



Conversion - III

Complete Course on Theory of Computation

Partition - Algo

1) ~~Not~~ reachable states delete

2) Partition algo (state eq. value)

	0	1
$\rightarrow v_0$	<u>v_1</u>	<u>v_5</u>
v_1	<u>v_6</u>	v_2
v_2	<u>v_0</u>	<u>v_2</u>
v_3	v_2	v_6
v_4	v_1	v_5
v_5	<u>v_2</u>	<u>v_6</u>
v_6	<u>v_6</u>	<u>v_4</u>

$$\pi_0 = \left(\begin{array}{cc} \checkmark & \checkmark & \checkmark \\ \underline{v_0}, \underline{v_1}, \underline{v_4} \\ \underline{v_5}, \underline{v_6}, \underline{v_7} \end{array} \right)$$

~~Not~~

$$(v_2)$$

Class

$$\pi_1 = \left(\underline{v_0}, v_4, v_6 \right)$$

$$(v_1, \underline{v_7})$$

$$(v_5)$$

$$(v_2)$$

$$(v_2)$$

Part

Moved

Canzen

class

$$\pi_2 = \left(\underline{v_0}, v_4 \right) \left(v_6 \right)$$

P₁ P₂

$$(v_1, v_7)$$

$$(v_5)$$

$$(v_2)$$

$$\pi_3 = \left(\underline{v_0}, v_4 \right) \left(v_6 \right)$$

$$(v_1, v_7)$$

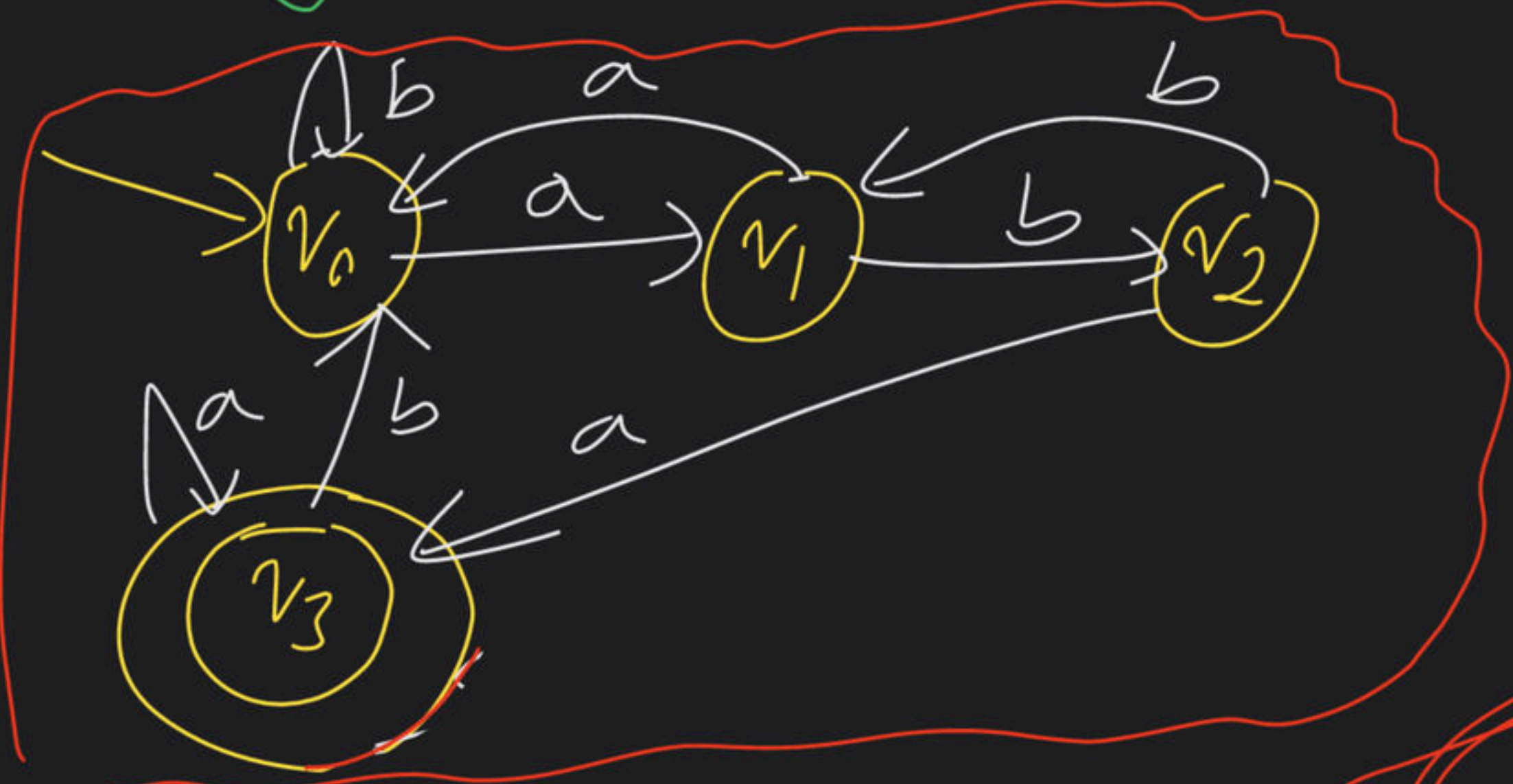
$$(v_5)$$

$$(v_2)$$

ex

	a	b
$\rightarrow v_0$	v_1	v_0
v_1	v_0	v_2
v_2	v_3	v_1
$\# v_3$	v_3	v_0
v_4	v_3	v_5
v_5	v_6	v_4
v_6	v_5	v_6
v_7	v_6	v_3

(1) not reachable from initial state delete

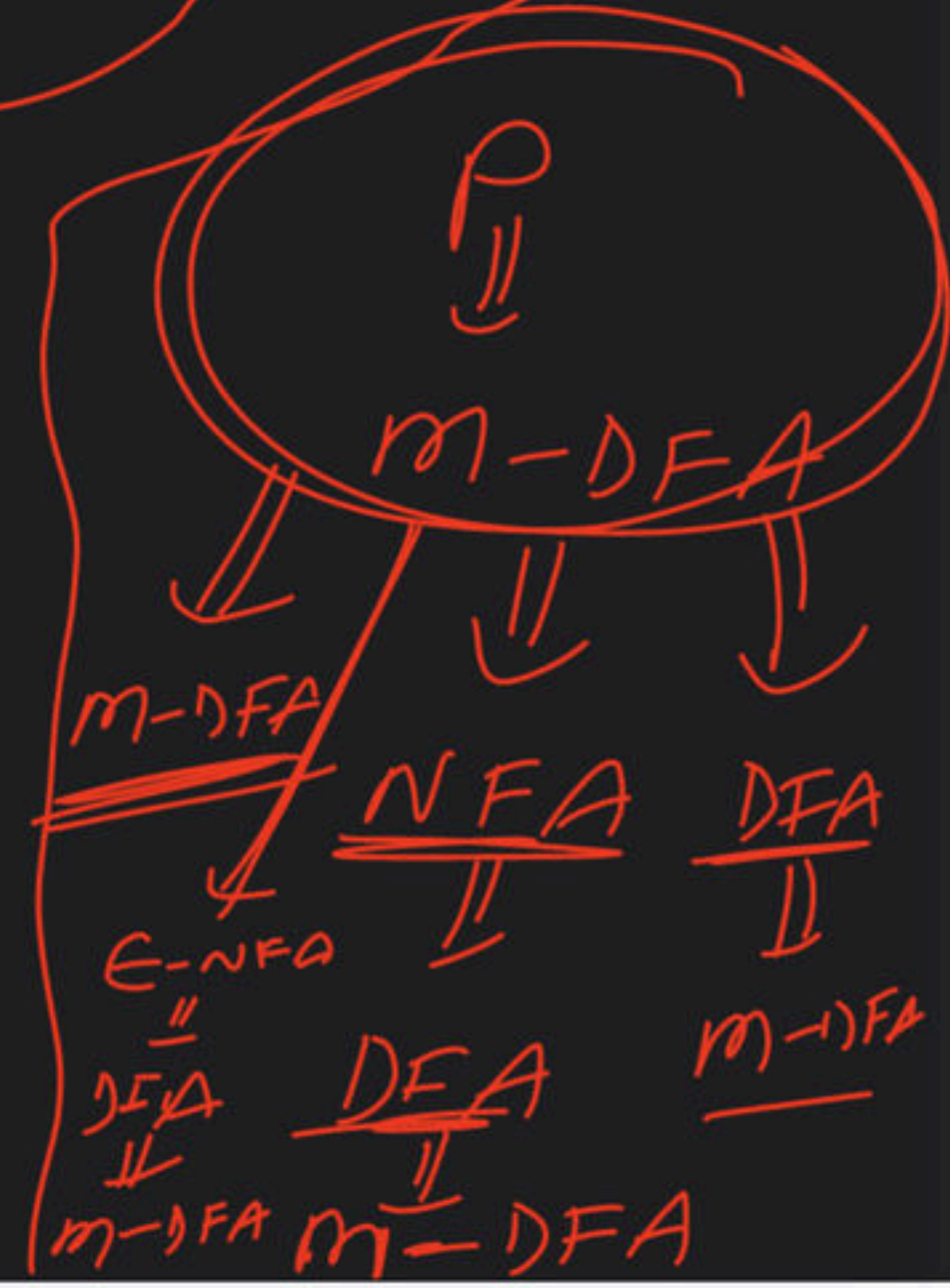


(2) Partitioning - Algo

$$\pi_0 = (v_0, v_1, v_2) (v_3)$$

$$\pi_1 = (\underline{v_0}, v_1) (v_2) (v_3)$$

$$\pi_2 = (v_0) (v_1) (v_2) (v_3)$$



Note: If DFA contain n -states then
equivalent NFA contain $\leq n$ states

Thanks All

Dedite Hady