

QUIZ

- (1) Consider the finite Galois extension $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{5}, i)/\mathbb{Q}$ with Galois group G . Consider the elements $\sigma, \tau \in G$ defined by $\sigma(\sqrt{5}) = \sqrt{5}$, $\sigma(i) = -i$, and $\tau(\sqrt{5}) = -\sqrt{5}$, $\tau(i) = i$. Then the fixed field corresponding to the subgroup of G generated by $\sigma \circ \tau$ is
- (a) $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{5})$.
 - (b) $\mathbb{Q}(i)$.
 - (c) $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{-5})$.
 - (d) none of the above.

Answer: (c)

- (2) Writing the finite separable extension $\mathbb{R}(x, y)/\mathbb{R}(x^2, y^2)$ (where x, y are variables) as a simple extension $\mathbb{R}(x, y) = \mathbb{R}(x^2, y^2)(\alpha)$, a choice for α can be
- (a) x
 - (b) y
 - (c) xy
 - (d) $x + y$

Answer: (d)

- (3) Let K be the splitting field over \mathbb{Q} of $f(x) = x^4 - 2$, and let $G = \text{Gal}(K/\mathbb{Q})$. Let $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3, \alpha_4$ be the roots $\sqrt[4]{2}, -\sqrt[4]{2}, i\sqrt[4]{2}, -i\sqrt[4]{2}$ respectively of $f(x)$. Consider the following maps from K to K (fixing F),
- (a) σ_1 such that $\sigma_1(\alpha_1) = \alpha_3$ and $\sigma_1(\alpha_2) = \alpha_1$
 - (b) σ_2 such that $\sigma_2(\alpha_1) = \alpha_3$ and $\sigma_2(\alpha_2) = \alpha_4$
 - (c) σ_3 such that $\sigma_3(\alpha_1) = \alpha_3$ and $\sigma_3(\alpha_3) = \alpha_2$
 - (d) σ_4 such that $\sigma_4(\alpha_1) = \alpha_3$ and $\sigma_4(\alpha_3) = \alpha_1$

How many of them are NOT elements of G ?

- (a) None
- (b) One
- (c) Two
- (d) Three

Answer: (b)