

# Discrete Structures (MA5.101)

## Discrete Structures (MA5.101)

*International Institute of Information Technology, Hyderabad*

### Assignment Set 3 (Monsoon 2021)

Group Theory, Group Codes, Ring and Field

Deadline: March 1, 2022 (Monday), 23:55 PM

Total Marks: 150

**Instructions:** Submit ONLY handwritten scanned pdf file  
in the course moodle under Assignments directory.

February 19, 2022

## Group Theory

- ✓ 1. Show that a cancellative semigroup can contain at most one idempotent and if it exists it is an identity element.

[10]

- ✓ 2. Let  $H$  be a subgroup of a group  $G$ , and let  $N = \cap_{x \in G} xHx^{-1}$ . Prove that  $N$  is a normal subgroup of  $G$ .

[10]

- ✓ 3. Prove that the inverse  $\theta^{-1}$  of any isomorphism  $\theta : S \rightarrow T$  of semigroups (monoids)  $S$  and  $T$  is also an isomorphism of semigroups (monoids)  $S$  and  $T$ .

[10]

- ✓ 4. Let  $f : G \rightarrow G'$  be a group epimorphism, and let  $H$  be the normal subgroup that be the Kernel of the epimorphism. Then, prove that  $G'$  is isomorphic to  $G/H$ .

[10]

- ✓ 5. Prove that a cyclic group is necessarily abelian. But, the converse is not true.

[10]

## Group Codes

- ✓ 6. Given the following parity-check matrix,  $H$ :

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

(i) Encode the message  $\langle 1\ 1\ 1\ 0 \rangle$ , using  $H$ .

(ii) Decode the received tuple  $\langle 1\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1 \rangle$  assuming that error, if any, is a single-error.

[5 + 5 = 10]

7. Let the null space of an  $r \times n$  canonical parity check matrix be a group code that satisfies the following conditions:

- for each coordinate there is some code word with a 1 in that position
- for each pair of coordinates there is some code word that has different values in those two positions

(a) Prove that the set of code words with a 0 in the  $i^{th}$  coordinate is a subgroup of that code.

(b) Prove that the average weight of a code word is  $\frac{n}{2}$ . (Hint: The cosets of the subgroup of Part (a) are of equal size)

[10 + 10 = 20]

## Ring and Field

8. The characteristic of any field (finite or infinite) is the order of 1 in the additive group of the field. In other words, the characteristic of a field  $F$  is the order of 1 in  $\langle F, + \rangle$ . Prove that the characteristic of any field is either prime or infinite.

[10]

9. In the algebra of polynomials modulo  $p(x)$ , where  $p(x)$  is a polynomial of degree  $n$  over a field  $K$ , prove that the polynomials form a **field** with respect to polynomial addition and multiplication if and only if  $p(x)$  is irreducible.

[10]

10. Find all the irreducible polynomials of degree 2 over the Galois field  $GF(3)$ .

[10]

11. Using the Euclidean gcd algorithm to obtain integers  $x$  and  $y$  satisfying

$$\gcd(1769, 2378) = 1769x + 2378y$$

[10]

12. Using the extended Euclidean gcd algorithm, find the multiplicative inverse of 1234 in  $GF(4321)$ .

[10]

13. Determine the gcd of the following pair of polynomials over  $GF(101)$ :

$$x^5 + 88x^4 + 73x^3 + 83x^2 + 51x + 67$$

$$x^3 + 97x^2 + 40x + 38$$

[10]

14. Compute the product of the following two bytes (in hexadecimal) in  $GF(2^8)$ , under  $m(x) = x^8 + x^4 + x^3 + x + 1$  as an irreducible polynomial:

$$\{a9\} \cdot \{9e\}$$

[10]

\*\*\*\*\* End of Question Paper \*\*\*\*\*