Lecture 16: Induced representation Del": Let P: G -> GL(V) be a repr, let H < G and let WEV be a H-subrepr of V, i.e. P(h)(w) EW + weW&heH. Let 0: H-> GL(W) denote this repries For g ∈ Gr, let  $W_g:=P(g)(W)$ . Note that if g,g' are in same left coset then  $W_g=W_g$ . For  $\overline{g}\in G/H$  define  $W_{\overline{g}}:=W_g$  where  $g\in G/H$  define  $W_{\overline{g}}:=W_g$  where We say that PORV is induced from 0 or N if V = @Wg . g=g'h for het Notation: V = Ind W =) p(g) = p(g') p(L) •  $W_g \cap \bigoplus W = \{0\}$   $\forall g \in G/H$   $\longrightarrow V = \bigoplus W_g$   $g \in G/H$ =) P(8)(W)=P(9')(W) Note dim(V) = [G:H] dim(W) Example: 0 k[G] be the regular refor. H= {e} & W= ke C k[G]  $W_g = kg$  &  $k(G) = \bigoplus_{g \in G_g} W_g$ . Hence k(G) is induced from H-refr 0: {e} -> GL(ke) = GL 1) HSG then W= Akh Ck[G]. Note Wis H-stable in fact W=k[H].  $W_{\bar{g}}=P(g)(W)=\bigoplus_{k\in H} kgh$  where  $g\in G$  is set g=gH. thence K[G] = D Wg . So K[G] is induced super of W=K[H]. H = G & let W be the trivial H-reps i.e.? W= k & h.w= w & w \in W. 2) Note G acts on G/H via left multiplication Let V be the permutation repri, i.e. V=0 kg g. ( \( \) \ let E denote the coset H. Then W=kE is H-stable subspace of V. Moreover  $W_g = k \overline{g} = k \overline{g} = W_{\overline{g}}$   $\mathcal{L}$ V = DWg - DKg . Hence V is induced rept from W.

@ If P is induced by or & P is induced oz then POP2 is induced by  $O_1 \oplus O_2$ .

Pi : Gr > G((Vi))

Wi \le Vi are H-stable

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geG|H

GeG|H  $=) V_{1} \oplus V_{2} = \bigoplus W_{1}g \oplus \bigoplus g \in G/H \\ =) V_{1} \oplus V_{2} = \bigoplus W_{2}g \oplus G/H \\ =) V_{1} \oplus V_{2} = \prod M_{H} (W_{1} \oplus W_{2})$   $= \bigcup W_{1}g \oplus W_{2}g \oplus W_{2}g$   $= \bigcup W_{1}g \oplus W_{2}g \oplus W_{$ Det V be induced by W & W, be a H-subrepa of N. Let  $V_i = \bigoplus P(g)(W_i) = \bigoplus W_{i,g}$  where g is any sepseculative  $g \in G_i$  in  $G_i/H$  of g in  $G_i/H$ . Then V, is a G-subrepor of V & V, is induced (Since Wig = Wg V= IndH & N, is subrepr then IndH N, is subrepr of V.

Det p be induced by o & p': G-> G.L(V') be another seps. Then POP' is induced by OB/IH  $O: H \longrightarrow GL(W)$ V = Ind & W VOV' = Ind G (W&V') R as H-repr  $|(A \oplus B) \otimes C = A \otimes C \oplus B \otimes C|$ V = D Ng
geG/H VOV'=( DWg) & V'  $= \bigoplus \left( \bigvee_{\mathbf{g}} \otimes \bigvee' \right)$ 9 EG/H  $W_{\bar{q}} \otimes V' = P(g)(W) \otimes V'$  $= \left( \left[ \left( \left[ \otimes \right] \right] \right) \right)_{\mathfrak{A}}$ Hence VOV' = Ind H (WOV)