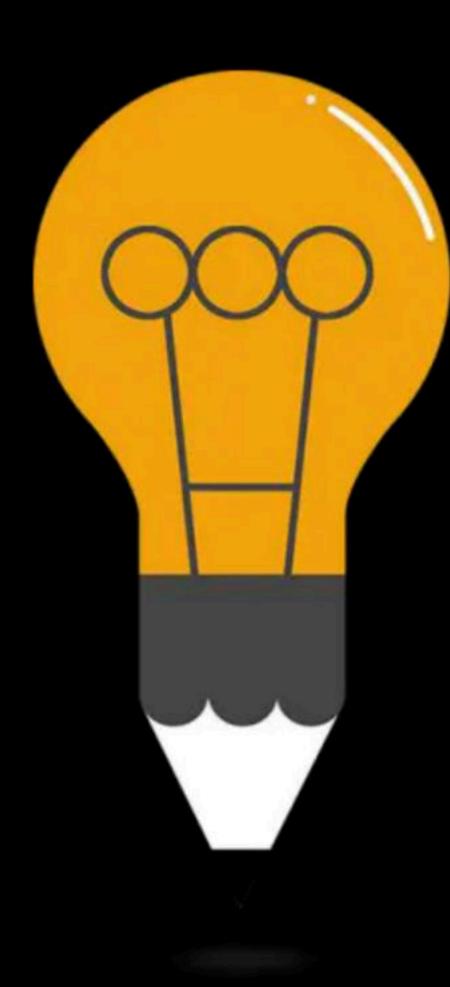


Complete Course on Database Management System



# DBMS Basics

By: Vishvadeep Gothi

# Vishvadeep Gothi

#### GATE Ranks:

- 682 (2009) 3<sup>rd</sup> year
- 19 (2010) 4<sup>th</sup> year
- 119, 440 etc.

#### Education:

- ME from IISc Bangalore
- Mtech from BITS-pilani in Data Science

#### Work:

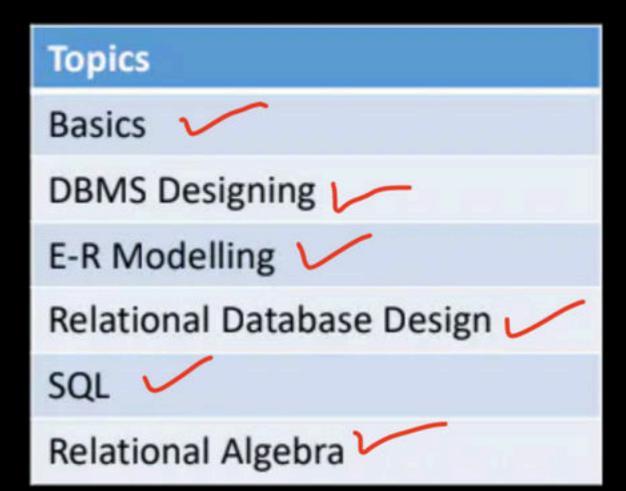
- 15+ Year Teaching Experience
- 11+ in GATE/IES (GateForum, Gate Academy, ACE)
- Worked in Cisco, Audience Communication

#### Professions:

- Freelance S/W developer
- Educator
- CrossFit Trainer

-> Teach (mon-fri) -> 5elf-study (Revise, make notes) -> dpp (romewarek Questrs) -> After every chapter
i will jive PIR -> solve in self-study -> 4th class only doubt PyQ Liscuss? on -> All dpp Questh + Loubts -> End -> weekend Quiz -> Revise de attempt Mege Quiz

#### Course Structure



#### Data

Data is everything

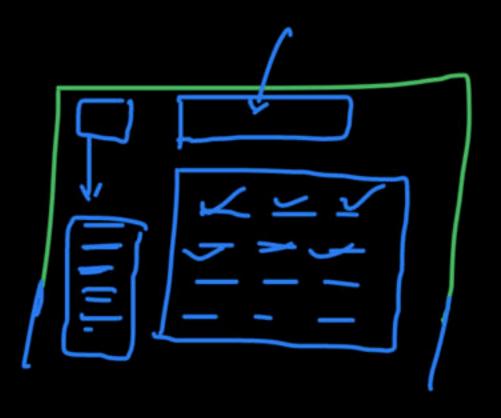
current => data processing is everything

### Database

The collection of data, usually referred to as the database, contains information relevant to an enterprise.

A database-management system (DBMS) is a collection of interrelated data and a set of programs to access those data.





#### Goal of DBMS:

- Providing a way to store and retrieve database information that is both convenient and efficient.
- 2. Ensuring the safety of the information ( providing security)

"Information is important for most organization"

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What should we do as CS experts??

"Information is important for most organization"

What should we do as CS experts??

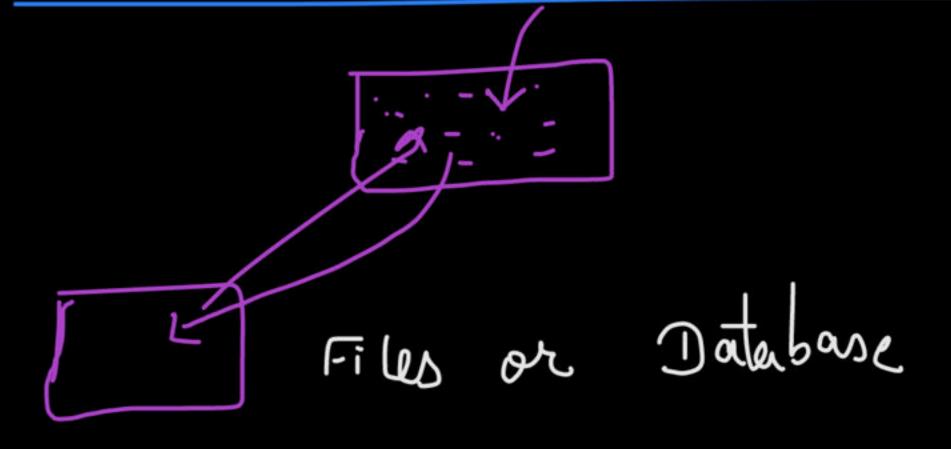
Develop a large body of concepts and techniques for managing data

# DBMS Applications

Needed for Data science and machine learning also

# But Why DBMS?

it has mony-many advantages over correntional data-starage techniques (in files)



## But Why DBMS?

#### Disadvantages of File System:

- Data Redundancy and Inconsistency
- Difficulty in Accessing Data
- Data Isolation
- Integrity Problems
- Atomicity Problems
- Concurrent-Access Anomalies
- 7. Security Problems

Redundancy & Inconsistency

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Difficulty in accessing Data files To access any specific content avite a program Bank

Data Isolation ms - 2003 ms - 21/16

Later into Liff- types of Files

Collective Late From them

Integrity problem

files for each constraint

Database
Database
Dams landles automatically

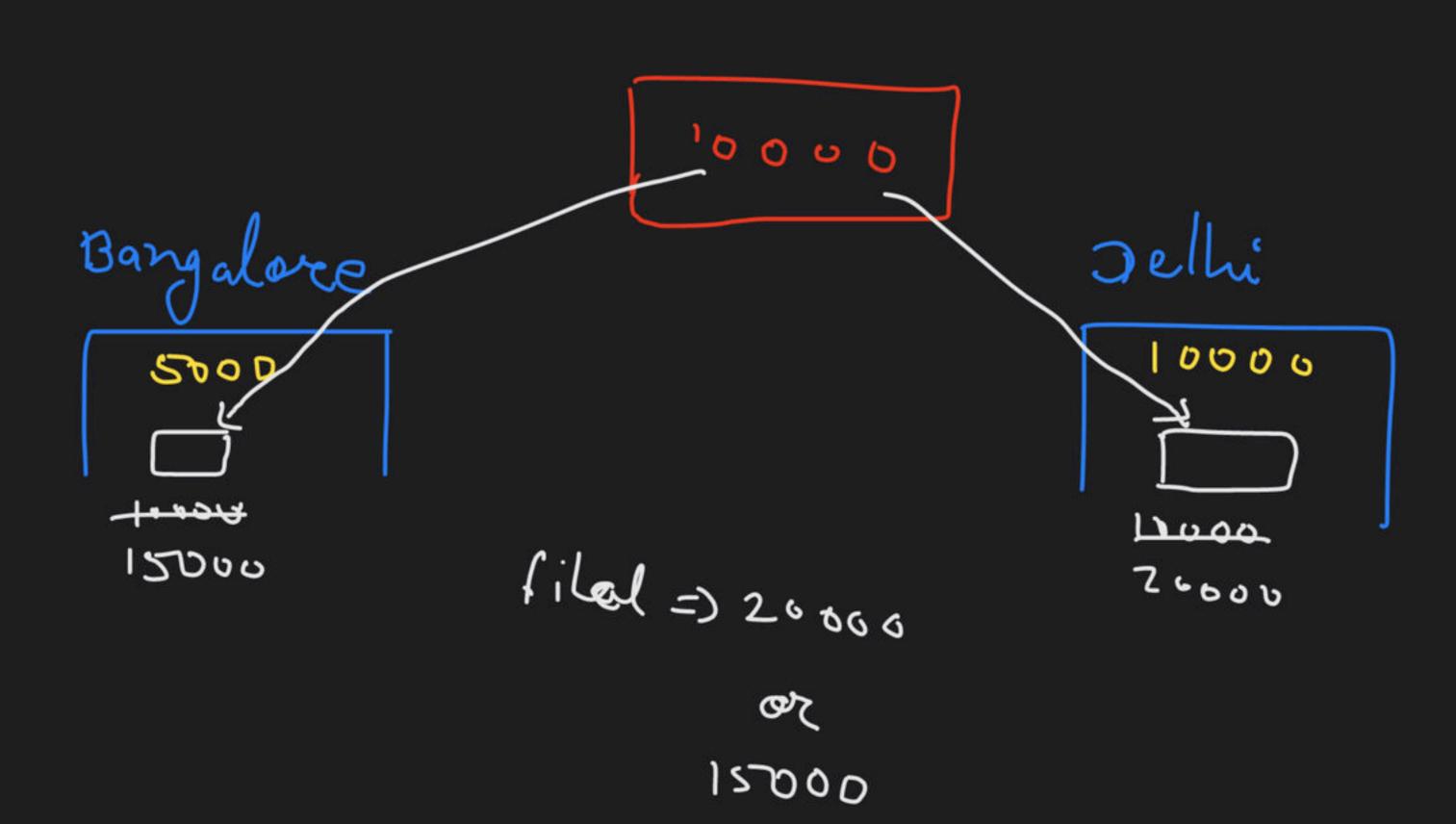
Atomicity

word meaning =>" all ar none"

Acc: - 5000

Company = 100000

# Concurrent Access Anomalies



Security

# Instance and Schema

# Database Languages

- Data-Definition Language (DDL)
- 2. Data-Manipulation Language (DML)

# Database Languages

- Data-Definition Language (DDL)
- Data-Manipulation Language (DML)
  - Procedural DMLs
  - II. Non-procedurals (Declarative) DMLs

### Database Languages

#### Procedural DMLs:

Require a user to specify what data are needed and how to get those data

#### 2. Non-procedurals (Declarative) DMLs

Require a user to specify what data are needed without specifying how to get those data

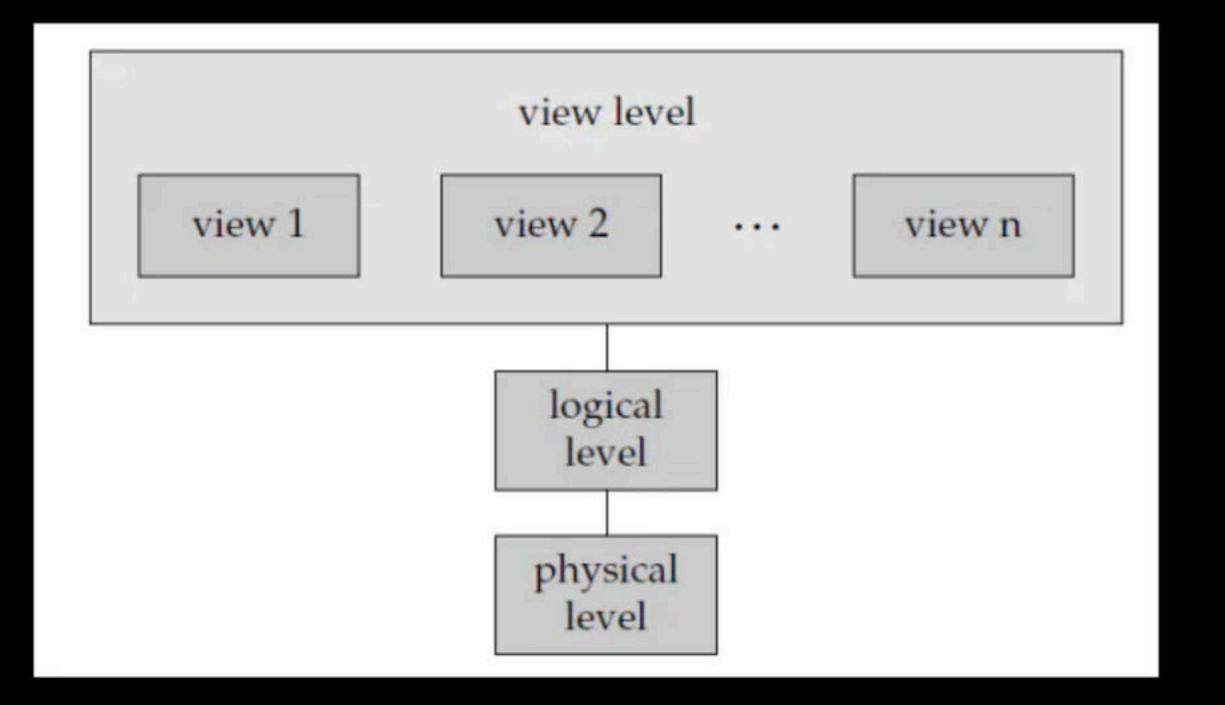
#### Database Users and Admins

- Naive users
- 2. Application programmers
- Sophisticated users
- 4. Specialized users
- Database Administrator

## View of Data

- Physical Level
- 2. Logical Level
- View Level

# View of Data

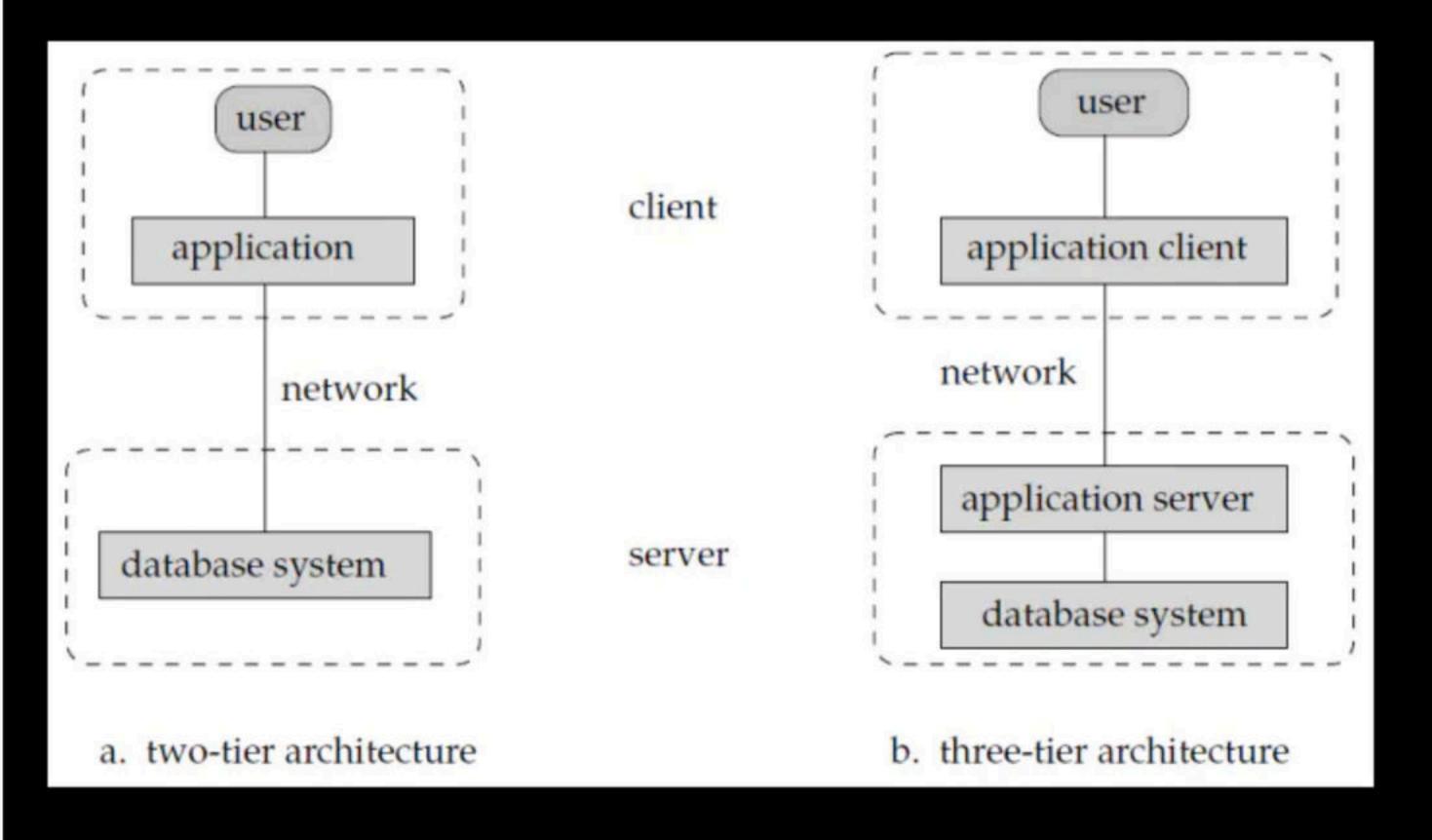


### Database System Structure

The functional components of a database system

- Storage manager
- Query processor components

### 2-Tier & 3-Tier Architecture



# Happy Learning.!

