

Web site: http://statepi.jhsph.edu/macs/macs.html Prepared by CAMACS Fax: 410-955-7587

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Multicenter AIDS Cohort Study (MACS)

- 7087 MSM enrolled in US
 - 4954 in 1984-85
 - 668 in/1987-90
 - 1350 in 2001-03
 - 115 in₹2010+
- Study visits every 6 months
 - Standardized interviews, physical examination
 - Quality-controlled flow cytometry, HIV RNA quantification
- Storage of biospecimens in local/national repositories

MACS Principal Investigators and Sites



Roger Detels, Los Angeles



Otto Martinez-Maza, Los Angeles



Lisa Jacobson, CAMACS



Charles Rinaldo, Pittsburgh



Joe Margolick, Baltimore

Steven Wolinsky, Chicago

MACS Sites and Principal Investigators

Sites:

- Baltimore, MD (J. Margolick)
- Chicago, IL (S. Wolinsky)
- Los Angeles, CA (R. Detels, O. Martinez-Maza)
- Pittsburgh (C. Rinaldo)
- Data Coordinating Center (CAMACS):
 - Baltimore, MD (L. Jacobson)

MACS Working Groups

- Aging (J. Margolick)
- Behavioral (R. Stall)
- Biomarkers (J. Bream)
- Cardiovascular (W. Post)
- Clinical (F. Palella)
- Core Laboratory (B. Jamieson)
- Data (A. Abraham)
- Genetics (J. Martinson)

- Liver (C. Thio)
- Malignancy/Pathology (E. Breen)
- Metabolic (T. Brown)
- Neuropsychology (N. Sacktor)
- Renal (M. Estrella / F. Palella)
- Viral Immune Pathogenesis (J. Margolick)

Semiannual Visit

- Questionnaire / ACASI
 - Medical History, Health Services, Behavior
 - Medications:
 Antiretrovirals, OI-specific, Adherence
- Labs
 - T-cells, HIV RNA, HBV & HCV serology
 - Lipids, liver and kidney function tests / anal cytology
- Banked Specimens
 - Plasma, Serum, Cells
 - B-cell lines
 - PBMC pellets

- Demographics
- Physical Examination / Lipodystrophy / Frailty
- Psychosocial
 - Quality of Life (SF36)
 - Depression (CESD)
 - Activities of Daily Living (IADL)
- Neuropsychological Screening

Continuous Outcome Ascertainment

- Seroconversion
- Clinical Outcomes (medical records confirmation)
 - AIDS diagnoses
 - Non-AIDS diagnoses
 - Cardiovascular disease
 - Cerebrovascular disease
 - Kidney disease
 - Liver disease
 - Lung infection, bacterima, septicemia
 - Malignancies
 - Neurologic
 - Mortality

Data Collection Forms

- Drug Form 1 (anti-virals)
- Antiretroviral Medication Adherence
- Section 2* (demographics, depression (CESD))
- Physical Exam / Lipodystrophy Exam
- Section 4 (medical history, health services, behavior*)
- Quality of Life* (SF36)
- Neuropsychological
- HIV Seroconversion
- Clinical Diagnostic Outcomes

^{*} Administered using Audio Computer Assisted Structured Interview (ACASI)

Administrative Forms

Data Set Transmission

Study Investigator Registration for using MACS Specimens

Restricted Use of MACS Specimens

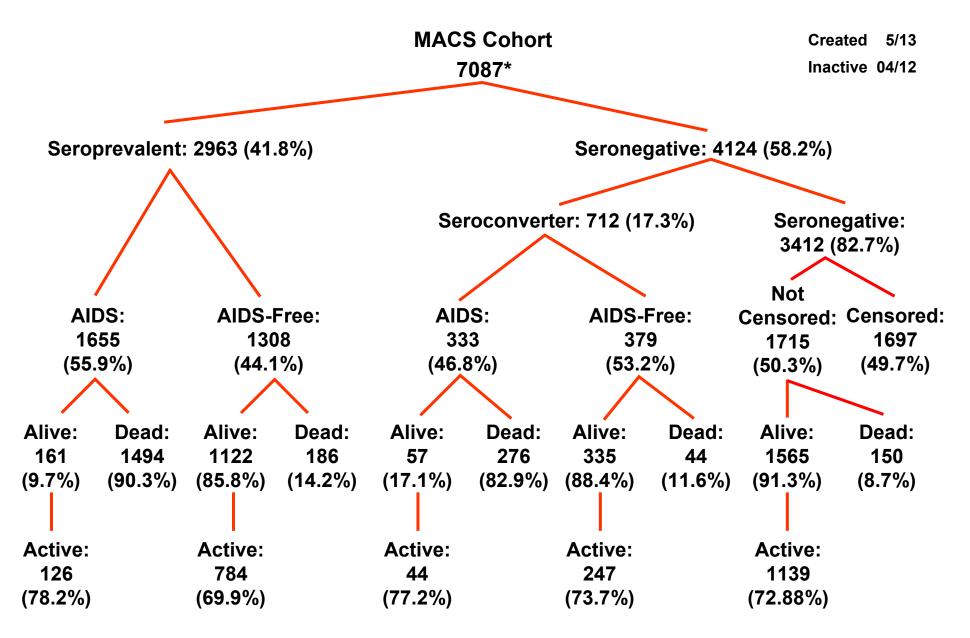
CAMACS

- Planning and design of studies
- Coordination of data acquisition
 - Form development
 - Codebooks
 - Data transfer
- Standardization and data management
 - Edits and updates
 - Data security
- Data analysis, statistical computing and methodological research

MACS Database

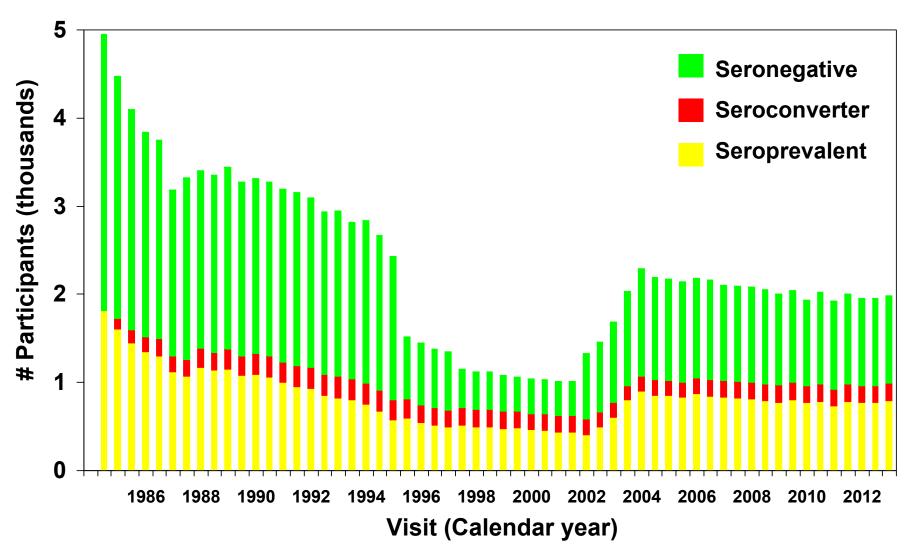
(as of October 2013)

Publications (published & in press)		1,306
Participants		7,087
Person-Years		93,710
Variables		12,357
Repository aliquots		1,743,937
(plasma, serum, cells, urine)	HIV+	HIV-
Person-Visits	61,357	77,577
CD4 Measurements	56,144	62,252
HIV RNA Measurements	38,503	1,222



^{*} Includes 115 additional men (12 seronegatives, 103 seroprevalent, 24 with known seroconversion dates prior to entry) enrolled in the MACS per the 2010 recruitment protocol

Composition & Size of Cohort



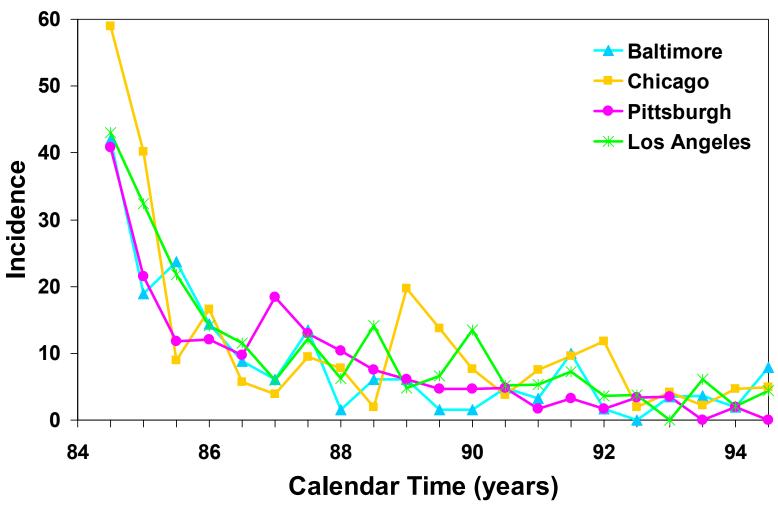
* 1710 have been administratively censored

Total # of CD4 and HIV RNA Measurements by Serostatus

	Seronegative	Seropositive		
# per individual	CD4	(CD4 ; HIV RNA)		
0	5	6; 326		
1 – 4	711	804; 1412		
5 – 8	373	594 ; 499		
9 – 12	579	476; 263		
13 – 16	459	385; 222		
17 – 20	336	402 ; 227		
21 – 24	146	330; 254		
25 – 28	82	72; 63		
29 – 32	128	75 ; 61		
33 – 36	185	75 ; 93		
37 – 40	104	70; 119		
41 – 44	70	64; 49		
45 – 48	70	68; 33		
49 – 52	61	81; 32		
53 – 54	32	44; 13		
55 – 56	48	62; 7		
57 - 58	23	67; 2		

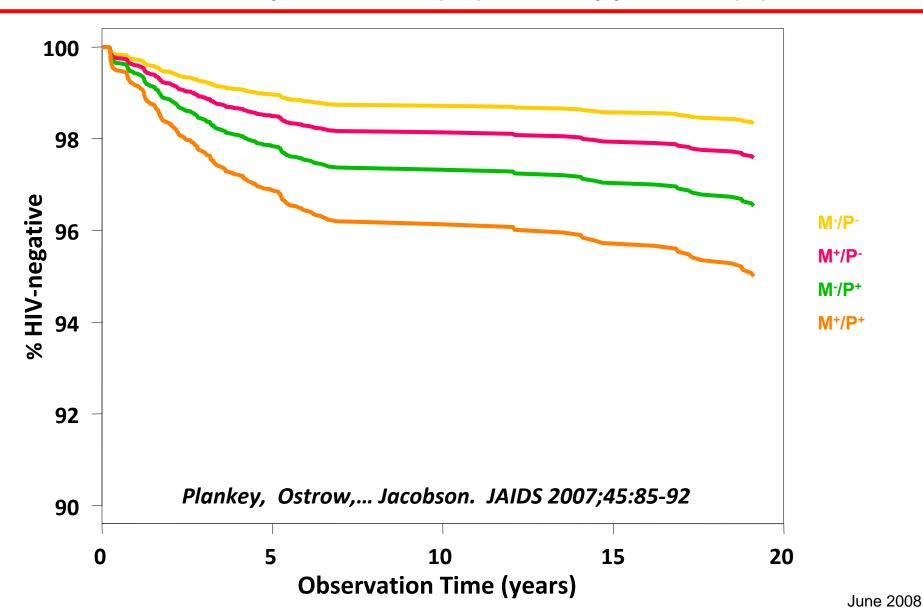
Incidence* of Seroconversion in the MACS by Center



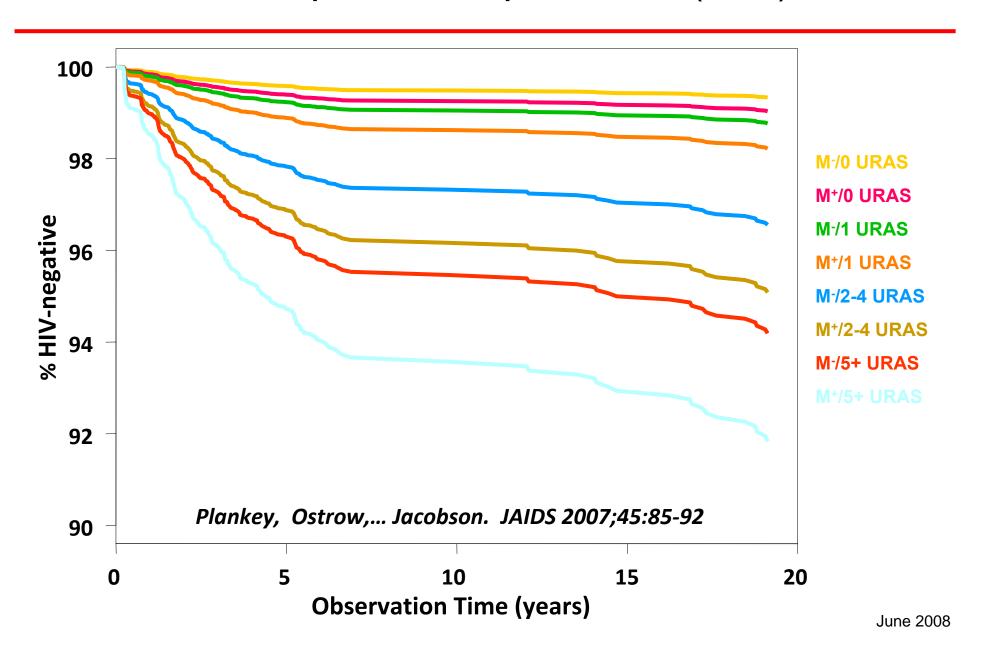


^{*} Incidence = # of seroconverters per 1,000 person-semesters

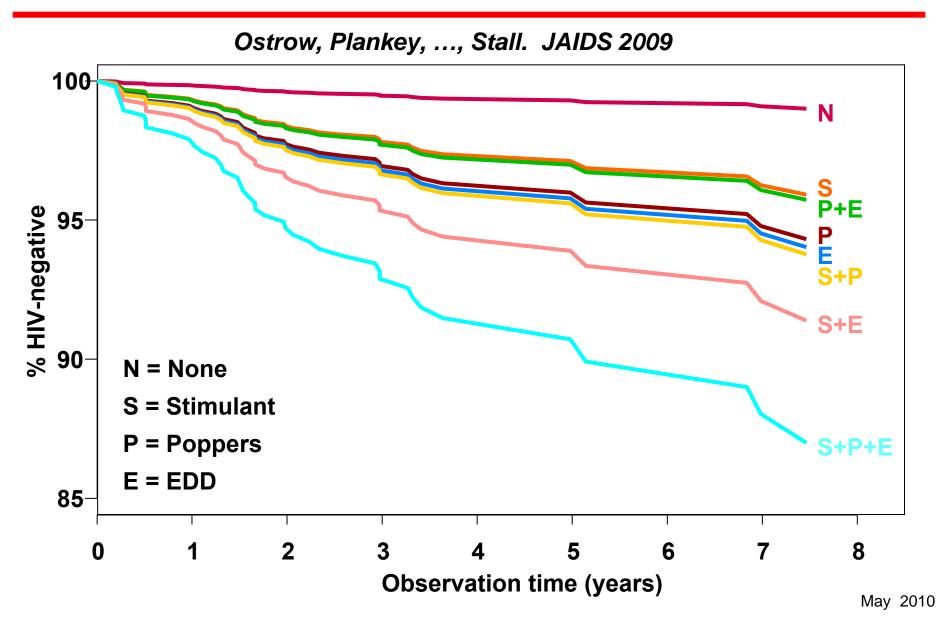
Adjusted Time to HIV Seroconversion by Methamphetamine (M) and Popper Use (P)



Adjusted Time to HIV Seroconversion by Methamphetamine (M) Use and Number of Unprotected Receptive Anal Sex (URAS) Partners

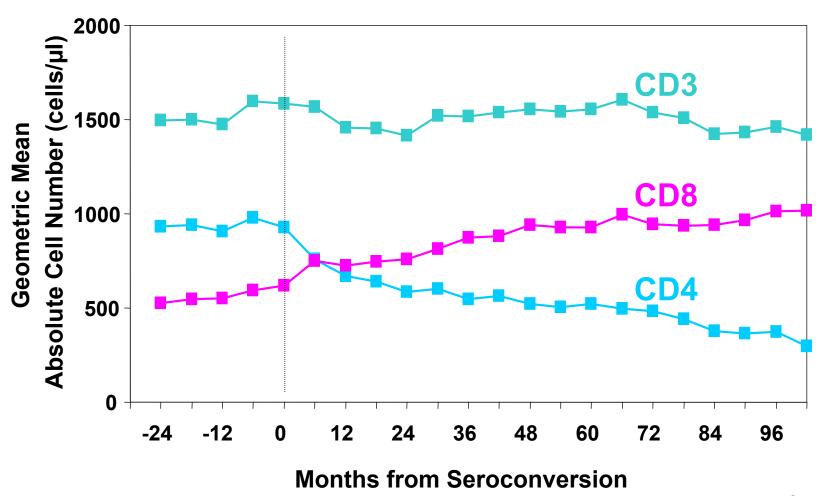


Adjusted Time to Recent HIV Seroconversion by Combinations of Sex-Drug Use



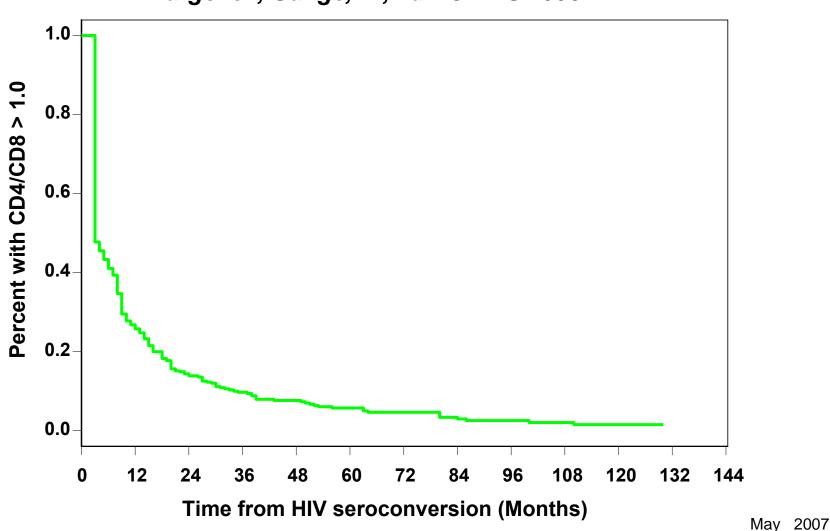
T-Cell Subset Changes and Homeostasis in AIDS-Free MACS Seroconverters

Margolick, Muñoz, . . ., Ferbas – Nat Med 1995



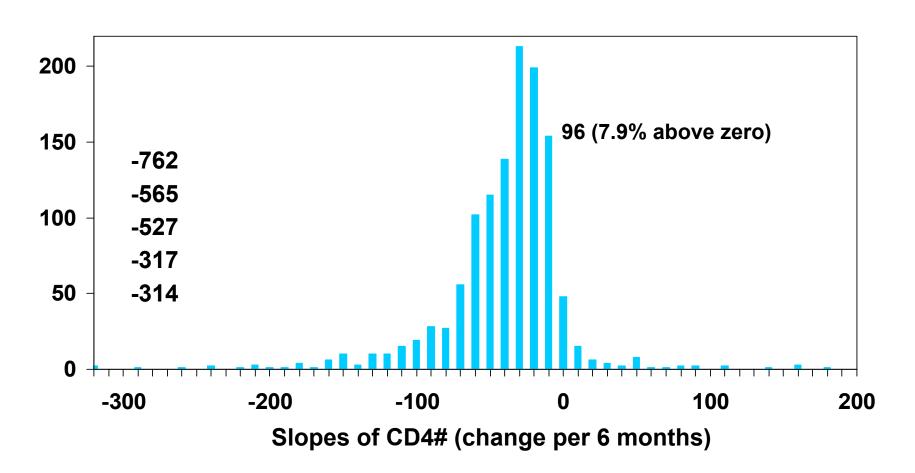
Kaplan-Meier Survival Curve for Inversion of the CD4/CD8 Ratio after the Estimated Time of HIV-1 Seroconversion

Margolick, Gange, ..., Lai. JAIDS 2006

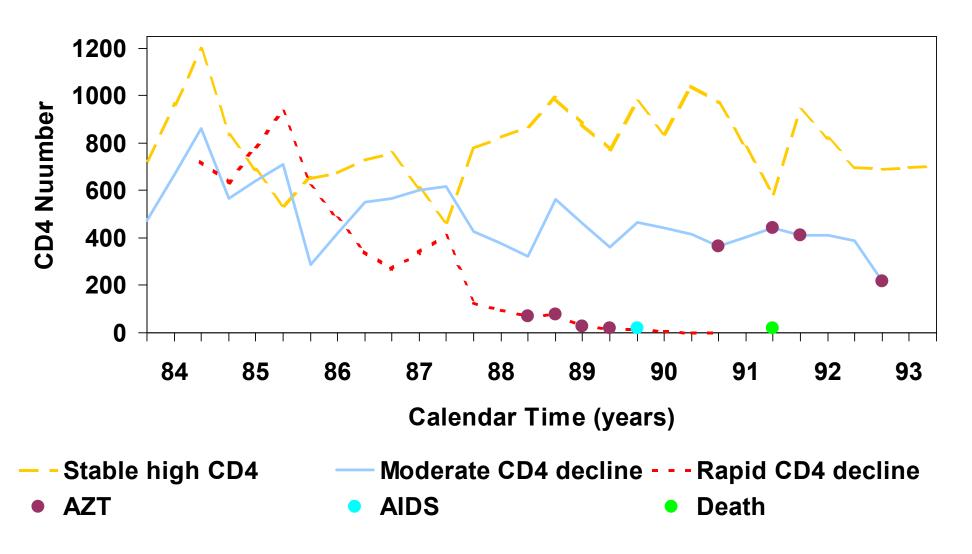


Histogram of 1222 CD4⁺ Regression Slopes Among HIV-1 Seropositive Men, 1984-1996

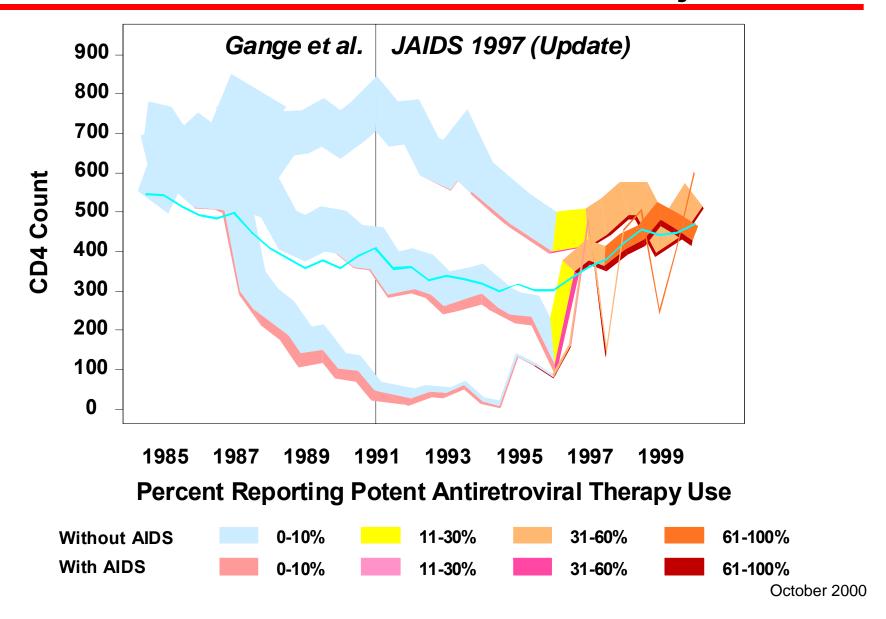
Muñoz, Kirby, . . ., Phair. JAIDS 1995 (update)



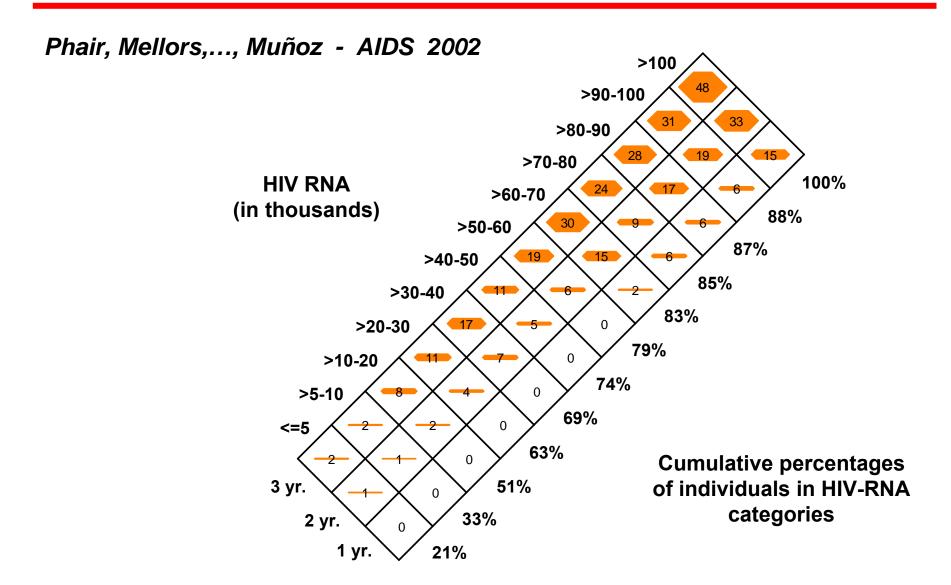
A Seropositive Triplet with Distinct Profiles



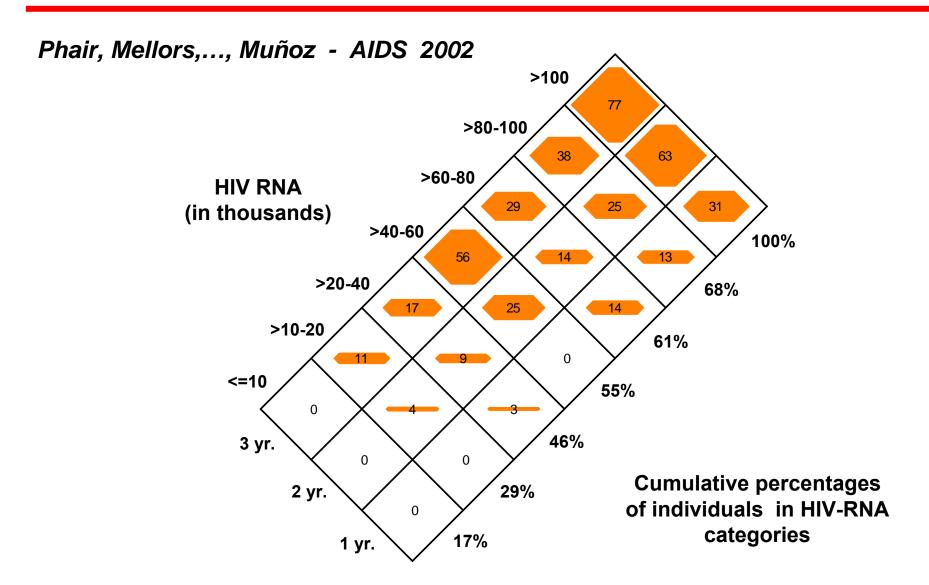
Disease Progression Among Triplets of HIV- Infected Men with Distinct CD4 Trajectories

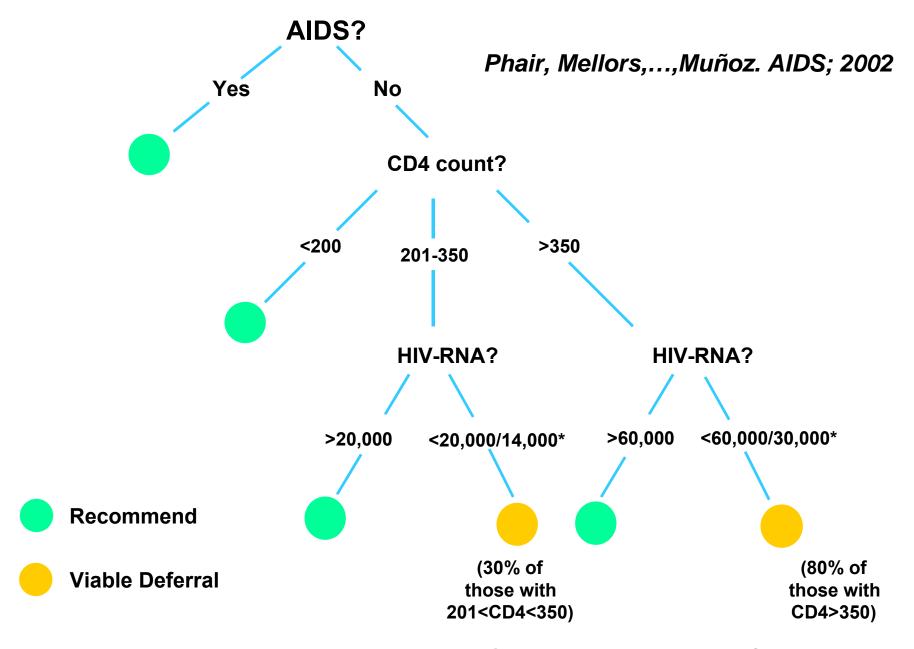


Likelihood of Developing AIDS in HIV Infected Individuals with CD4 > 350 in the Non-HAART Era



Likelihood of Developing AIDS in HIV Infected Individuals with 200 < CD4 < 350 in the Non-HAART Era



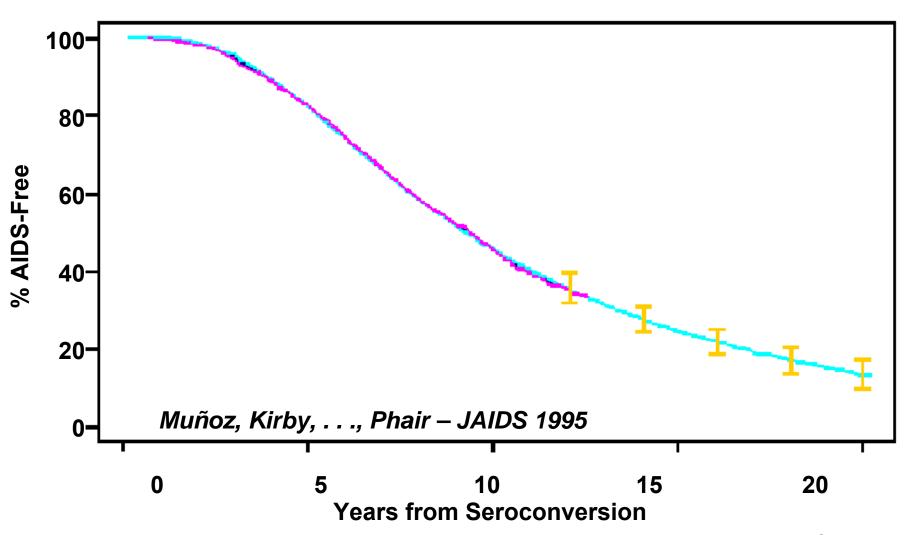


Men/Women equivalence by Anastos, Gange, Lau et al., *JAIDS* 2000.

Source: Multicenter AIDS Cohort Study

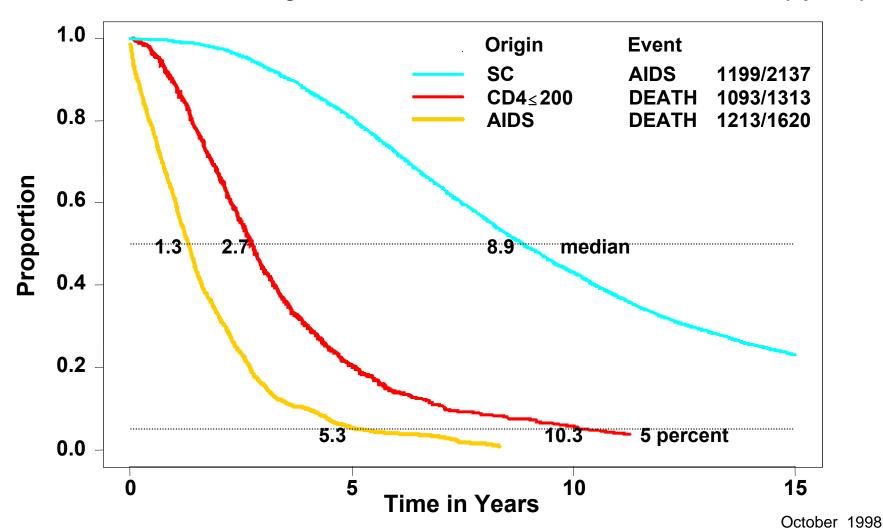
October 2002

Estimated Long Term AIDS-Free Proportions Prior to Potent Antiretroviral Therapies



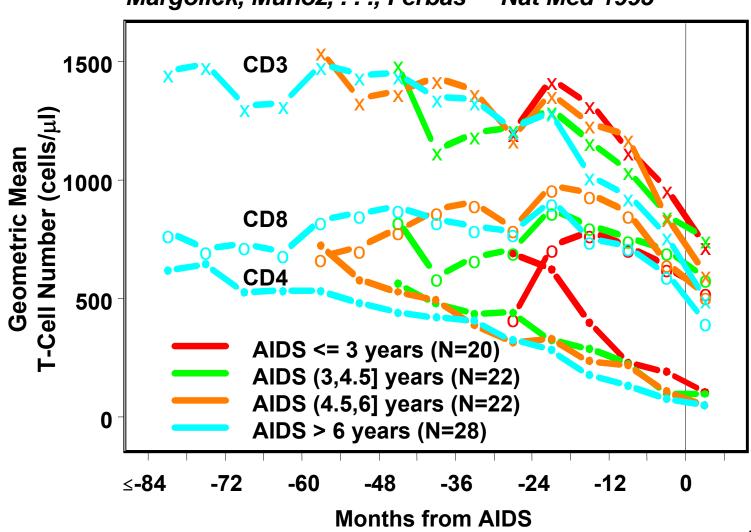
Progression of HIV-1 Infection Prior to Potent Antiretroviral Therapy

Muñoz, Xu. Stat Med 1996; Enger et al. JAMA 1996; Jacobson et al. AJE 1993 (update)



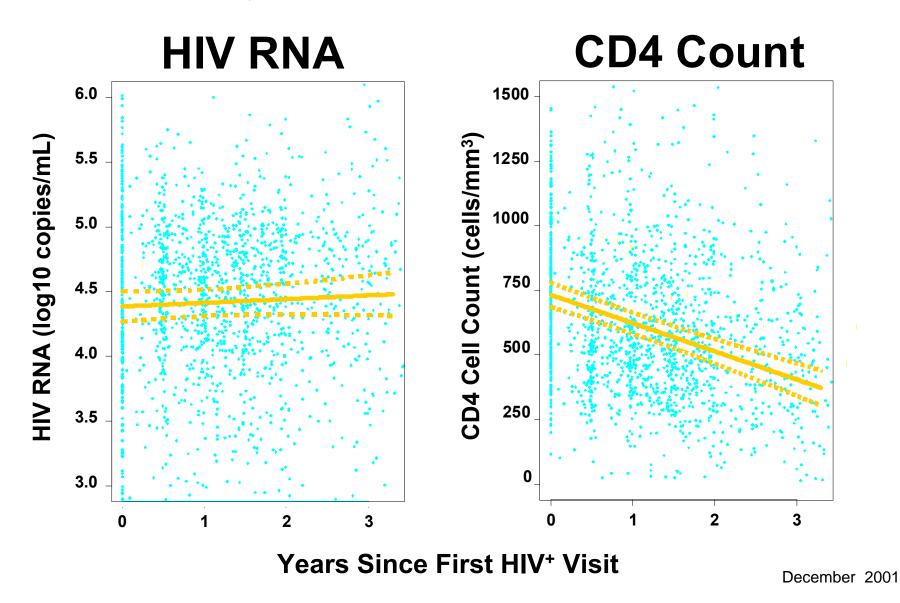
Circulating T-Cell Lymphocyte Levels Relative to the Onset of AIDS

Margolick, Muñoz, . . ., Ferbas - Nat Med 1995

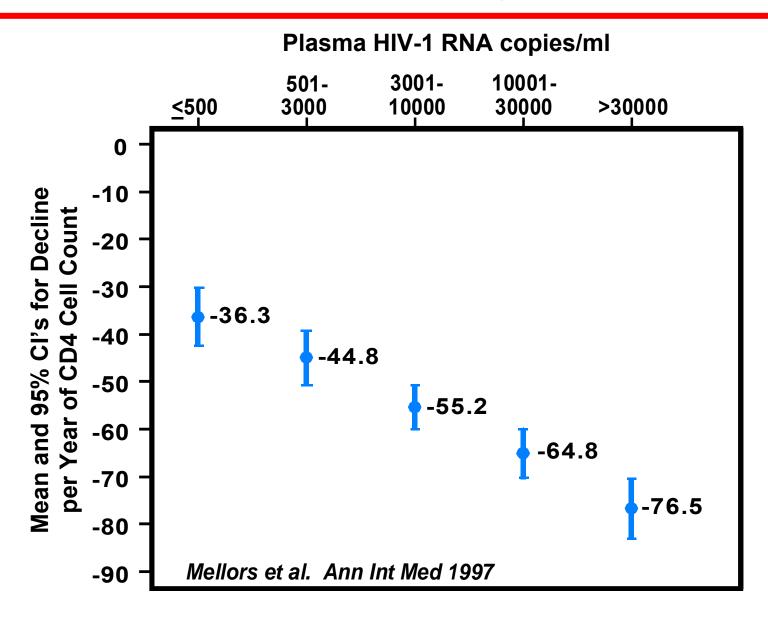


HIV Markers after Seroconversion Prior to HAART

Lyles, Muñoz, . . ., Mellors - JID 2000



Decline in CD4 Count per Year by Plasma HIV-1 RNA



X4 Emergence Prior to Clinical Event According to Time of Events After Seroconversion

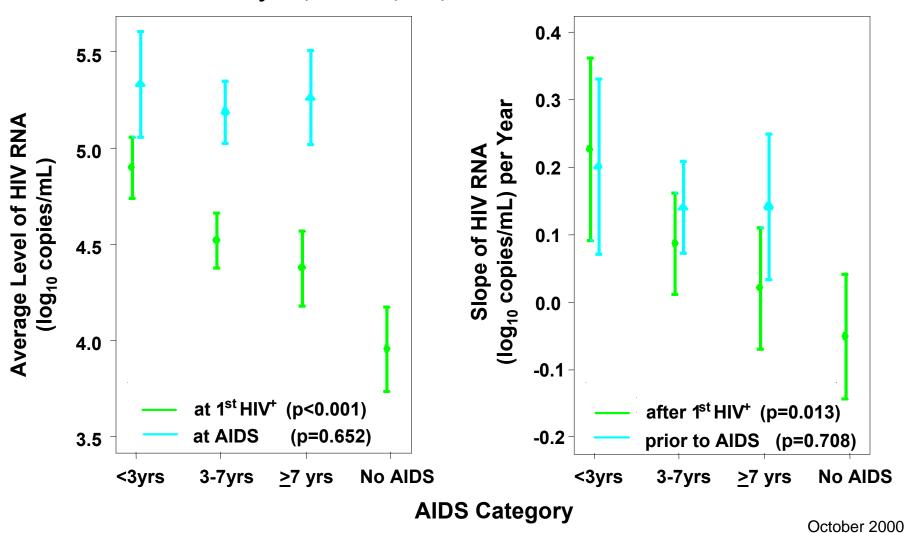
Shepherd, Jacobson, . . ., Margolick - JID 2009

Progression Groups

	-			
	Rapid	Moderate	Slow	Very Slow
CD4 < 200 cells/µℓ				
n (%)	7 (54%)	11 (79%)	4 (50%)	3 (19%)
OR	5.1	15.9	4.3	1.0
AIDS Illness				
n (%)	4 (57%)	17 (77%)	4 (57%)	4 (25%)
OR	4.0	10.2	4.0	1.0

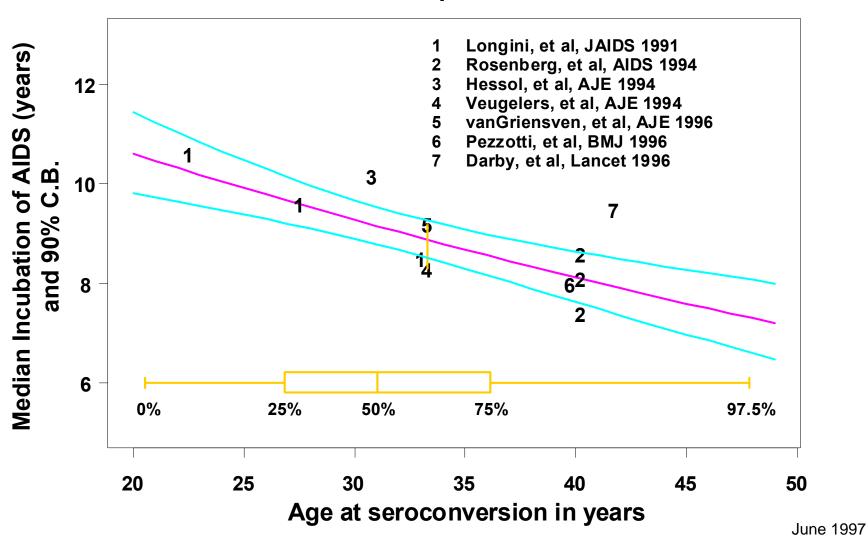
HIV-1 Viremia after Seroconversion and Proximal to AIDS

Lyles, Muñoz, . . ., Mellors - JID 2000



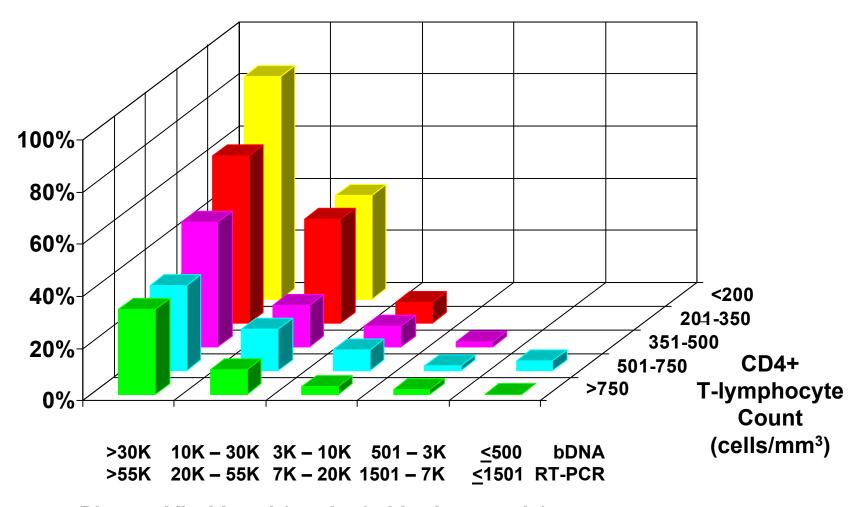
Estimates from Lognormal Model Multicenter AIDS Cohort Study

Muñoz, Sabin, Phillips. AIDS 1997



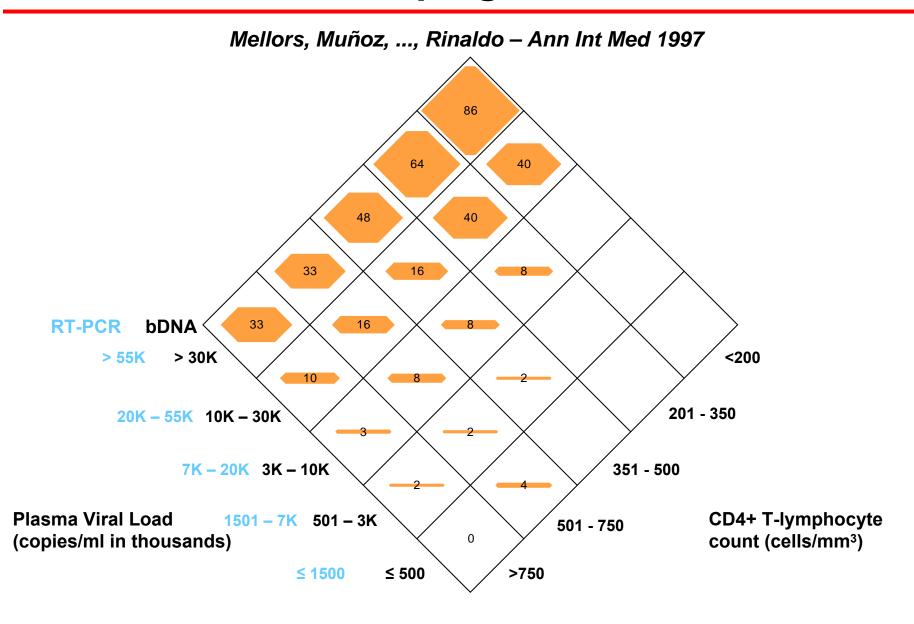
Likelihood of Developing AIDS in Three Years

Mellors, Muñoz, . . ., Rinaldo - Ann Int Med 1997



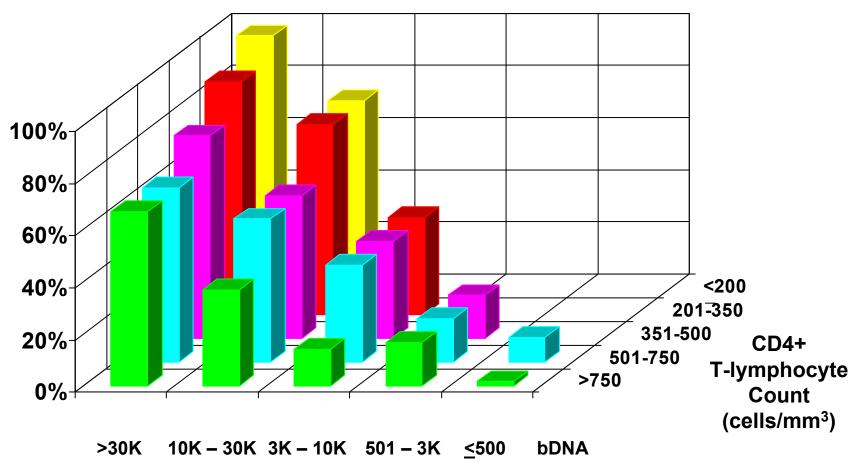
Plasma Viral Load (copies/ml in thousands)

Likelihood of Developing AIDS in Three Years



Likelihood of Developing AIDS in Six Years

Mellors, Muñoz, . . ., Rinaldo - Ann Int Med 1997

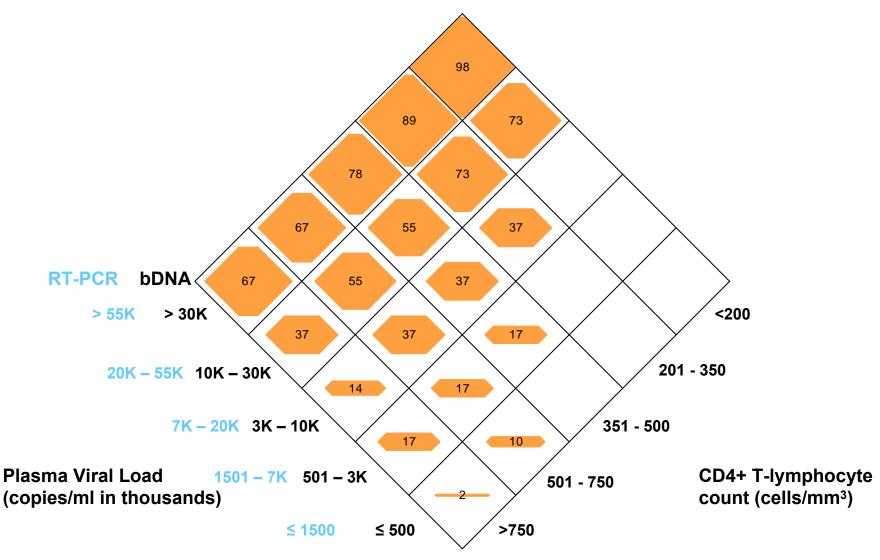


20K - 55K 7K - 20K 1501 - 7K <1501 RT-PCR >55K

Plasma Viral Load (copies/ml in thousands)

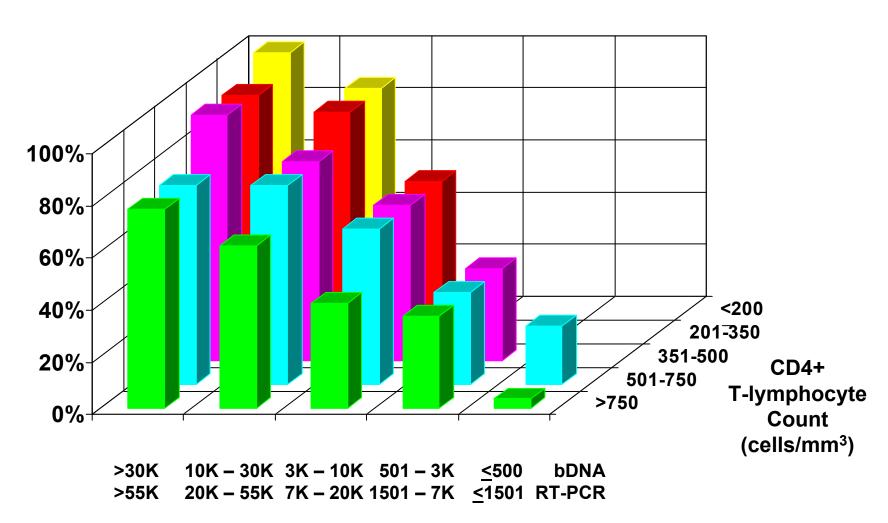
Likelihood of Developing AIDS in Six Years





Likelihood of Developing AIDS in Nine Years

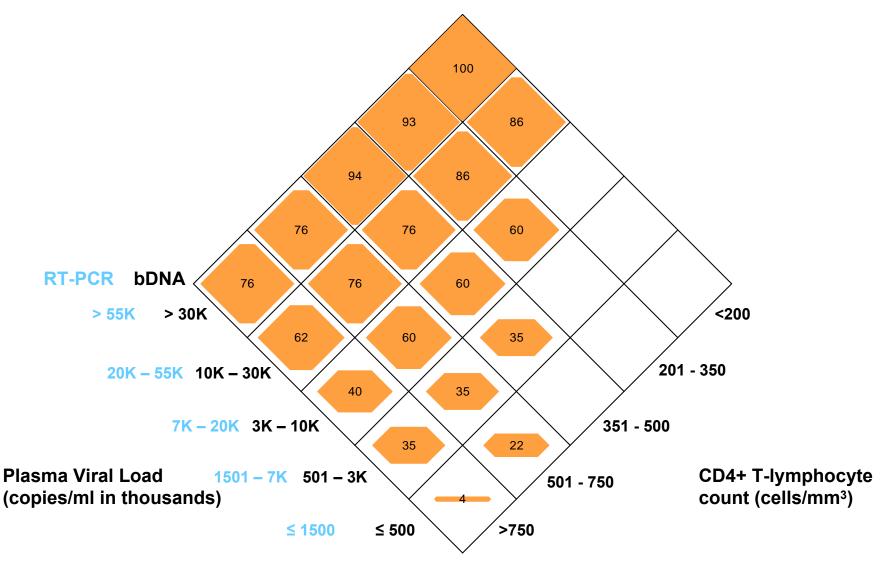
Mellors, Muñoz, . . ., Rinaldo - Ann Int Med 1997



Plasma Viral Load (copies/ml in thousands)

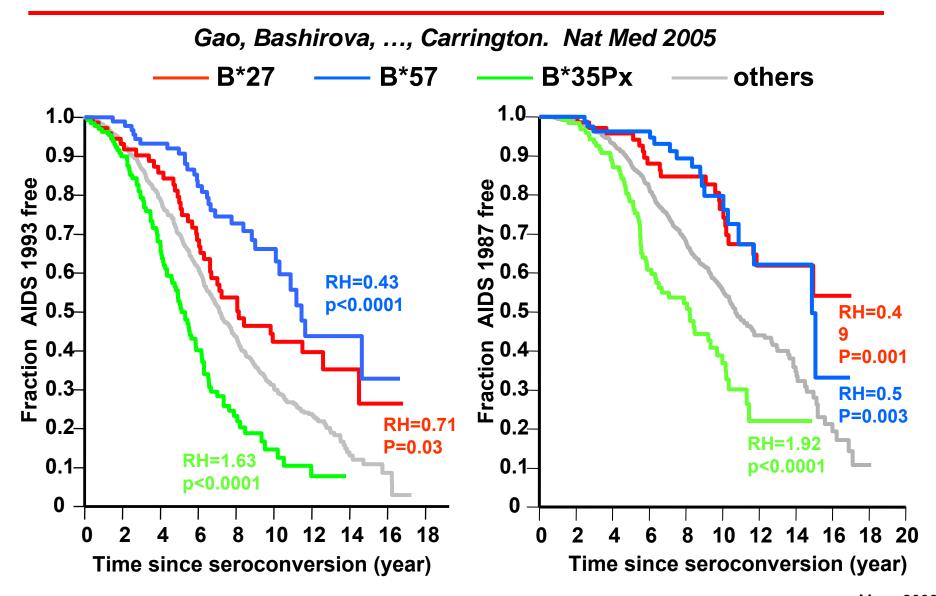
Likelihood of Developing AIDS in Nine Years





Graphical Reference: Li, Buechner, ..., Muñoz - Am Statistician 2003

Effect of HLA-B Alleles on AIDS Progression (N=1,089)



HLA Allotypes are Distinct in Terms of the Timing at Which They Influence AIDS Progression

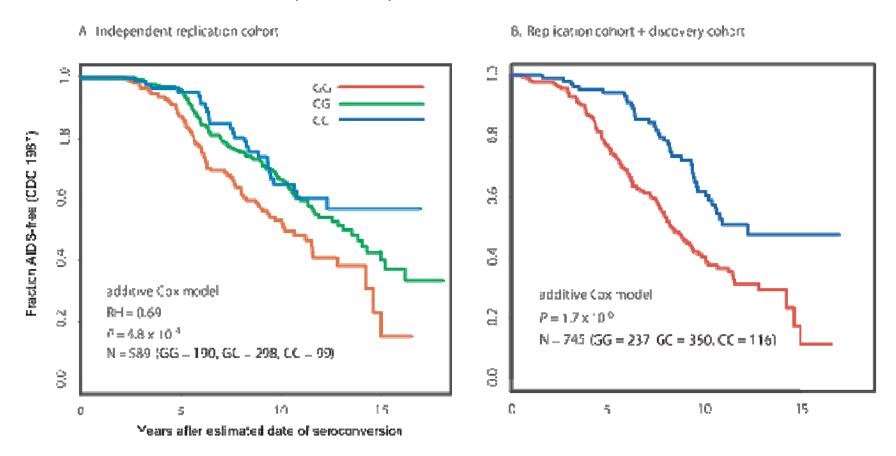
Gao, Bashirova, ..., Carrington. Nat Med 2005

All Races

Serocon. → CD4<200		CD4<200→ AIDS 87		AIDS 87→ death		
	RH	p value	RH	p value	RH	p value
N = 1089		N = 1934		N = 1529		
B27	0.77	0.12	0.55	0.0001	0.77	0.08
B57	0.41	<0.0001	0.7	0.01	0.85	0.28
B35 Px	1.43	0.004	1.09	0.35	0.91	0.29

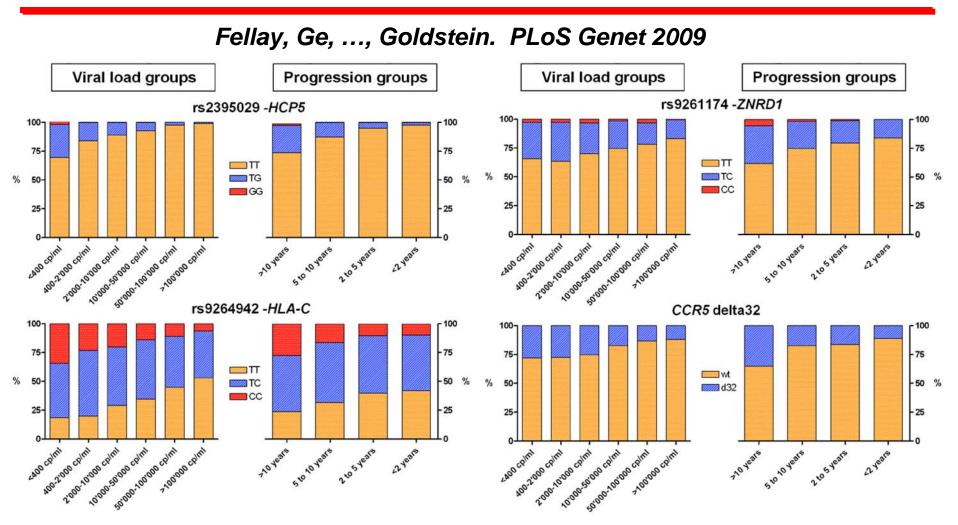
Kaplan-Meier Survival Curves for Genotypes of SNP rs17762192, Representing a Haplotype Located 36kb Upstream of *PROX1* and Chromosome 1, Showing Strong Associations with Differing Rates of Progression to Clinical AIDS

Herbeck, Gottlieb, ... Mullins. J Infect Dis 2010



- A. Replication cohort (ALIVE, MACS, MHCS, SFCC, individuals genotyped by Steve O'Brien
- B. Combined analysis of replication and discovery cohorts (156 MACS individuals enriched with rapid progressors and long-term non-progressors.

Allelic Distribution of the Significant Variants in Subsets of the Study Population



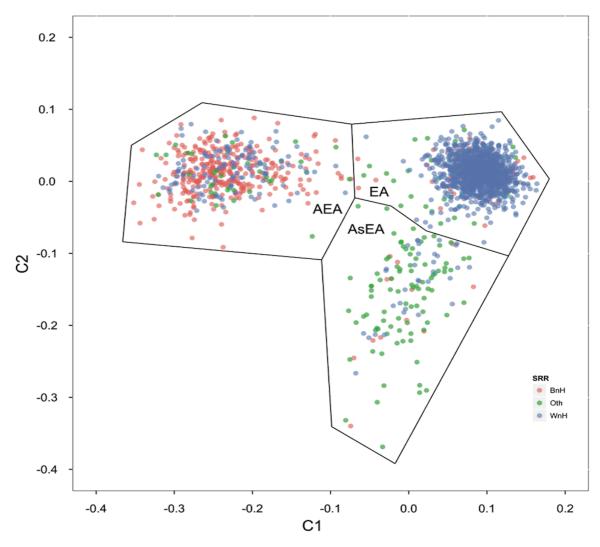
The bar graphs show the allelic distribution of the 4 variants that have a genome-wide significant association with HIV-1 set point and/or disease progression in subsets of the study population. Groups were defined according to HIV-1 set point (left-hand side graphs) and to progression time (right-hand side graphs)

May 2010

Self-Reported Race Varies by Genetically Defined Biogeographical Ancestry

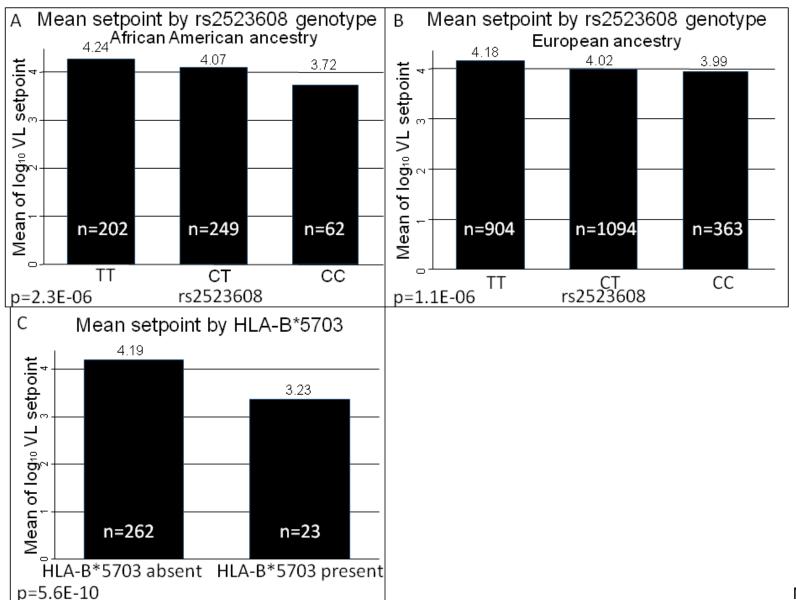
Nicholaou, Martinson, ..., Kingsley - AIDS Res Hum Retroviruses 2013;29:871-9

The scatter plot shows the first two principal components from the multi dimensional scaling (MDS) procedure, performed on the ancestry informative markers (AIMs) data. Each dot represents an individual who was genotyped in the MACS cohort (n=1914). Colors represent selfreported race (SRR) (red = BnH, blue = WnH, green = other) and boundaries of biogeographical ancestry (BGA) populations (EA, AEA, and AsEA) were defined by a k-means clustering procedure.

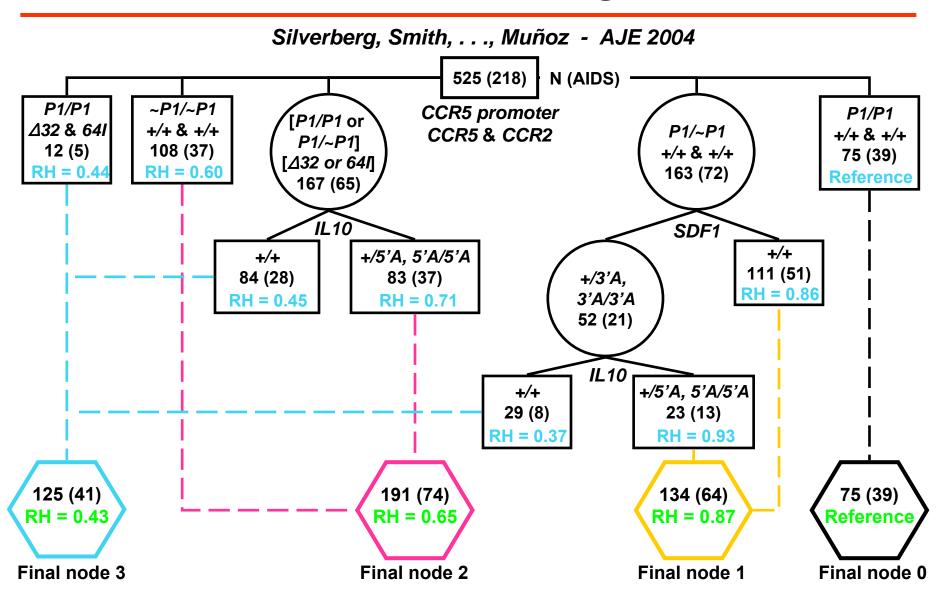


Distribution of Mean HIV-1 Set Point According to Patient Genotype

Pelak, Goldstein,..., Weintrob. J Infect Dis 2010



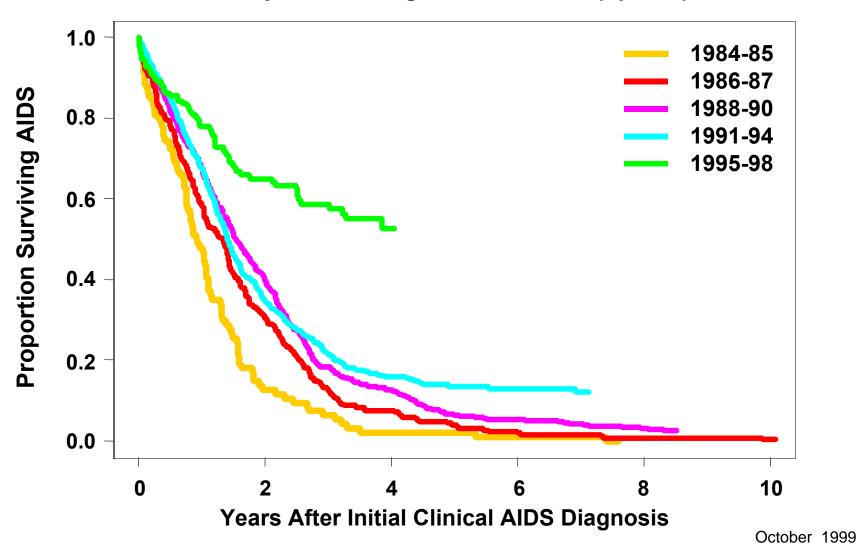
AIDS Prevented Fraction Among Seroconverters



Fraction of AIDS prevented by nodes 1, 2, and 3: 0.30 (95% CI: 0.07, 0.47)

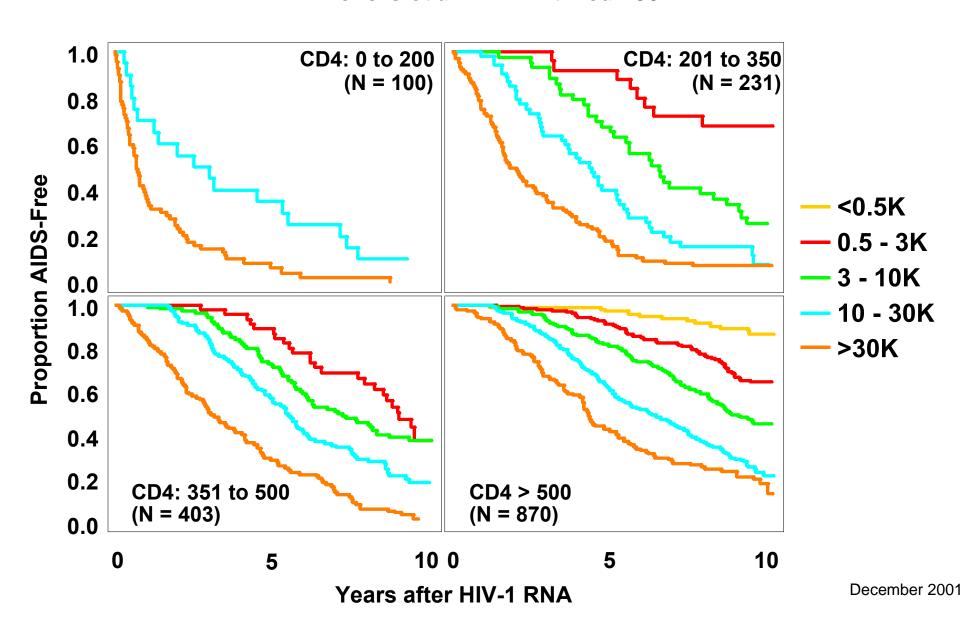
Proportion Surviving AIDS by Year of Diagnosis Assumed currently alive at 6/30/99 if contacted since 6/30/98

Jacobson, Kirby, . . ., Schrager - AJE 1993 (update)

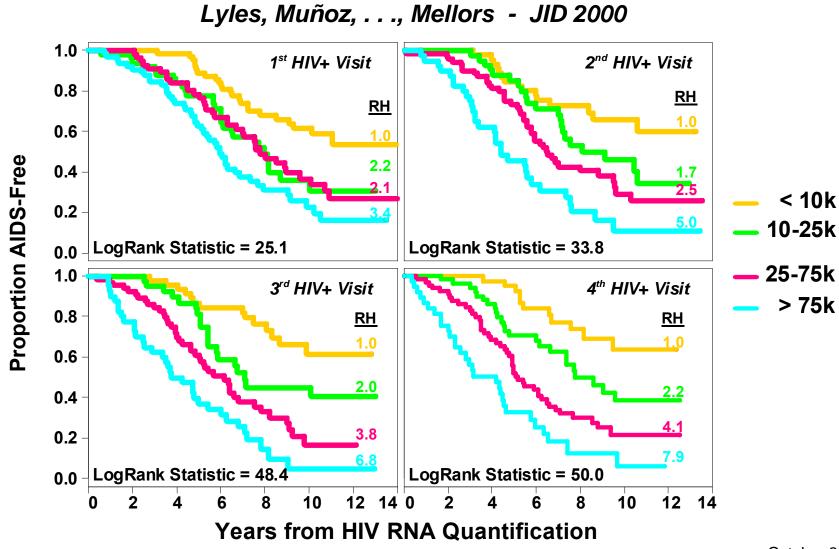


Effect of HIV-1 RNA within CD4 Category Prior to HAART

Mellors et al. Ann Int Med 1997



Predictive Value of HIV RNA (copies/ml) by Time Since Seroconversion



Extension of Time to Events by Reducing HIV RNA Setpoint

Gupta, Jacobson, ..., Straus. J Infect Dis 2007

Outcome

	AIDS		CD4 <350 cells/µl	
HIV RNA copies/ml	Relative Time	Median Time (Years)	Relative Time	Median Time (Years)
30,000	1	8.4	1	3.4
9,487 (0.5 log)	1.4	11.9	1.3	4.5
3,000 (1 log)	2.0	16.9	1.7	5.9
300 (2 log)	4.1	34.4	3.0	10.3

Prognostic Value of HIV-1 RNA, CD4 Cell Count and CD4 Cell Count Slope for Progression to AIDS and Death in Untreated HIV-1 Infection

Mellors, Margolick, ..., Jacobson. JAMA 2007;297:2349-50

Percent (95% CI) Variability in Outcomes Explained by Predictor

Baseline Predictors	AIDS	Death	CD4 cell count <200/µL
(Events/Total N)	(598/1640)	(421/1640)	(648/1472)
HIV-1 RNA	47 (40-55)	50 (41-62)	34 (25-42)
CD4 cell count	29 (25-34)	26 (21-32)	26 (21-31)
Age	1 (0-2)	3 (1-5)	1 (0-3)
HIV-1 RNA and CD4 cell count	54 (47-61)	56 (48-67)	46 (37-52)

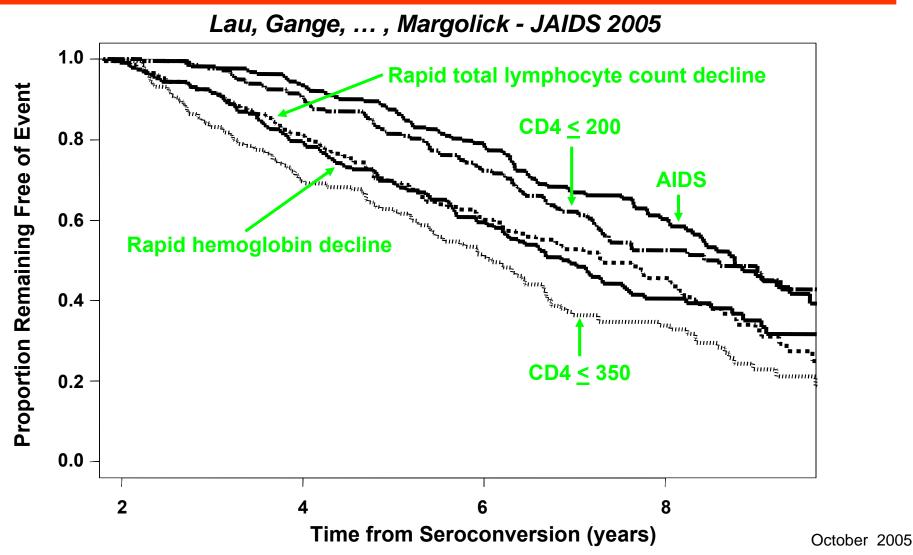
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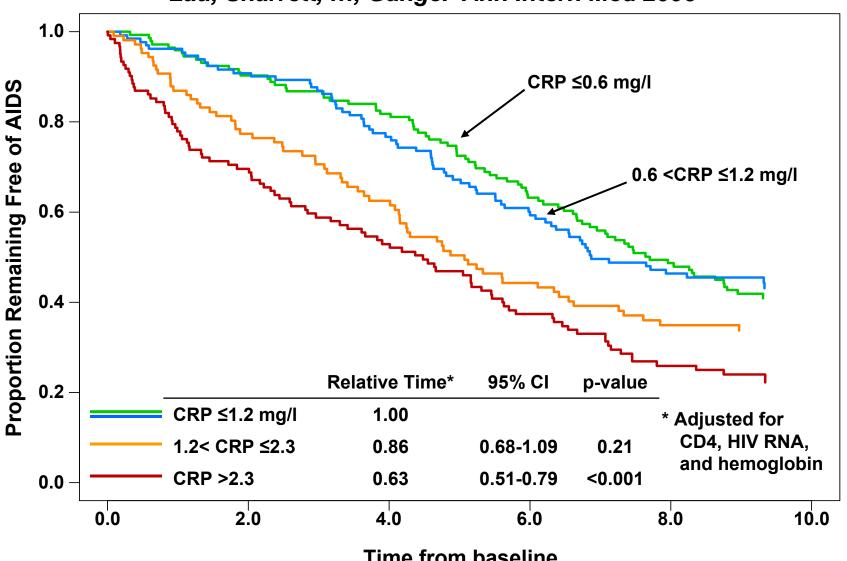
Longitudinal Predictors			CD4 cell count
(1984-1988)	AIDS	Death	<200/μL
(Events/Total N)	(302/1303)	(285/1490)	(206/870)
Median HIV-1 RNA	51 (38-64)	58 (47-69)	39 (24-60)
Median CD4 cell count	29 (22-38)	35 (29-43)	24 (15-35)
CD4 cell count slope	3 (1-7)	7 (4-12)	4 (1-8)
Age in June 1988	1 (0-4)	2 (0-3)	2 (1-4)
Median HIV-1 RNA	58 (46-69)	63 (54-73)	48 (31-79)
and CD4 cell count			June 20

Kaplan-Meier Estimates of the Time from Seroconversion to AIDS, CD4+ Lymphocyte Count <200 cells/mm3, Rapid TLC Decline, and CD4+ Lymphocyte Count <350 cells/mm3



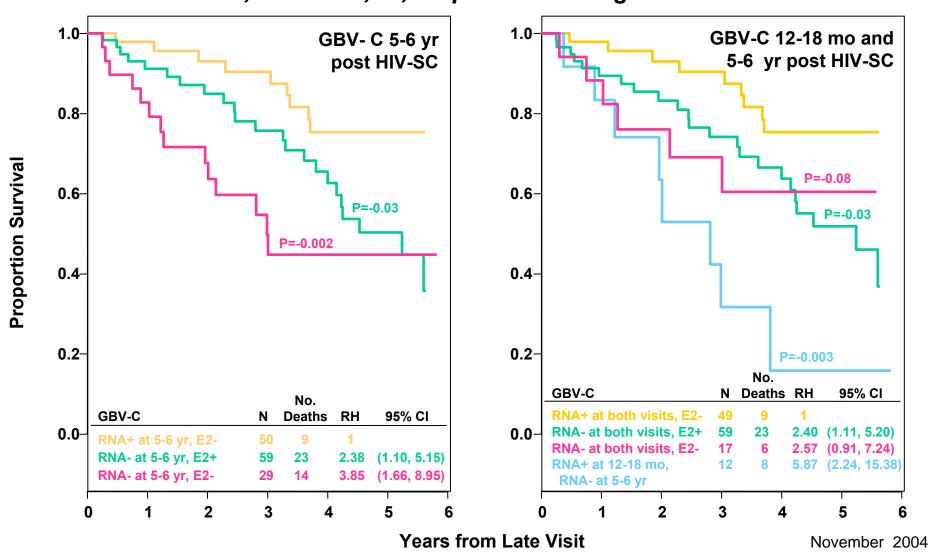
HIV Disease Progression to AIDS by CRP Level



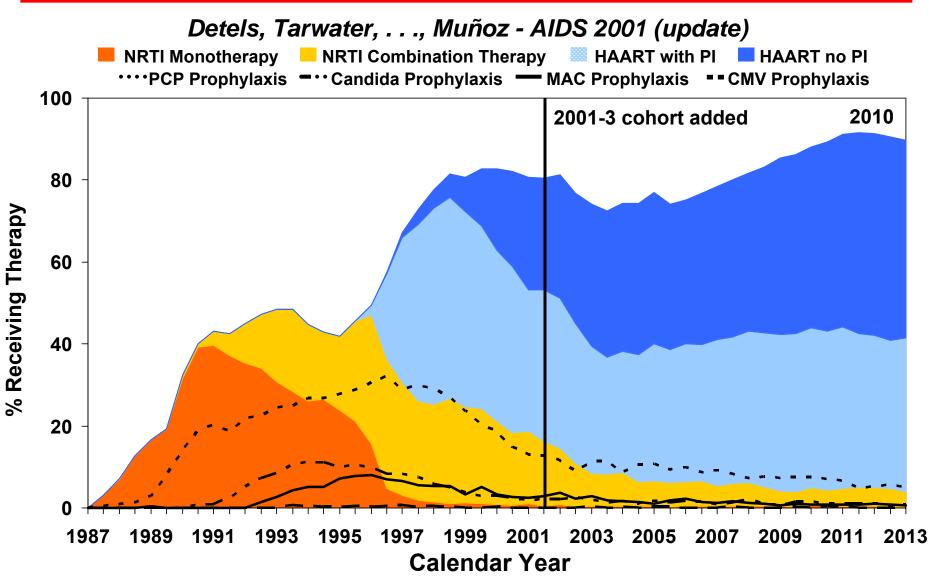


Time to Death According to GBV-C Serostatus Early and Late in HIV Infection

Williams, Klinzman, ..., Stapleton - N Engl J Med 2004

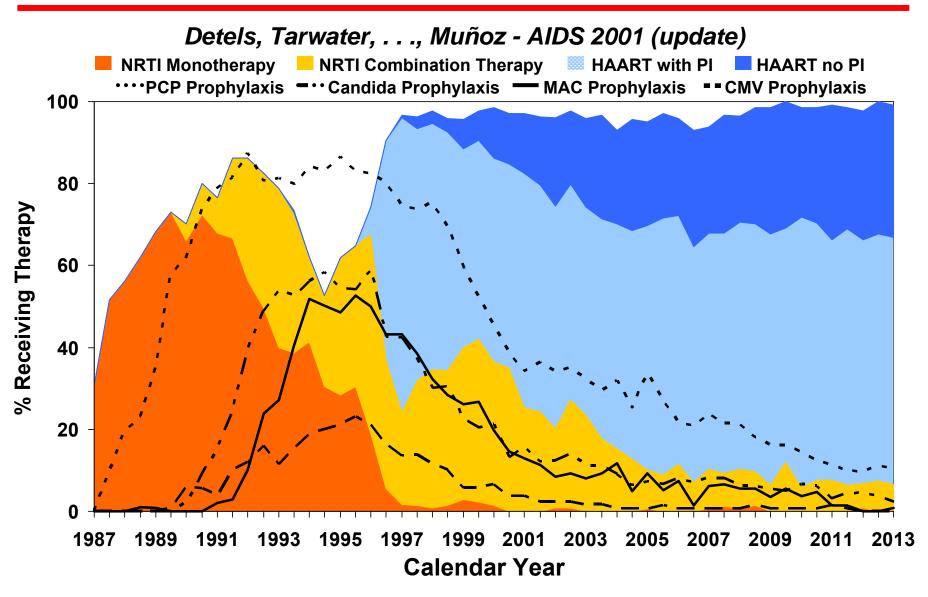


Use of Antiretroviral Therapy by Seropositive MACS Participants without Clinical AIDS



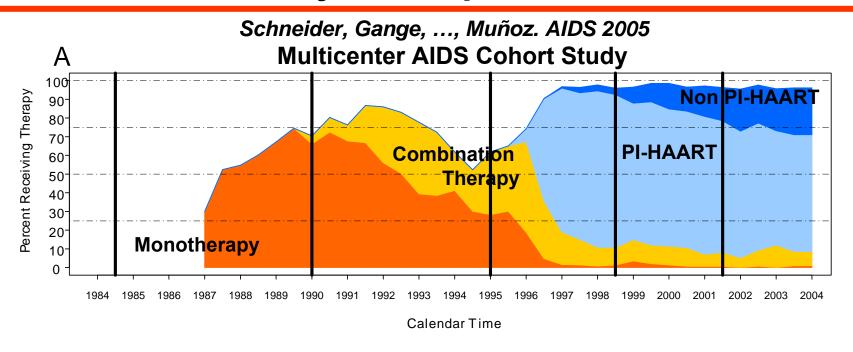
^{*} Based on November 2008 HAART definition

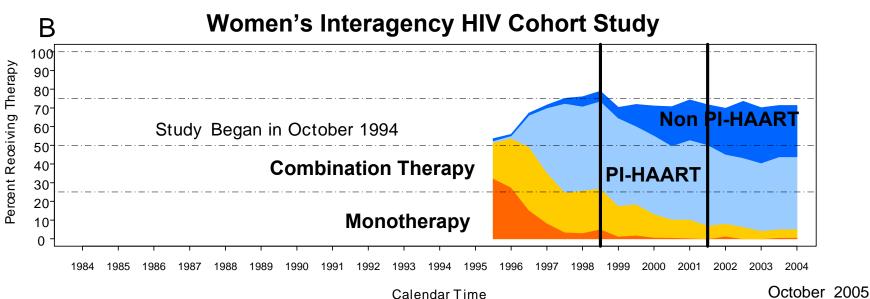
Use of Antiretroviral Therapy by Seropositive MACS Participants with Clinical AIDS



^{*} Based on November 2008 HAART definition

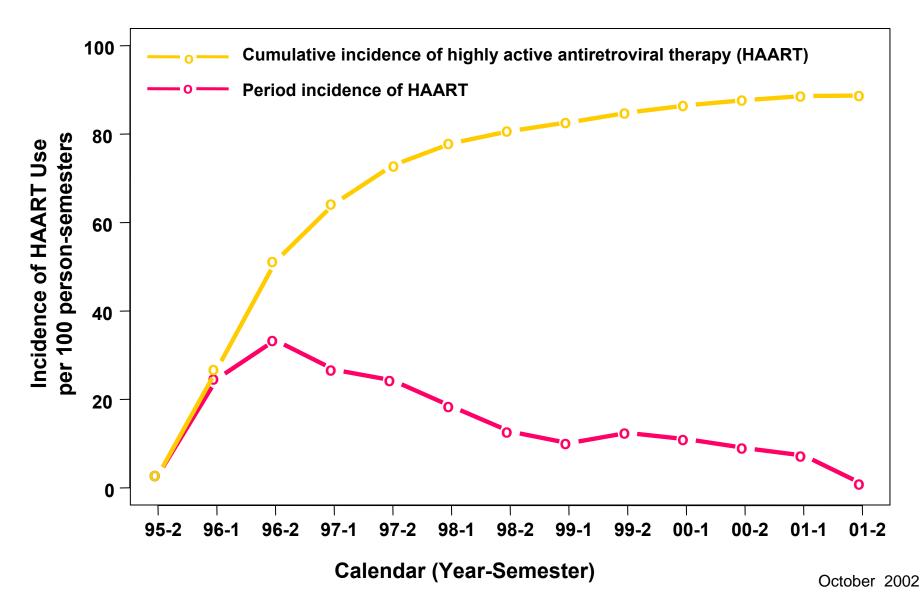
Use of ART by Participants with AIDS





HAART Use in the Multicenter AIDS Cohort Study

Jacobson, Li, ..., Muñoz - Am J Epidemiol 2002 [update]



Adherence to HIV-Antiretroviral Therapies

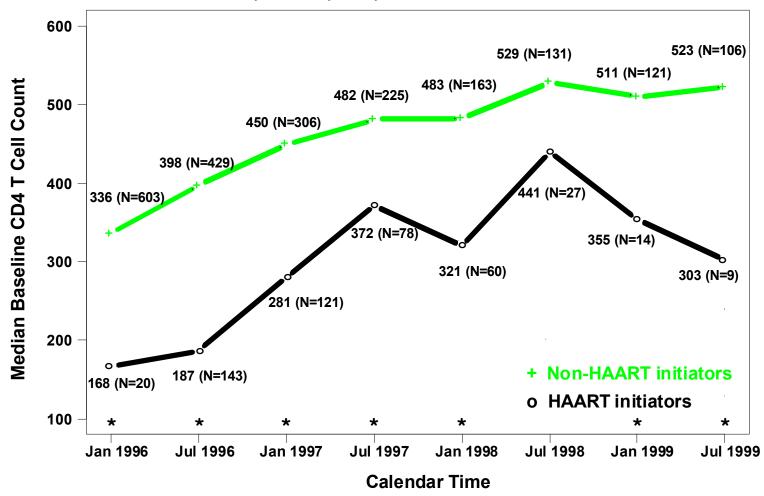
Kleeberger, Phair, . . ., Jacobson - JAIDS 2001

	% (N)	Percent with <50 HIV RNA copies/mL
100% Adherent	77.7 (419)	48.2
<100% Adherent	22.3 (120)	33.7*

*p=0.01

CD4 Cell Count in HAART Initiation and Non-Initiation

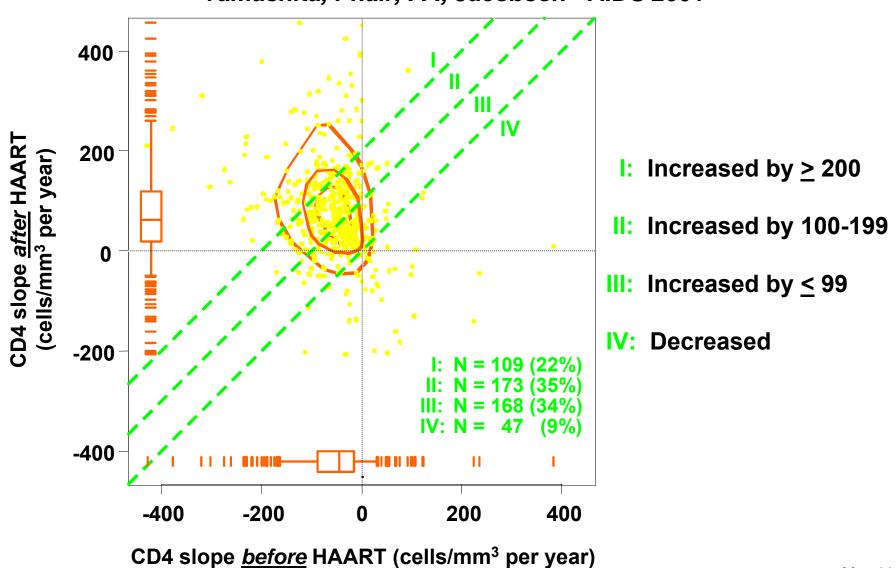
Yamashita, Phair, . . ., Jacobson - AIDS 2001



^{*} significant difference between HAART initiators and non-initiators (p<0.05)

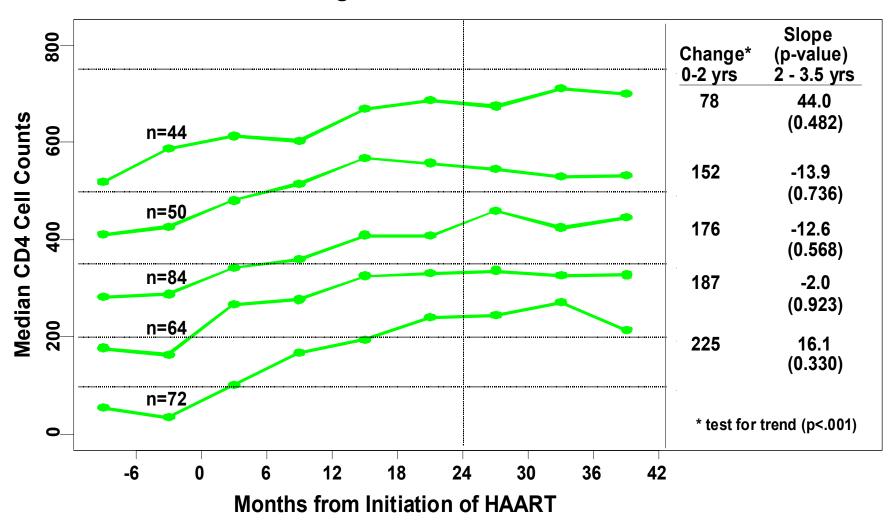
Comparison of CD4 Slope Before and After HAART Use





Trajectories of Median CD4 Cell Counts over 3.5 Years after Initiation of HAART

Tarwater, Margolick, . . ., Muñoz - JAIDS 2001



Individual Variation of CD4 T-Cell Trajectory among HIV+ on Long Term HAART

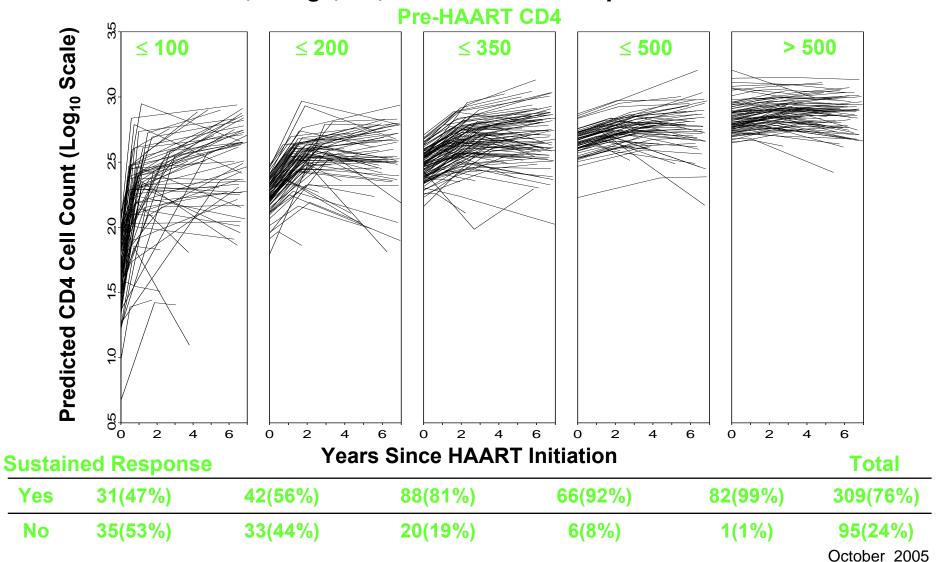
Chu, Gange, ..., Jacobson - Am J Epidemiol 2005

Pre-HAART CD4 ≤ 350 **≤ 500** > 500 **≤ 100 ≤ 200** CD4 Cell Count (Log₁₀ Scale) **Years Since HAART Initiation**

October 2005

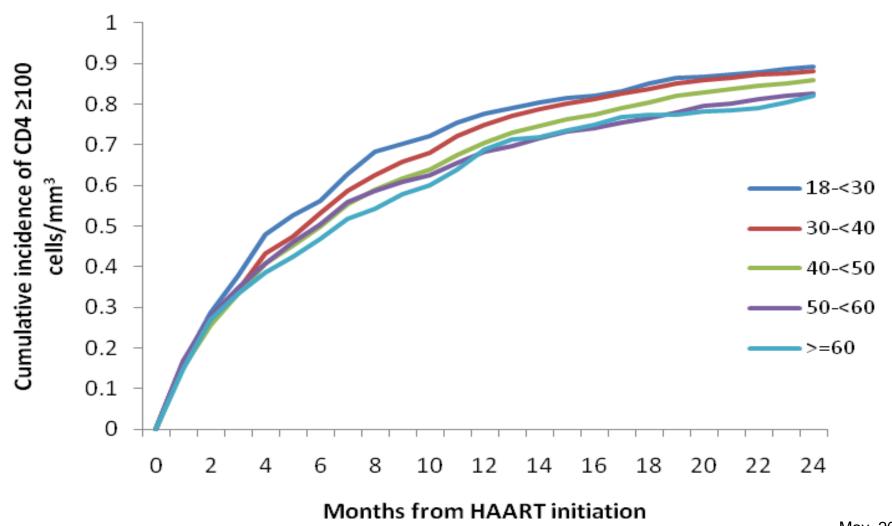
Individual Variation of CD4 T-Cell Trajectory among HIV+ on Long Term HAART

Chu, Gange, ..., Jacobson - Am J Epidemiol 2005



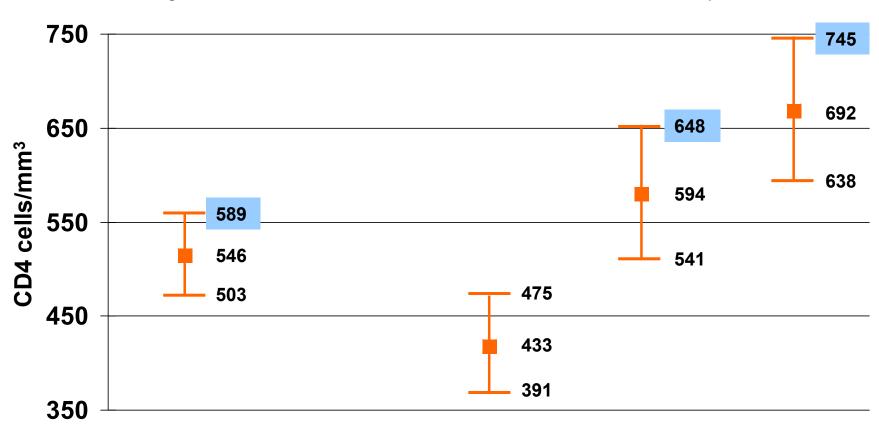
Overall Cumulative Incidence of an Increase in CD4 Cells of ≥100 cells/mm³ in the First Two Years after HAART Initiation, by Age Group and Initial HAART Regimen Class

Althoff, Justice, ..., Gebo. AIDS 2010



CD4 Cell Count 5-10 Years After HAART Initiation

Li, Margolick, ..., Jacobson. J Acquir Immune Defic Syndr 2011

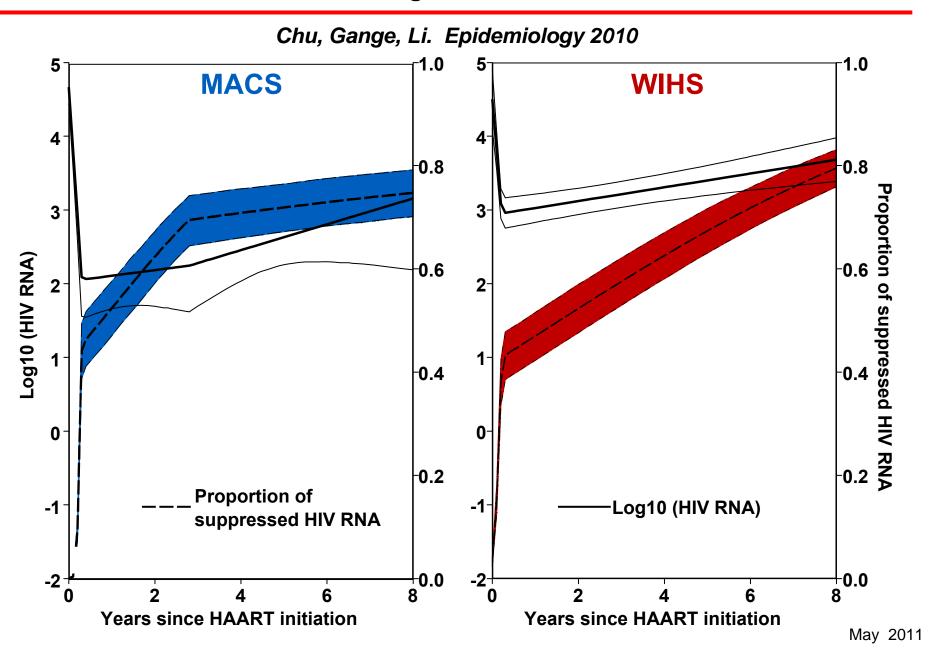


Pre-HAART

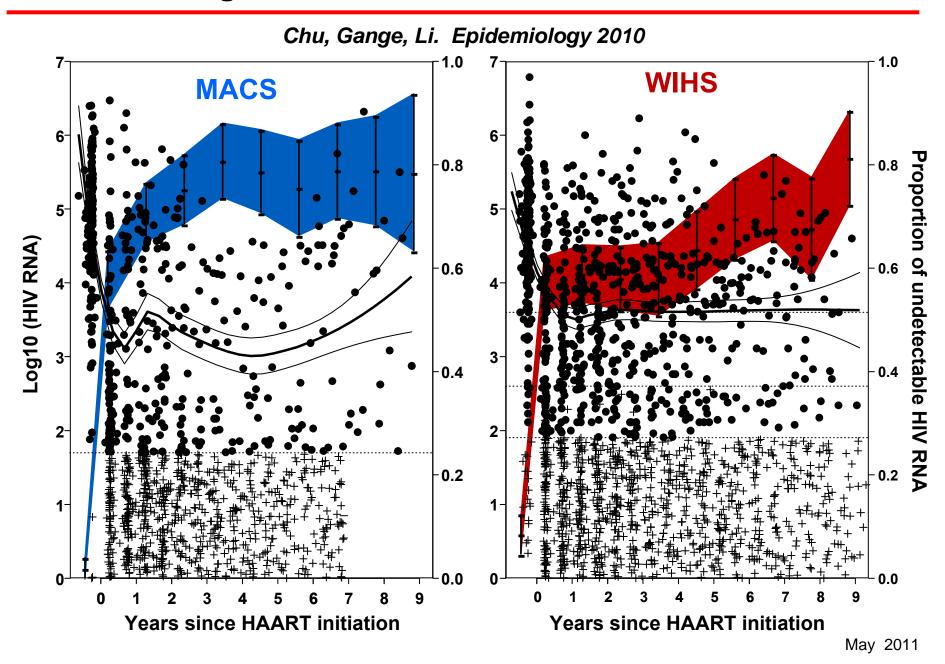
CD4 cells: <350 <350 350-499 >500

Age: <35 years >50 years

Mixture Model of Predicted HIV Viral Load Trajectory among HIV Positive on Long Term HAART

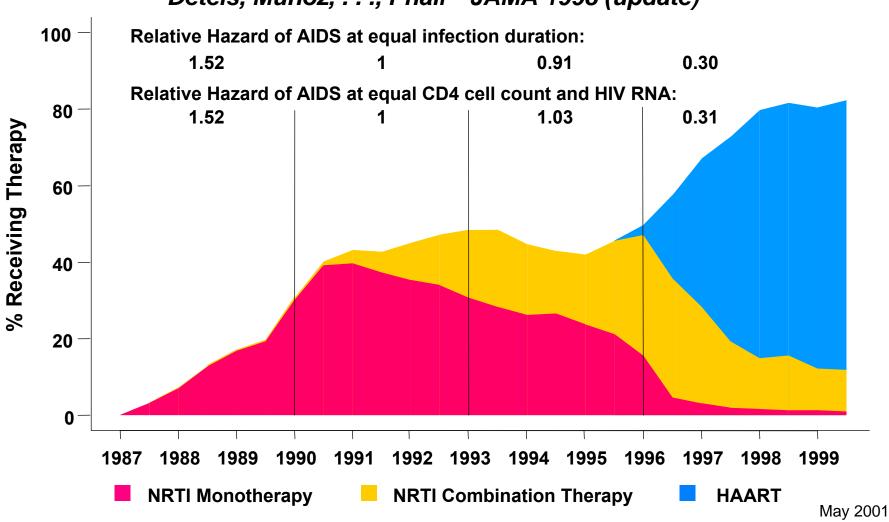


Longitudinal Measurement of HIV RNA



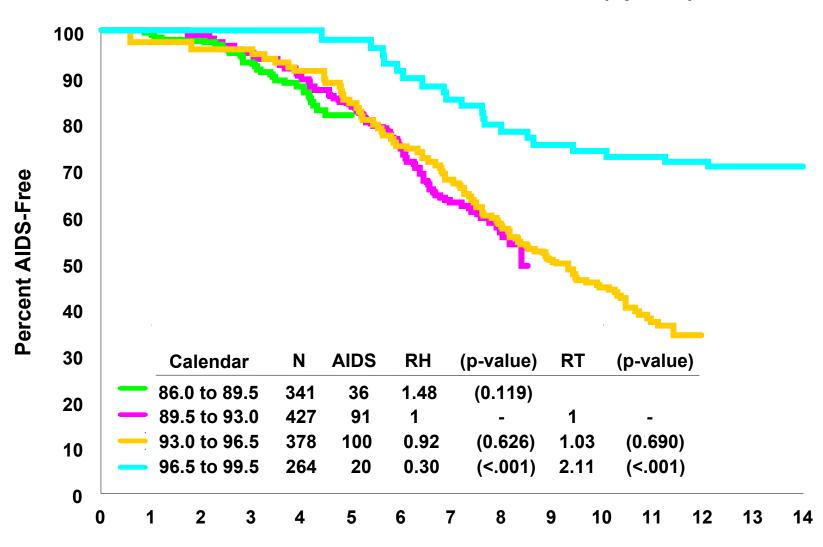
Use of Antiretroviral Therapy and Effectiveness at the Population Level

Tarwater, Mellors, . . ., Muñoz - AJE 2001 Detels, Muñoz, . . ., Phair - JAMA 1998 (update)

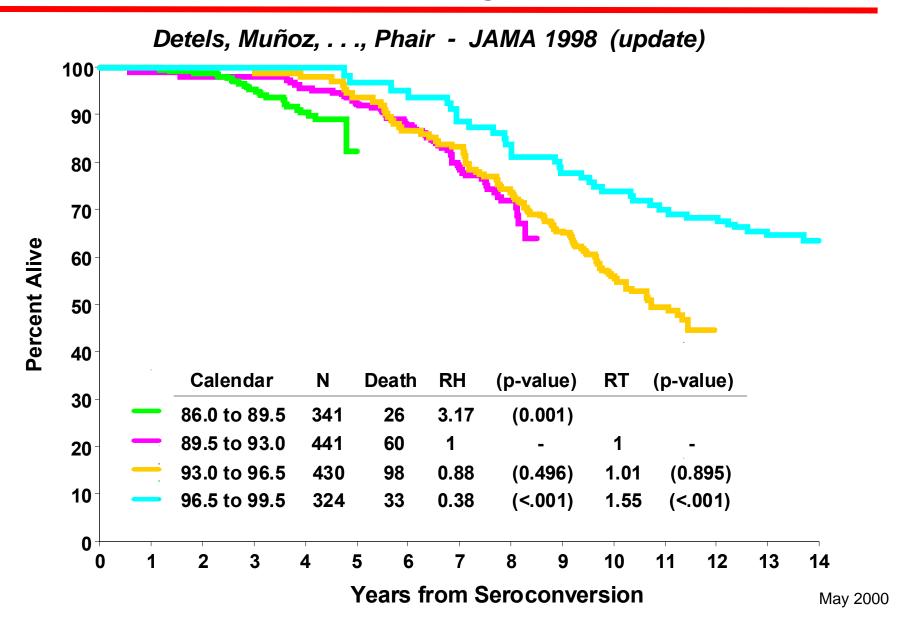


AIDS-Free Time by Calendar

Detels, Muñoz, . . ., Phair - JAMA 1998 (update)

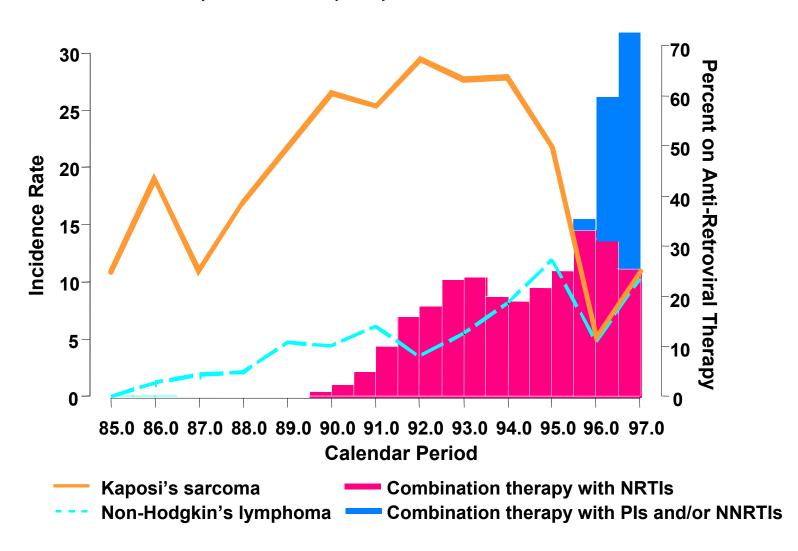


Survival Time by Calendar



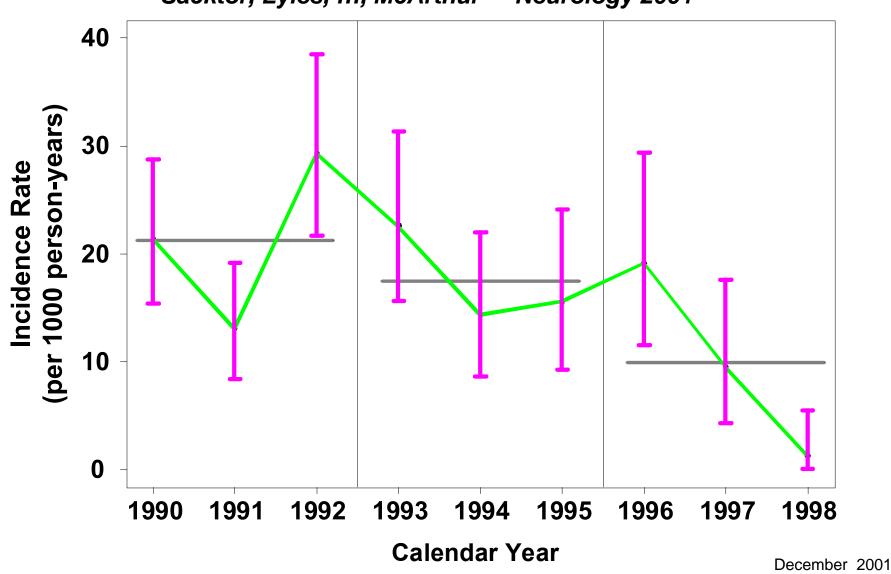
Lymphoma and Kaposi's Sarcoma Incidence per 1000 Seropositive Person Years (1/98)

Jacobson, Yamashita, . . ., Muñoz - JAIDS 1999

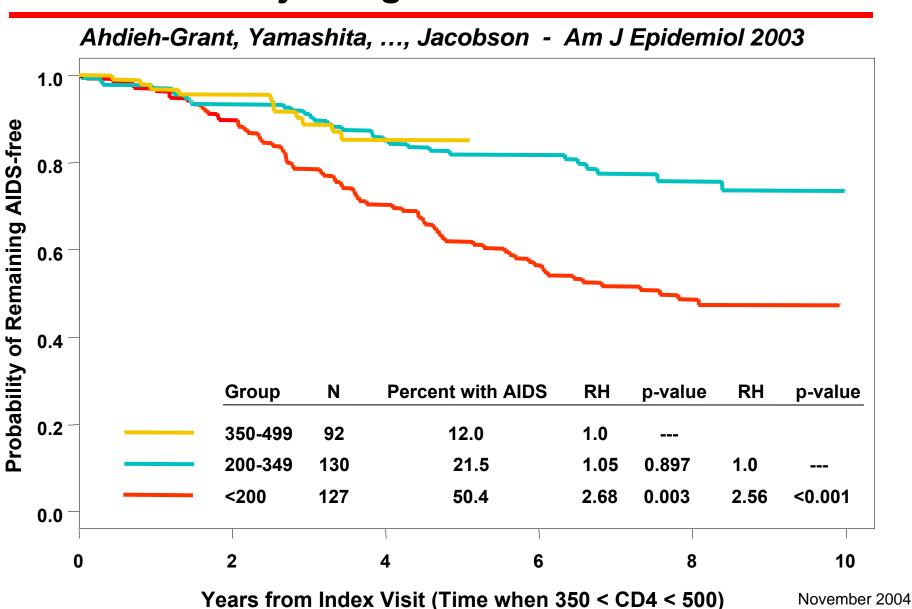


Incidence of HIV Dementia in the Multicenter AIDS Cohort Study

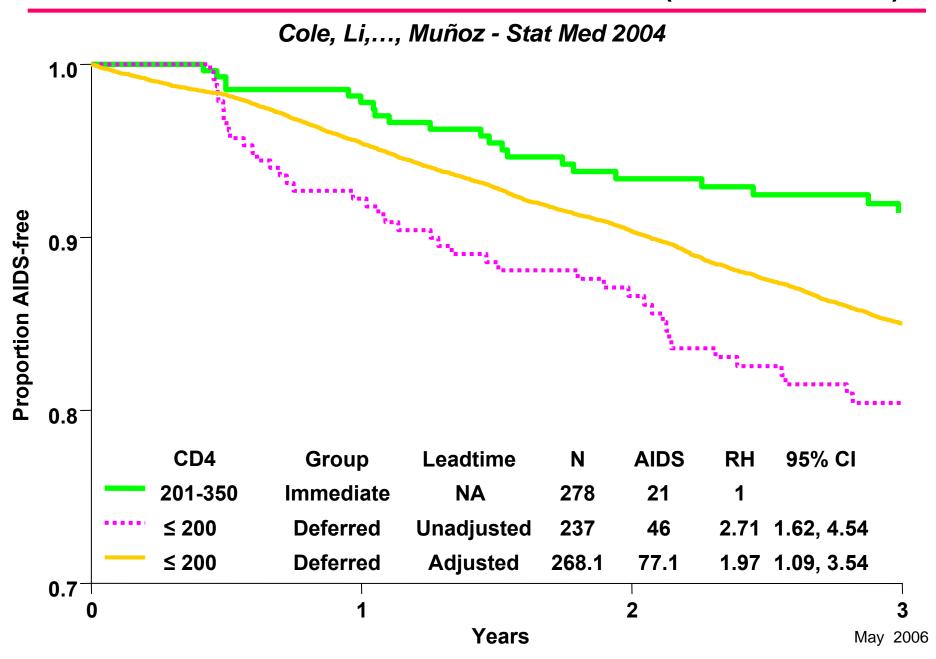
Sacktor, Lyles, ..., McArthur - Neurology 2001



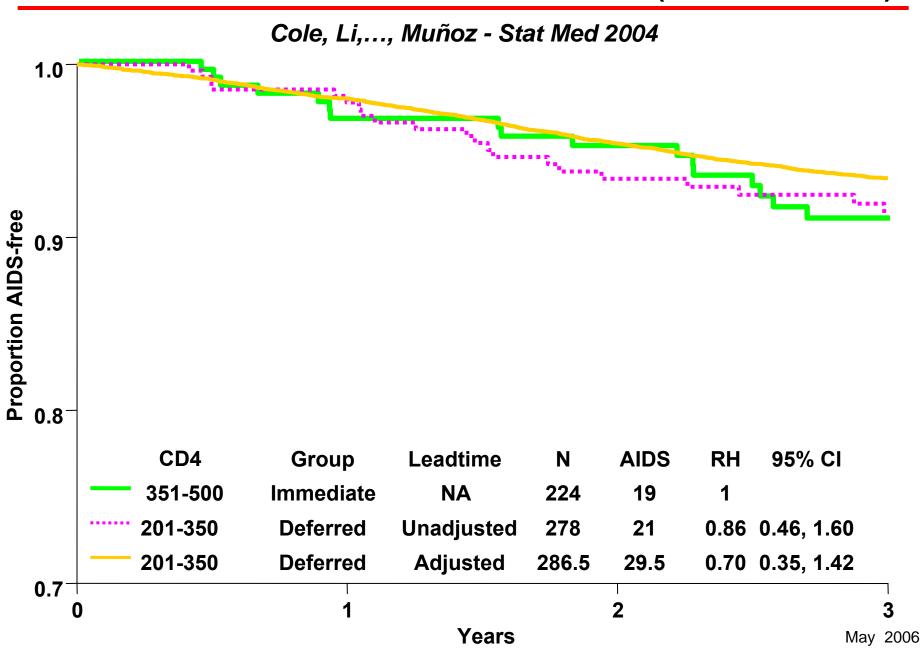
Time to AIDS by CD4 Cell Count at Time of Treatment Adjusting for Individual Lead Time



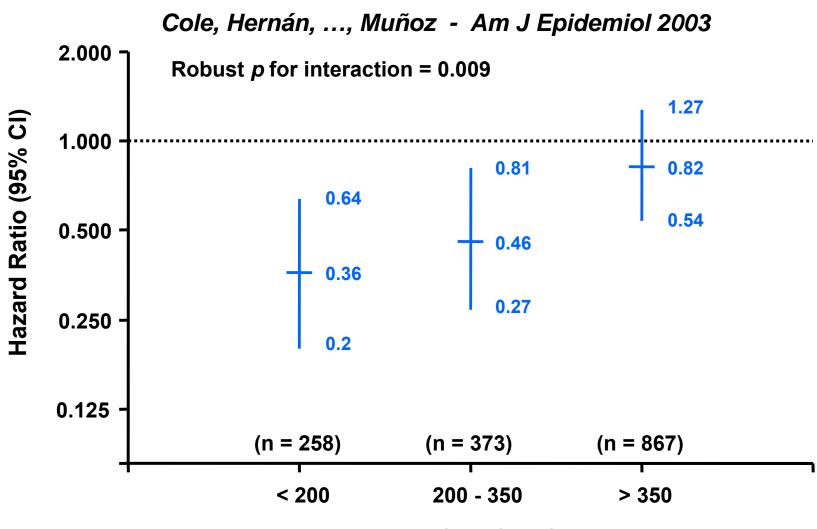
Percent AIDS-free after HAART Initiation (MACS & WIHS)



Percent AIDS-free after HAART Initiation (MACS & WIHS)

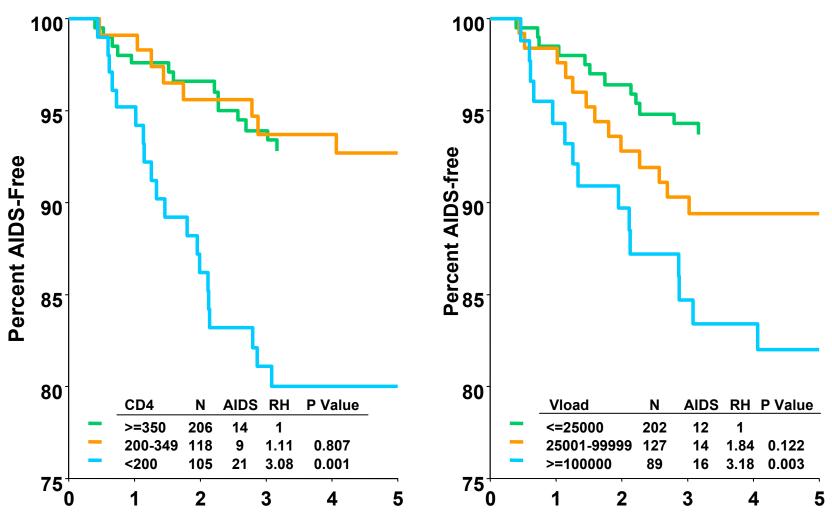


Individual Effect of HAART on AIDS or Death

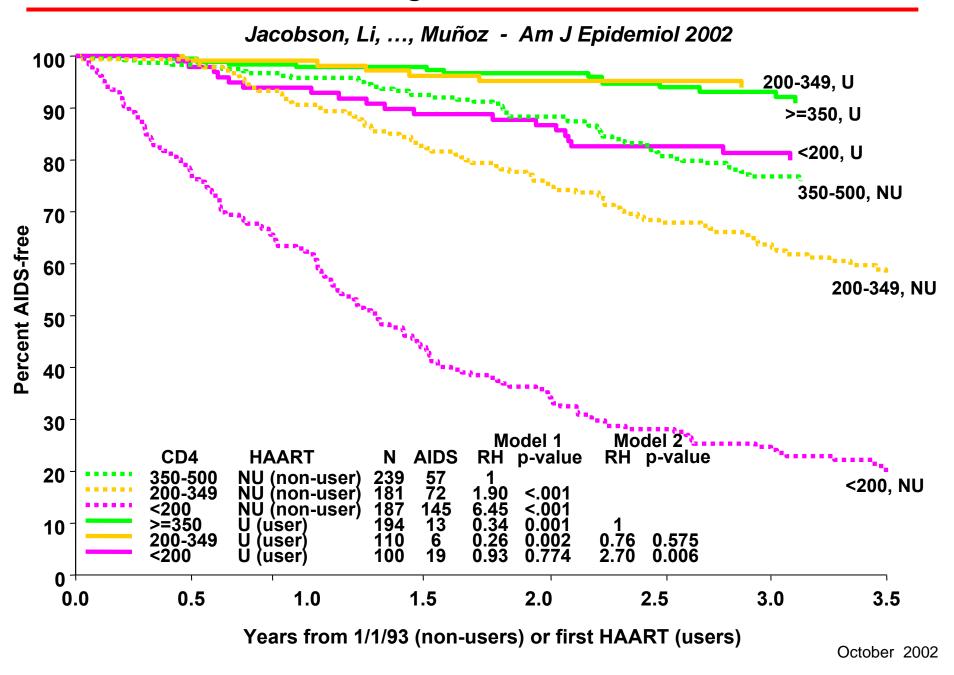


Percent AIDS Free among HAART Users by CD4 T-cell Count and HIV RNA

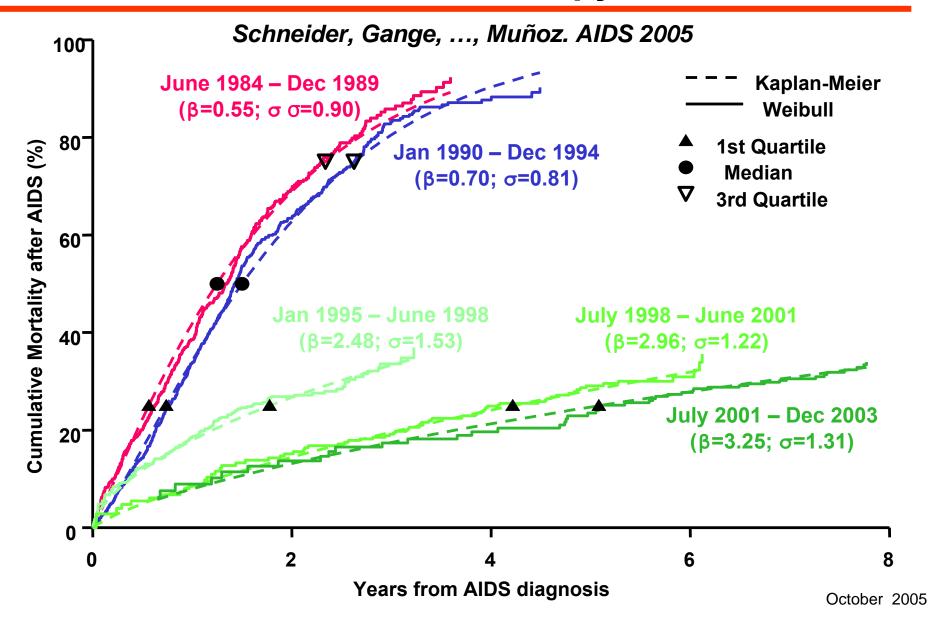
Jacobson, Li, ..., Muñoz - Am J Epidemiol 2002 [update]



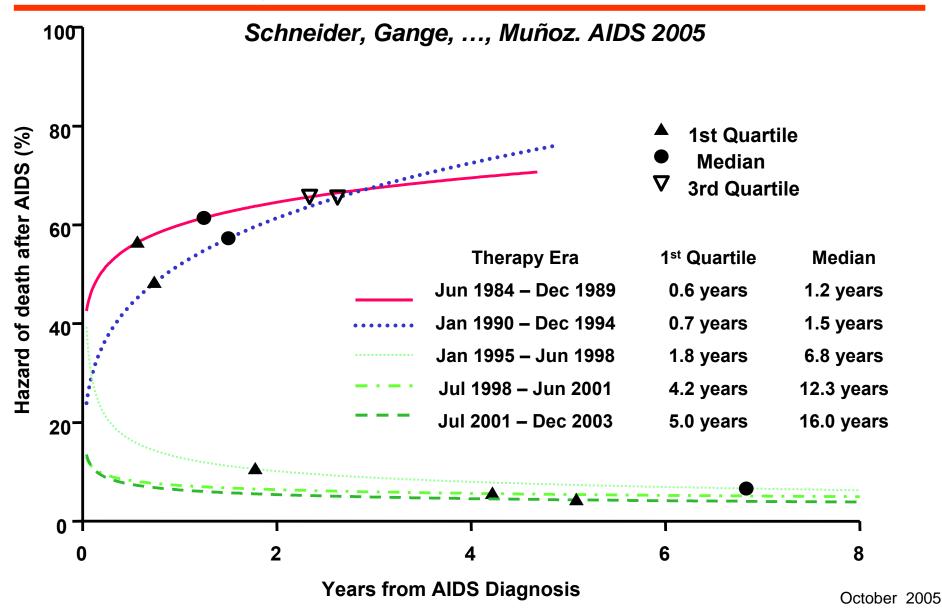
Percent AIDS Free According to HAART Use and CD4 Tcell Count



Cumulative Mortality and Appropriateness of Weibull Model for Five Therapy Eras



Corresponding Hazards of Death after AIDS Diagnosis from Weibull Models



Risk of Death Associated with Deferral of Antiretroviral Therapy, According to CD4+ Count at Baseline, with Adjustment for HIV RNA Level, Age, and Sex*

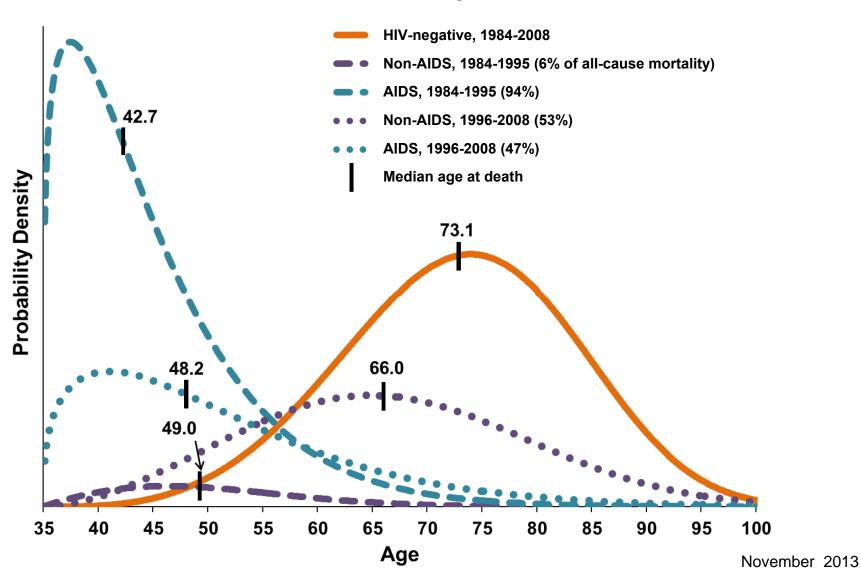
Kitahata, Gange, ..., Moore. N Engl J Med 2009

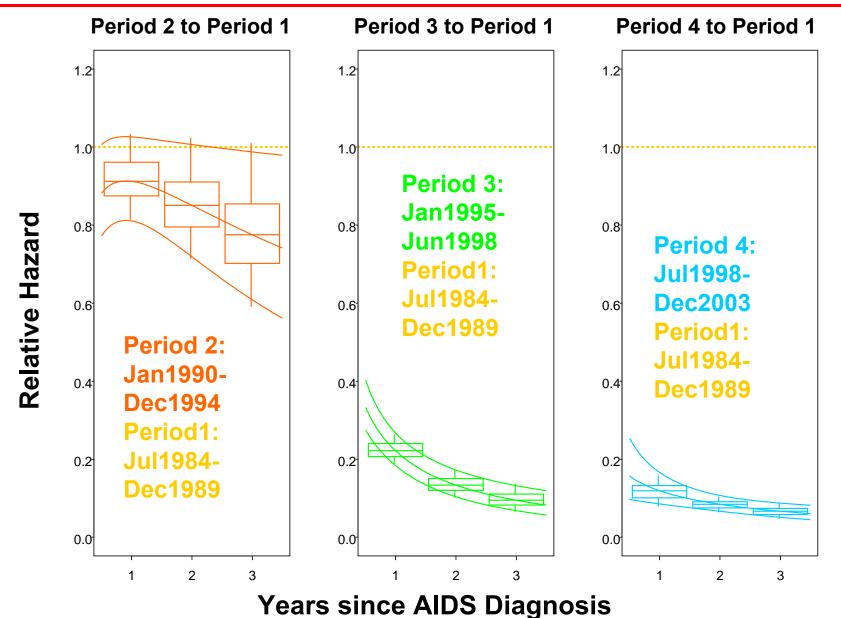
	351 - 500 CD4+ Count		> 500 CD4+ Count	
Variable	Relative Risk (95% CI)	P Value	Relative Risk (95% CI)	P Value
Without inclusion of HIV RNA data				
Deferral of antiretrovial therapy	1.69 (1.26-2.26)	<0.001	1.94 (1.37-2.79)	<0.001
Female sex	1.21 (0.89-1.64)	0.24	1.85 (1.33-2.59)	<0.001
Older age (per 10-yr increment)	1.68 (1.48-1.91)	<0.001	1.83 (1.62-2.06)	<0.001
Baseline CD4+ count (per 100 cells/mm³)	1.13 (0.72-1.78)	0.59	0.93 (0.87-0.99)	0.03
With inclusion of HIV RNA data				
Deferral of antiretrovial therapy	1.63 (1.21-2.19)	0.002	1.85 (1.20-2.86)	0.006
Female sex	1.47 (1.02-2.12)	0.04	1.35 (0.85-2.15)	0.20
Older age (per 10-yr increment)	1.89 (1.69-2.11)	<0.001	1.81 (1.58-2.07)	<0.001
Baseline CD4+ count (per 100 cells/mm³)	0.74 (0.55-1.00)	0.06	0.97 (0.89-1.05)	0.45
Baseline HIV RNA level (per log ₁₀ copies/ml)	1.11 (0.96-1.28)	0.15	1.13 (0.96-1.33)	0.14

^{*} The CD4+ count was measured in cells per cubic millimeter. Results were calculated with the use of Cox regression analyses with inverse probability-of-censoring weights.

Estimated Cause-Specific Mortality after 35 Years of Age by HAART Era in the MACS, 1984-2008

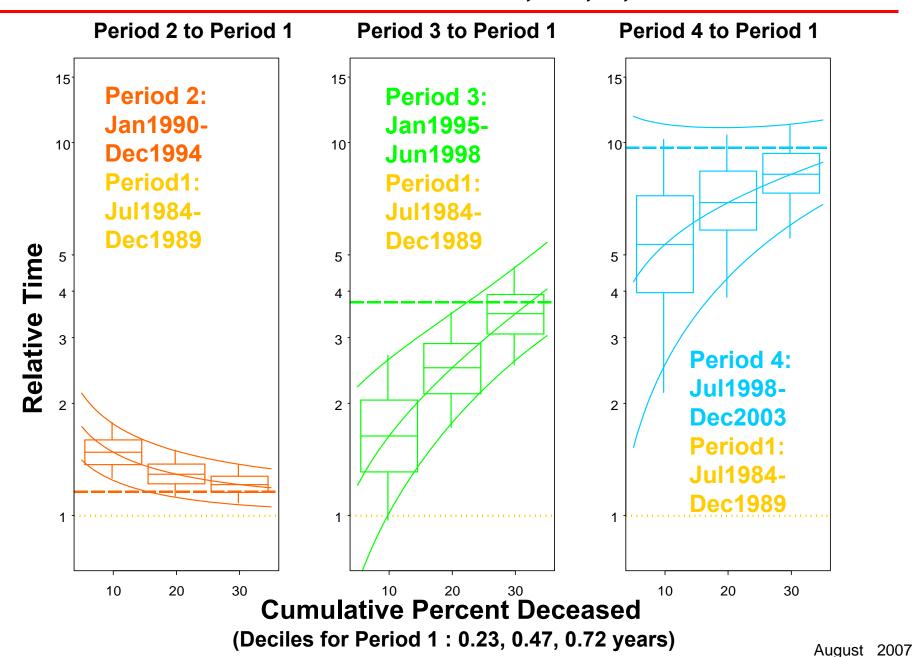
Wada, Jacobson, ..., Muñoz - Am J Epidemiol 2013;177:116-25





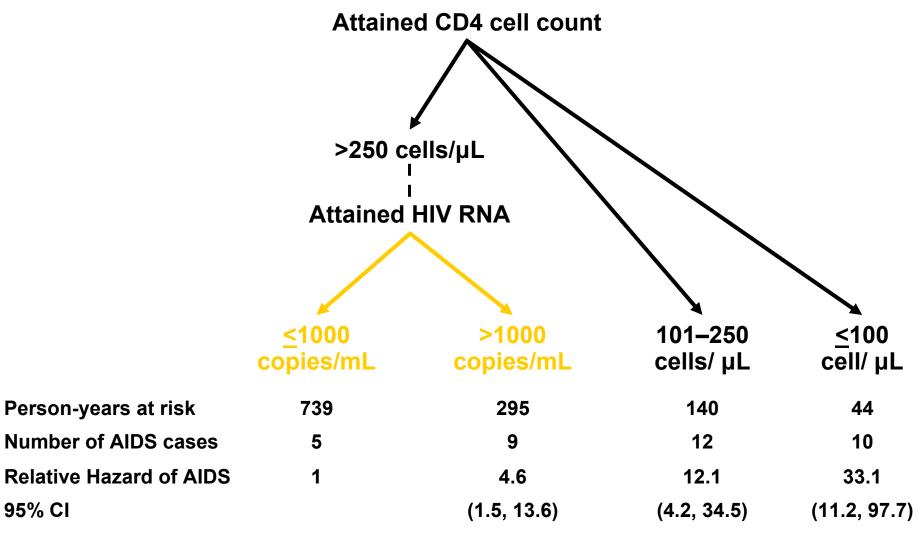
(Hazard at 1, 2, 3 years for Period 1: 0.59, 0.71, 0.82)

August 2007



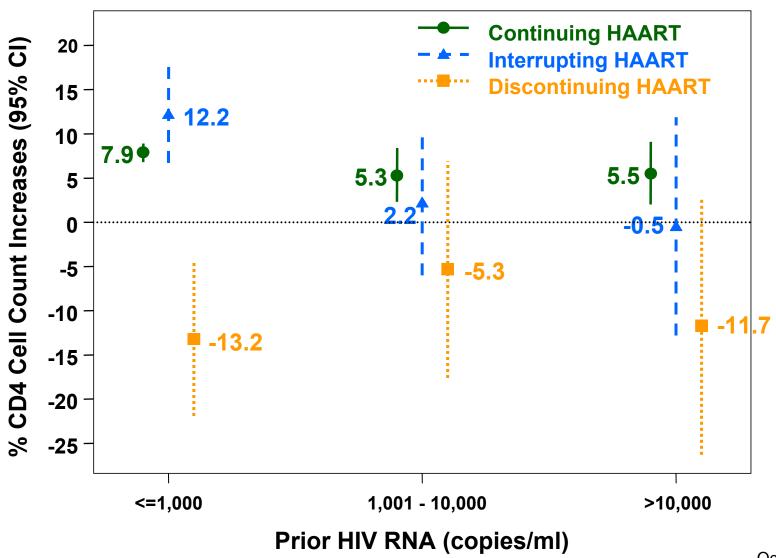
Prognostic Value of the CD4 Cell Count and HIV RNA attained by HAART-Treated Individuals

Tarwater, Gallant, ... Muñoz. AIDS, 2004



Effect of Interrupting and Discontinuing HAART on % CD4 Cell Count Increases in 6 months According to Prior HIV RNA Level

Li, Margolick, ..., Jacobson - JAIDS 2005



Risk of AIDS or Death by CD4 Cell Count while Plasma Viral Load was <50 HIV RNA copies/mL

Taiwo, Li, ..., Phair. HIV Med 2009

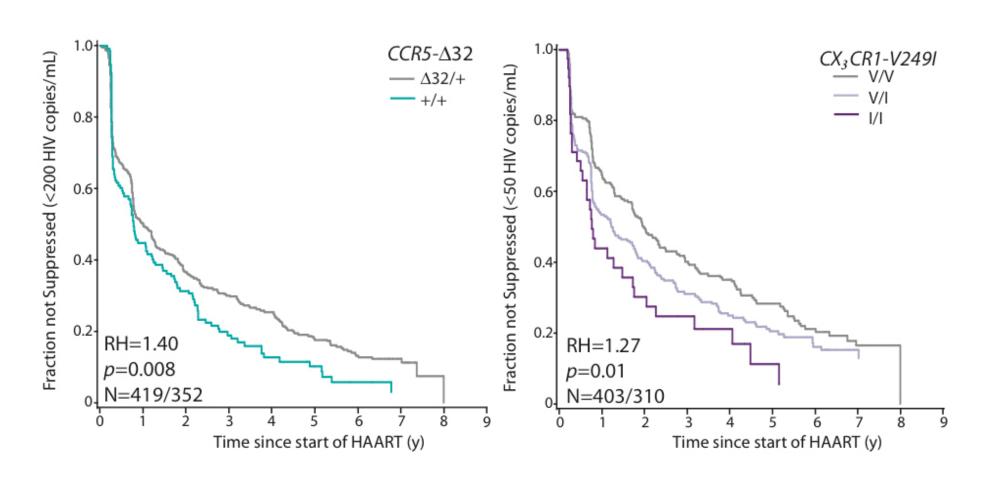
Hazard ratio (95% CI)

CD4 cell count	AIDS* (P value)	Death* (P value)	AIDS or Death* (P value)
≤ 200 cells/µL	5.96 (0.40, 87.8) (0.194)	22.8 (1.89, 275) (0.014)	10.7 (1.65, 70.0) (0.013)
201-350 cells/μL	5.44 (0.47, 63.4) (0.176)	10.8 (0.92, 127) (0.059)	8.54 (1.54, 47.2) (0.014)

^{*} Compared to having CD4 cell count > 350 cells/μL while plasma viral load was <50 copies/m:

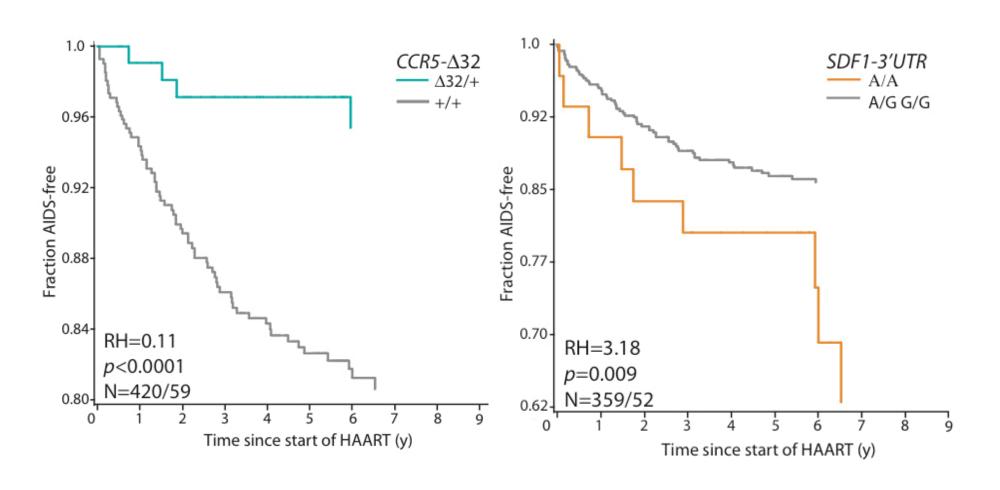
Time to Viral Suppression Following HAART According to Selected Genotypings

Hendrickson, Jacobson, . . ., O'Brien - JAIDS 2008



Time to AIDS Following HAART According to Selected Genotypings

Hendrickson, Jacobson, . . ., O'Brien - JAIDS 2008

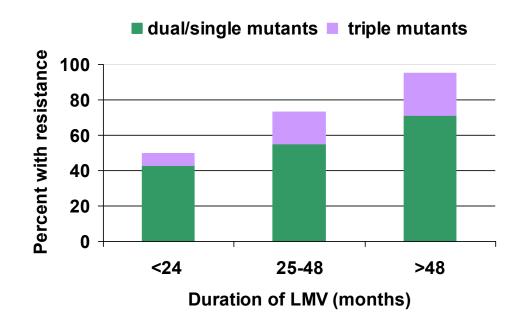


Lamivudine (LMV) Resistance in HIV-HBV Coinfected Cohort

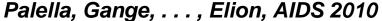
Matthews, Bartholomeusz, ..., Thio. AIDS 2006

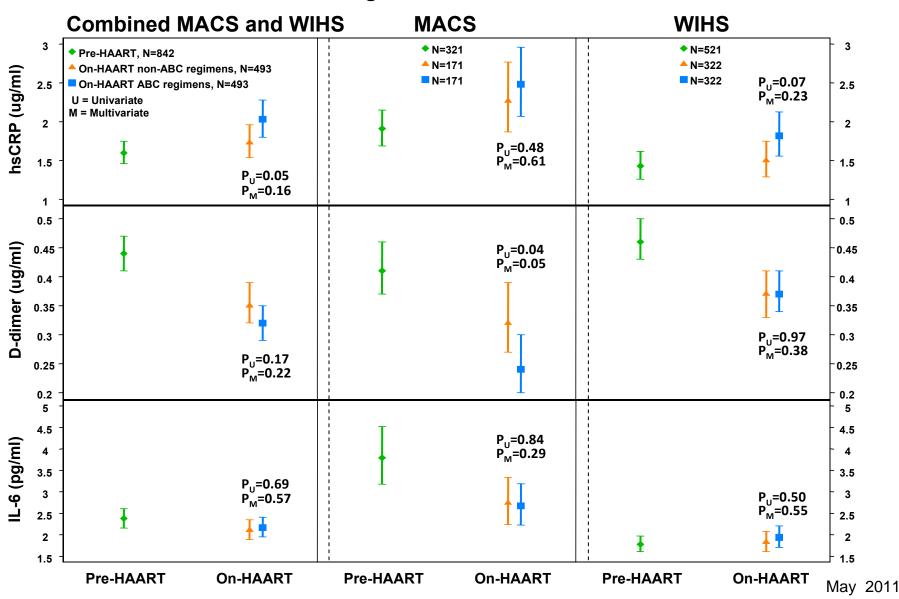
Sequenced Pol in 53 viremic persons > 6 mos LMV

- > 39 (74%) LMV-R HBV
- After 4 yrs, 94% with LMV-R HBV
- Factors associated with developing resistance
 - Longer LMV, HAART
 - Higher CD4 count at time of resistance testing
- ▶ 9 (17%) with triple mutant
 - 2x the prevalence of monoinfected persons



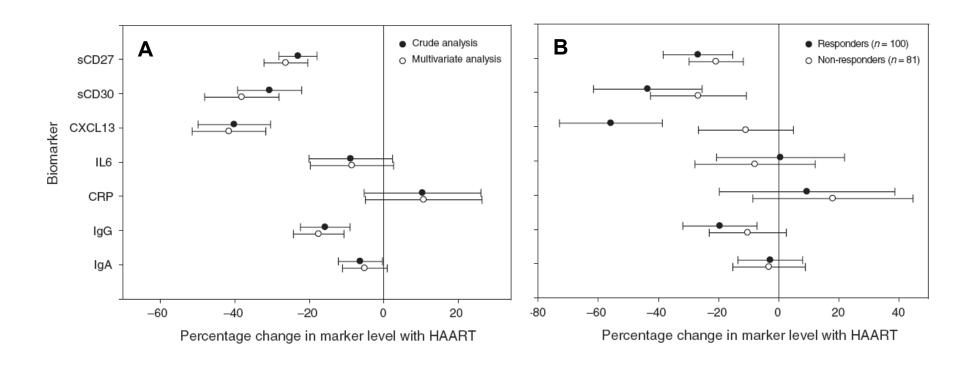
Pre- and On-HAART Biomarker Geometric Means and 95% Confidence Intervals Overall and Stratified by Cohort





Effect of HAART on Biomarkers of Inflammation and Immune Activation

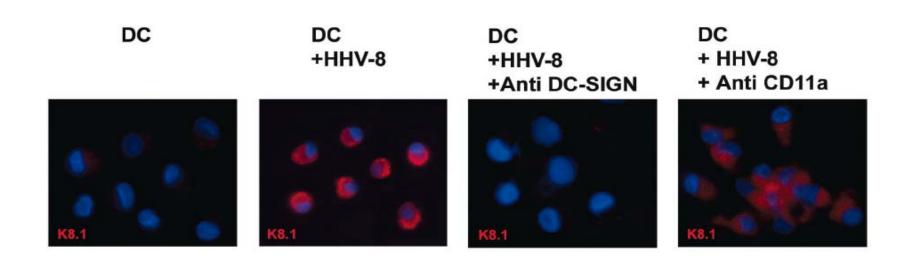
Regidor, Detels, . . . , Martinez-Maza. AIDS 2011



a) Total population; ; b) Stratified by viral load response (<50 copies within 1.5 years after HAART initiation and sustained 1.5 – 3 years post HAART, if measurement was available)

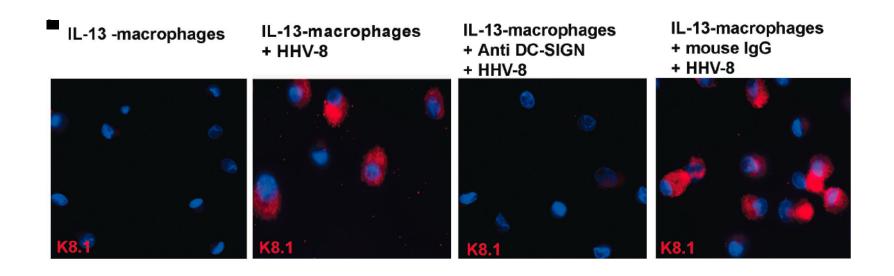
Infection of Dendritic Cells with HHV-8 is Blocked by anti-DC-SIGN mAb

Rappocciolo, Jenkins, ..., Rinaldo. J Immunol 2006



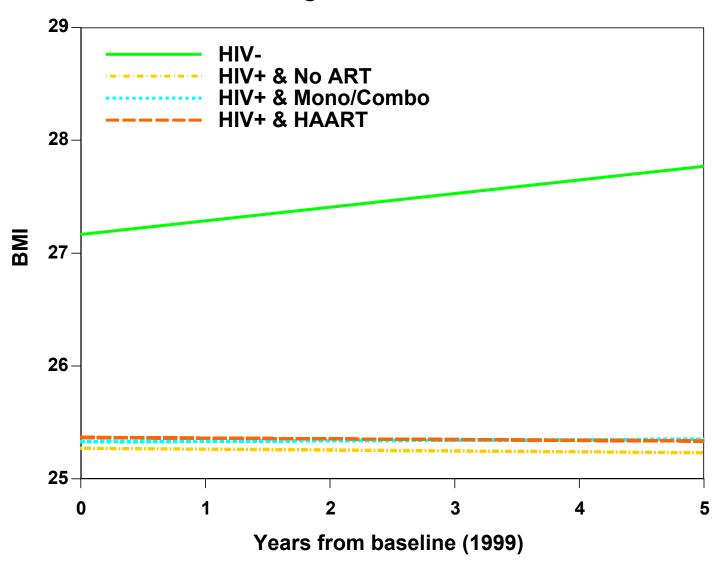
Infection of Macrophages with HHV-8 is Blocked by anti-DC-SIGN mAb

Rappocciolo, Jenkins, ..., Rinaldo. J Immunol 2006



Annual Mean Change over a 4-year Interval in BMI in 4 Groups

Brown, Wang, ..., Dobs. JAIDS 2006

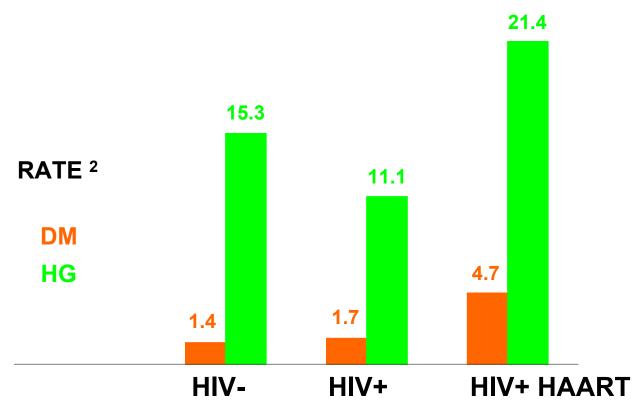


May 2007

Diabetes Mellitus and Hyperglycemia

Brown, Cole, ..., Dobs - Arch Intern Med 2005





¹ Adjusted for age and BMI

² Rate per 100 person-years

Mean Change in Blood Lipids Over Time for 50 Seroconverters Who Initiate HAART

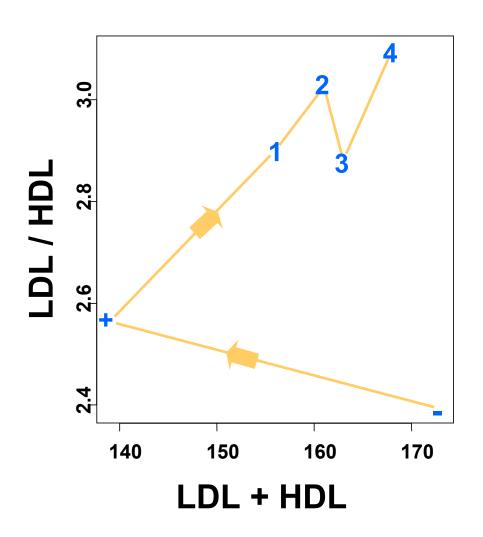
Riddler, Smit, ..., Kingsley - JAMA 2003

Mean change from Pre-Seroconversion Values (95% CI)

Lipids, mg/dL:	Pre- seroconversion (n=50)	Last Visit before HAART (n=50)	1 st Visit after HAART (n=49)	2 nd Visit after HAART (n=49)	3 rd Visit after HAART (n=43)	4 th Visit after HAART (n=38)
	201	-30	4	9	20	18
Total cholesterol	(179, 222)	(-52, -9)	(-17, 25)	(-16, 34)	(-1, 41)	(-7, 42)
	51	-12	-11	-11	-9	-10
HDL-C	(46, 57)	(-19, -6)	(-16, -6)	(-16, -6)	(-16, -2)	(-16, -3)
	122	-22	-6	-1	-1	5
LDL-C	(102, 143)	(-45, 1)	(-29, 17)	(-24, 22)	(-25, 22)	(-20, 30)

Serum Lipids in HIV Seroconverters Who Initiated HAART

Riddler, Smit, ..., Kingsley - JAMA 2003



N	TC	LDL	HDL
- (50)	201	122	51
+ (50)	171	100	39
1 (49)	205	116	40
<mark>2</mark> (49)	210	121	40
3 (43)	221	121	42
4 (38)	219	127	41

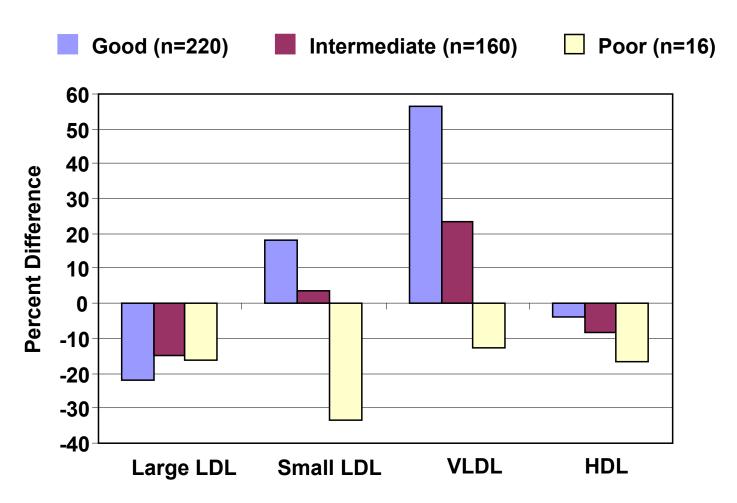
TC - total cholesterol

LDL - low density lipids

HDL - high density lipids

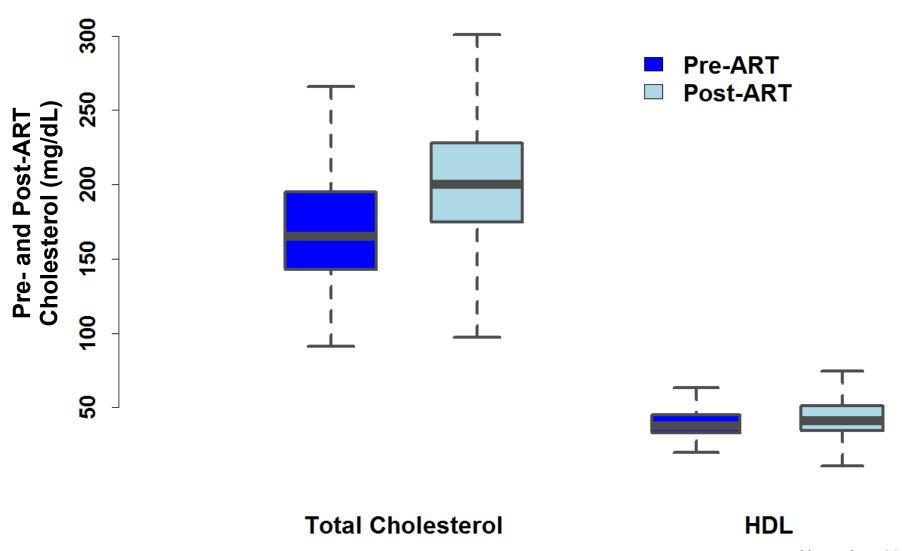
Percent Difference in Lipoprotein Concentrations Among HAART Treated According to Clinical Status, Compared to Uninfected

Riddler, Li, . . ., Sharrett - JAIDS 2008



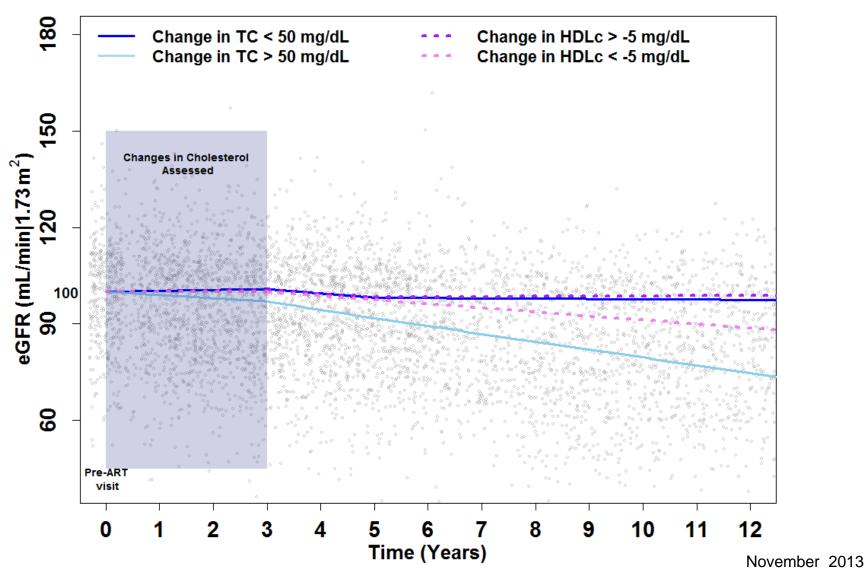
Distribution of Total Cholesterol and High-Density Lipid Levels in HIV-Infected Men

Abraham, Li, ..., Phair - AIDS Res Hum Retroviruses 2013;29:1346-52



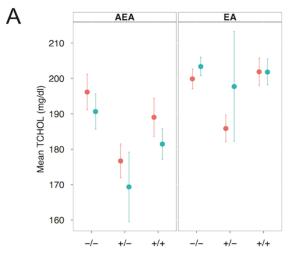
Estimated GFR after cART Initiation According to Total Cholesterol Change

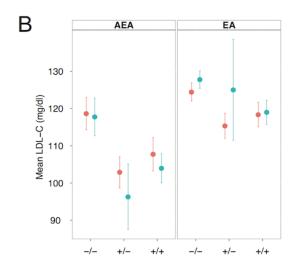
Abraham, Li, ..., Phair - AIDS Res Hum Retroviruses 2013;29:1346-52

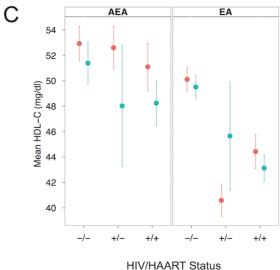


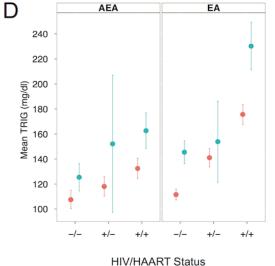
Mean Serum Lipids Vary by Biogeographical Ancestry and HIV/HAART Status

Nicholaou, Martinson, ..., Kingsley - AIDS Res Hum Retroviruses 2013;29:871-9









A: Mean total cholesterol (TCHOL) by HIV/HAART status (-/- = HIV negative; +/- = HIV/HAART naïve, +/+ = HIV/HAART).

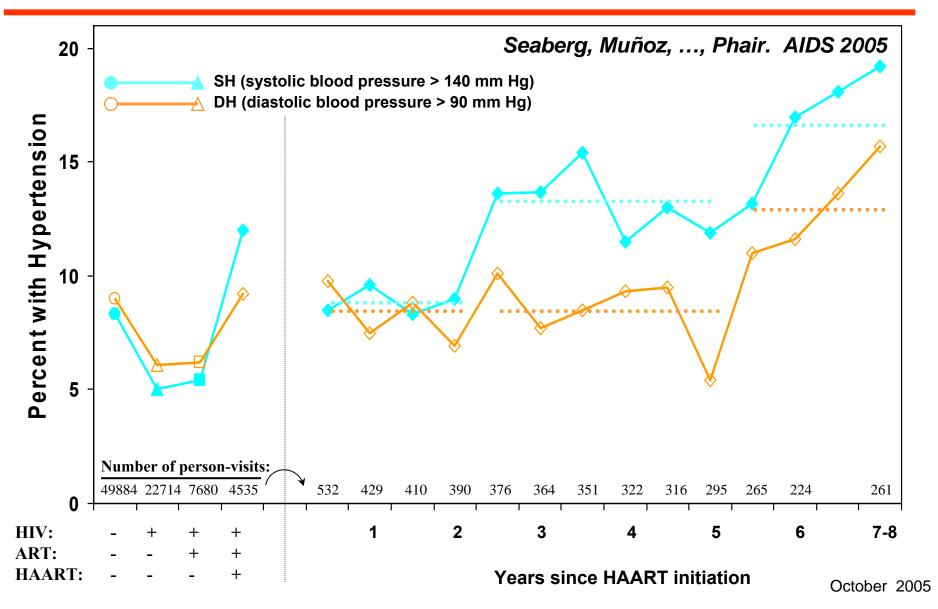
B: Mean low density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C).

C: Mean high-density lipoprotein cholesterol (HDL-C).

D: Mean triglyceride (TRIG).

AEA = African/European ancestry population; EA = European ancestral populations. Raw calculated means are shown in blue and adjusted means are shown in red. Bars indicate 95% confidence intervals of the mean.

Prevalence of Systolic Hypertension (SH) and Diastolic Hypertension (DH) by HIV Sero-status and Therapy, and Relative to the Time of HAART Initiation

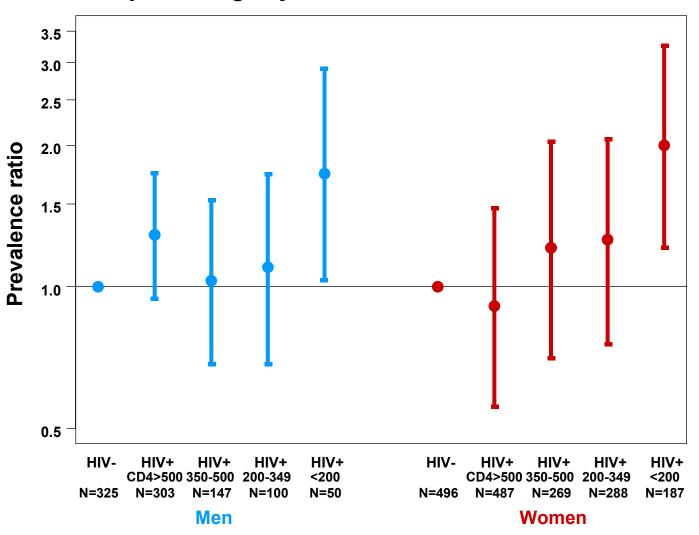


Multiple Regression Analyses: Systolic Hypertension and Diastolic Hypertension

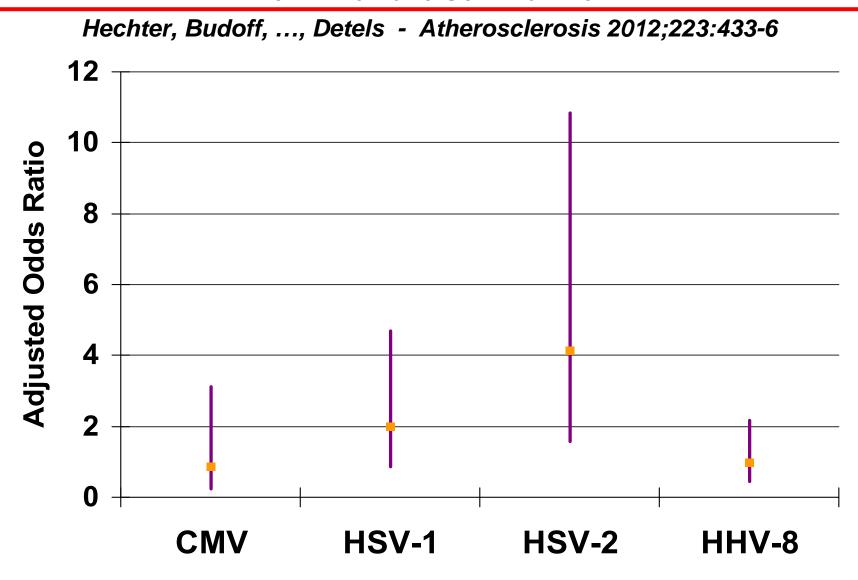
Seaberg, Muñoz,, Phair. AIDS 2005	Systolic Hypertension		Diastolic Hypertension	
Characteristics	OR	95% CI	OR	95% CI
Age (years)				
<30 30-39 40-49 <u>></u> 50	1 1.21 1.69 3.23	1.06, 1.37 1.46, 1.96 2.73, 3.82	1 1.67 2.36 3.05	1.47, 1.90 2.05, 2.73 2.58, 3.62
Race/ethinicity				
Caucasian African-American All others	1 1.42 0.90	1.16, 1.72 0.68, 1.18	1 1.67 1.01	1.40, 1.99 0.79, 1.29
Body mass index (kg/m²)				
<20 20-24.9 25-29.9 ≥30	1 1.66 2.83 5.20	1.36, 2.01 2.31, 3.47 4.15, 6.51	1 1.46 2.46 4.43	1.23, 1.74 2.05, 2.96 3.62, 5.43
Cigarette Smoking history				
Never smoked Former smoker Current smoker	1 1.21 1.17	1.08, 1.35 1.03, 1.33	1 1.04 0.93	0.93, 1.15 0.82, 1.05
HIV / ART / HAART (years since	HAART initiation	on)		
 no no naive yes naive yes yes (<2 years) yes yes (2-5 years) yes yes (>5 years) discontinued HAART 	1 0.79 0.69 1.06 1.51 1.70	0.70, 0.89 0.59, 0.80 0.87, 1.30 1.25, 1.82 1.34, 2.16 0.91, 1.90	1 0.84 0.73 0.84 0.78 1.21 1.02	0.76, 0.94 0.63, 0.84 0.68, 1.03 0.63, 0.96 0.94, 1.56 0.69, 1.49

Association between CD4+ T-cell Count (cells/μℓ) and Prevalence of Carotid Lesions among Participants in Men (MACS) and Women (WIHS)

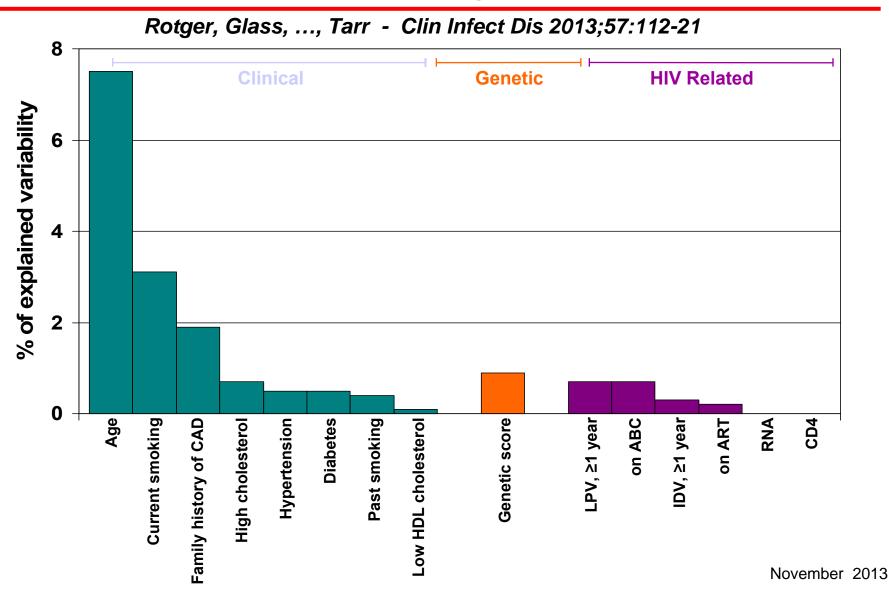
Kaplan, Kingsley, . . ., Hodis - AIDS 2008



Association of Subclinical Atherosclerosis with Presence of Plasma CMV DNA, and Antibodies to HSV-1, HSV-2 and HHV-8 in HIV-Infected Men Who have Sex with Men

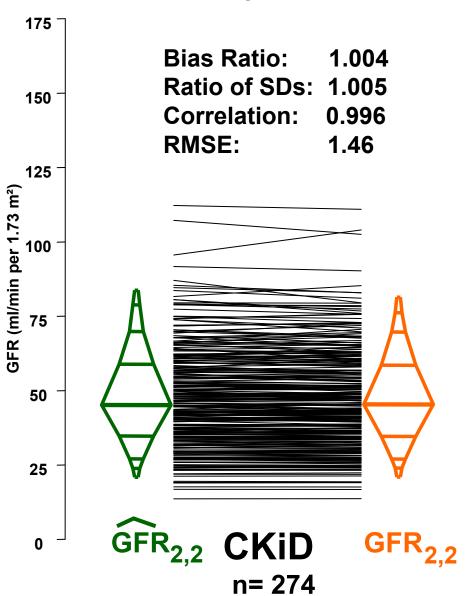


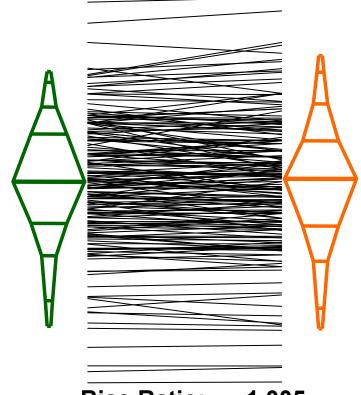
Coronary Artery Disease (CAD) Variability Explained by Traditional Risk Factors, HIV-Related Factors and Genetic Background



Agreement Between GFR and Observed GFR

Ng, Schwartz, ..., Muñoz. Kidney Int 2011





Bias Ratio: 1.005 Ratio of SDs: 0.987 Correlation: 0.980

RMSE: 4.59

GFR_{2,2} MACS

GFR_{2,2}

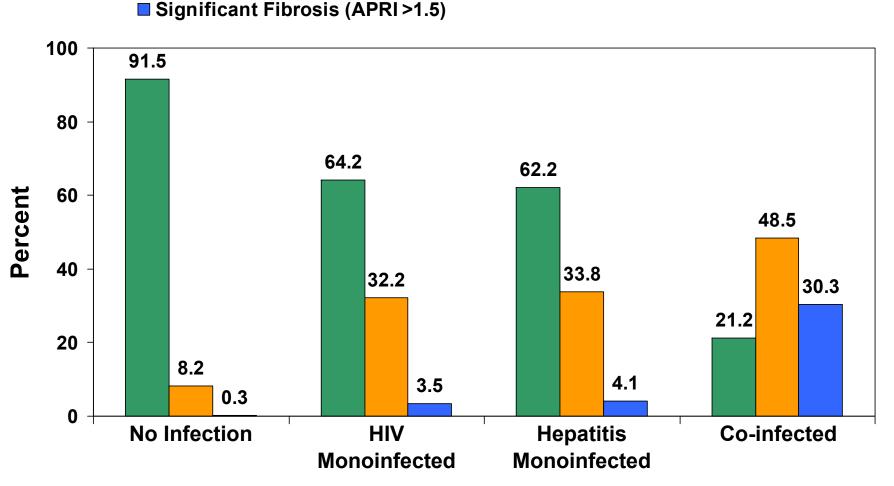
n= 177

May 2012

Categorization of Hepatic Fibrosis by HIV and Viral Hepatitis Disease Category

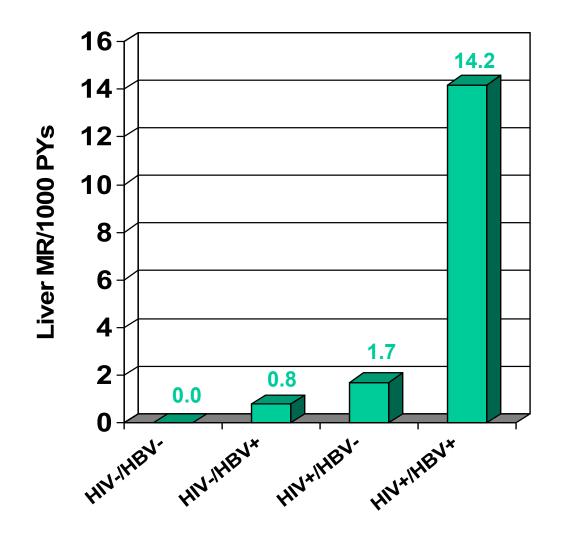
Price, Seaberg, ..., Thio. J Infect Dis 2012





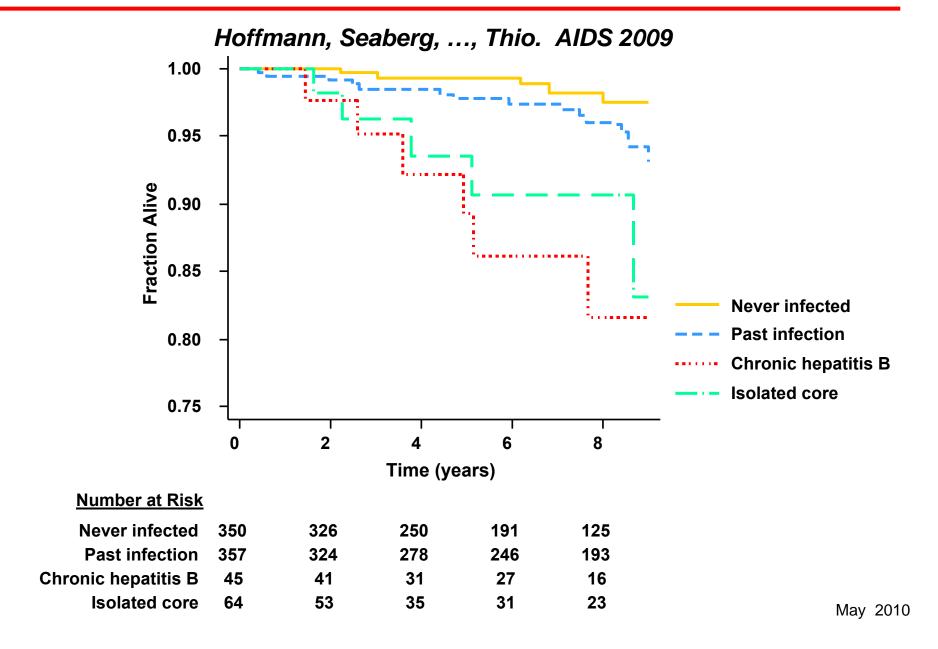
Increased Liver Mortality in HIV-HBV Co-infected Men: MACS

Thio, Seaberg, ..., Thomas - Lancet 2002



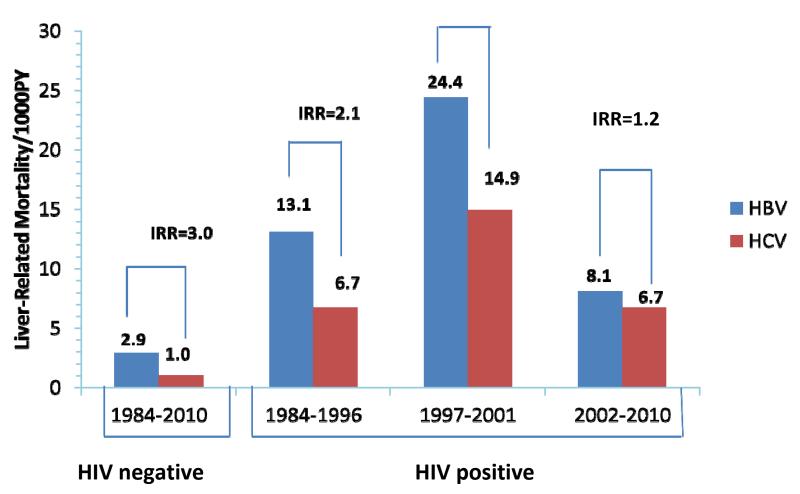
- HBsAg+
 baseline)
 followed 10.5
 years
- RR of liver death 18.7 in coinfected vs. only HBsAg+

Kaplan-Meier Curve of Non-AIDS Mortality by Hepatitis B Virus Status as Determined at Time of HAART Initiation



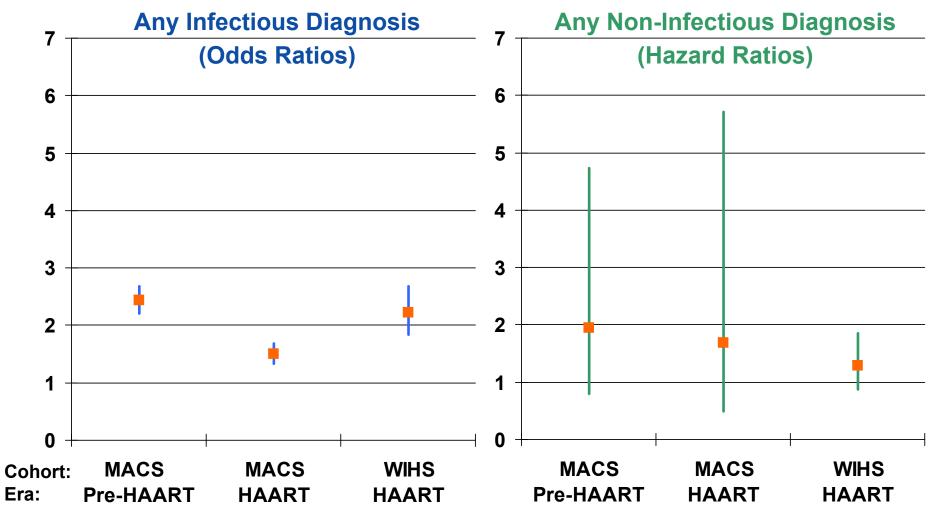
Time Trend in Liver-Related Mortality Rates by Hepatitis and HIV-1 Status

Falade-Nwulia, Seaberg, ..., Thio - Clin Infect Dis 2012;55:507-13
IRR=1.6



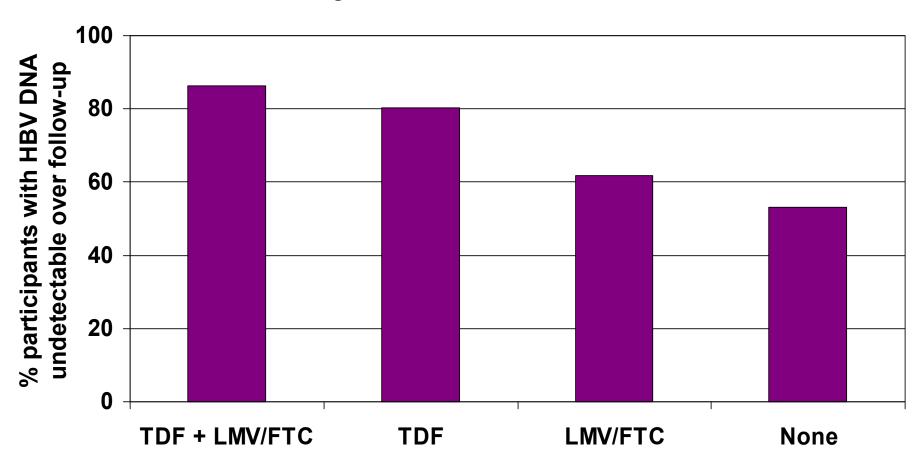
Infectious and Non-Infectious Respiratory Complications in HIV-Infected Compared to Uninfected Persons

Gingo, Balasubramani, ..., Morris - PLoS ONE 2013;8:e58812



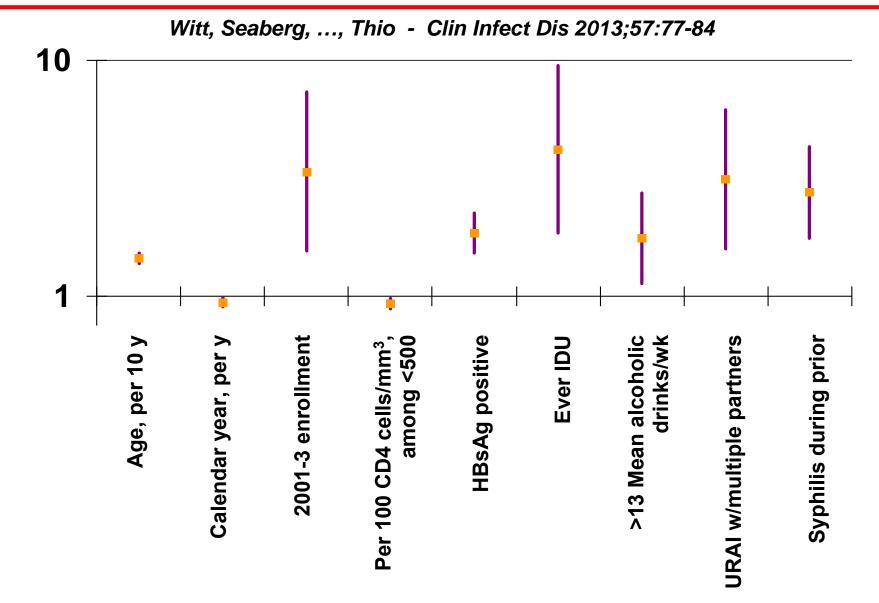
Proportion of Participants HBV DNA Undetectable by HBV Regimen

Matthews, Seaberg, ..., Thio - Clin Infect Dis 2013;56:e87-e94



Proportion of individuals coinfected with HIV and HBV with undetectable HBV DNA by HBV active regimen. Abbreviations: FTC = emtricitabine; LMV = lamivudine; TDF = tenofovir

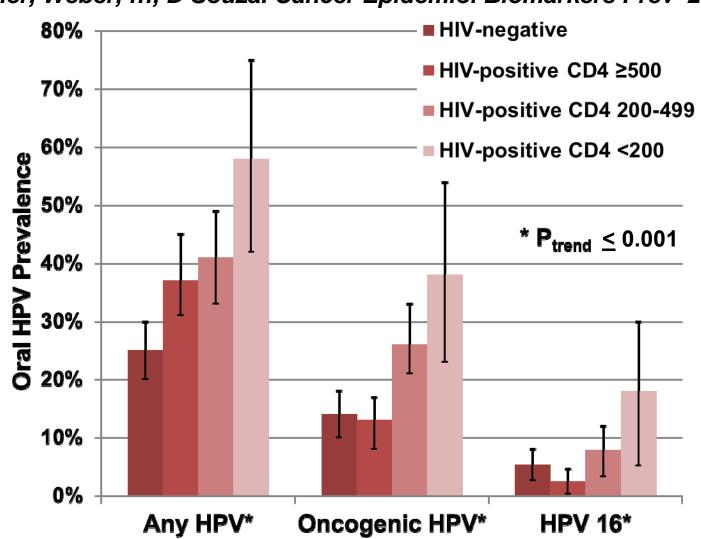
Incident Rate Ratios for Incident HCV Infection in HIV + Subjects



HCV incident rate per 1000 PY: 4.22 for HIV+ and 0.50 for HIV-

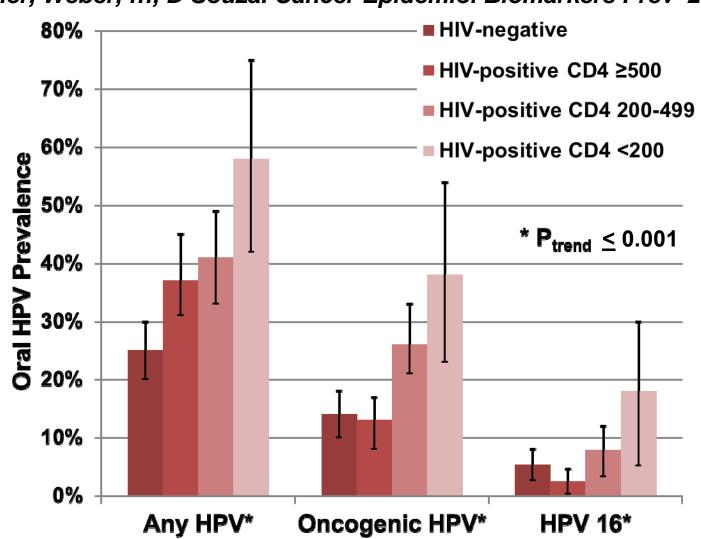
Oral HPV Prevalence (Unadjusted) by HIV Status and Current CD4 T-cell Count Among 370 HIV-Positive Individuals

Beachler, Weber, ..., D'Souza. Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev 2012



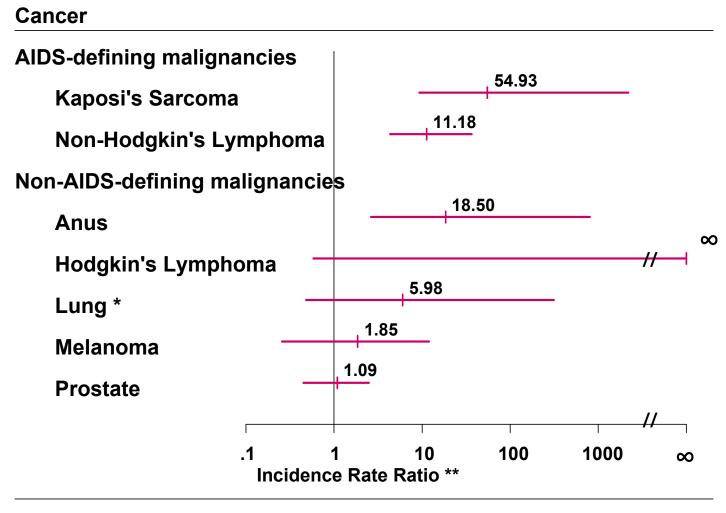
Oral HPV Prevalence (Unadjusted) by HIV Status and Current CD4 T-cell Count Among 370 HIV-Positive Individuals

Beachler, Weber, ..., D'Souza. Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev 2012



Cancer Incidence among HIV-infected vs. HIV-uninfected MACS Participants in the HAART Era

Seaberg, Wiley, ..., Jacobson. Cancer 2010

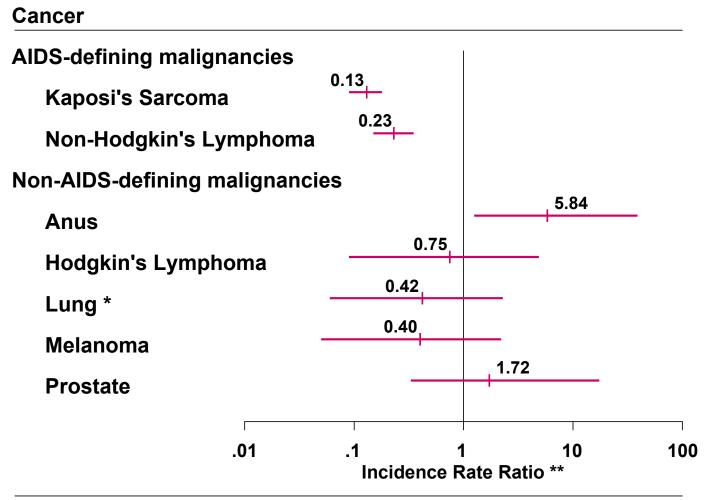


^{*} Among participants with a history of smoking.

^{**} Adjusted for age and race.

Cancer Incidence in the HAART Era vs. the Pre-HAART Era among HIV-infected MACS Participants

Seaberg, Wiley, ..., Jacobson. Cancer 2010

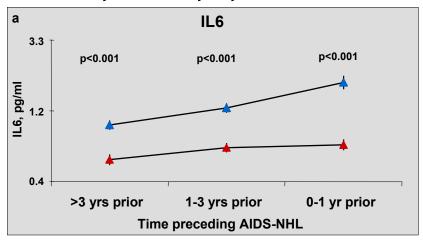


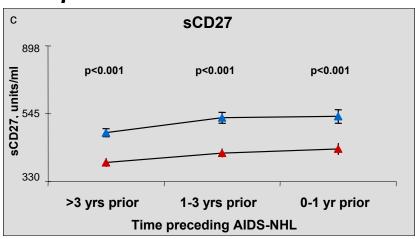
^{*} Among participants with a history of smoking.

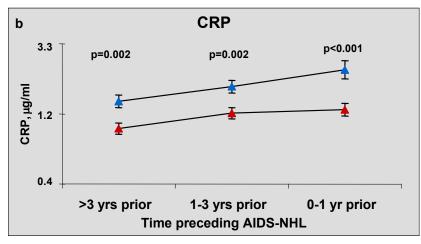
^{**} Adjusted for age and race.

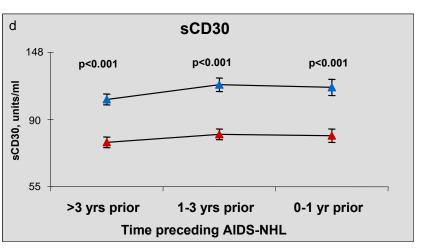
Mean Serum Levels of Several B Cell Activation-associated Molecules are Consistently Elevated More than 3 Years Preceding AIDS-associated Lymphoma Diagnosis

Breen, Hussain, ..., Martínez-Maza. Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev 2011





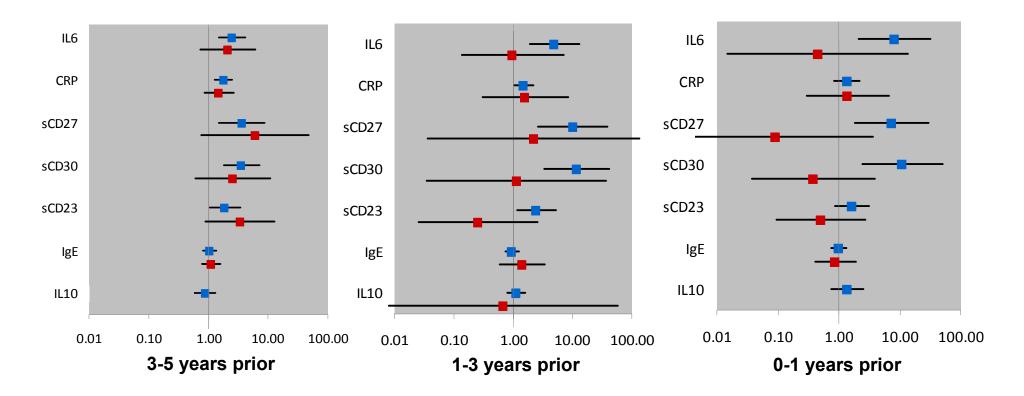




Natural log-transformed mean values (\pm s.e.m.) for HIV-infected subjects who went on to develop AIDS-NHL (\triangle) and HIV-infected controls without lymphoma (\triangle)

Elevated Levels of B Cell Activation Markers Prior to AIDS-NHL are Seen Only in Those Subjects Who Develop Systemic Lymphoma

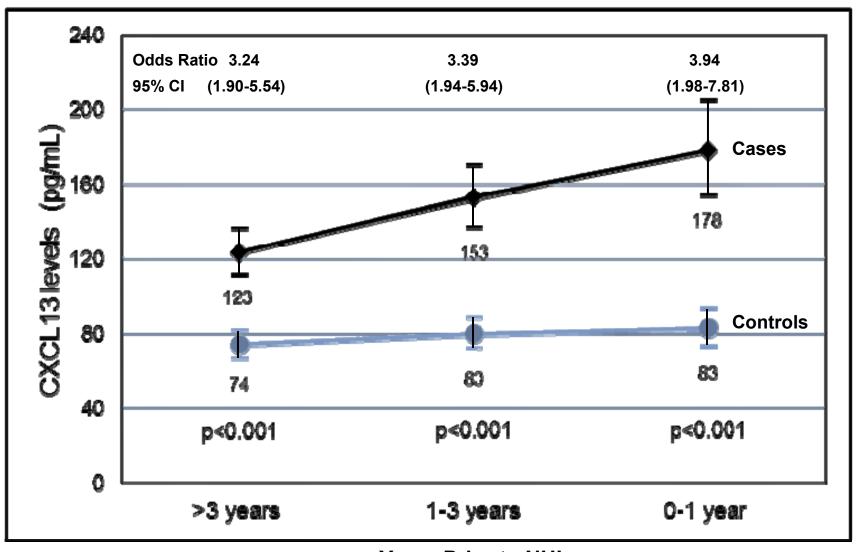
Breen, Hussain, ..., Martínez-Maza. Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev 2011



CD4-adjusted odds ratios (OR) ± 95% confidence intervals (CI) for increased serum cytokine levels are shown for AIDS-NHL cases compared to matched HIV+ controls, stratified according to primary tumor location outside of the central nervous system (systemic, ■) or within the central nervous system (CNS, ■). For all markers except IL10, ORs are in terms of one unit increase in natural log-transformed values; for IL10, ORs are in terms of detectable vs. undetectable. ORs are missing for IL10 for CNS tumors at two time-points (>3 years and 0-1 year) due to failure of the logistic regression model to converge on account of sparse data.

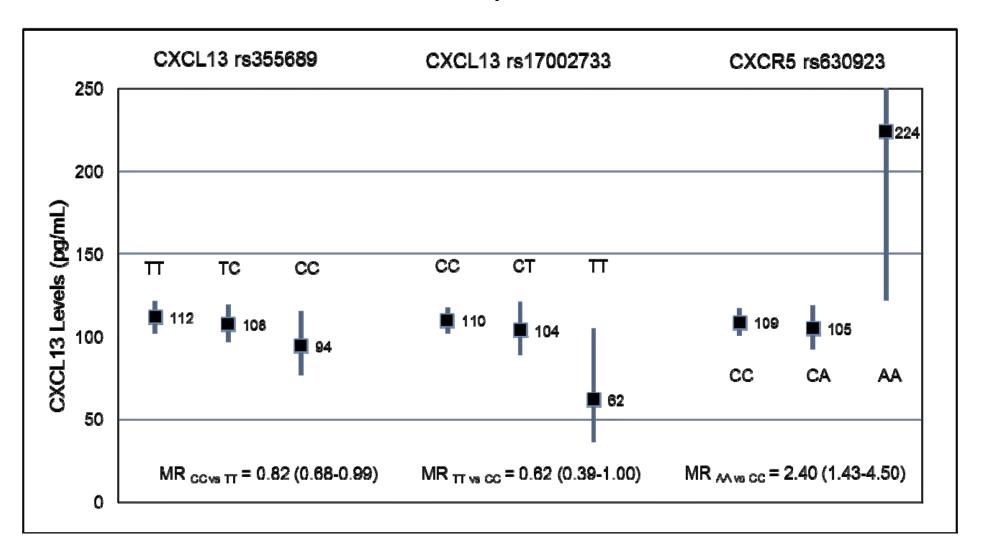
CXCL13 Levels in HIV-Positive Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma Cases and Controls

Hussain, Zhu, ..., Martinez-Maza - Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev 2013;22:295-307

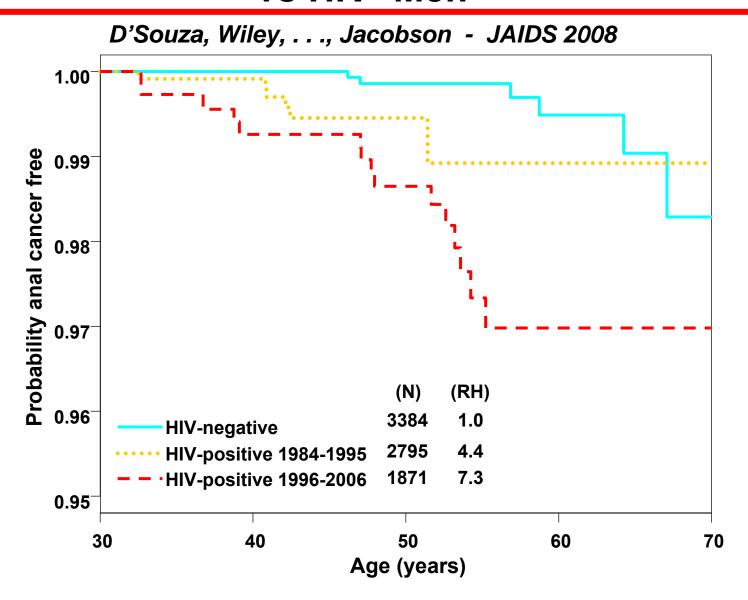


CXCL13 Levels by CXCL13 and CXCR5 tagSNPs

Hussain, Zhu, ..., Martinez-Maza - Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev 2013;22:295-307



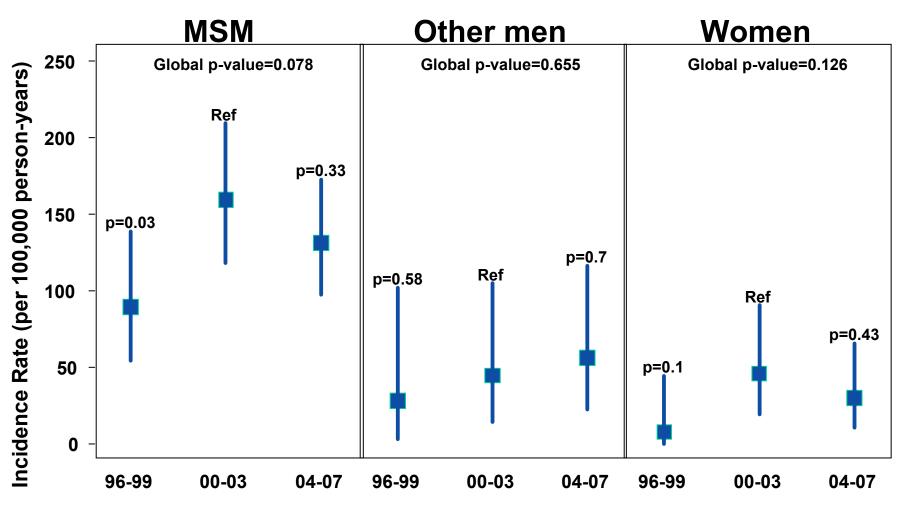
Time Free of Anal Cancer HIV+ Men Pre-HAART and HAART Era vs HIV- Men



May 2009

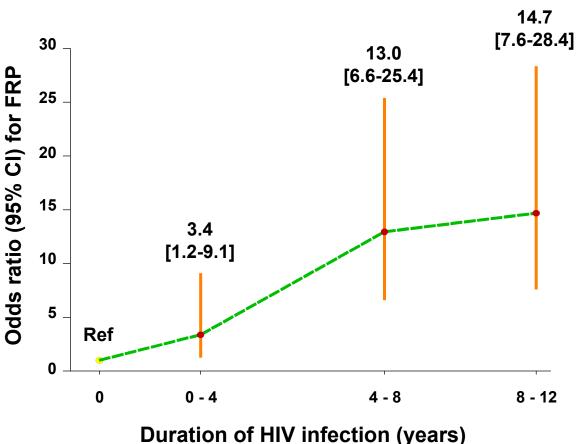
Anal Cancer Incidence Rates by Calendar Era for HIV+ Men Who have Sex with Men, Other Men, and Women, NA-ACCORD, Years 1996-2007

Silverberg, Lau, ... Dubrow, Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2012;54:1026-34.



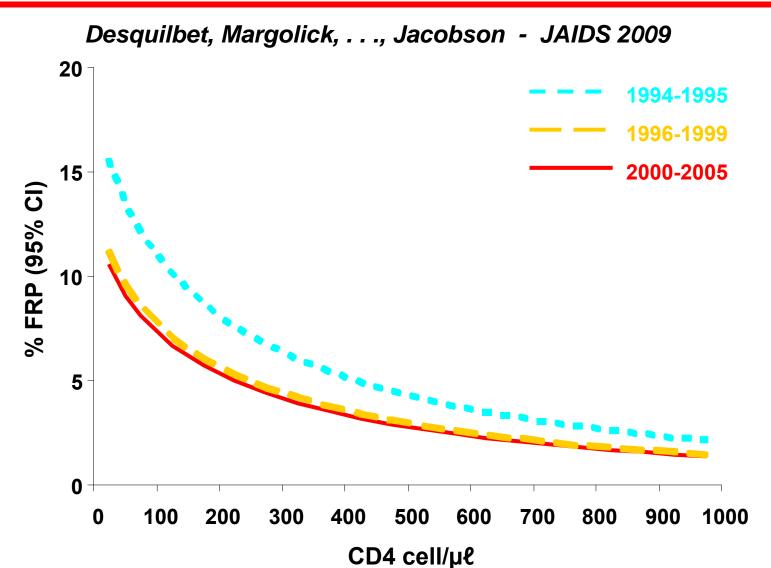
Frailty-Related Phenotype (FRP) by **Duration of HIV Infection (Pre-HAART)**

Desquilbet, Jacobson, ..., Margolick. J Gerontol A Biol Sci Med Sci 2007;62a:1279-86



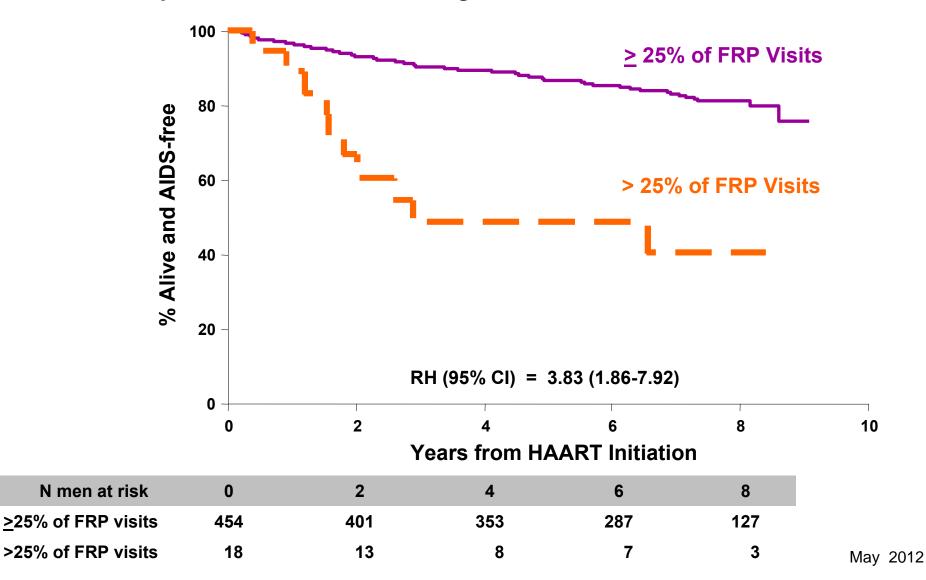
Same FRP prevalence between a 55-year old man infected < 4 years and a</p> >65-year old uninfected man

Estimated Prevalence of Frailty Phenotype (FRP) According to CD4⁺ Cell Count and Calendar Period (Age = 45 years)

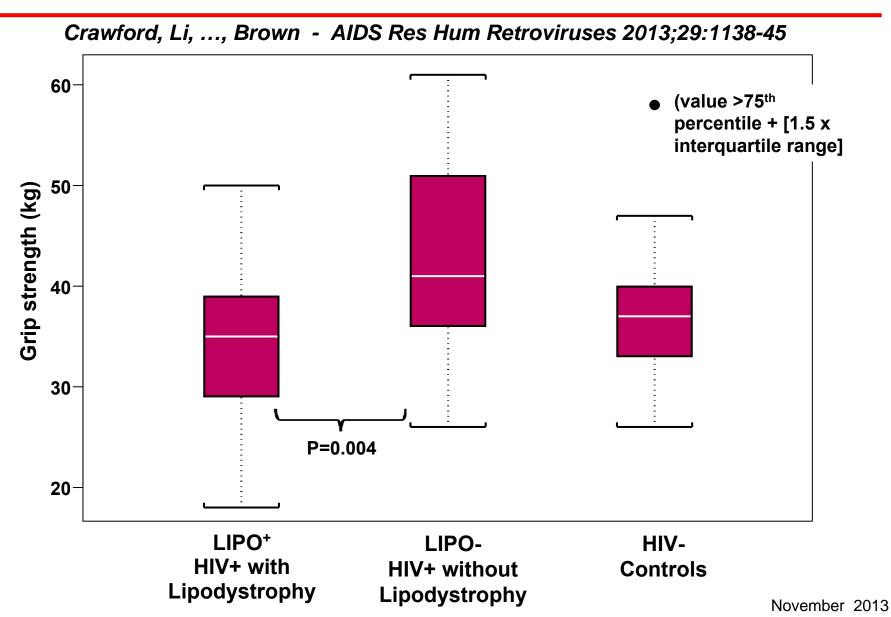


Prognostic Effect of Persistent Frailty-related Phenotype (FRP) per-HAART on AIDS/Death Following HAART Initiation

Desquilbet, Jacobson, ..., Margolick. J Gerontol Med Sci 2011

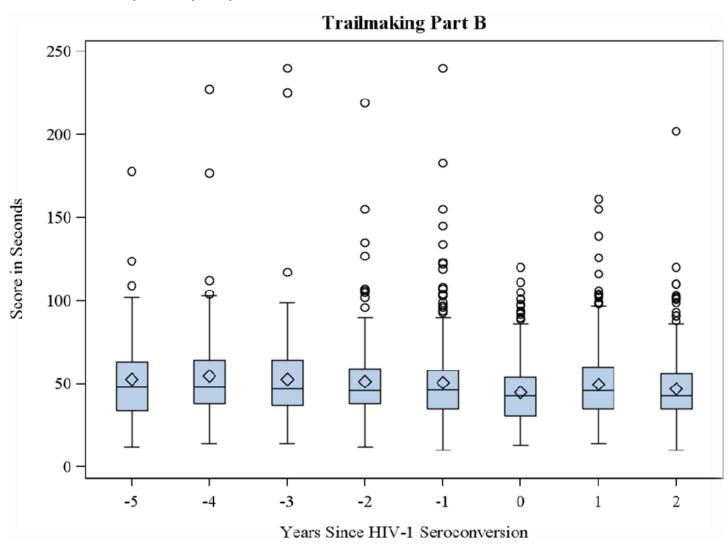


Distribution of Grip Strength in HIV-Infected Men with and without Lipodystrophy, and HIV-Uninfected Controls



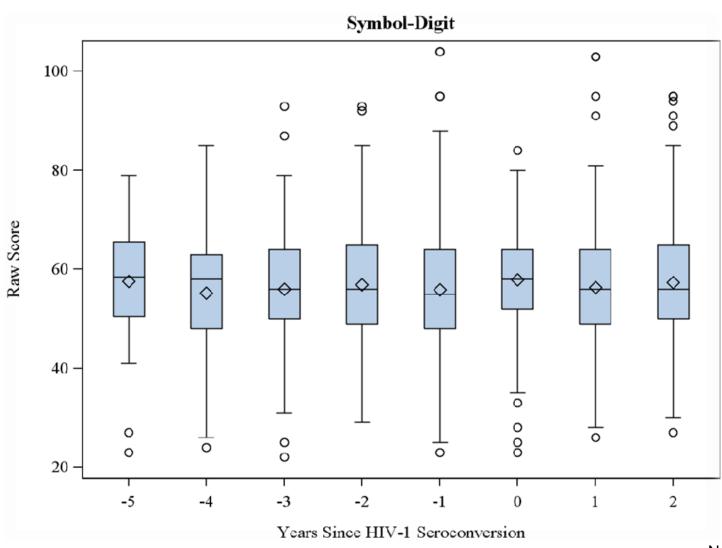
Mean Trail-Making B Scores Around HIV-1 Seroconversion

Vo, Cox, ..., Miller - J Neurovirol 2013;19:24-31

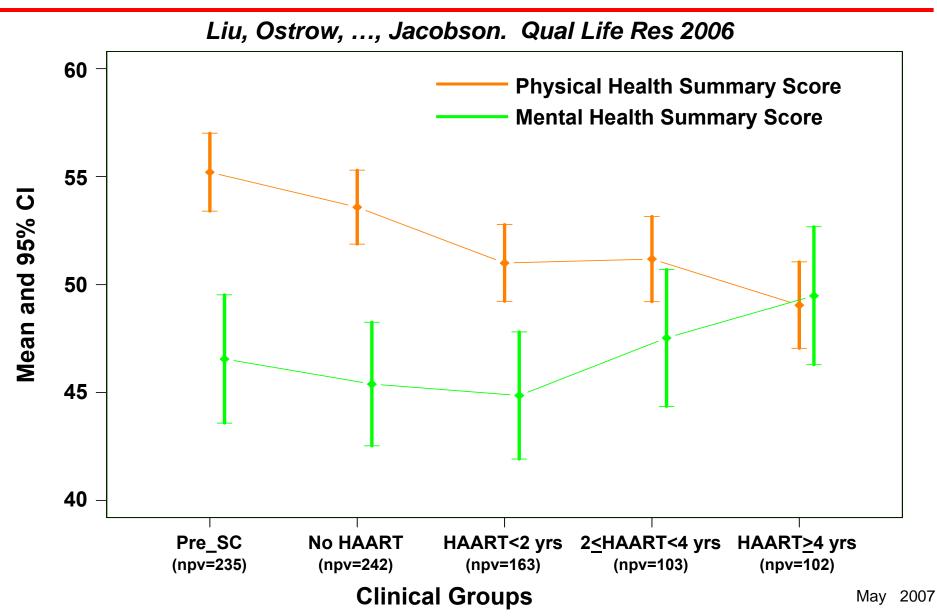


Mean Symbol-Digit Scores Around HIV-1 Seroconversion

Vo, Cox, ..., Miller - J Neurovirol 2013;19:24-31

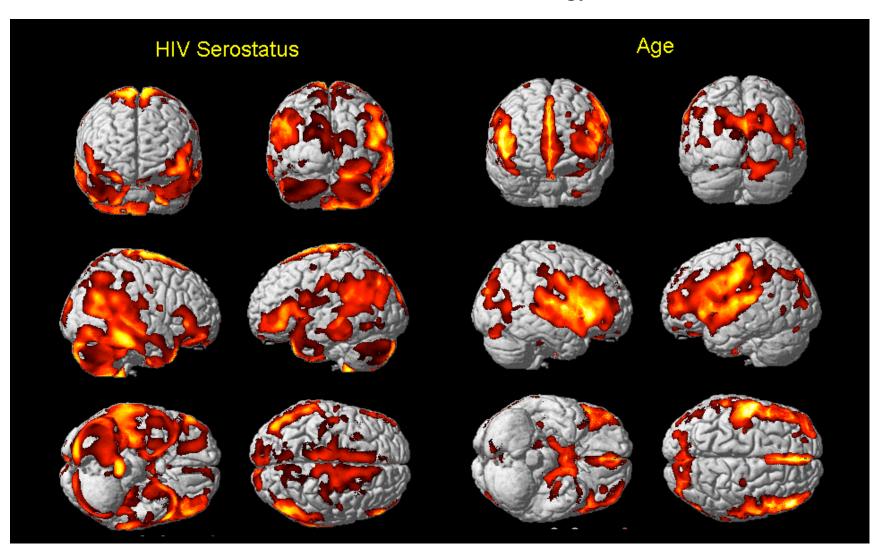


Mental and Physical Health Summary Score Change over the Course of HIV Disease Progression

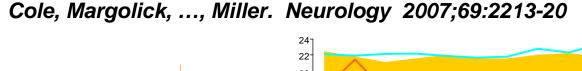


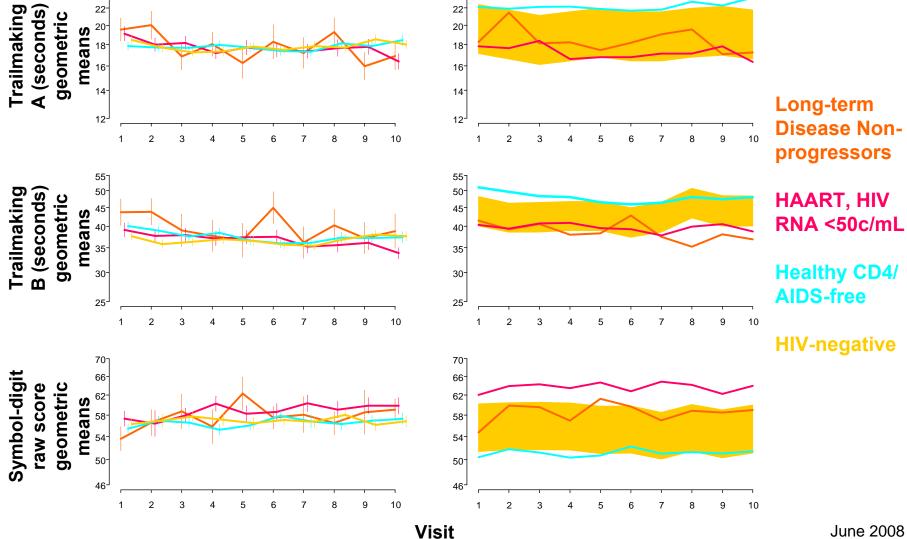
Surface Rendering of the Independent Effects of HIV Serostatus and Age on Grey Matter Volume

Becker, Maruca, ..., Selnes - Neuroradiology 2012;54:113-21



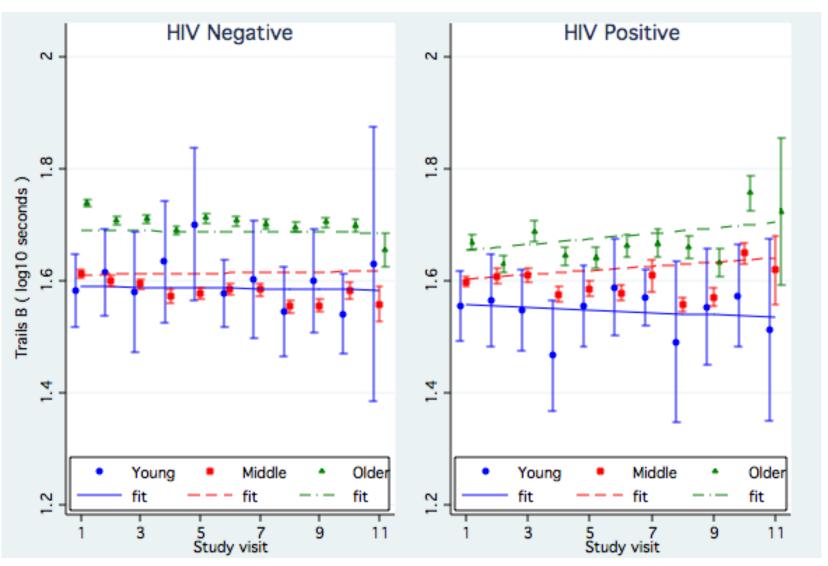
Longitudinally Preserved Psychomotor Performance in Long-Term Asymptomatic HIV-Infected Individuals





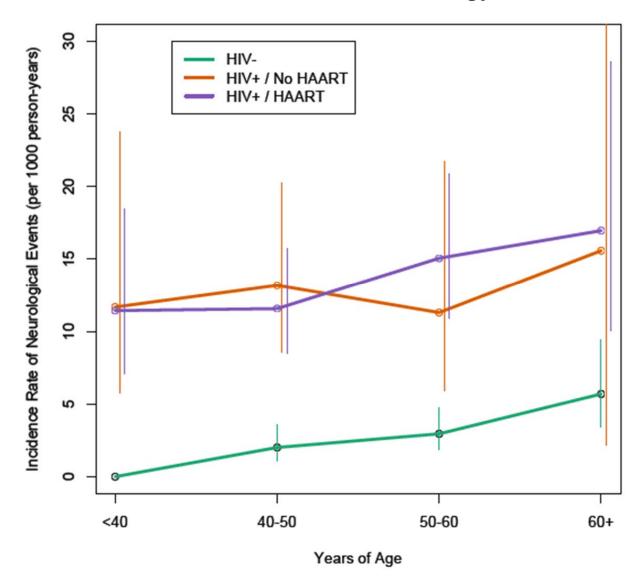
Trail Making Performance Over Time by HIV Status and Age HAART Era

Sacktor, Skolasky,..., Miller. J NeuroVirol 2010



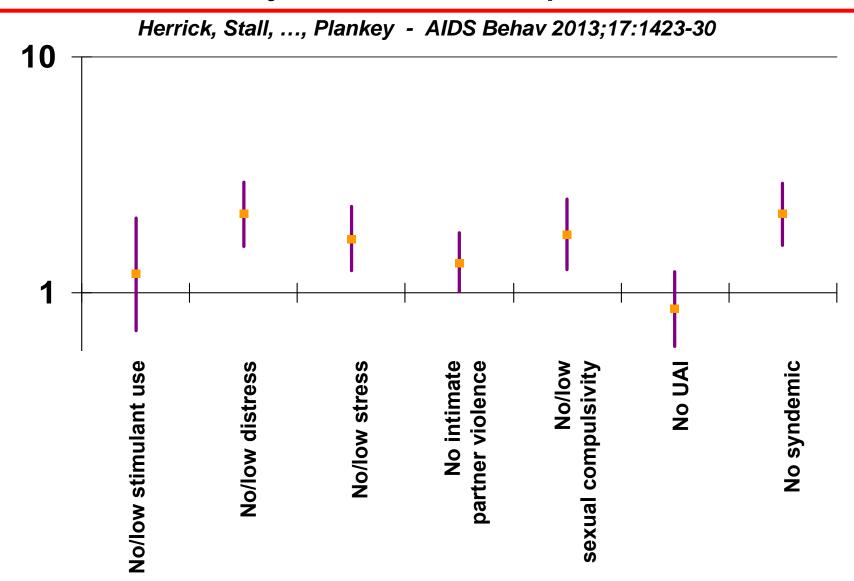
Incidence of Neurologic Events in the MACS by HIV and HAART Status

Mateen, Shinohara, ..., Sacktor - Neurology 2012;79:1873-80



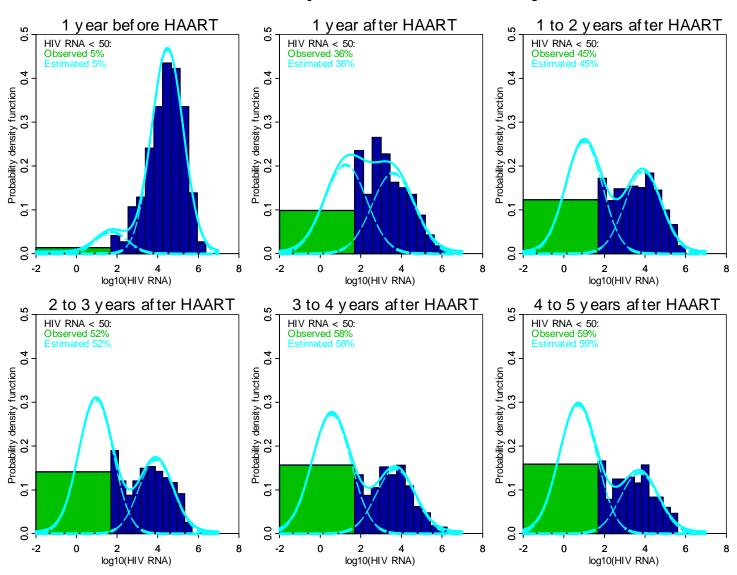
November 2013

Adjusted Associations of Internalized Homophobia Resolution and Health Outcomes Among Men Who had Early Internalized Homophobia



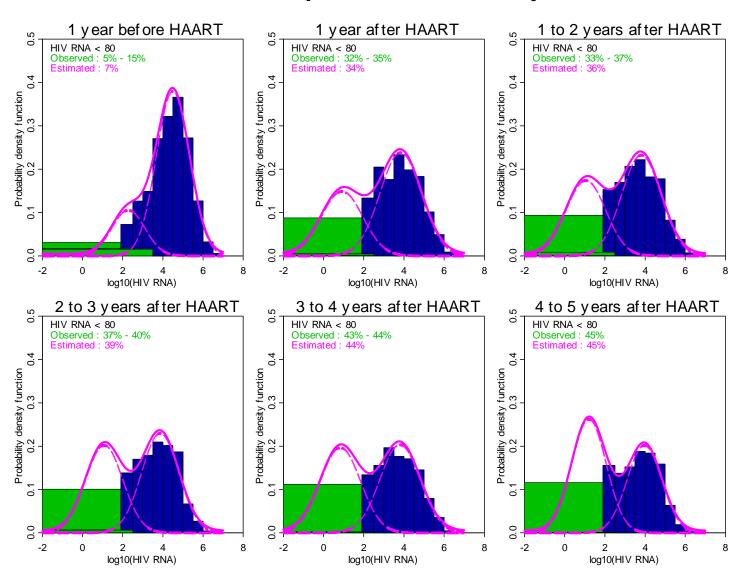
Goodness of Fit for log₁₀(HIV NRA) as a Mixture of Two Normal Distributions - MACS

Li, Chu, ..., Muñoz. J Epidemiol Community Health 2006



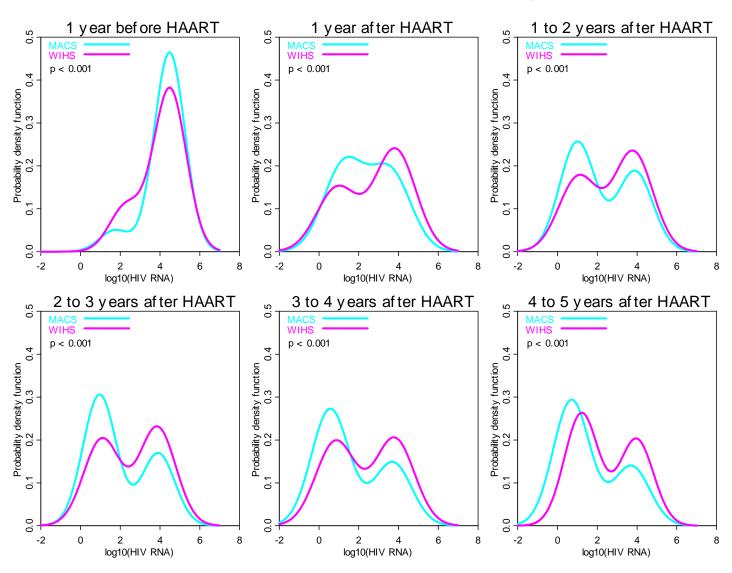
Goodness of Fit for log₁₀(HIV NRA) as a Mixture of Two Normal Distributions - WIHS

Li, Chu, ..., Muñoz. J Epidemiol Community Health 2006

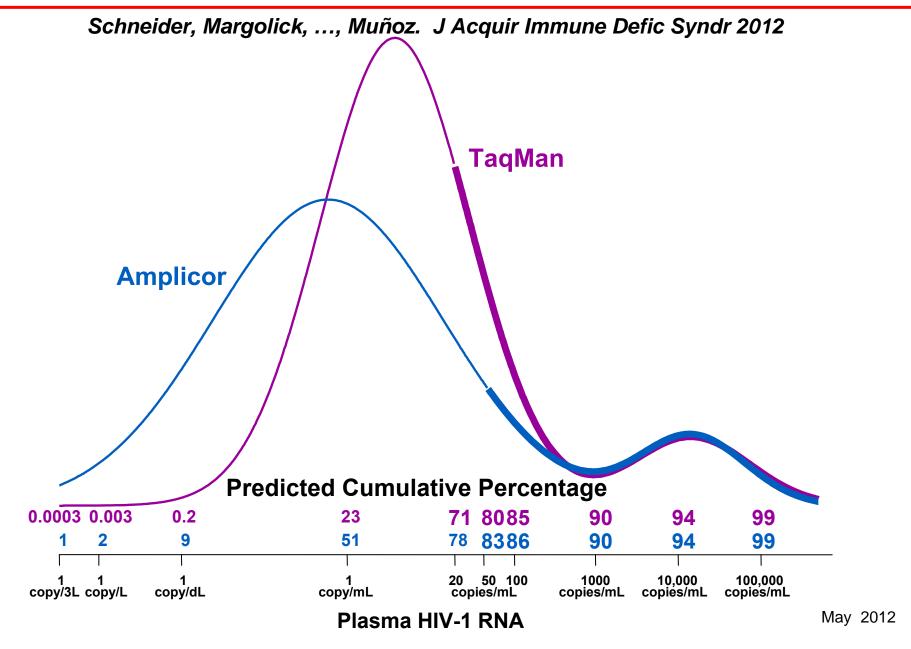


Bimodel Distributions of log₁₀(HIV RNA in copies/ml) for the MACS and WIHS

Li, Chu, ..., Muñoz. J Epidemiol Community Health 2006



Bimodal Mixture Distributions Summarizing the HIV-1 RNA Distributions Derived from 2 Assays Used to Measure HIV-1 RNA

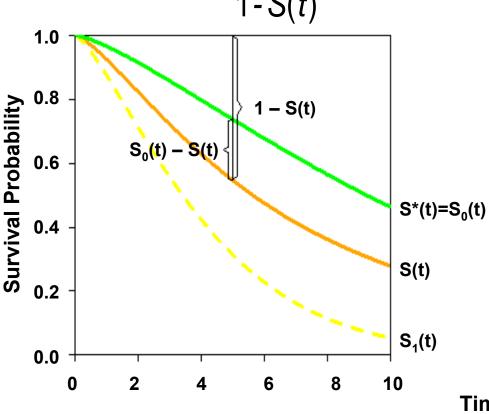


Risk and Survival Attributable to an Exposure

Cox, Chu, Muñoz. Stat Med 2009

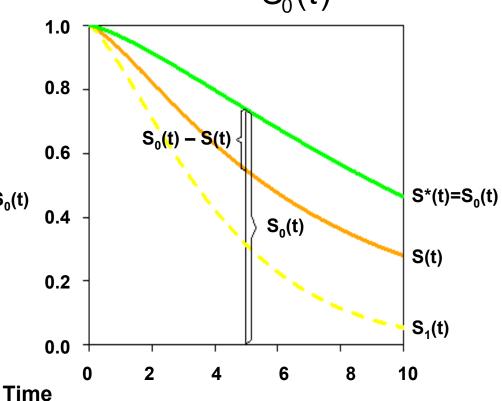


$$AR(t) = \frac{S_0(t) - S(t)}{1 - S(t)}$$



Attributable Survival

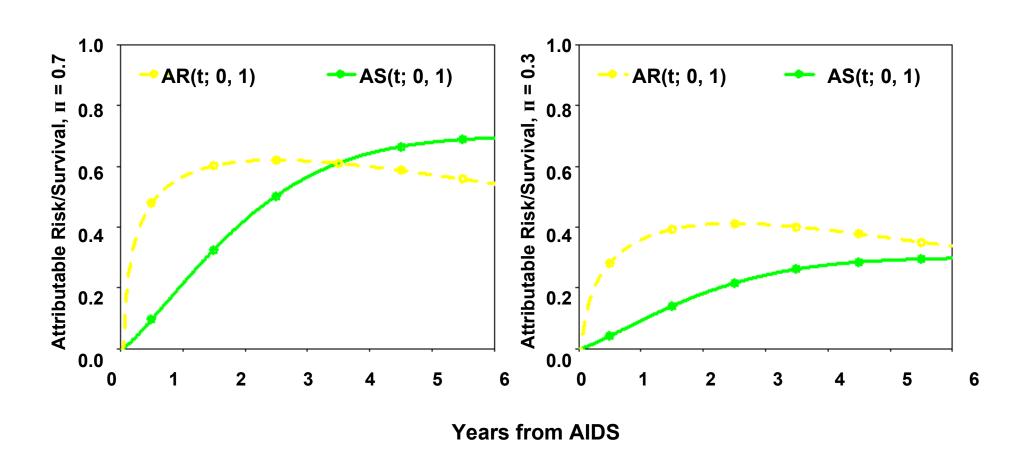
$$AS(t) = \frac{S_0(t) - S(t)}{S_0(t)}$$



 Π = proportion exposed; $S_0(t)$ = survival unexposed; $S_1(t)$ = survival exposed $S(t) = \Pi S_1(t) + (1-\Pi)S_0(t)$ = survival in population

Risk and Survival Attributable to the Absence of HAART

Cox, Chu, Muñoz. Stat Med 2009



Number of Pre-2010 Participants with Specimens Available* in the National Repository Relative to the Time of Seroconversion**

Specimen Type	Last Seronegative Visit	First Seropositive Visit
Plasma	472	515
Serum	496	493
Cells	455	450

^{* 2} or more tubes according to repository inventory as of 10/1/13

^{**} A total of 651 pre-2010 participants have a known seroconversion date

Number of Pre-2010 Participants with Specimens Available* in the National Repository Relative to the Development of AIDS**

Specimen Type	Within 1 Year Pre-AIDS	Within 6 Months Post AIDS	After 6 Months Post AIDS
Plasma	1268	640	641
Serum	1205	553	594
Cells	808	296	386

^{* 2} or more tubes according to repository inventory as of 10/1/13

^{**} A total of 1988 pre-2010 participants have developed AIDS

Number of Pre-2010 Participants with Specimens Available* in the National Repository Relative to HAART Use**

Specimen Type	Within 1 Year Prior to HAART	Within 6 Months Post HAART	After 6 Months Post HAART	All 3
Plasma	813	673	1368	532
Serum	781	642	1367	481
Cells	643	525	1266	366

^{* 2} or more tubes according to repository inventory as of 10/1/13

^{**} A total of 1530 pre-2010 participants have initiated HAART