

**Physics IV**  
**ISI B.Math**  
**HW set 3**

1. A particle in the infinite square well as done in class has as its initial wave function an even mixture of the first two stationary states

$$\Psi(x, 0) = A[\psi_1(x) + \psi_2(x)]$$

(a) Normalize  $\Psi(x, 0)$

(b) Find  $\Psi(x, t)$  and  $|\Psi(x, t)|^2$ . Express the latter as a sinusoidal function of time. To simplify the result, let  $\omega = \pi^2 \hbar / 2ma^2$ .

(c) Compute  $\langle x \rangle$ . Notice that it oscillates in time. What is the frequency of oscillation ? What is the amplitude of oscillation ?

(d) Compute  $\langle p \rangle$

(e) If you measured the energy of this particle, what values might you get, and what is the probability of getting them ? Find the expectation value of  $H$ . How does it compare with  $E_1$  and  $E_2$  ?

2. A particle of mass  $m$  is confined to a one dimensional region  $0 \leq x \leq a$  with infinite potential walls. At  $t = 0$ , its normalized wave function is

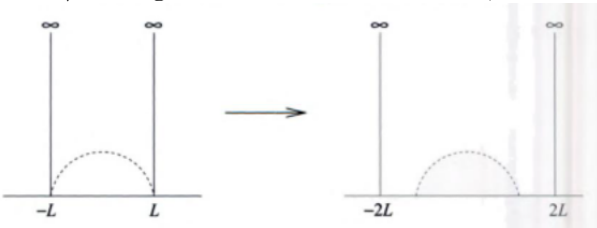
$$\Psi(x, 0) = \sqrt{\frac{8}{5a}} \left[ 1 + \cos\left(\frac{\pi x}{a}\right) \right] \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{a}\right)$$

(a) What is the wave function at a later time  $t = t_0$  ?

(b) What is the average energy of the system at  $t = 0$  and  $t = t_0$  ?

(c) What is the probability that the particle is found in the left half of the box (i.e, in the region  $0 \leq x \leq \frac{a}{2}$ ) at  $t = t_0$  ?

3. Consider a linear harmonic oscillator and let  $\psi_0$  and  $\psi_1$  be its normalized ground and first excited states. Let  $A\psi_0 + B\psi_1$  be the wave function at a certain instant of time  $A, B$  real. Show that  $\langle x \rangle \neq 0$  in general. What values of  $A, B$  maximize and minimize  $\langle x \rangle$  ?



4. A particle of mass  $m$  is in an infinite one-dimensional box with walls at  $x = -L$  and  $x = L$  and is in its ground state  $\psi_0(x)$  at  $t = 0$ . Assume now that at  $t = 0$  the walls of the box move instantaneously so that its width doubles ( $-2L < x < 2L$ ). This change does not affect the state

of the particle which remains the same before and after ( i.e,  $\psi_0(x)$  of the box of width  $2L$ .)

(a) Write down the wave function of the particle at time  $t > 0$ .

(b) Calculate the probability  $P_n$  of finding the particle in an arbitrary stationary state  $\tilde{\psi}_n(x)$  of the modified system. What is the probability of finding the system in an odd state ?

(c) What is  $\langle H \rangle =$  the expectation value of the energy at time  $t > 0$  ?

[ You can use :  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2n+1)^2}{[(2n+1)^2-4]^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{16}$  ]

5. A particle of mass  $m$  in the infinite square well(of width  $a$ ) starts out in the left half of the well, and is at ( $t = 0$ ) equally likely to be found at any point in that region.

(a) What is the initial wave function  $\Psi(x, 0)$  ? ( Assume it is real )

(b) What is the probability that a measurement of energy would yield the value  $\frac{\pi^2 \hbar^2}{2ma^2}$  ?