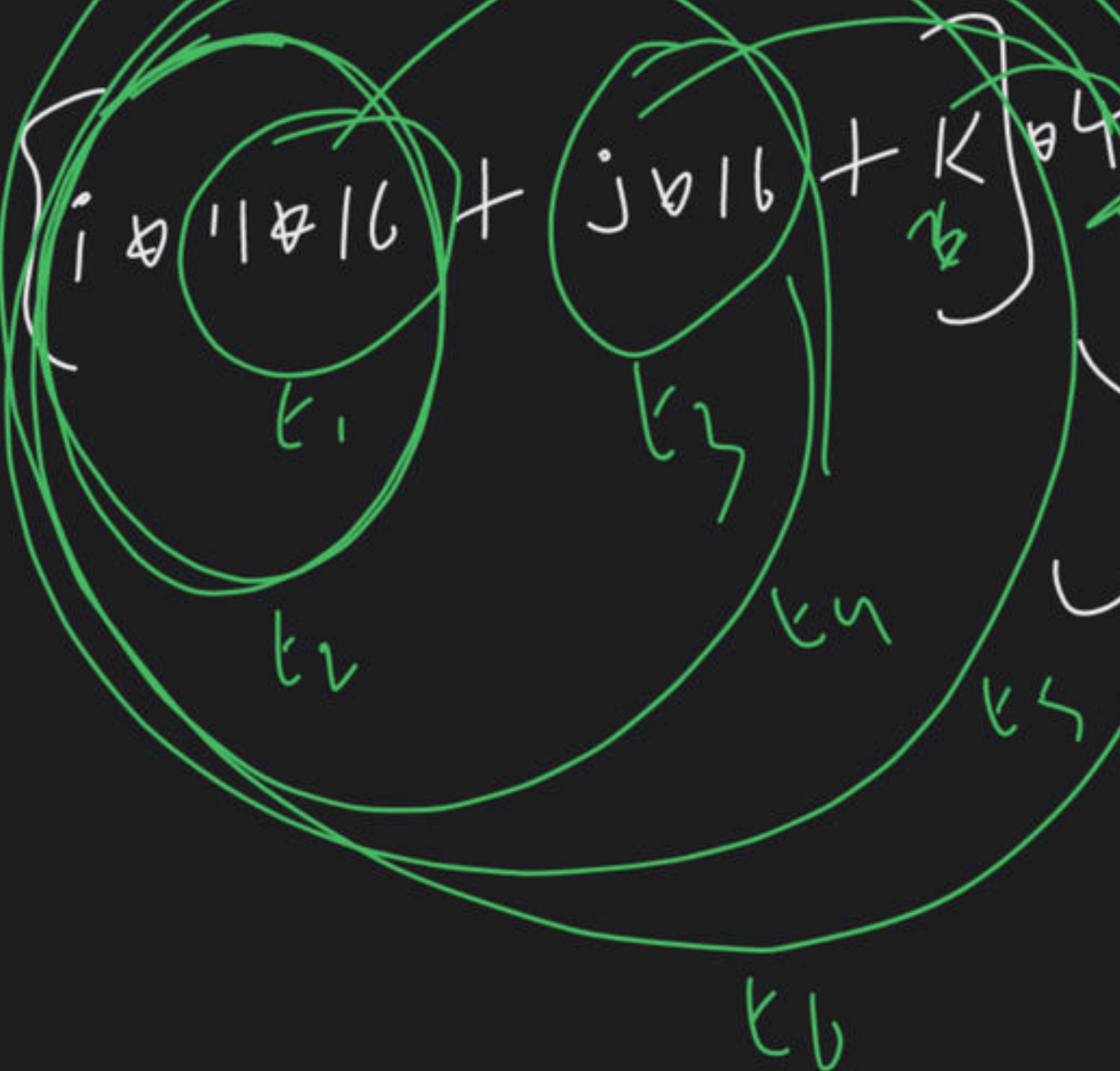
$i \times 32 \times 4$
 $j \times 32 \times 4$

int
↓
4B

$a \{0 \dots 8, 0 \dots 10, 0 \dots 15\}$

$Loc(A[i][j][k])$

$= BA +$



$$a = b + c$$

$$a = c + f$$

~~Static Single Assignment~~
~~SSA~~



above is not SSA
becz it has more
than 1 name



$$\begin{array}{l} a = b + c \\ a_1 = c + f \\ \text{SSA} \end{array}$$

convert following code into SSA

$$x = u - t$$

$$y = x \& v$$

$$x = y + w$$

$$y = t - x$$

$$y = x \& y$$

x, y, u, t, v
GV



$$x = u - t$$

$$y = x \& v$$

$$x_1 = y + w$$

$$y_1 = t - x_1$$

$$y_2 = x_1 \& y_1$$

x_1, y_1, u, t, v, w
GV

consider the following 3-address code

$$P = a - b$$

$$q = p \& c$$

$$p = u \& v$$

$$v = p + q$$



SSA

(A) ~~$$\begin{aligned} p_1 &= a - b \\ q_1 &= p_1 \& c \\ p_1 &= u \& v \\ v_1 &= p_1 + q_1 \end{aligned}$$~~

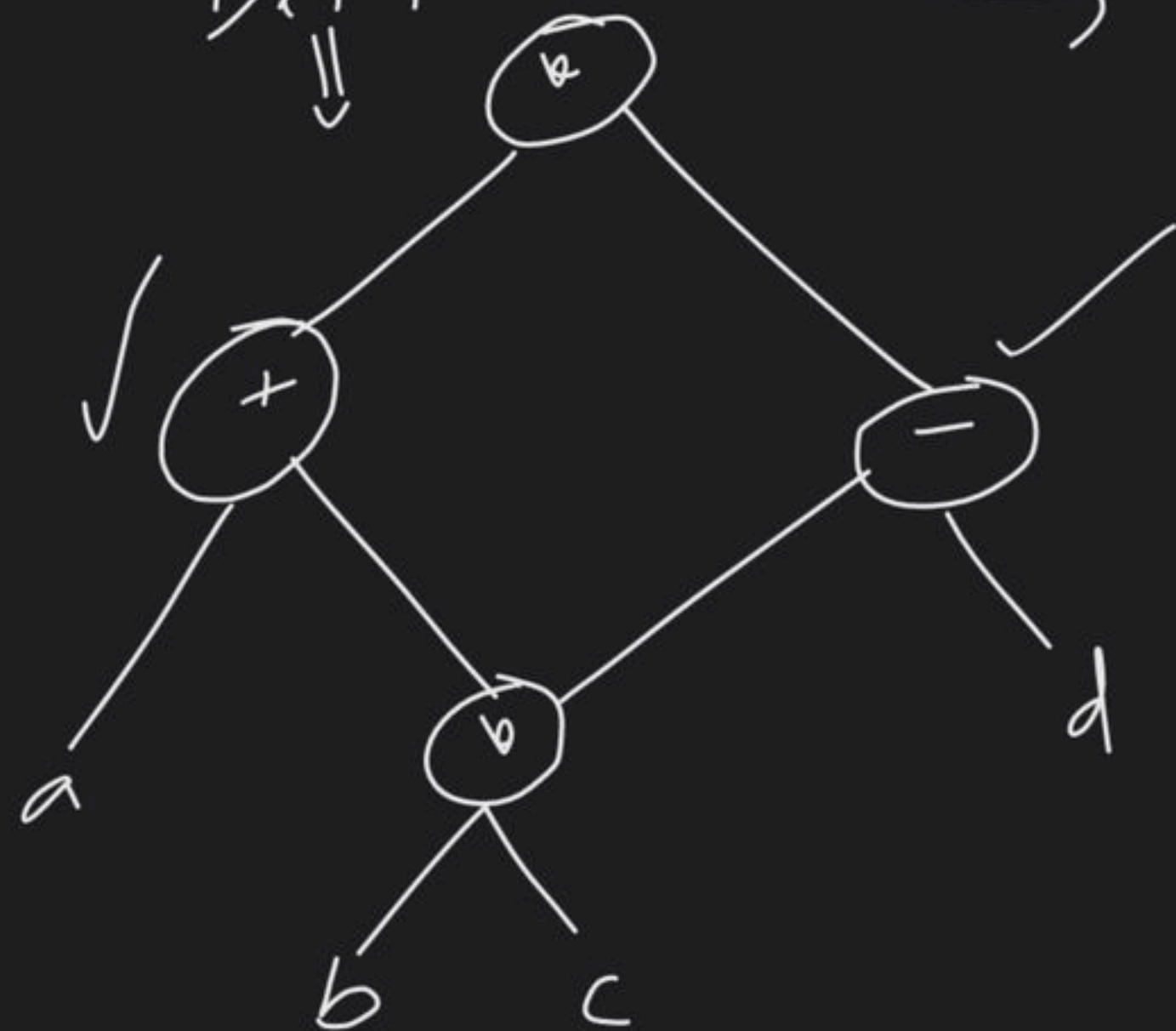
(C) ~~$$\begin{aligned} p_1 &= a - b \\ v_1 &= p_1 \& c \\ p_3 &= u \& v \\ v_2 &= p_1 + v_3 \end{aligned}$$~~

(B)
$$\begin{aligned} p_3 &= a - b \\ q_4 &= p_3 \& c \\ p_4 &= u \& v \\ v_5 &= p_4 + v_4 \end{aligned}$$

(d) ~~$$\begin{aligned} p_1 &= a - b \\ q_1 &= p \& c \\ v_2 &= u \& v \\ v_2 &= p + q \end{aligned}$$~~



DAH \Rightarrow Common Subexpression Elimination



\Rightarrow write expression

$$(a + (b * c)) * (b * c - d)$$

