Assignment 2

Of

Network & Distributed System Lab (CS2051) Masters of Technology in Computer Science And Engineering

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1. Write TCP and UDP Chat Program.

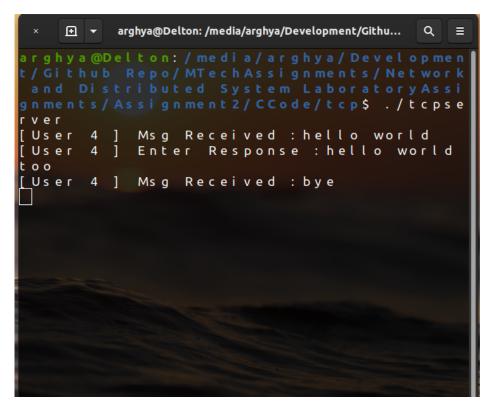
Answer.

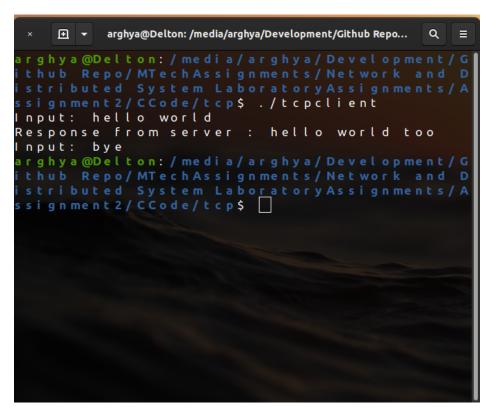
```
1 //This is the Server side implementation of TCP Chat
3 #include < string.h>
4 #include < sys/socket.h>
5 #include < netinet / in.h >
6 #include < unistd.h>
7 #include < stdio.h>
8 #include <stdbool.h>
10
int TCP_ChatServer(int client_desc)
12 {
    const int BUFFER_SIZE = 4096;
    char msg[BUFFER_SIZE];
14
    int msg_len = 0;
15
16
    while((msg_len = read(client_desc, msg, BUFFER_SIZE)) != 0)
17
18
       printf("%s %d %s","[User",client_desc,"] Msg Received :");
19
       fflush(stdout):
20
21
       write(fileno(stdout), msg, msg_len);
22
23
       if (msg[0] == 'b' && msg[1] == 'v' && msg[2] == 'e')
24
        return 0;
25
26
       printf("%s %d %s","[User",client_desc,"] Enter Response :");
27
28
       fflush(stdout);
29
30
31
       msg_len = read(fileno(stdin), msg, BUFFER_SIZE);
32
33
       write(client_desc, msg, msg_len);
34
35
       if(msg[0] == 'b' && msg[1] == 'y' && msg[2] == 'e')
36
        return 0:
37
38
39
    return 0;
40
41 }
42
43 int main()
44 {
      //Create Socket
45
    int server_desc = socket(AF_INET,SOCK_STREAM,0);
46
47
       //Create and Fill Address Structure for this Server
48
    struct sockaddr_in server_addr;
```

```
server addr.sin family
                                                //Address Family (AF INET, AF INET6, AF LOCAL, ...)
                                  = AF INET:
       server_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY; //Internet Address (INADDR_ANY-> Accept connection at any IP Address)
51
                                    = htons(9000);//Port Number (htons -> h.HOST t.TO n.NETWORK s.SHORT , Ensures proper byte ordering)
       server_addr.sin_port
52
53
     //Bind Socket Descriptor and Address Structure together
54
     int result = bind(server_desc, (struct sockaddr*) &server_addr, sizeof(server_addr));
55
     //Start Listioning (Tell kernel to accept connections directed towards this socket) (Puts socket into passive mode)
     listen(server_desc,4);
58
59
60
61
62
     //Server Loop
63
     bool RunServer = true;
64
     while(RunServer)
65
     {
66
       //Accept a Connection (Puts process in sleep mode if Connection Queue is Empty)
67
       int client desc:
68
       client_desc = accept(server_desc, NULL, NULL);
                                                             //Listening Socket
69
70
       //Create Child Process to handle connection
71
       int pid = fork();
72
73
       if(pid > 0)
                                                  //Parent Process
74
75
         //Close Client Socket
76
         close(client desc):
77
         continue;
78
79
       else
80
       if(pid == 0)
                                                  //Child Process
81
82
         //Close Listening Socket
83
         close(server_desc);
84
85
         TCP_ChatServer(client_desc);
86
87
         //Close Connection
88
         close(client_desc);
89
                                                //Work Done! Exit Child Process.
         break:
90
91
       else
92
93
         printf("%s ","fork() Error!!!");
94
         break;
95
96
     }
97
98
99
100
     return 0;
101 }
```

```
1 //This is the client side implementation of TCP Chat
3 #include <arpa/inet.h>
4 #include < sys/socket.h>
5 #include < sys/wait.h>
6 #include < netinet / in.h >
7 #include <stdbool.h>
8 #include < string.h>
9 #include < time.h>
10 #include < stdio.h>
#include < unistd.h>
12 #include < stdlib.h>
13 #include < string.h>
14 #include < signal.h>
15 #include < errno.h>
16
17
18 int TCP_ChatClient(int server_desc)
19 €
     const int BUFFER_SIZE = 4096;
20
     char msg[BUFFER_SIZE];
    int len = 0;
22
23
     while (true)
24
25
       printf("%s ","Input:"); fflush(stdout);
26
       len = read(fileno(stdin), msg, BUFFER_SIZE);
27
28
       if(len == 0) //EOF
29
        return 0;
30
31
      len = write(server_desc, msg, len);
32
33
       if(msg[0] == 'b' && msg[1] == 'y' && msg[2] == 'e')
34
        return 0:
35
36
       len = read(server_desc, msg, BUFFER_SIZE);
37
38
       printf("%s ","Response from server :"); fflush(stdout);
39
       len = write(fileno(stdout), msg, len);
40
41
       if (msg[0] == 'b' && msg[1] == 'v' && msg[2] == 'e')
42
         return 0;
43
44
45
    return 0;
46
47 }
48
49 int main()
50 {
    int sock = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
51
52
    struct sockaddr_in server_addr;
```

```
server_addr.sin_family
                                 = AF_INET;
    server_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr("127.0.0.1");
55
    server_addr.sin_port
                                  = htons(9000);
56
57
    int result = connect(sock, (struct sockaddr*)&server_addr, sizeof(server_addr));
58
59
    TCP_ChatClient(sock);
60
61
62
    close(sock);
63
    return 0;
64
65 }
```





(a) TCPServer (b) TCPClient

Figure 1: Output:TCP

```
1 //This is the Server side implementation of UDP Chat
3 #include < sys/types.h>
4 #include < sys/socket.h>
5 #include < netinet / in . h >
6 #include <arpa/inet.h>
7 #include < netdb.h>
8 #include < stdio.h>
9 #include < unistd.h>
10 #include < string.h>
12 #define MAX_MSG 100
13 #define SERVER_ADDR "127.0.0.1"
14 #define SERVER_PORT 1500
16 int main()
17 {
18 int sd,rc,n,cliLen;
19 struct sockaddr x;
20 struct sockaddr_in cliAddr,servAddr;
21 char msg[MAX_MSG];
23 printf("\n sockaddr %ld", sizeof(x));
24 printf("\n long %ld", sizeof(long));
25 printf("\nint %ld", sizeof(int));
26 printf("\n sockaddr_in %ld", sizeof(cliAddr));
27 printf("\n short %ld\n", sizeof(short));
28
     build server address structure/*
31 bzero((char *)&servAddr,sizeof(servAddr));
32 servAddr.sin_family=AF_INET;
servAddr.sin_addr.s_addr=inet_addr(SERVER_ADDR);
34 servAddr.sin_port=htons(SERVER_PORT);
35 //CREATE DATAGRAM SOCKET
37 sd=socket(AF_INET,SOCK_DGRAM,0);
38 printf("datagram socket craeted successfully\n");
39 //BIND LOCAL PORT NUMBER
42 bind(sd,(struct sockaddr*)&servAddr,sizeof(servAddr));
43 printf("successfully bind local address\n");
45 printf("waiting for data on port UDP %u\n", SERVER_PORT);
47 while (1)
48 {
49 //init buffer
51 memset(msg,0x0,MAX_MSG);
53 //Receive data from client
```

```
cliLen=sizeof(cliAddr);

cliLen=sizeof(cliAddr);

n=recvfrom(sd,msg,MAX_MSG,0,(struct sockaddr *) &cliAddr,&cliLen);

printf("from %s: UDP port %u: %s \n",inet_ntoa(cliAddr.sin_addr),ntohs(cliAddr.sin_port),msg);
printf("from %ld: UDP port %ld,in network byte ordering : %s \n",cliAddr.sin_addr,cliAddr.sin_port,msg);

return 0;

return 0;

}
```

```
1 //This is the client side implementation of UDP Chat
3 #include < sys/types.h>
4 #include < sys/socket.h>
5 #include < netinet / in . h >
6 #include <arpa/inet.h>
7 #include < netdb.h>
8 #include < stdio.h>
9 #include < unistd.h>
10 #include < string.h>
#include < sys/time.h>
12
13
14 #define MAX_MSG 100
15 #define SERVER_ADDR "127.0.0.1"
16 #define SERVER_PORT 1500
17
18 int main()
20 int sd,rc,n,templen;
21 struct sockaddr x;
22 struct sockaddr_in cliAddr,tempAddr,remoteServAddr;
23 char msg[MAX_MSG];
25 bzero((char *)&remoteServAddr, sizeof(remoteServAddr));
26 remoteServAddr.sin_family=AF_INET;
27 remoteServAddr.sin_addr.s_addr=inet_addr(SERVER_ADDR);
28 remoteServAddr.sin_port=htons(SERVER_PORT);
30 sd=socket(AF_INET,SOCK_DGRAM,0);
31 printf("datagram socket craeted successfully\n");
32
33 do{
34 //send data to server
36 printf("Enter data to send:");
37 scanf("%s",msg);
38
39 sendto(sd, msg, strlen(msg)+1,0,(struct sockaddr *)&remoteServAddr, sizeof(remoteServAddr));
41 }while(strcmp(msg,"quit"));
43 close(sd);
45 }
```





(a) UDPServer (b) UDPClient

Figure 2: Output:UDP

2. Write a program to broadcast a message with UDP.

Answer.

49

```
1 //This is the server side implementation of UDP Broadcast service for sending message passed in the parameter to the clients
3 #include <stdio.h>
4 #include <stdlib.h>
5 #include <errno.h>
6 #include <string.h>
7 #include <sys/types.h>
8 #include <netinet/in.h>
9 #include <netdb.h>
10 #include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
12 #include <arpa/inet.h>
13
14 #define MAXBUFLEN 100
                            /* the port users will be connecting to */
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
17 {
      int sockfd;
18
      struct sockaddr_in their_addr; /* connector's address information */
19
      struct sockaddr_in my_addr; /* connector's address information */
20
      int numbytes;
21
      int optval;
                                   /*Used to build the options for the broadcast */
22
      int optlen;
23
24
      char buf[MAXBUFLEN];
                                       /*The buffer that we read / write each time
      int addr_len;
                                 /* Address length for the network functions
25
                                                                 that require that
26
    unsigned long int net_id;
                                  /*The network id
27
    long int host_id;
                                  /*The hpst id in the network */
28
29
30
      if (argc != 3) {
31
          fprintf(stderr, "usage: %s message port\n", argv[1]);
32
33
          exit(1);
      }
34
35
      if ((sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, 0)) == -1) { /* The socket should be changed to broadcast */
36
                         /* This part demands root permissions */
37
          perror("socket");
38
          exit(1);
39
      }
40
41
    optval=1:
                                     /*Prepare the options of the socket for Broadcast */
42
    optlen=sizeof(int);
43
44
    if(setsockopt(sockfd,SOL_SOCKET,SO_BROADCAST,(char *) &optval,optlen)){
45
        perror("Error setting socket to BROADCAST mode");
46
          exit(1);
47
48
```

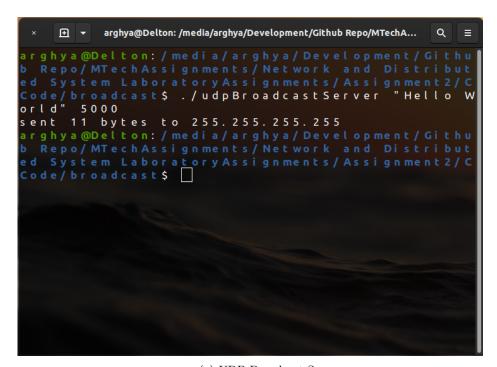
```
/* Protocol family - host byte order */
      their_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
    their_addr.sin_port=htons((unsigned short) atoi(argv[2])); /* port - short, network byte order */
51
    their_addr.sin_addr.s_addr=hton1(INADDR_BROADCAST); /* send to all */
    bzero(&(their_addr.sin_zero), 8); /* zero the rest of the struct */
53
54
      if ((numbytes=sendto(sockfd, argv[1], strlen(argv[1]), 0, \)
55
           (struct sockaddr *)&their_addr, sizeof(struct sockaddr))) == -1) {
56
          perror("sendto");
57
          exit(1);
58
59
60
      printf("sent %d bytes to %s\n",numbytes,inet_ntoa(their_addr.sin_addr));
61
62
      close(sockfd);
63
64
      return 0;
65
66 }
```

```
1 //This is the client side implementation of UDP Broadcast service for receiving message passed by the server
3 #include <stdio.h>
4 #include <stdlib.h>
5 #include <errno.h>
6 #include <string.h>
7 #include <sys/types.h>
8 #include <netinet/in.h>
9 #include <sys/socket.h>
10 #include <sys/wait.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
12 #include <sys/unistd.h>
13 #include <arpa/inet.h>
15 #define MYPORT 5000
                          /* the port users will be sending to */
17 #define MAXBUFLEN 100
19 int main()
20 {
      int sockfd;
21
      struct sockaddr_in my_addr;
                                      /* my address information */
22
      struct sockaddr_in their_addr; /* connector's address information */
23
      int addr_len, numbytes;
24
      char buf[MAXBUFLEN];
25
    int option = 1;
26
27
      if ((sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, 0)) == -1) {
28
          perror("socket");
29
          exit(1);
30
31
32
      printf(" \n The socket got sockfd=%d \n ",sockfd);
33
34
    setsockopt(sockfd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_REUSEADDR, &option, sizeof(option));
35
36
      my_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
                                             /* host byte order */
37
      my_addr.sin_port = htons(MYPORT);
                                             /* short, network byte order */
38
      my_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY; /* auto-fill with my IP */
39
      bzero(&(my_addr.sin_zero), 8);
                                            /* zero the rest of the struct */
40
41
42
      if (bind(sockfd, (struct sockaddr *)&my_addr, sizeof(struct sockaddr)) /* The bind command makes the ability to wait for messages */
43
                                                                       == -1) {
44
          perror("bind");
45
          exit(1);
46
47
48
    printf("Wait for packet \n");
49
50
      addr_len = sizeof(struct sockaddr);
51
52
53
```

```
if ((numbytes=recvfrom(sockfd, buf, MAXBUFLEN, 0, \
                               (struct sockaddr *) &their_addr, &addr_len)) == -1) {
55
                           perror("recvfrom");
56
                           exit(1);
57
                  }
58
59
      printf("got packet from %s ",inet_ntoa(their_addr.sin_addr));
60
      printf("packet is %d bytes long ",numbytes);
61
      buf[numbytes] = '\0';
62
      printf("packet contains \"%s\"\n",buf);
63
64
65
      close(sockfd);
66
67
68
    return 0;
69 }
```

```
1 //This is the client side implementation of UDP Broadcast service for receiving message passed from the server
3 #include <stdio.h>
4 #include <stdlib.h>
5 #include <errno.h>
6 #include <string.h>
7 #include <sys/types.h>
8 #include <netinet/in.h>
9 #include <sys/socket.h>
10 #include <sys/wait.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
12 #include <sys/unistd.h>
13 #include <arpa/inet.h>
15 #define MYPORT 5000
                          /* the port users will be sending to */
17 #define MAXBUFLEN 100
19 int main()
20 {
      int sockfd;
21
      struct sockaddr_in my_addr;
                                      /* my address information */
22
      struct sockaddr_in their_addr; /* connector's address information */
23
      int addr_len, numbytes;
24
      char buf[MAXBUFLEN];
25
     int option = 1;
26
27
      if ((sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM, 0)) == -1) {
28
          perror("socket");
29
          exit(1):
30
31
32
      printf(" \n The socket got sockfd=%d \n ",sockfd);
33
34
     setsockopt(sockfd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_REUSEADDR, &option, sizeof(option));
35
36
      my_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
                                             /* host byte order */
37
      my_addr.sin_port = htons(MYPORT);
                                             /* short, network byte order */
38
      my_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY; /* auto-fill with my IP */
39
      bzero(&(my_addr.sin_zero), 8);
                                            /* zero the rest of the struct */
40
41
42
      if (bind(sockfd, (struct sockaddr *)&my_addr, sizeof(struct sockaddr)) /* The bind command makes the ability to wait for messages */
43
                                                                       == -1) {
44
          perror("bind");
45
          exit(1);
46
47
48
     printf("Wait for packet \n");
49
50
      addr_len = sizeof(struct sockaddr);
51
52
53
```

```
if ((numbytes=recvfrom(sockfd, buf, MAXBUFLEN, 0, \
54
                          (struct sockaddr *)&their_addr, &addr_len)) == -1) {
55
                      perror("recvfrom");
56
                       exit(1);
57
              }
58
59
      printf("got packet from %s ",inet_ntoa(their_addr.sin_addr));
60
      printf("packet is %d bytes long ",numbytes);
61
      buf[numbytes] = '\0';
62
      printf("packet contains \"%s\"\n",buf);
63
64
65
      close(sockfd);
66
67
     return 0;
68
69 }
```



(a) UDP Broadcast Server



(b) UDP Broadcast Client1

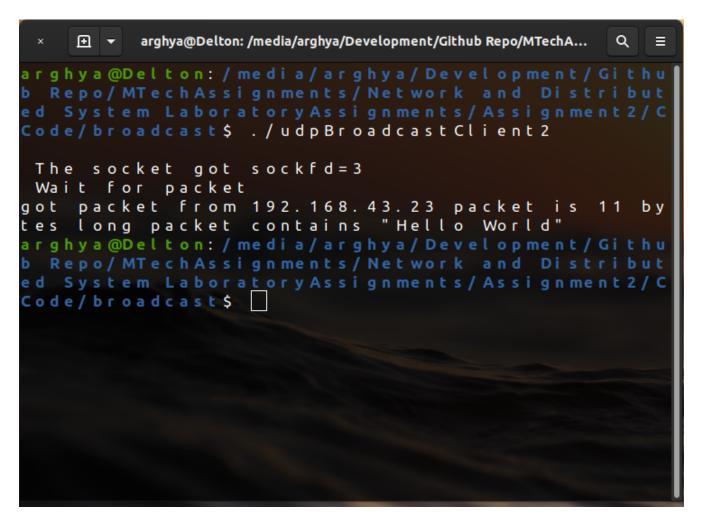


Figure 4: UDP Broadcast Client2