

SQL Fundamentals and Concepts – Afternoon Session

MySQL

Tasks:

1. Create a database for the Hospital Management System based on your ER. Create appropriate tables & relationships.

- create database Hospital;
- use Hospital;
- create table patient(p_id INT PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL, p_name VARCHAR(40),p_address VARCHAR(100) , p_contact CHAR(10), p_gender CHAR(10));
- create table department (dep_id INT PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL , dep_name VARCHAR(40));
- create table doctor(doc_id INT PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL, doc_name VARCHAR(40), dep_id INT, FOREIGN KEY (dep_id) REFERENCES department(dep_id));
- alter table patient add admit_date DATE;
- alter table patient add discharge_date DATE;
- alter table patient add doc_id INT;
- alter table patient add FOREIGN KEY(doc_id) REFERENCES doctor(doc_id);
- create table medicine(m_id INT PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL, m_name VARCHAR(15), m_quant INT);
- create table room(r_id INT PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL, r_type VARCHAR(10));
- alter table room add p_id INT;
- alter table room add FOREIGN KEY(p_id) REFERENCES patient(p_id);
- insert into department(dep_id, dep_name) values(01, 'oncology');
- insert into department values(02, 'cardiology');
- insert into doctor values(001, "Vishnu Kumar", 01);
- insert into doctor values(002, "Preeti Goyal", 01);
- insert into doctor values(003, "Ram Kapoor", 02);
- insert into patient values(001, "Chitraksh Grover", "Pune", "9876543211", 'M', '2020-07-02','2020-07-09', 01);
- insert into patient values(002, "Ayush Tanwar", "Bangalore", '9876543411', 'M','2020-07-03','2020-07-08', 02);
- insert into patient values(003, "Bramhdeep Singh", "Delhi", '9875543411', 'M','2020-07-01','2020-07-09', 02);
- insert into patient values(004, "Anshika Singh", "Moradabad", '9975543411', 'F', '2020-07-08','2020-07-11', 02);
- insert into patient values(005, "Sahil Bhasin", "Delhi", '9975543411', 'M', '2020-07-08','2020-07-15', 01);

```
select * from patient;
```

```
select * from doctor;
```

select * from department;

1	Chitraksh Grover	Pune	9876543211	M	2020-07-02	2020-07-09	1
2	Ayush Tanwar	Bangalore	9876543411	M	2020-07-03	2020-07-08	2
3	Bramhdeep Singh	Delhi	9875543411	M	2020-07-01	2020-07-09	2
4	Anshika Singh	Moradabad	9975543411	F	2020-07-08	2020-07-11	2
5	Sahil Bhasin	Delhi	9975543411	M	2020-07-08	2020-07-15	1
1	Vishnu Kumar	1					
2	Preeti Goyal	1					
3	Ram Kapoor	2					
1	oncology						
2	cardiology						

2. Design a query to provide a list of doctors, which department they belong to and patients treated by them (if any).

select doc_name, dep.dep_name, p.p_name from doctor as doc inner join department as dep on dep.dep_id = doc.dep_id inner join patient as p on p.doc_id = doc.doc_id;

```
select doc_name, dep.dep_name, p.p_name from doctor as doc inner join department
as dep on dep.dep_id = doc.dep_id inner join patient as p on p.doc_id = doc.doc_id;
```

Vishnu Kumar	oncology	Chitraksh Grover
Preeti Goyal	oncology	Ayush Tanwar
Preeti Goyal	oncology	Bramhdeep Singh
Preeti Goyal	oncology	Anshika Singh
Vishnu Kumar	oncology	Sahil Bhasin

3. Query to provide the count of patients discharged per day in the last week.

select count(*) as average, discharge_date from patient where DATE(discharge_date) between '2020-07-07' and '2020-07-14' group by discharge_date;

```
select count(*) as average, discharge_date from patient where DATE(discharge_date) between
'2020-07-07' and '2020-07-14' group by discharge_date;
```

1	2020-07-08
2	2020-07-09
1	2020-07-11