

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}_{3 \times 7}$$

$x = \langle x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7 \rangle$

Why its null space $N(H)$ is a single error correcting code.

$N(H)$ is a single error correcting code if H generates a code of minimum weight at least 3.

H has minimum weight at least 3, since it has the following properties:

- (i) no column is all 0's;
- (ii) no two columns are identical; and
- (iii) \exists three columns, say

$$C_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad C_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } C_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

such that

$$C_1 \oplus C_2 \oplus C_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \oplus 0 \oplus 1 \\ 0 \oplus 1 \oplus 1 \\ 0 \oplus 0 \oplus 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$\therefore N(H)$ is a single-error correcting code.

$$H \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$c_1 \quad c_2 \quad c_3 \quad c_4 \quad c_5 \quad c_6 \quad c_7$

$$c_1 \leftrightarrow c_5, c_2 \leftrightarrow c_6, c_4 \leftrightarrow c_7$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{P_{3 \times 4}} \quad \underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{I_3}$

