



Overview today's lecture

control flow graphs



Overview today's lecture

control flow graphs data flow analyses

- liveness analysis
- reaching definitions
- available expressions



Overview

today's lecture

control flow graphs

data flow analyses

- liveness analysis
- reaching definitions
- available expressions

non-local optimisations

- dead code elimination
- constant & copy propagation
- common subexpression elimination





Intermediate language

quadruples

store

$$a \leftarrow b \oplus c$$

$$a \leftarrow b$$

memory access

$$a \leftarrow M[b]$$

$$M[a] \leftarrow b$$

functions

$$f(a_1, ..., a_n)$$

b $\leftarrow f(a_1, ..., a_n)$

jumps

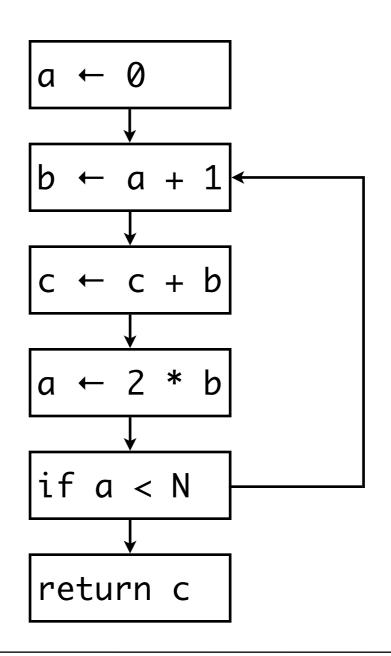
if
$$a \otimes b$$

$$goto \ L_2$$

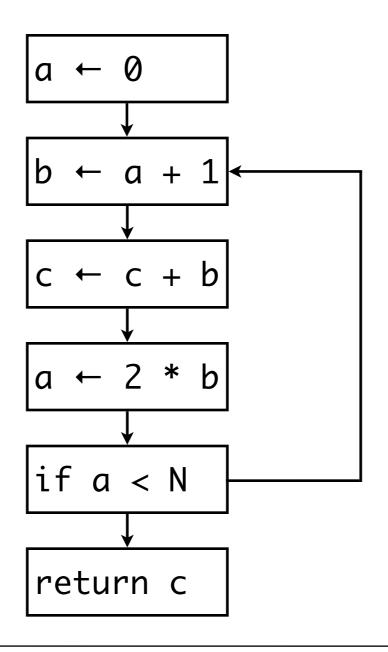


```
a ← 0
L1: b \leftarrow a + 1
     c \leftarrow c + b
     a \leftarrow 2 * b
     if a < N
         goto L1
     else
         goto L2
L2: return c
```

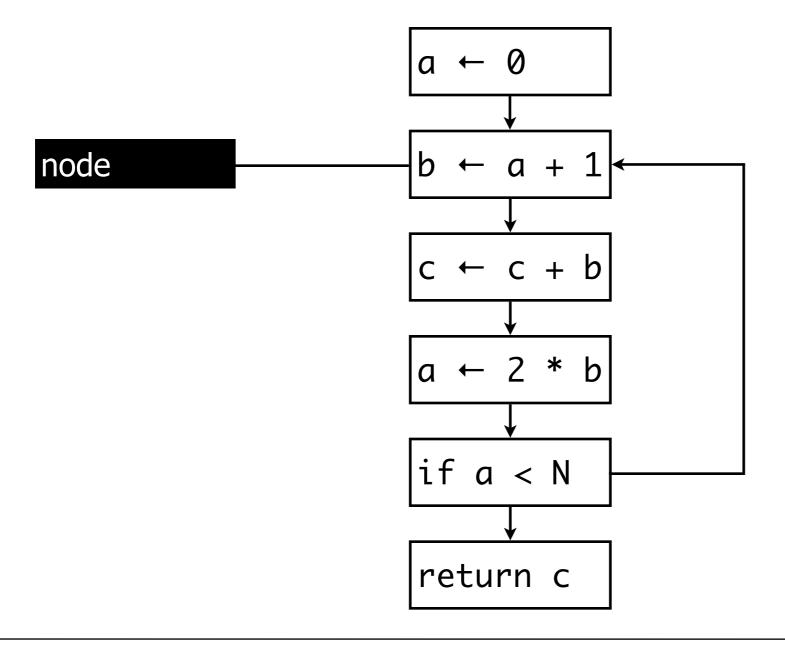




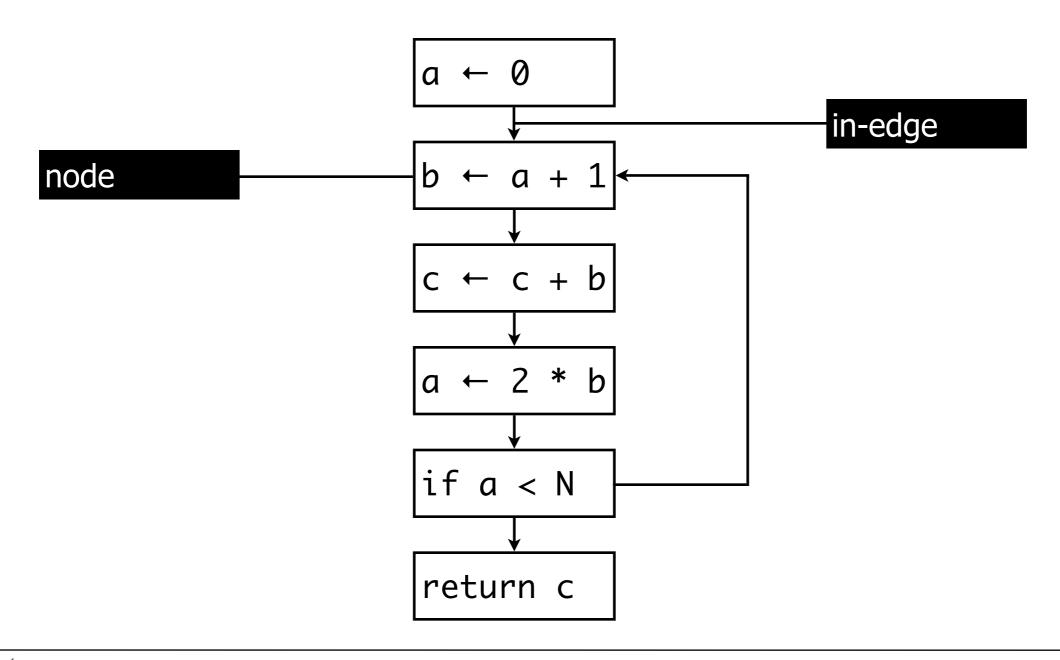




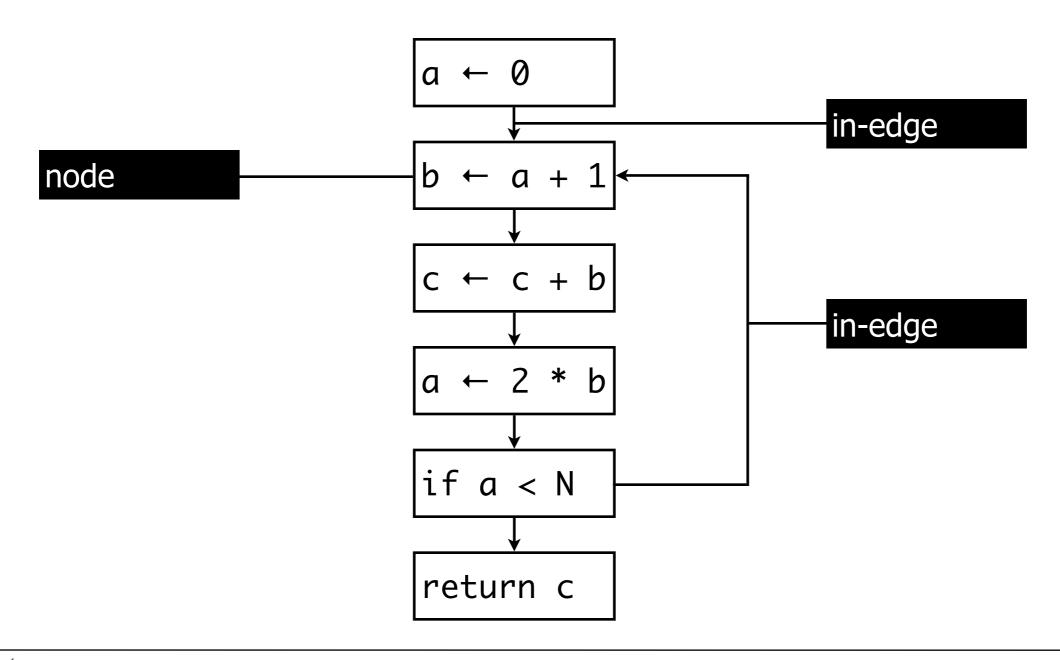




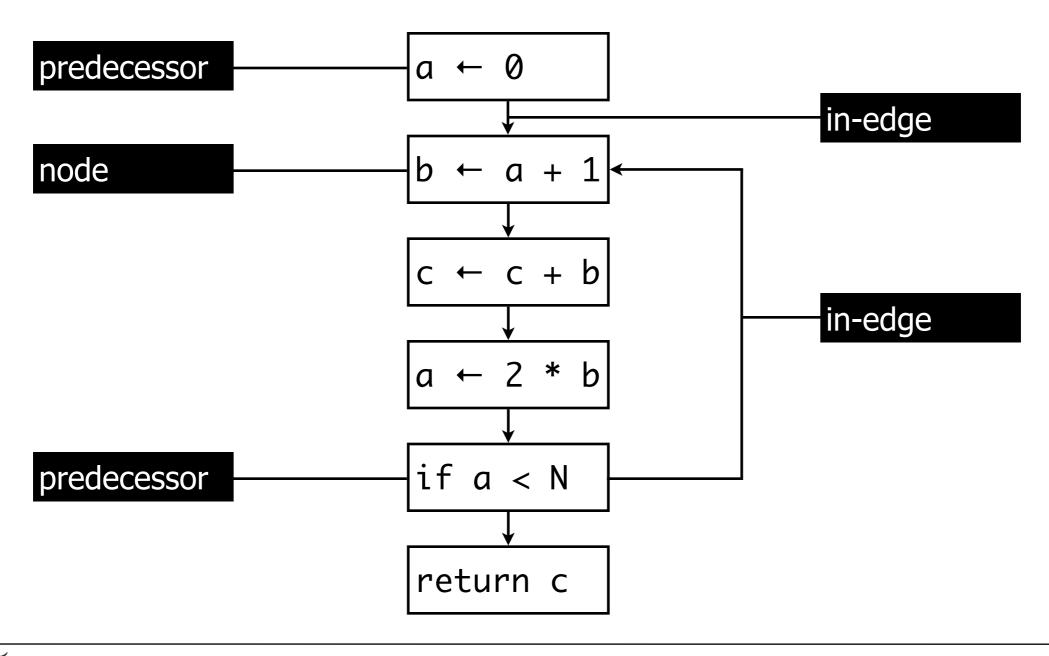




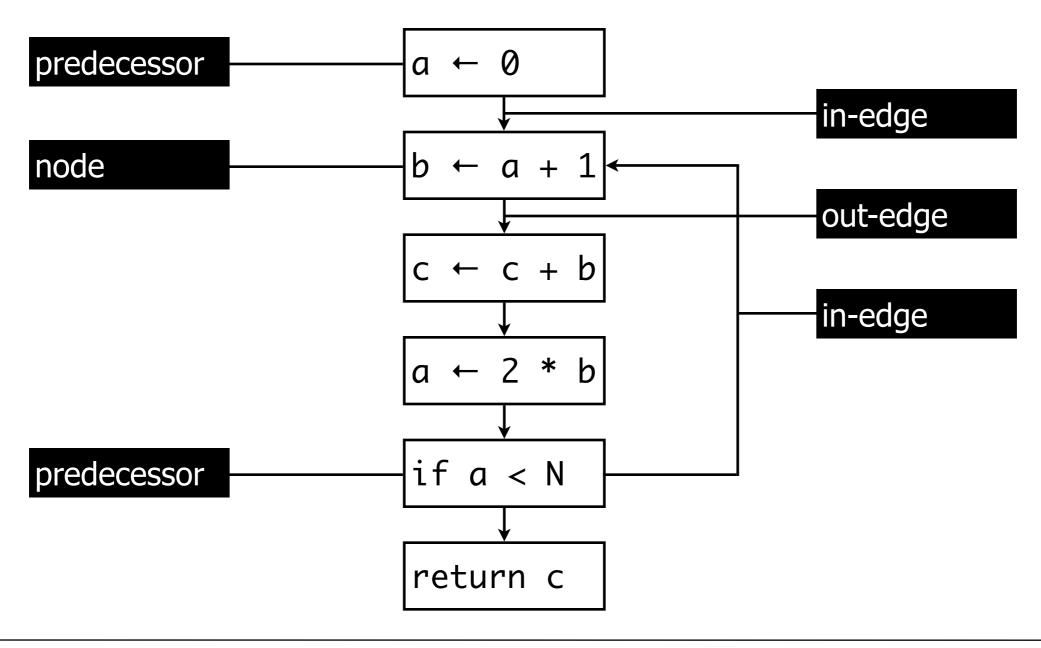




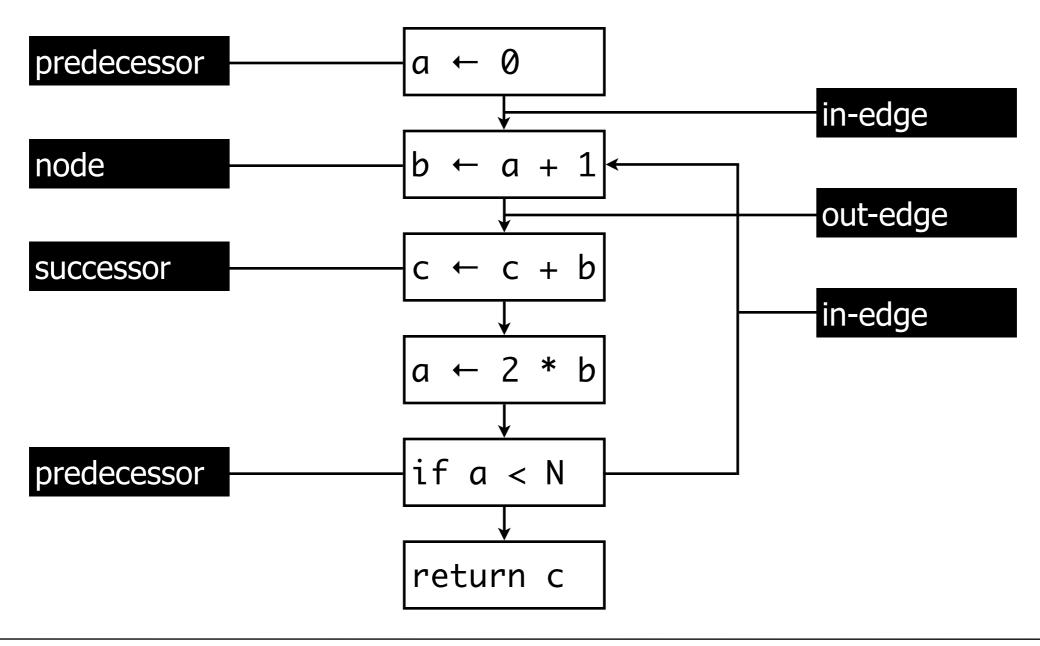






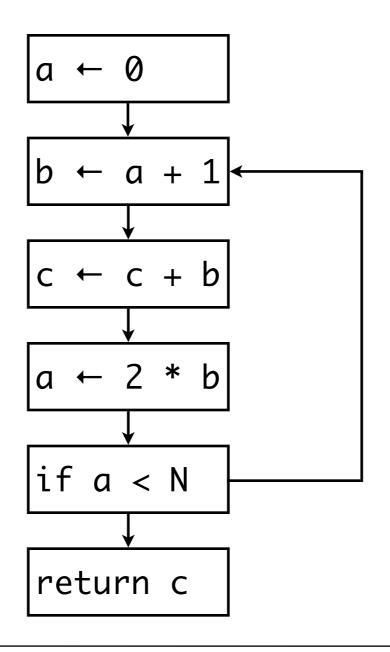




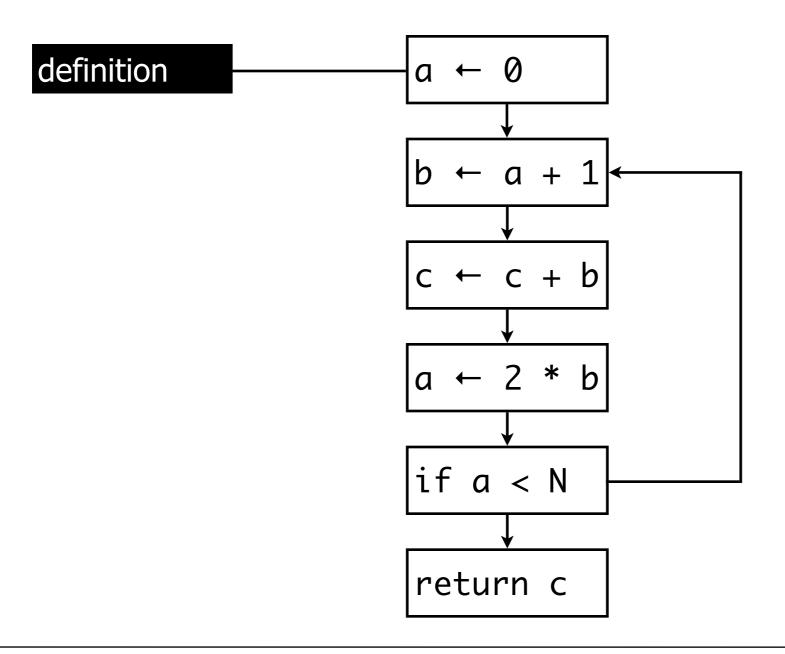




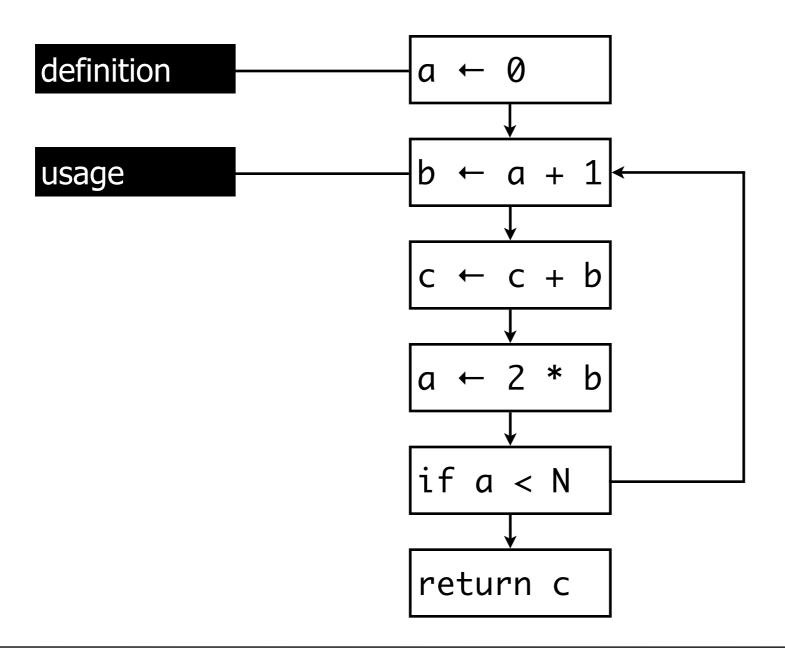




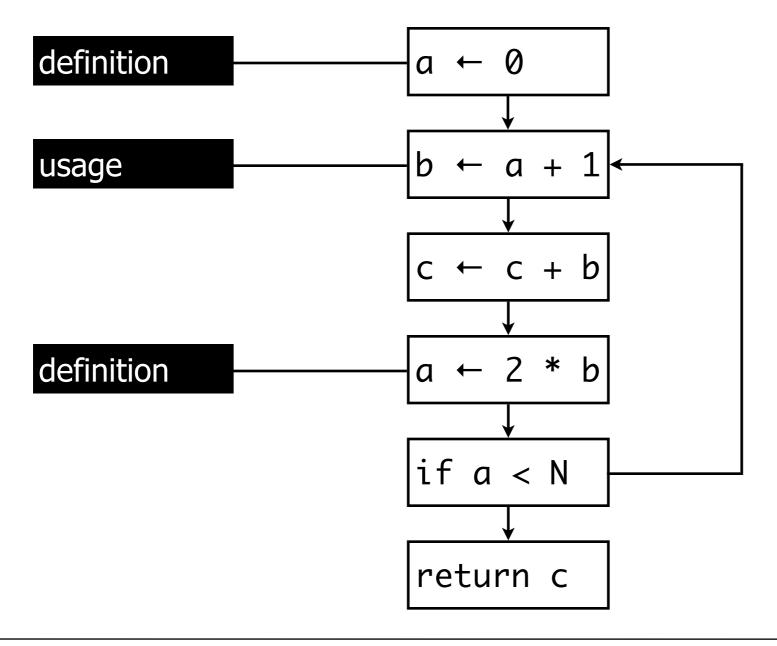




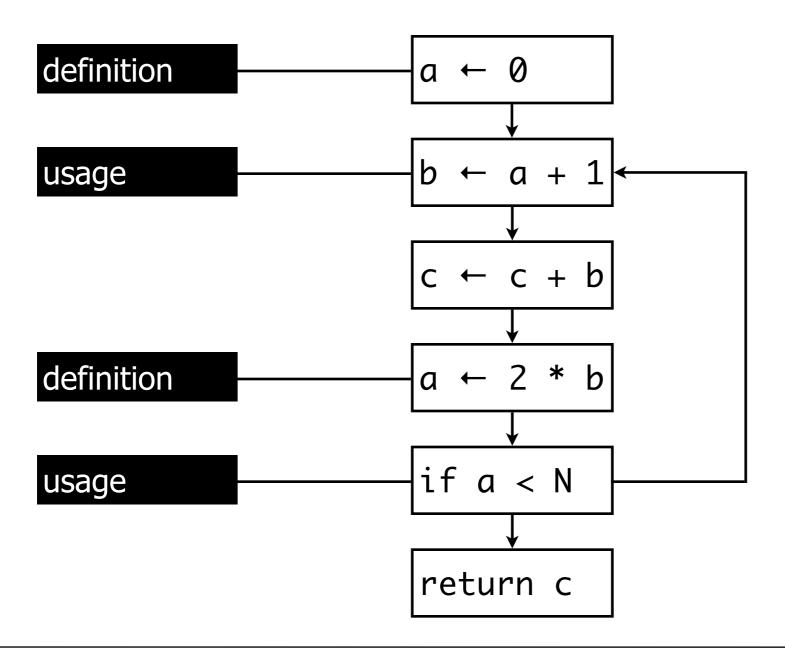




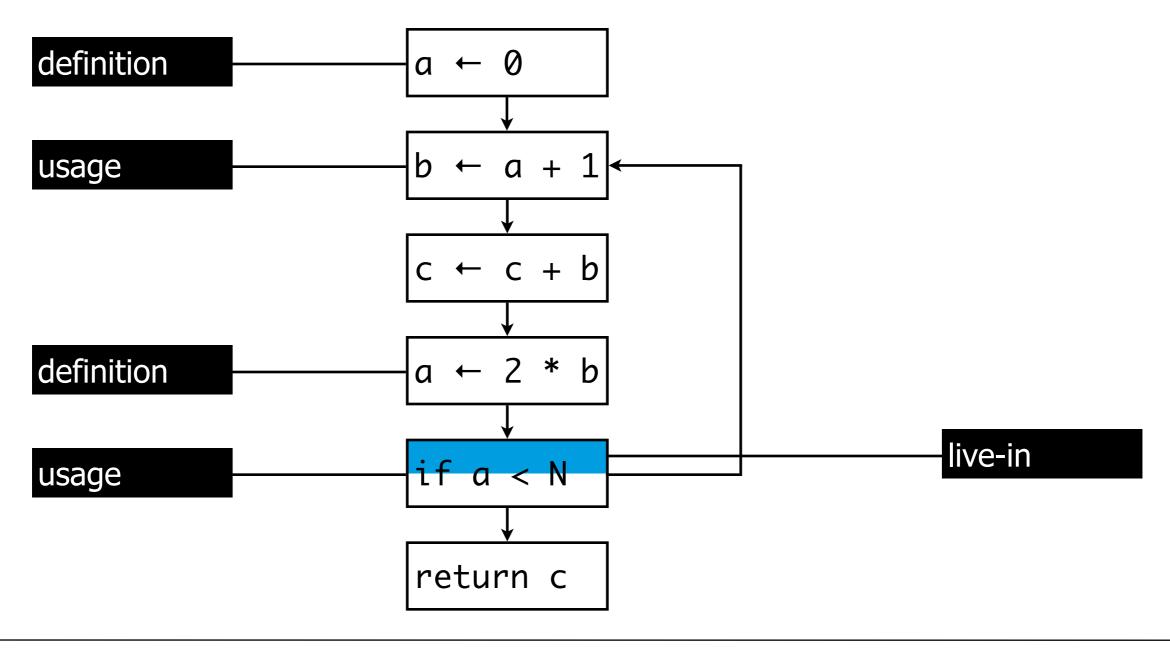




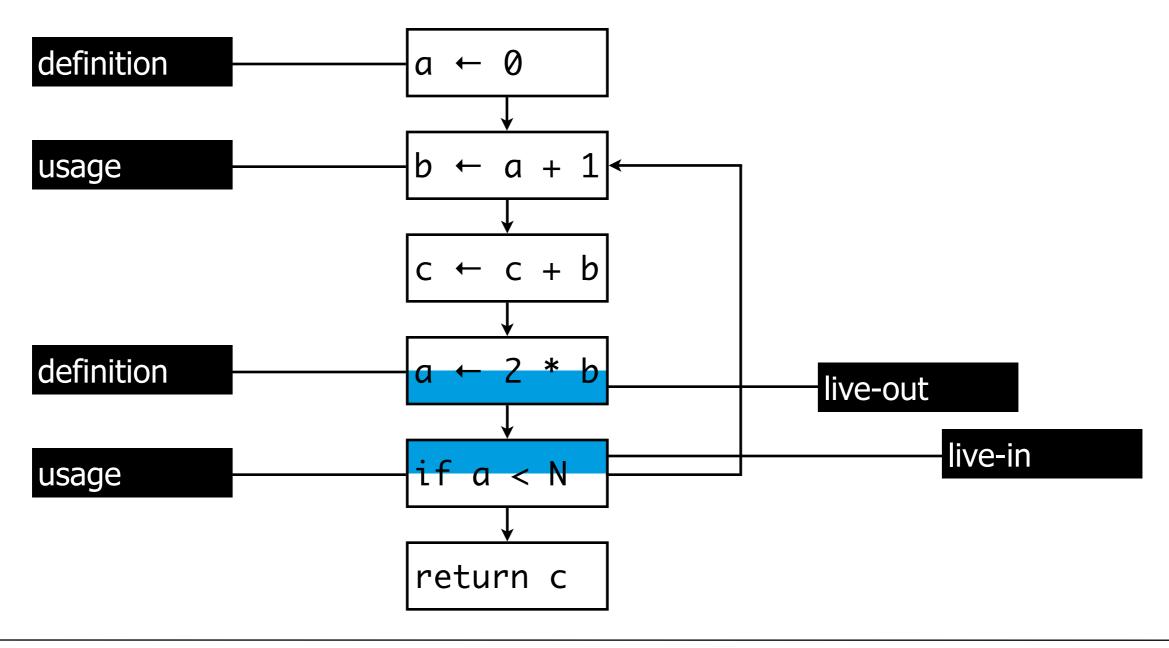




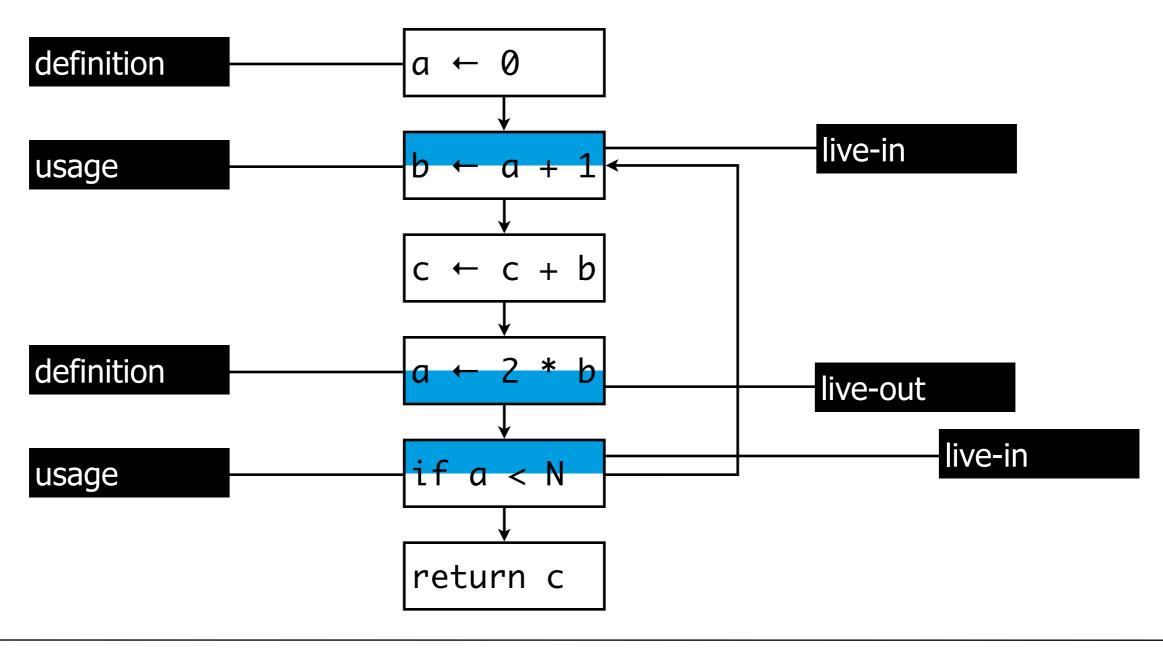




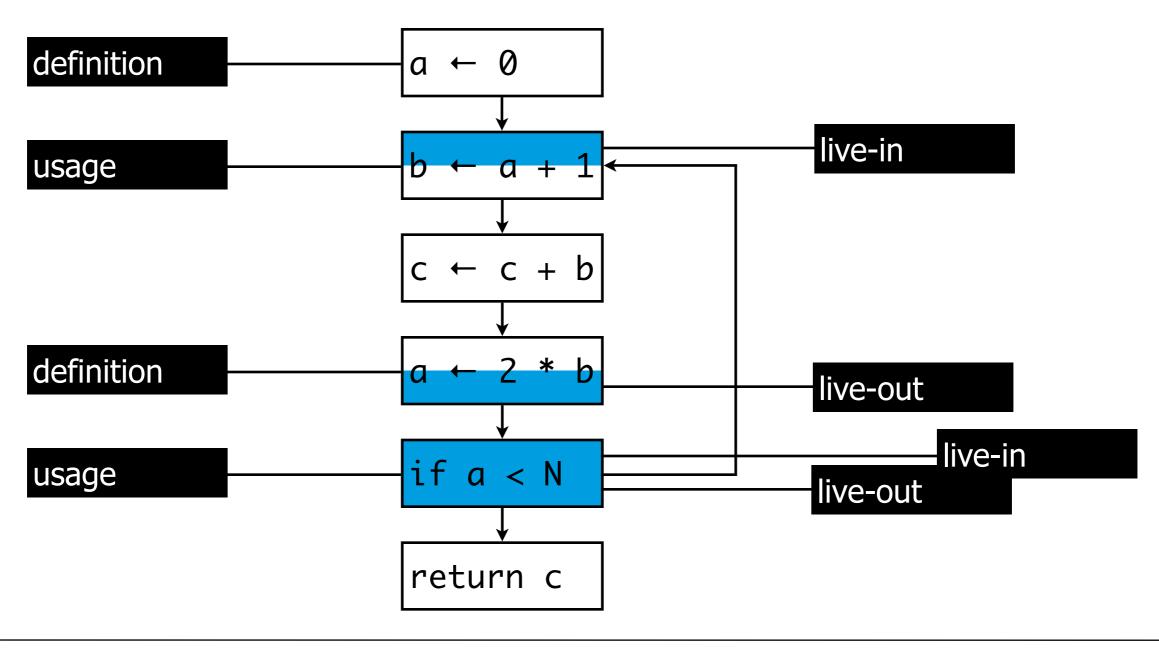




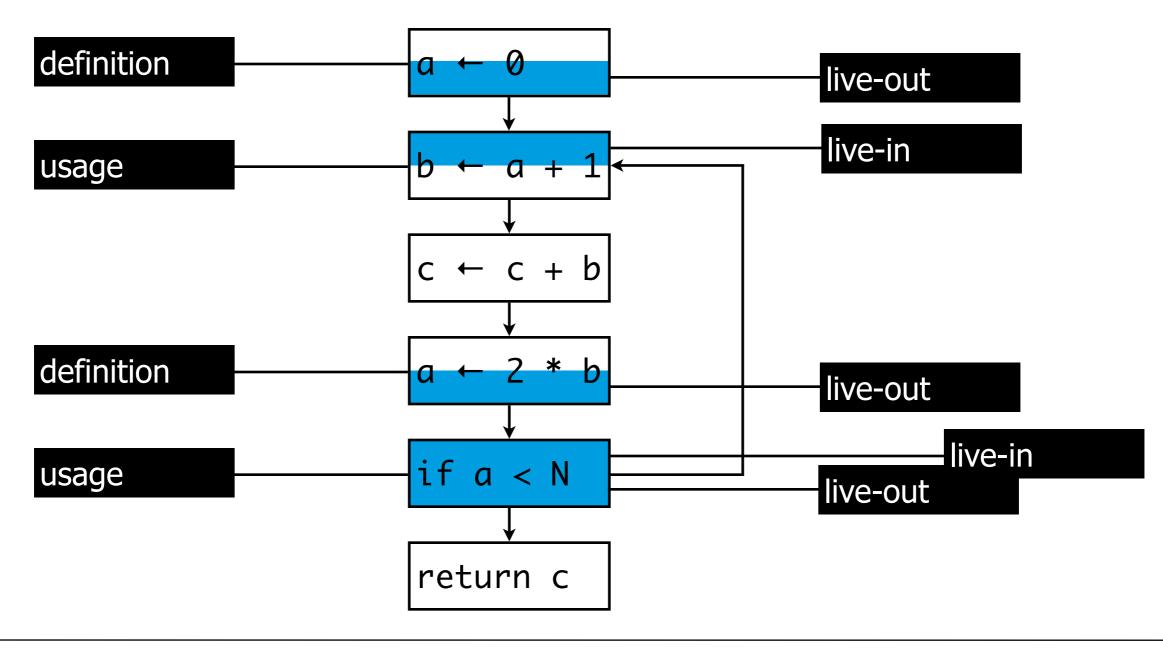




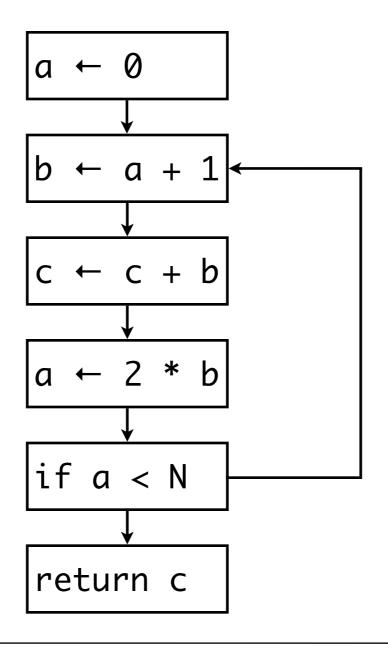




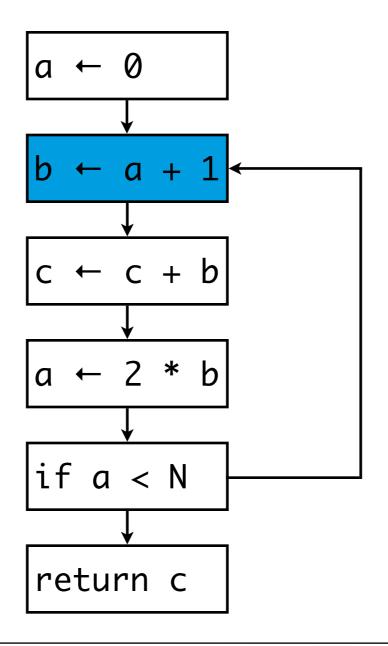




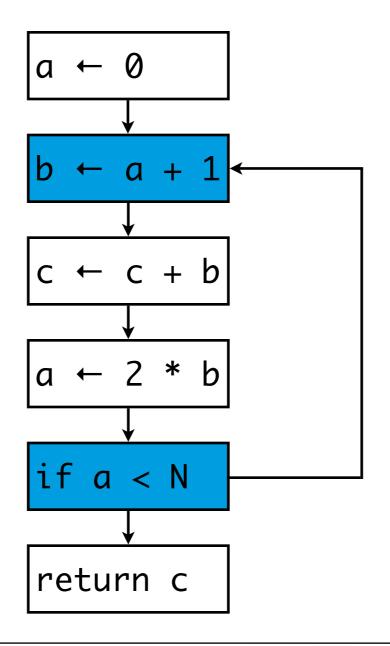




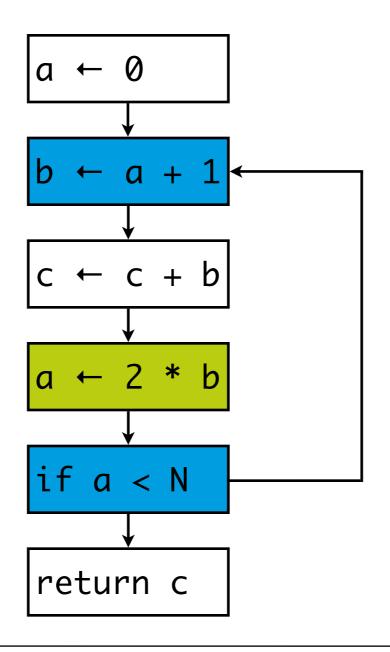




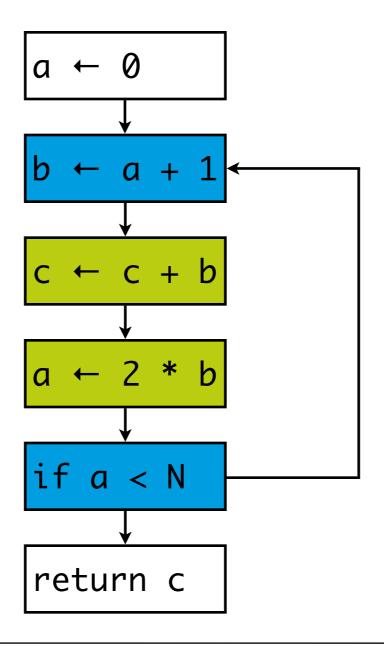




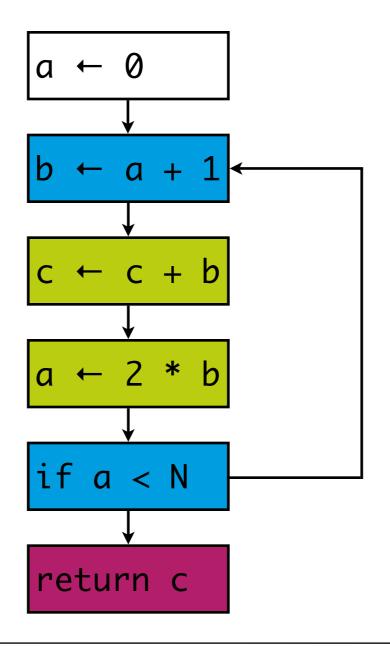




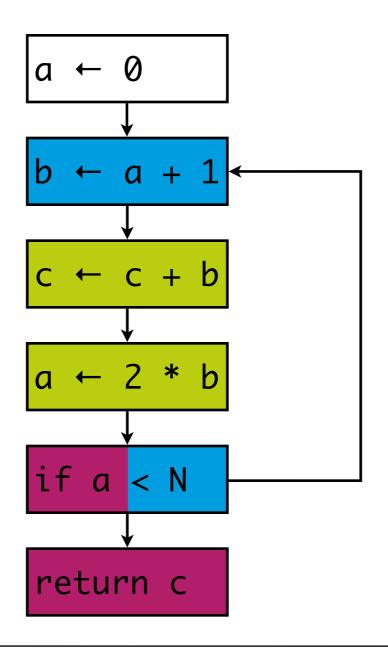




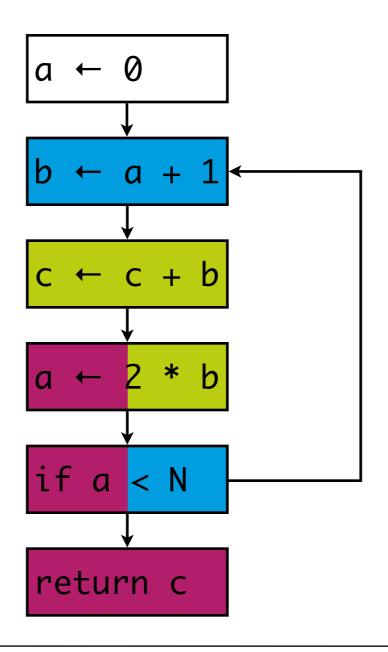




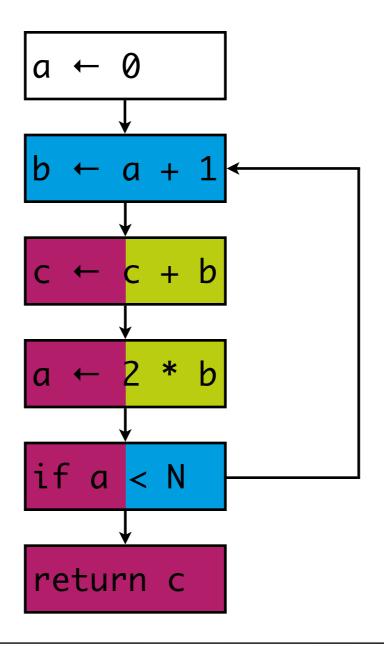




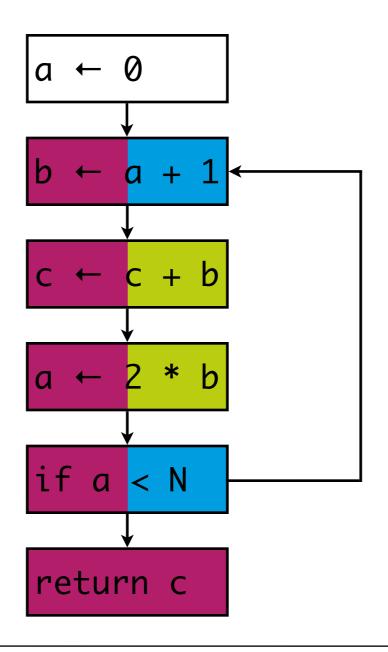




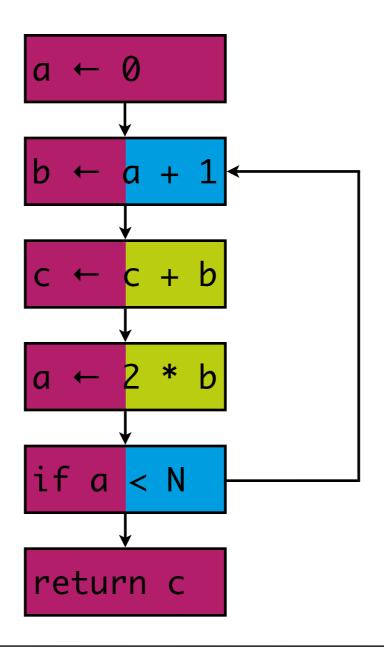














formalisation

$$in[n] = use[n] U (out[n] - def[n])$$

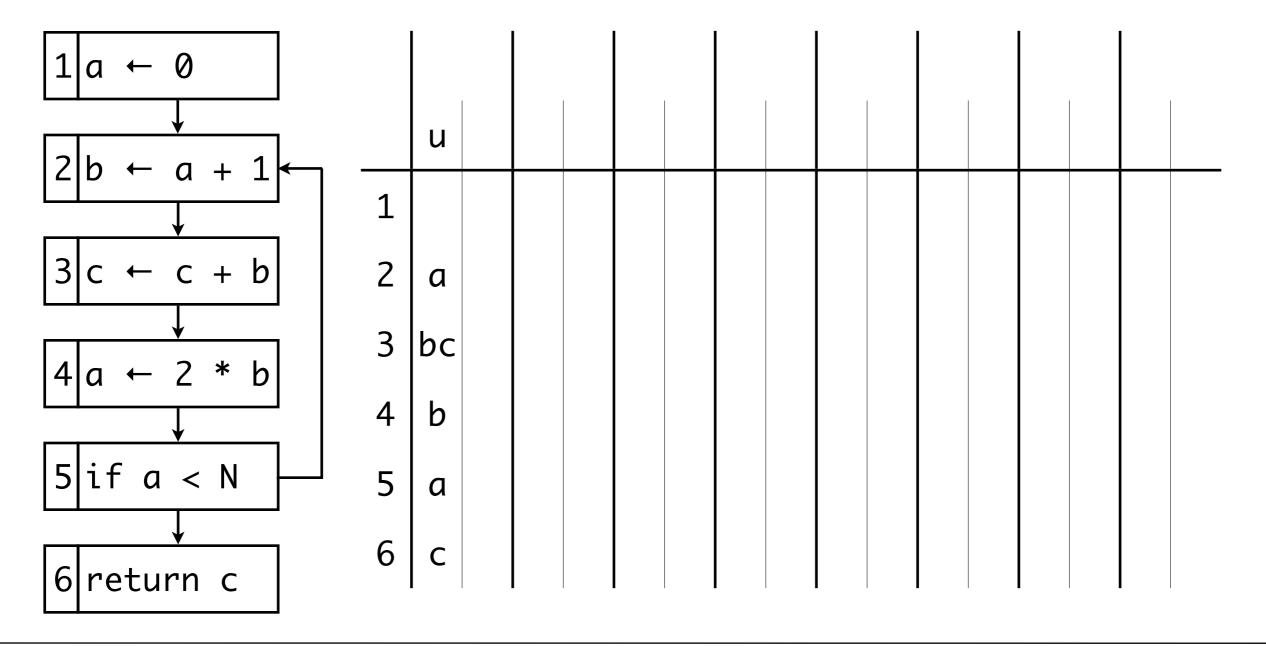
$$out[n] = U_{s \in succ[n]} in[s]$$

- 1. If a variable is used at node n, then it is live-in at n.
- 2. If a variable is live-out but not defined at node n, it is live-in at n.
- 3. If a variable is live-in at node n, then it is live-out at its predecessors.

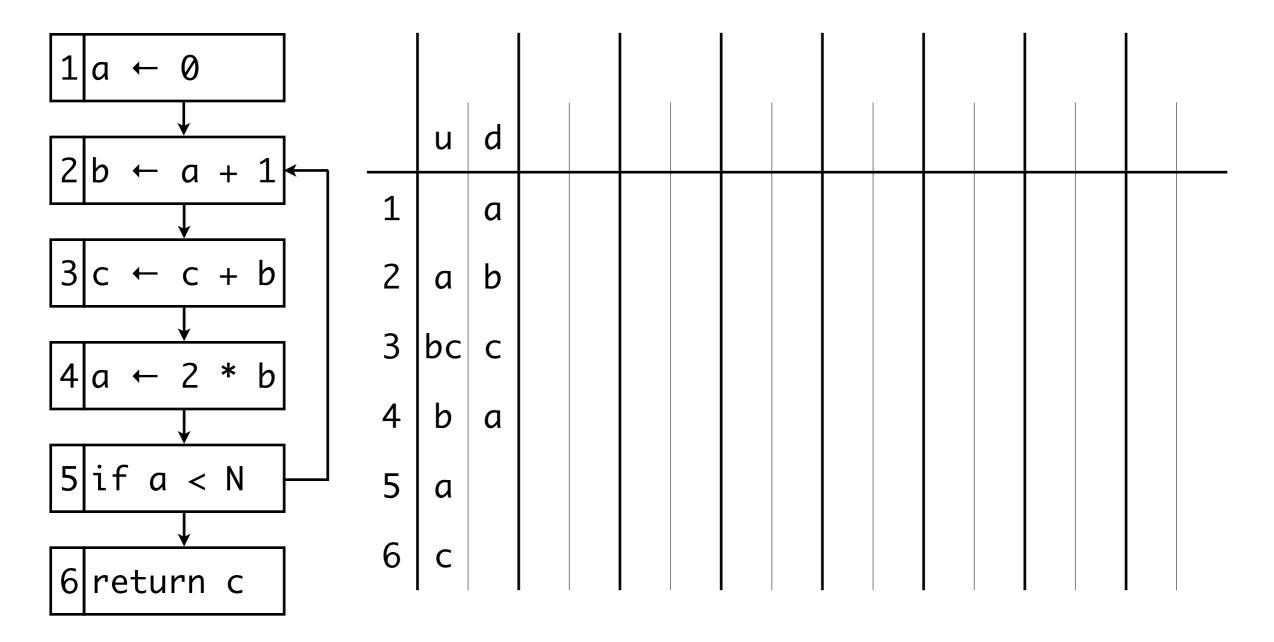
algorithm

```
for each n
   in[n] \leftarrow \{\} ; out[n] \leftarrow \{\}
repeat
   for each n
      in'[n] = in[n]; out'[n] = out[n]
      in[n] = use[n] \cup (out[n] - def[n])
      for each s in succ[n]
          out[n] = out[n] u in[s]
until
   for all n: in[n] = in'[n] and out[n] = out'[n]
```

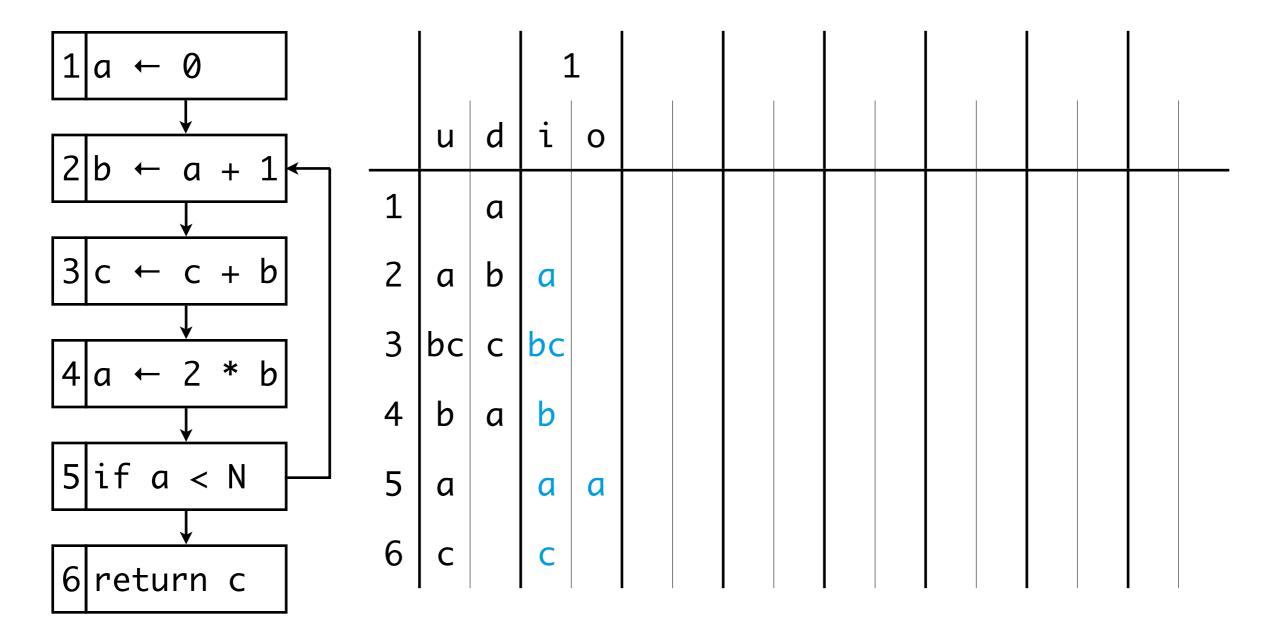




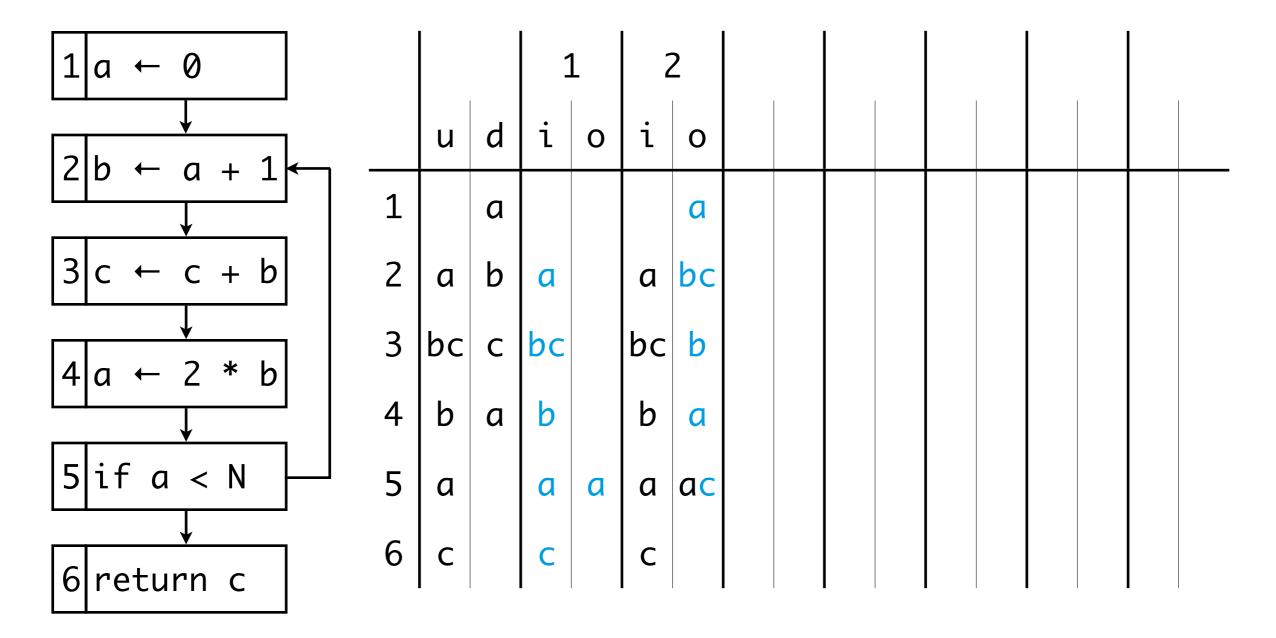




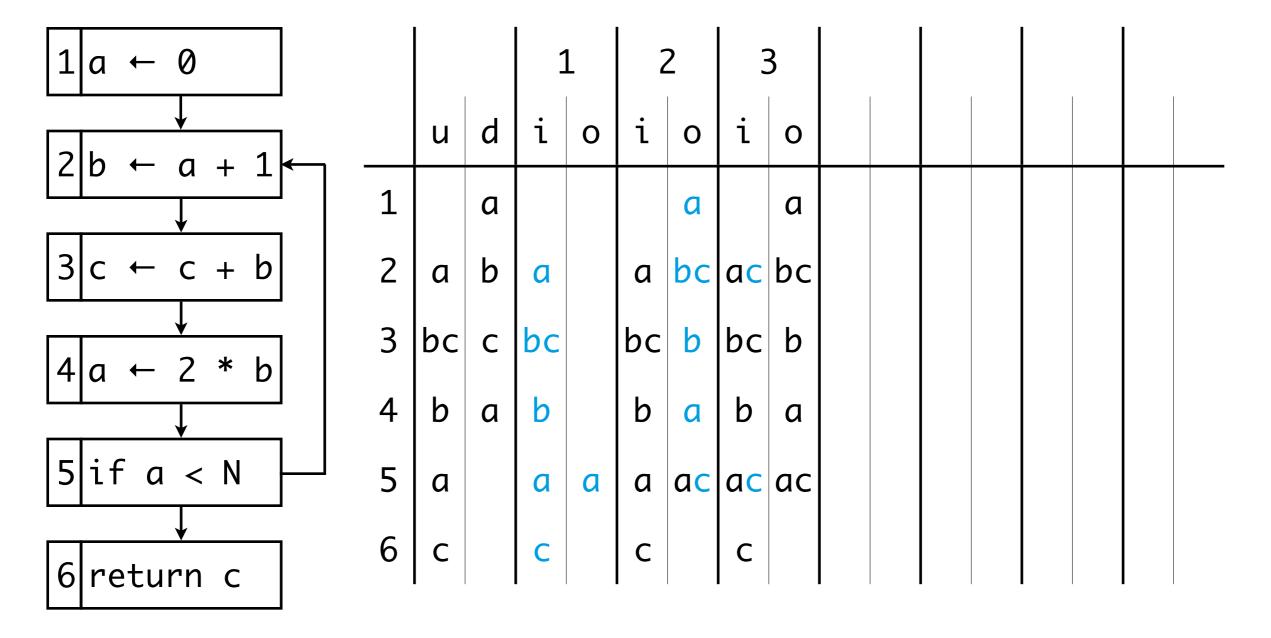




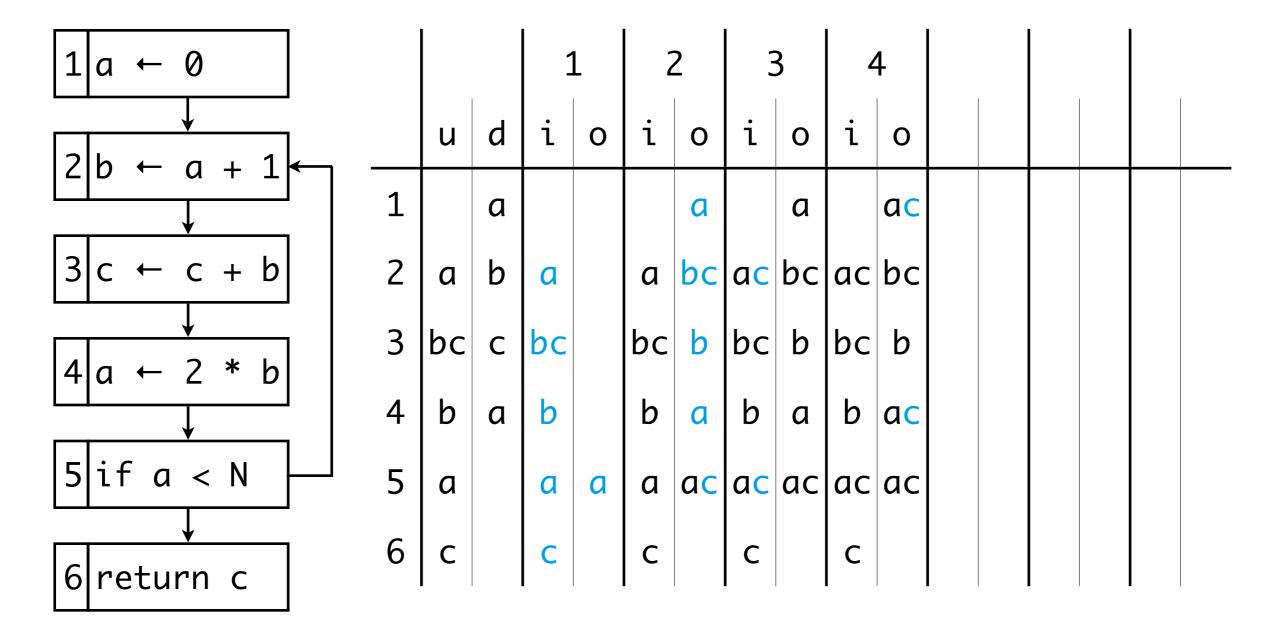




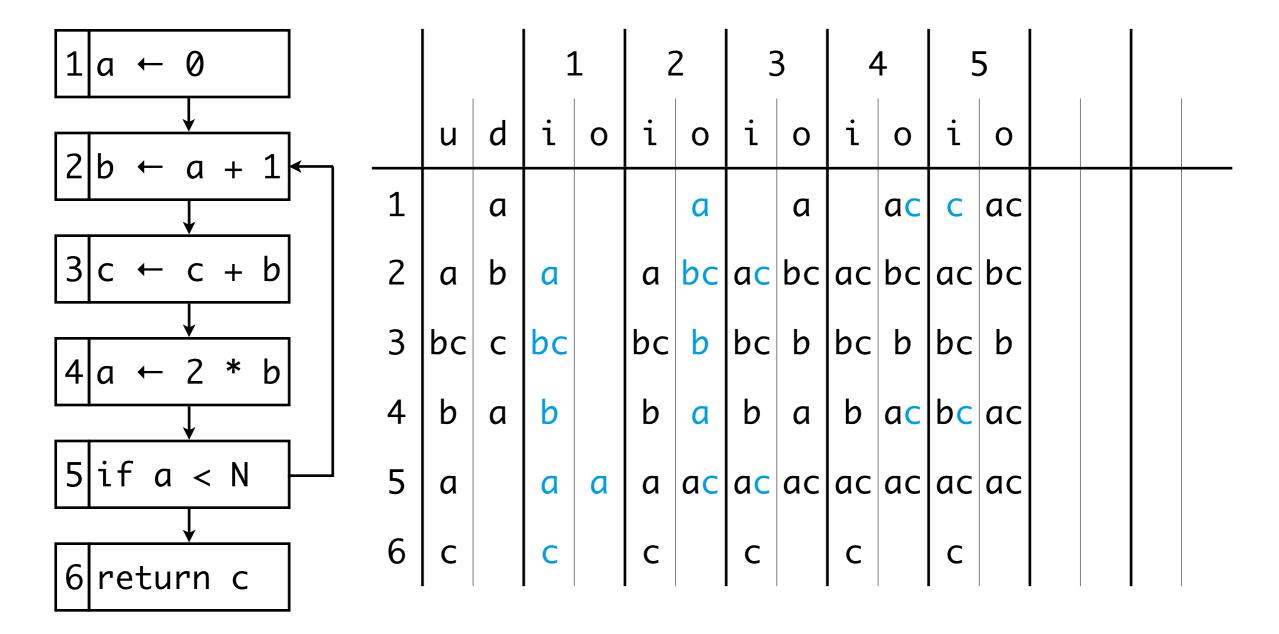




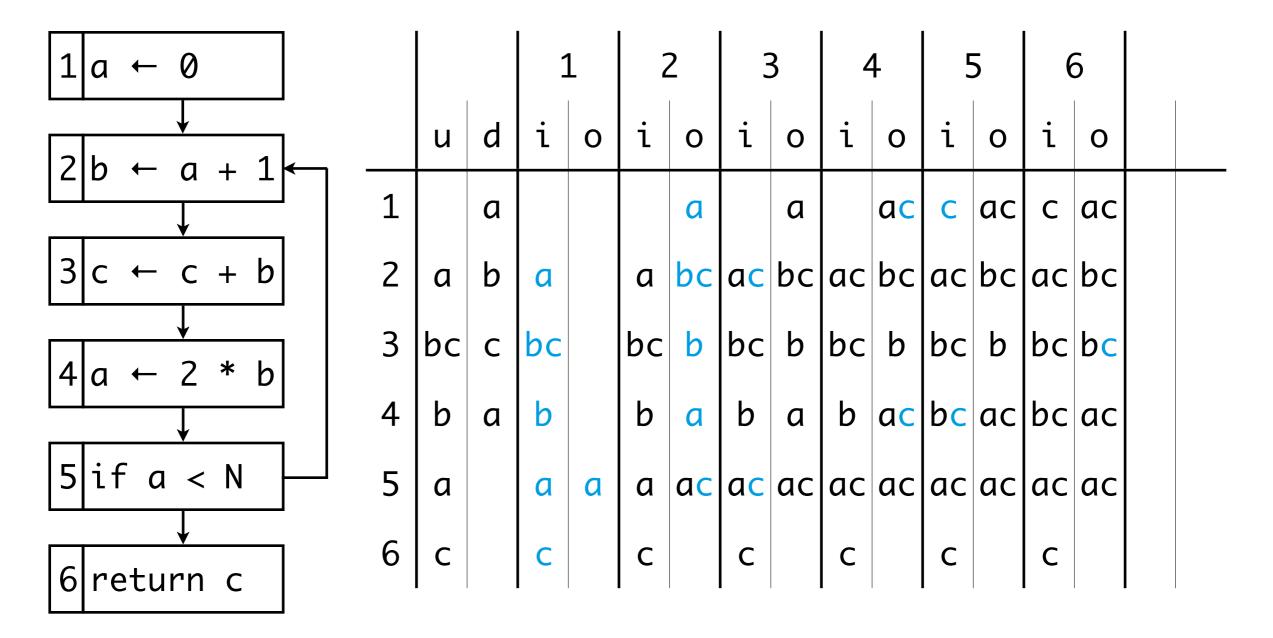




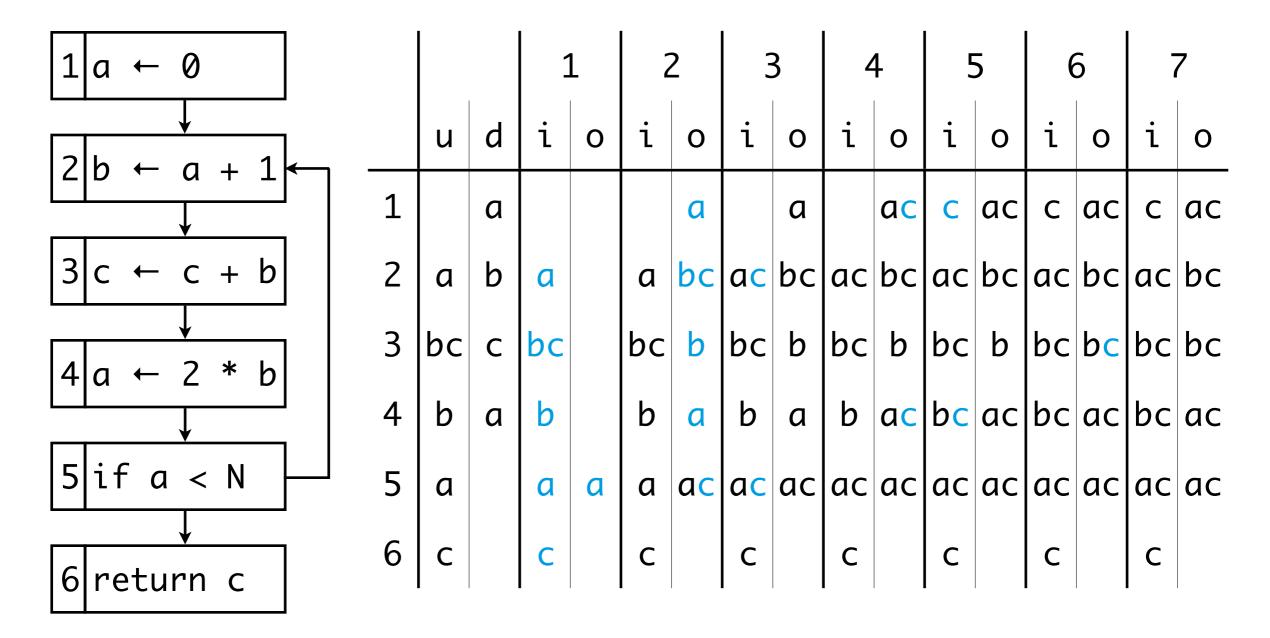




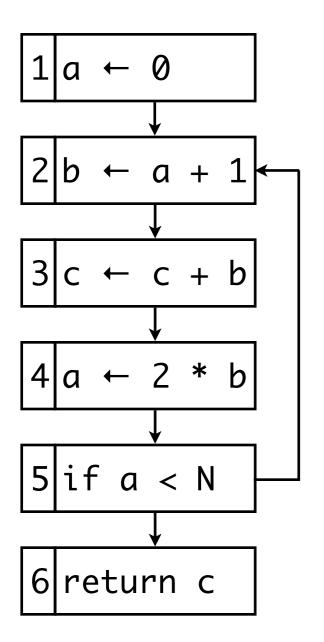


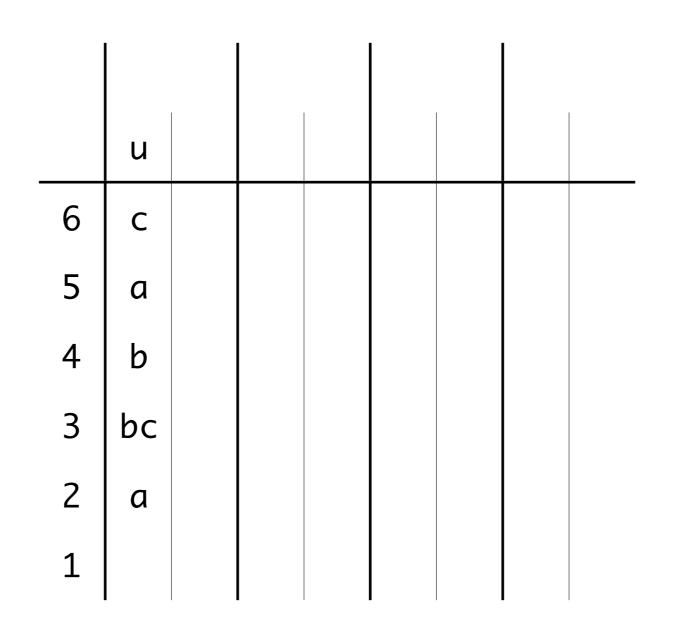




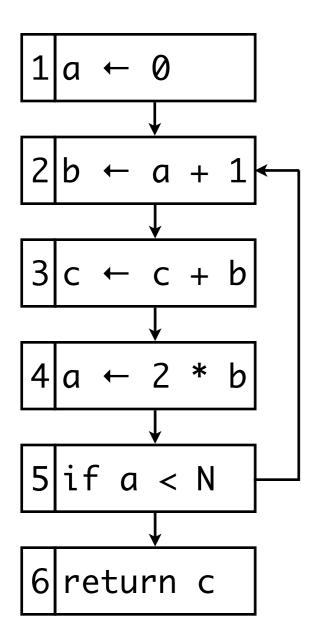


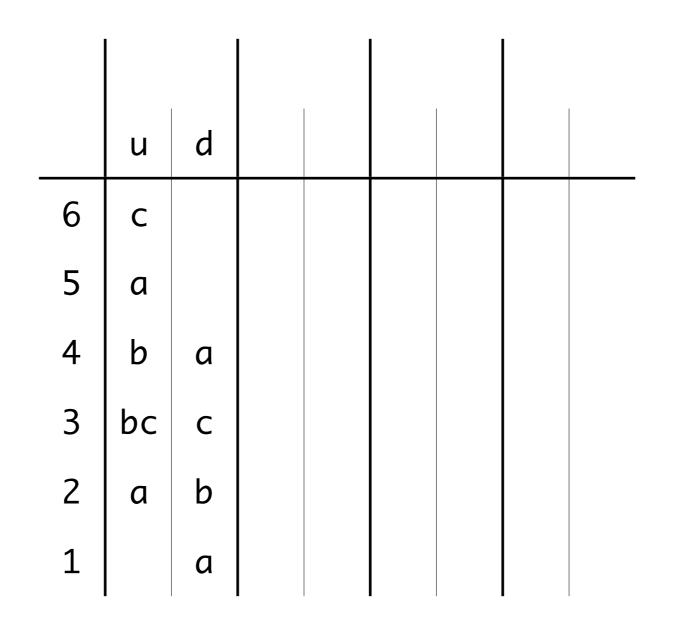




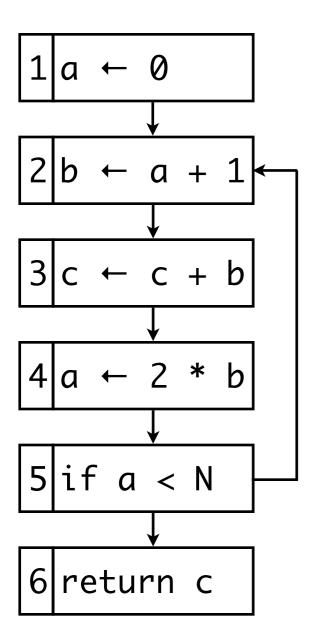






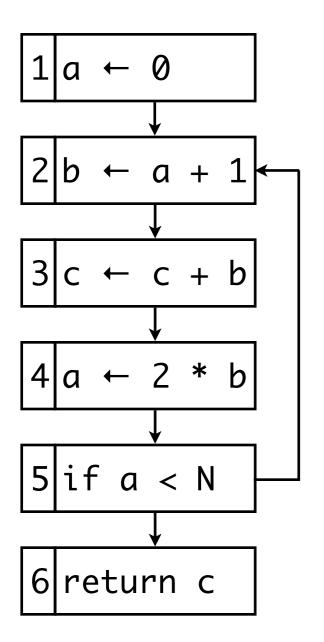






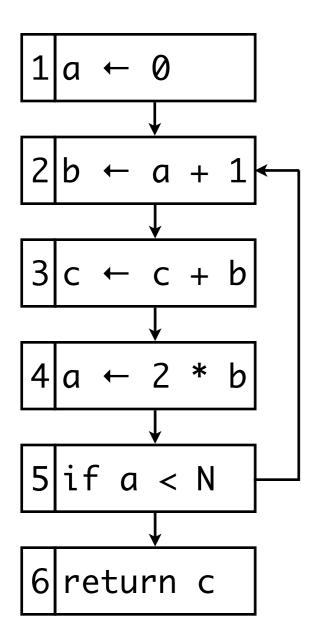
			-	L		
	u	d	0	i		
6	С			С		
5	а		С	ac		
4	b	а	ac	bc		
3	bc	С	bc	bc		
2	а	b	bc	ac		
1		а	ac	a		





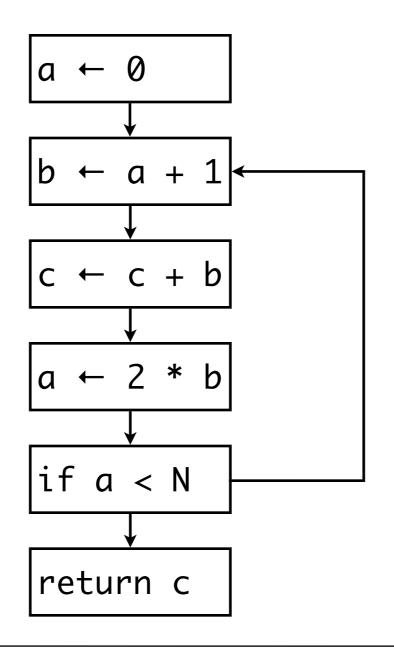
			1		2		
	u	d	0	i	0	i	
6	С			С		С	
5	а		С	ac	ac	ac	
4	b	а	ac	bc	ac	bc	
3	bc	С	bc	bc	bc	bc	
2	a	b	bc	ac	bc	ac	
1		a	ac	a	ac	С	



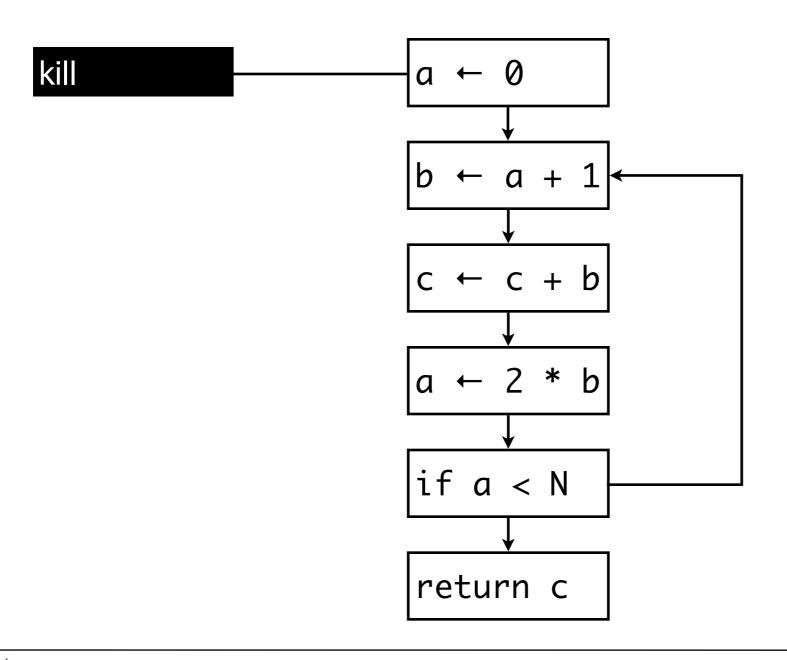


			1		2		3	
	u	d	0	i	0	i	0	i
6	С			С		С		С
5	а		С	ac	ac	ac	ac	ac
4	b	а	ac	bc	ac	bc	ac	bc
3	bc	С	bc	bc	bc	bc	bc	bc
2	а	b	bc	ac	bc	ac	bc	ac
1		a	ac	a	ac	С	ac	С

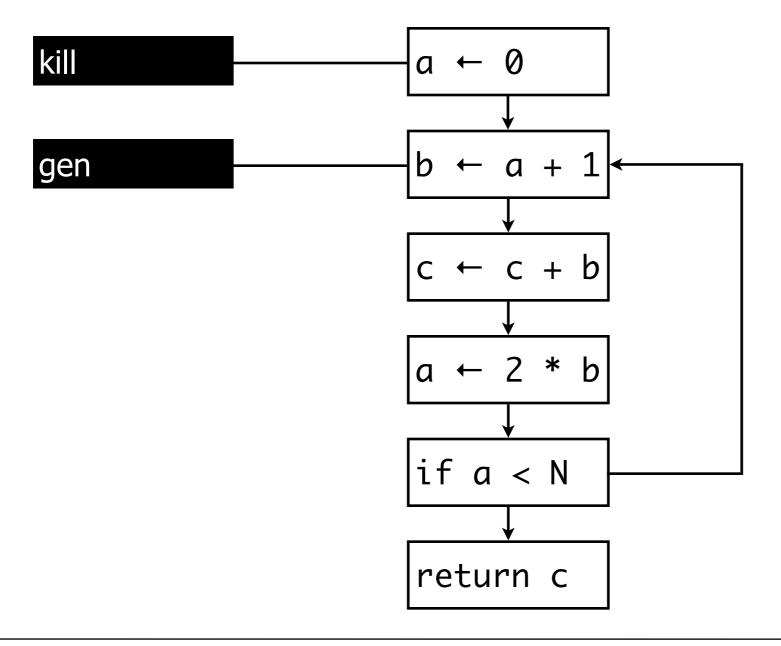




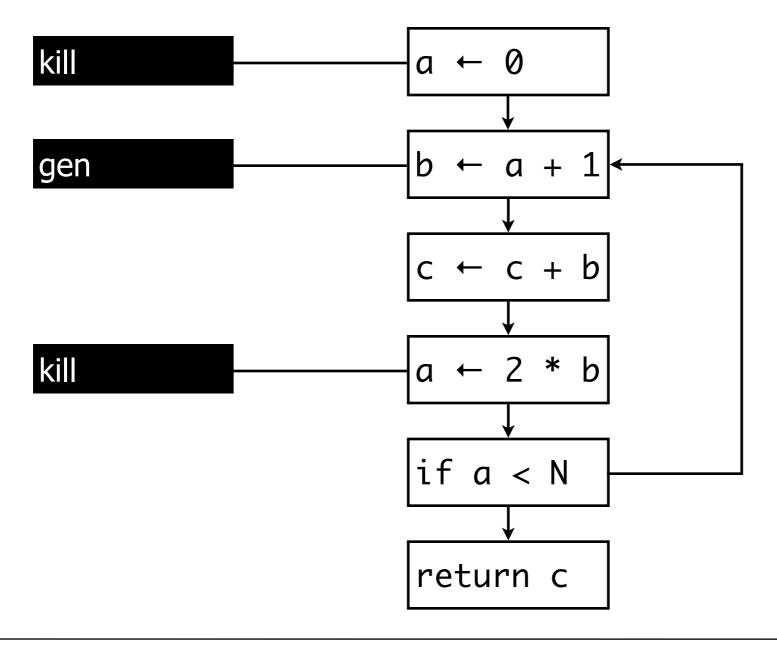




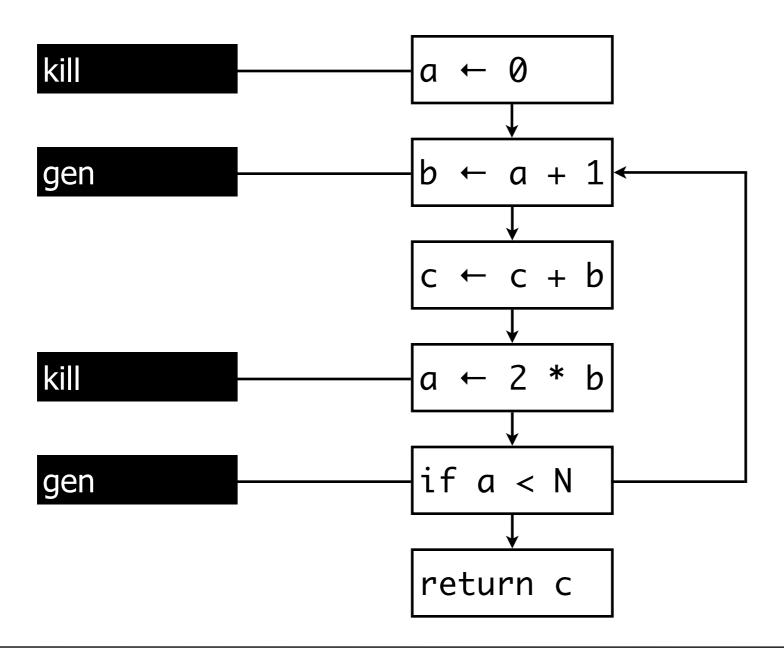




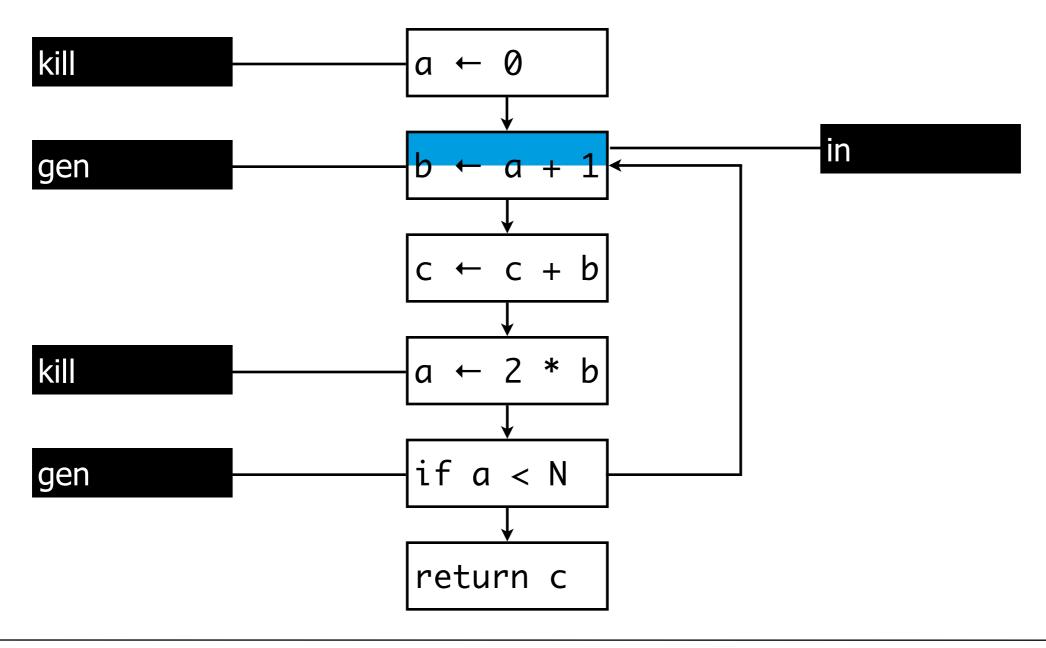




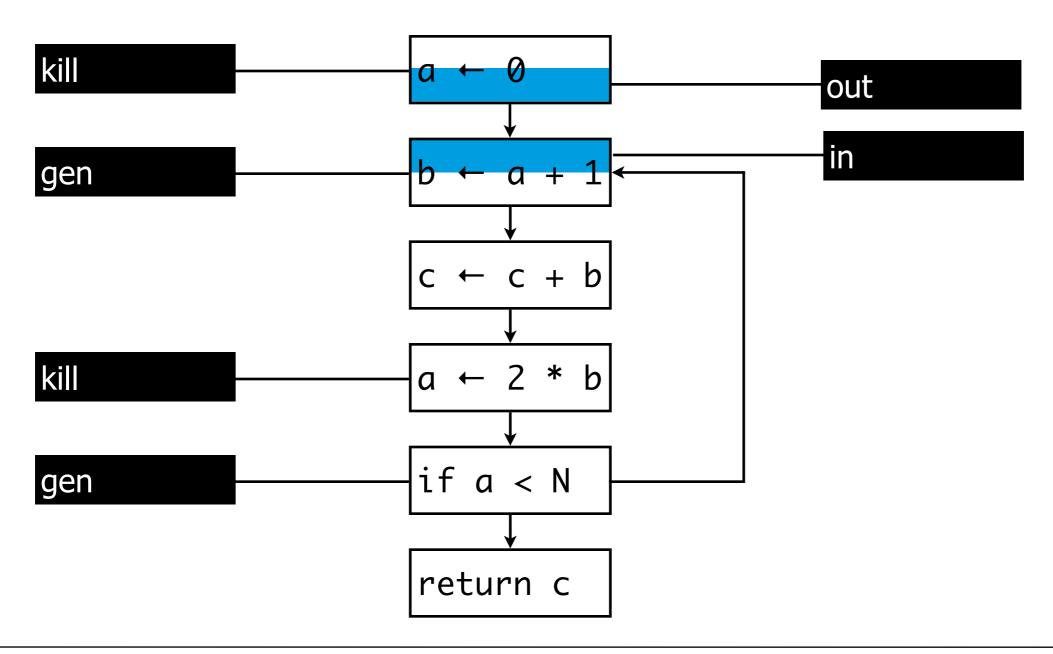




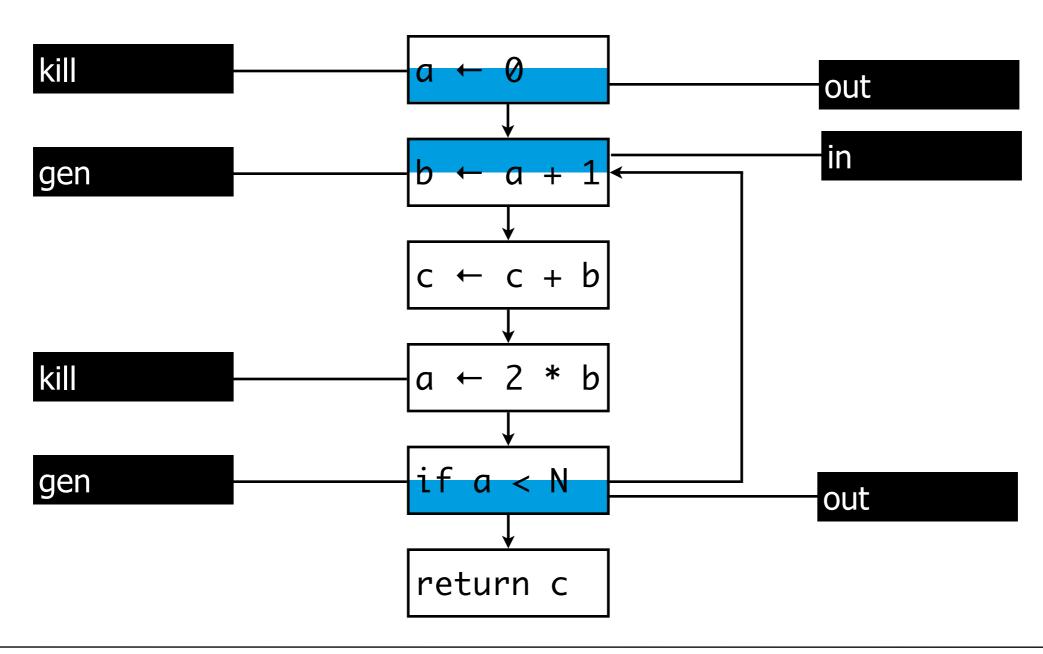




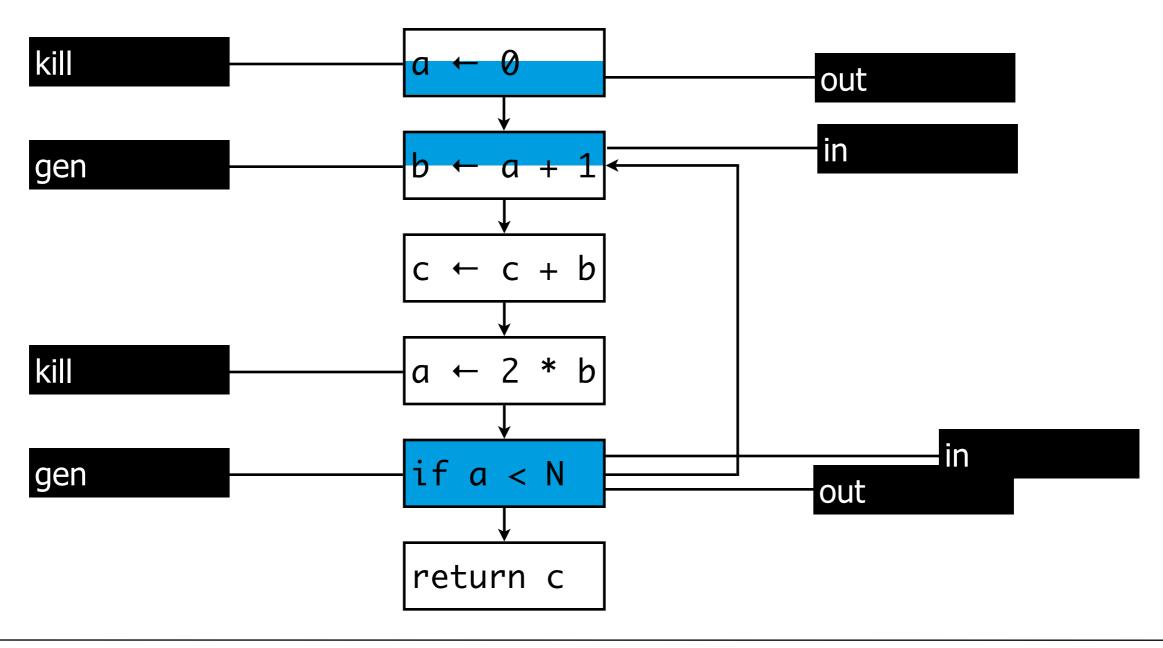




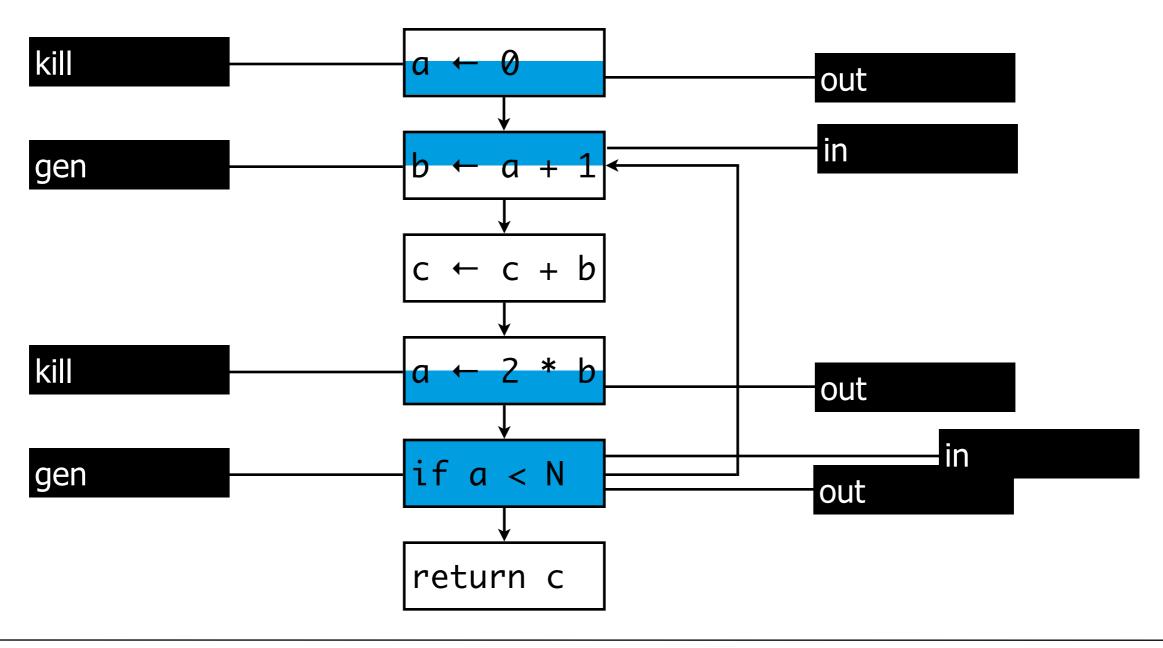














gen & kill

	gen	
a ← b ⊕ c	{b,c}	
a ← b	{b}	
a ← M[b]	{b}	
M[a] ← b	{a,b}	
f(a ₁ ,, a _n)	{a ₁ ,,a _n }	
$a \leftarrow f(a_1,, a_n)$	{a ₁ ,,a _n }	
goto L		
if a ⊗ b	{a,b}	

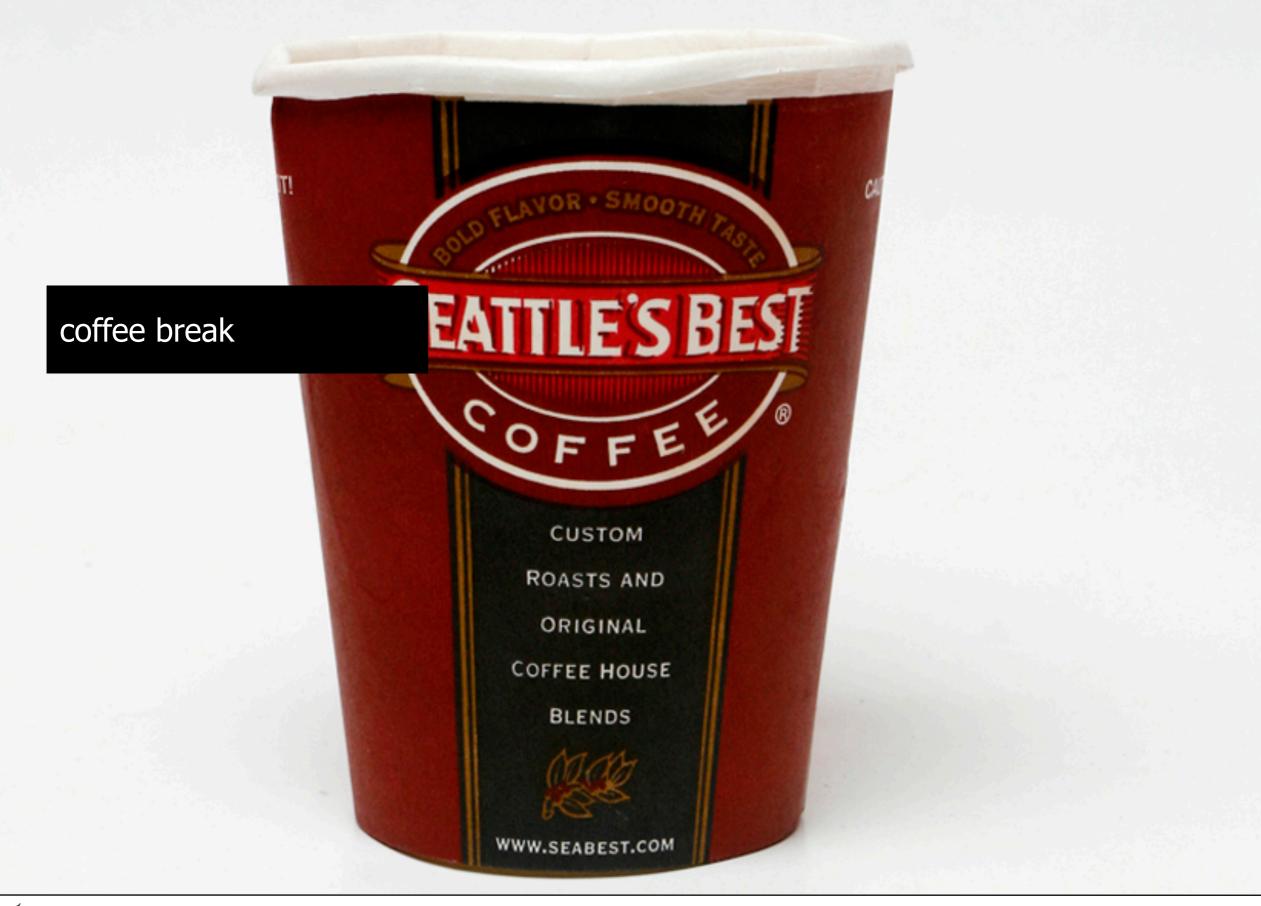
gen & kill

	gen	kill
a ← b ⊕ c	{b,c}	{a}
a ← b	{b}	{a}
a ← M[b]	{b}	{a}
M[a] ← b	{a,b}	
f(a ₁ ,, a _n)	{a ₁ ,,a _n }	
$a \leftarrow f(a_1,, a_n)$	{a ₁ ,,a _n }	{a}
goto L		
if a ⊗ b	{a,b}	

$$in[n] = gen[n] U (out[n] - kill[n])$$

$$out[n] = U_{s \in succ[n]} in[s]$$





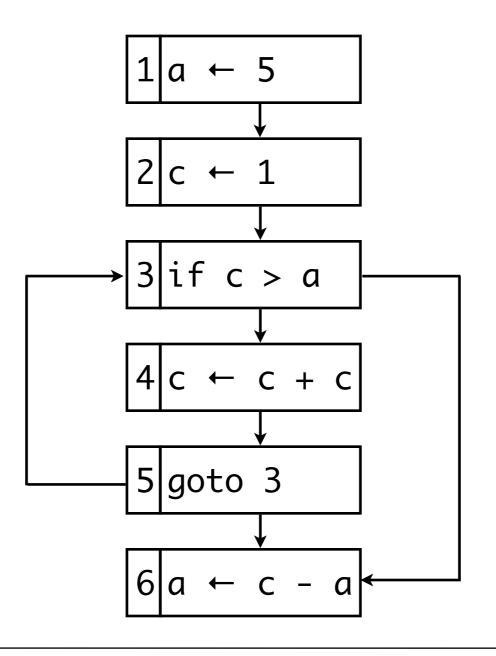


more analyses



More analyses

reaching definitions





Reaching definitions

gen & kill

	gen	
d: a ← b ⊕ c	{d}	
d: a ← b	{d}	
d: a ← M[b]	{d}	
M[a] ← b		
f(a ₁ ,, a _n)		
d: $a \leftarrow f(a_1,, a_n)$	{d}	
goto L		
if a ⊗ b		

Reaching definitions

gen & kill

	gen	kill
d: a ← b ⊕ c	{d}	defs(a)-{d}
d: a ← b	{d}	defs(a)-{d}
d: a ← M[b]	{d}	defs(a)-{d}
M[a] ← b		
f(a ₁ ,, a _n)		
d: $a \leftarrow f(a_1,, a_n)$	{d}	defs(a)-{d}
goto L		
if a ⊗ b		



Reaching definitions

formalisation

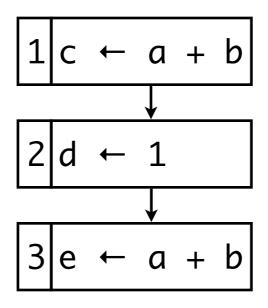
$$in[n] = U_{p \in pred[n]} \ out[p]$$

$$out[n] = gen[n] \ U \ (in[n] - kill[n])$$



More analyses

available expressions





Available expressions

gen & kill

	gen
d: a ← b ⊕ c	{b⊕c}-kill
d: a ← b	
d: a ← M[b]	{M[b]}-kill
M[a] ← b	
f(a ₁ ,, a _n)	
d: $a \leftarrow f(a_1,, a_n)$	
goto L	
if a ⊗ b	



Available expressions

gen & kill

	gen	kill
d: a ← b ⊕ c	{b⊕c}-kill	exps(a)
d: a ← b		
d: a ← M[b]	{M[b]}-kill	exps(a)
M[a] ← b		exps(M[_])
f(a ₁ ,, a _n)		exps(M[_])
d: $a \leftarrow f(a_1,, a_n)$		exps(M[_]) u exps(a)
goto L		
if a ⊗ b		



Available expressions

formalisation

$$in[n] = \bigcap_{p \in pred[n]} out[p]$$

$$out[n] = gen[n] U (in[n] - kill[n])$$



optimisations



Dead code elimination

example

$$b \leftarrow a + 1$$

$$c \leftarrow c + b$$

$$a \leftarrow 2 * b$$

return c

$$b \leftarrow a + 1$$

$$c \leftarrow c + b$$

return c

Constant propagation

example

$$b \leftarrow a + 1$$

$$c \leftarrow c + b$$

$$a \leftarrow 2 * b$$

$$b \leftarrow 0 + 1$$

$$c \leftarrow c + b$$

$$a \leftarrow 2 * b$$

return c

Copy propagation

example

$$b \leftarrow a + 1$$

$$c \leftarrow c + b$$

$$a \leftarrow 2 * b$$

return c

$$c \leftarrow c + b$$

return c

Common subexpression elimination

example

$$c \leftarrow a + b$$

$$e \leftarrow a + b$$

$$x \leftarrow a + b$$

$$c \leftarrow x$$

$$e \leftarrow x$$

V

summary



Summary

lessons learned

liveness analysis

- intermediate language
- control-flow graphs
- definition & algorithm

more dataflow analyses

- reaching definitions
- available expressions

optimisations



Literature

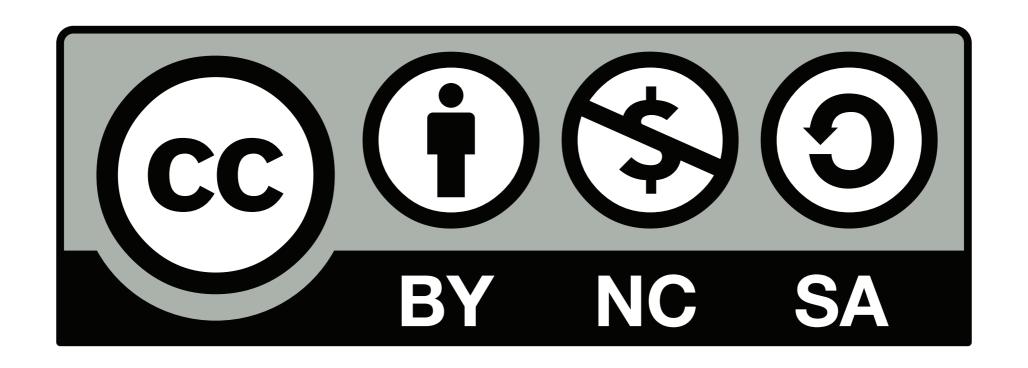
learn more

Andrew W. Appel, Jens Palsberg: Modern Compiler Implementation in Java, 2nd edition. 2002



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