HEAVY DUTY POWER AMPLIFIER

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GENERALMUSIC®▲ CODE: 270232▼

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Warnings



Notice

Service must be carried out by qualified personnel only. Any tampering carried out by unqualified personnel during the guarantee period will forfeit the right to guarantee.

For a correct operation of the instrument, after having switched off, be careful to wait at least 3 seconds before switching on again. To improve the device's specifications, the schematic diagrams may be subject to change without prior notice.

All components marked by this symbol have special safety characteristics, when replacing any of these components use only

manufacturer's specified parts.

The (μ) micro symbol of capacitance value is substituted by U.

The (Ω) omega symbol of resistance value is substituted by E.

The electrolytic capacitors are 25Vdc rated voltage unless otherwise specified.

All resistors are $1/8\Omega$ unless otherwise specified.

All switches shown in the "OFF" position. All DC voltages measured to ground with a voltmeter 20KOhm/V.

← Soldering point.

Supply voltage.Test point.

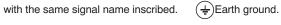
▲ Logic supply ground.

Male connector.> Female connector.

Flag joined with one or more flags

△ Analog supply ground.↓ Chassis ground.

← M/F faston connector.





Observe precautions when handling electrostatic sensitive devices.

Address



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TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensions:	(WxHxD)	483x44x310mm (1U)
Weight:		8Kg
Power Requirements:	(230Vac±10% 50Hz)	300VA
Output Power:	(8 Ω stereo/parallel)	2x 130Watts
Max. Undistorted Out:	(8 Ω stereo/parallel)	92Vpp
Input Sensitivity:	(constant sensitivity)	0.775Vrms (0dB)
Input Impedance:	(balanced)	30ΚΩ
	(unbalanced)	15ΚΩ
Voltage Gain:	(constant sensitivity)	32±0.5dB
Slew Rate:		10V/μS
Damping Factor:	(8 Ω stereo/parallel)	>400
Frequency Response	(-0.2dB)	20Hz÷20KHz
at Full Power:	(-3dB)	10Hz÷60KHz
IMD:	(SMPTE 60Hz/7KHz 4:1)	<0.1%
THD:	(THD+N)	<0.1%
S/N Ratio:	(unweighted)	>95dB
Crosstalk:	(1KHz)	>70dB

TEST PROCEDURES & ADJUSTMENTS

Precaution

- ⇒ To prevent short circuit during any test, the oscilloscope must be **EARTH insulated**, this occurs because some test require to connect its probe to the amplifier output, non-compliance may cause damages to oscilloscope inputs circuitry.
- ⇒ Before removing or installing any modules and connectors, disconnect the amplifier from AC MAINS and measure the DC supply voltages across each of the power suppliy capacitors. If your measurement on any of the caps is greater than 10Vdc, connect a 100Ω 10W resistor across the applicable caps to discharge them for your safety. Remember to remove the discharge resistor immediately after discharging caps. Do not power up the amplifier with the discharge resistor connected.
- Read these notes entirely before proceeding to any operation. These notes are not comprehensive of all damages that possibly occur, but includes some specifically advices, checks and adjustments relative to this amplifier.

Remarks

- ⇒ The power supply utilizes a dual bipolar DC rail configuration with low and high voltages; one positive and one negative low rail (+/-Vcc1) and one positive and one negative high rail (+/-Vcc2).
- Some component references in the circuitry have the A letter suffix to identify the CH1 channel and the B letter for CH2 channel.

Visual Check

Use compressed air to clear dust in the amplifier chassis.

- Defore proceed to supply the amplifier check visually the internal assembly, if appears an evident damage find the most possible reasons that
- Check the wiring cables for possible interruptions or shorts.
- ⇒ If the damage has burnt a printed circuit board don't try to repair it, replace with a new one.

Test Instruments

- Audio Generator
- Dual Trace Oscilloscope
- ⇒ Digital Multimeter
- \Rightarrow 4 Ω 500W, 8 Ω 300W, 100 Ω 10W resistors
- ⇒ Variac (0÷250Vac)

Setup

- Connect the Variac between the mains and the amplifier and set it at zero
- Set the amplifier in STEREO MODE and turn full clockwise the LEVEL potentiometers.
- Connect the audio generator to the channel inputs and set it to 1KHz 775mV_{RMS} (0dB) sinusoidal signal.
- □ The procedures that follow must be executed subsequently in the order specified.

Supply Check

⇒ Remove the transformer secondary fuses (located on SUPPLY & PRO-TECTIONS board), set the Variac to the nominal mains voltage, check with the Multimeter the AC supply voltages:

FUSE1-FUSE2=55±1.5Vac

FUSE3-FUSE4=90±3Vac.

- Re-set the Variac at zero voltage, turn off the amplifier and put the fuses back on its holders.
- Connect the oscilloscope probes ch1/2 to the channel outputs, before RL1, set both to 20V/div. 200µS/div.
- Set up the Variac slowly monitoring the Outputs with the oscilloscope ch1/2 connected, it should display the sinusoidal input signal amplified with no distortions, if a distortion occur check the POWER AMPLIFIER boards as suggested in the ADVICES section.
- □ If the protection trips, turn off the amplifier, wait some minutes and disconnect the supplies from the outputs modules (CN1, CN4 on POWER AMPLIFIER boards), continue to check the supplies.
- CAUTION: Before re-connecting the output modules to the supplies, vou must have the capacitors discharged for your safety; connect a 100Ω 10W resistor across the caps and remove the resistor just after they are discharged.
- ⇒ Finally verify the DC supplies on POWER SUPPLIES board:

CN2-4 pin 3 (+Vcc2) =+61±2Vdc CN2-4 pin 4 (+Vcc1) =+36±1.5Vdc CN2-4 pin 2 (-Vcc1) =-36±1.5Vdc CN2-4 pin 1 (-Vcc2) =-61±2Vdc CN3 pin 5 =+15±1Vdc

CN3 pin 3

⇒ If one or more voltages don't correspond, check the rectifiers, capacitors and transformers disconnecting them from circuitry, refer to schematics.

=-15±1Vdc

Channels Check

- ⇒ The CH1 channel is on the left and CH2 channel is on the right of the chassis.
- ⇒ These procedures are intended for one channel at a time, repeat these operation for the other channel.
- ⇒ Verify, with the Multimeter, the insulation between the heatsink and the transistors collectors.
- ⇒ Verify, with the Multimeter, the PTC resistor value (R133 connected across pin 8 an pin 9 of CN3), it must be between 50Ω and 200Ω .

⇒ SETUP:

Connect the ch1 scope GND clip to CN102 pin 1 (GND terminal). Connect the ch1 probe tip to CN102 pin 2 (AMP output). Connect the ch2 probe tip to D109 anode and set it sensitivity at 5V/div. Set the LEVEL potentiometers full clockwise.

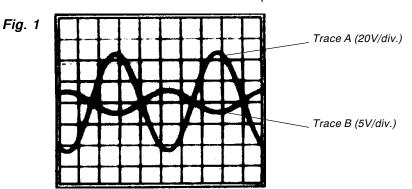
The load resistor is disconnected.

□ INITIAL TEST:

Increase slowly the Variac. The channel output signals must be symmetrical respect the GND without visible distortion and oscillation as shown in Fig. 1 Trace A (Trace B shown the amplifier 2nd stage input). If there is a distortion read the section ADVICES and proceed to check the other

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channel.

⇒ BIAS ADJUSTMENT:

Set the generator level at zero, connect the Multimeter across the emitter and collector of TR108, then adjust R132 trimmer to read 2.5Vdc.

□ HIGH RAIL CHECK:

Connect the ch2 probe tip to D103 cathode and set it sensitivity at 20V/

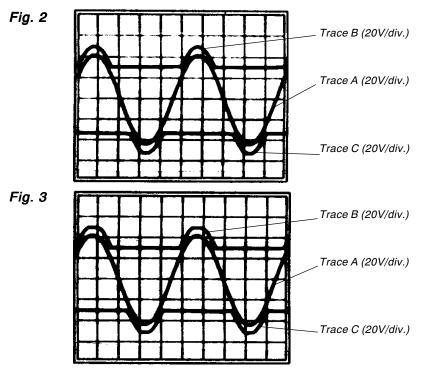
When the output signal (Positive half-wave) is less than 30Vp the voltage on D103 cathode must remain constant at 36V, when the output signal exceeds 30Vp the voltage must follow the output signal with 6V offset (see Fig.2 Trace B), to check the negative high rail connect the probe to D114 anode (see Fig.2 Trace C).

Connect the 8Ω 300W load on the output and repeat the INITIAL and HIGH RAIL checks.

Check the signal clipping, it must occur at 48±2Vpp (see Fig.3 Trace A,B,C).

⇒ SIGNAL/CLIP SENSOR CHECK:

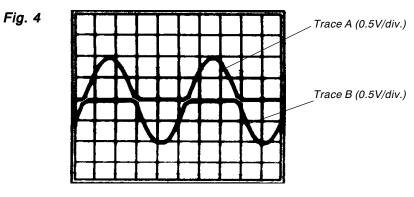
Set the LEVEL pot to minimum, set the scope timebase at 1V/div. $200\mu\text{S}/$ div., then increase the level and check the SIGNAL/CLIP led activity: it must turn on (green light) when the amplifier output is higher than 1Vp. Set the scope at 20V/div. and increase the level, check the LIMITER led



activity: it must turn on (red light) at the amplifier output signal clipping.

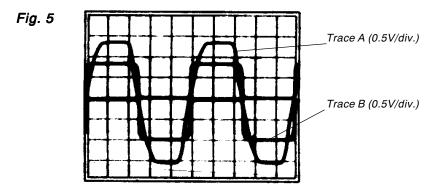
○ CURRENT AND SHORT CIRCUIT SENSOR CHECK:

Set both the scope channels sensitivity to 0.5V/div., connect the scope ch1 GND clip at CN3 pin 2 (AMP output) and the probe tip at TR106 (NPN) emitter, connect the ch2 probe tip at TR113 (PNP) emitter. Set the generator to have approx. 1Vp on the emitters: their difference must be less than 0.2V on the peaks (see *Fig.4 Trace A & B*). Connect a 4Ω 500W load. Increase the input signal, the output current



limiter must keep the emitter voltages, both half channel, at 1.5Vp approx. (see *Fig.5 Trace A*).

Temporarily short the amplifier output: the current limiter must keep the emitter voltages (both half channel) at 1 approx. (see *Fig.5 Trace B*).



○ OFFSET SENSOR CHECK:

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Set the Variac to zero voltage output, disconnect the amplifier load and the supply connection from the Power Supply & I/O Board (CN2-4), turn

on the amplifier, connect temporarily (by means of a suitable conductor wire) CN2 pin 2 to +15Vdc (CN3 pin 5), the PROTECT led must turn on in 5 seconds approx.

Remove the connection, wait until the leds turn off and after some seconds repeat the check with -15Vdc (available on CN3 pin 3), the led PROTECT must turn on again.

⇒ BIAS CHECK:

Disconnect ch2 probe. Connect the ch1 scope GND clip to CN2 pin 1 (GND terminal) and its probe tip to CN2 pin 2 (AMP output). Adjust the generator level until the sinewave appears at full screen amplitude, no crossover distortion must be detectable: if necessary re-adjust R132.

⇒ BANDWIDTH CHECK:

Set ch1 scope sensitivity at 20V/div., increase the generator level to have 80Vpp, sweep the generator frequency from 20Hz to 20KHz: the output level must have not detectable level changes.

⇒ SLEW RATE CHECK:

Set the scope sensitivity to 10V/div. $1\mu S/div$. and set the generator to 1KHz square wave mode. Check the output square wave rising and falling

Fig. 6

— Trace A (10V/div.)

edge slopes: both must be $10V/\mu S$ or more as shown in Fig 6.

Inputs & Protections Board Check

These procedures are intended for one channel at a time, repeat these operations for the other channel.

⇒ SETUP:

Connect the ch1 probe to amplifier input of the channel under test and set it at 500mV/div. 200mS/div.

Connect the ch2 probe to amplifier output of the channel under test and set it at 10mV/div. 200mS/div.

Set the audio generator at 1KHz sinus. 775mV_{RMS} (0dB).

Set the LEVEL potentiometers full clockwise.

The load resistor is disconnected.

⇒ AMPLIFIER GAIN CHECK

Check the output levels: at 775mV position the output voltage must be 46±1.5Vp.

SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO CHECK

Disconnect the audio generator the output signal (noise) must be less 1mV.

Advices

- Check the channels one at time to determine which is right (note: if you have a spare amplifier module that you know as right, use it).
- ⇒ If you have determinate that the problem is a short on a rail, you must check the output transistors.

To determine which transistor devices are bad, use a soldering iron to lift

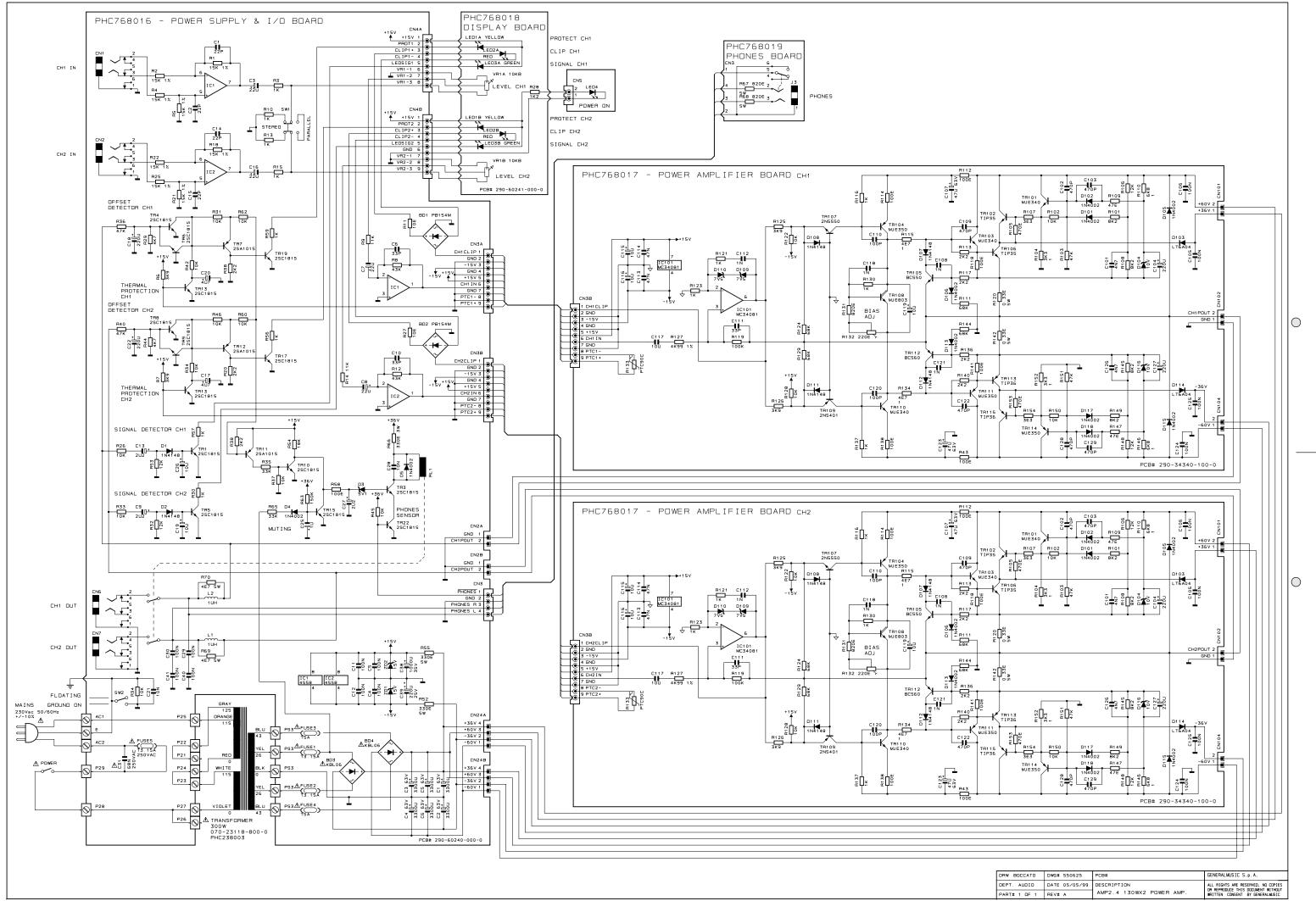
one leg of each emitter pin and measure the emitter-collector resistance on each device. Unsolder and lift one leg of each base pin and check the base-collector resistance of each transistor and replace any that measure as a short.

If all the transistors are OK, unsolder and lift one leg of each diode and check them.

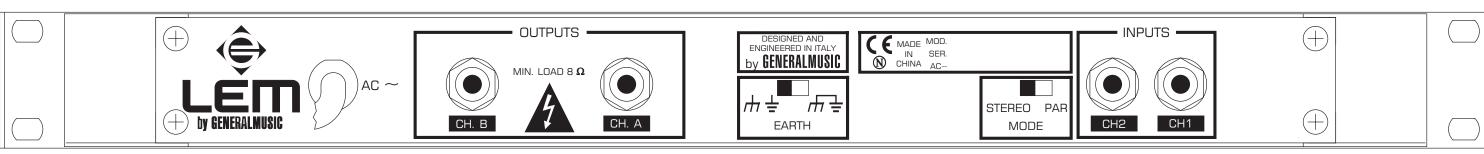
Check the circuit board for open foil traces.

Use the Multimeter as Ohm-meter to check the resistors, particularly the base and emitter resistors of damaged transistor.

- If the input sinewave appears to be distorted during the negative cycle, you can assume that the problem is located somewhere in the circuitry of the positive low rail.
 - If the positive cycle appears distorted, you can assume that the problem is in the circuitry of the negative low rail.
- □ If the high rails appear distorted or are not modulating as shown in figure, then the problem probably exists somewhere in the circuitry of the respective (+ or -) defective high rail. Refer to the schematics.



PROTECT 12 10 PROTECT 12 10 PROTECT 13 10 PROTECT 14 12 10 PROTECT 15 16 14 12 10 PROTECT 1



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Spare Part Lis	t	030247 * 10u 25V 20% Vert Electrolytic Bipolar Capacitor
Code Ref.	Description	340750
Code Hei.	Description	090920 * MJE802 TO126 Npn Darl Transistor
	Accessories	090863 * TIP36C TO218 Pnp Transistor
277328	Owner's Manual	090862 * TIP35C TO218 Npn Transistor
		PHC080008 * Ptc 90 PTH9L04BE222TS2F330
	Assembly	
PHC667004	Front Panel	
PHC667003	Level Knob	
PHC238003	Transformer 300W	
HC130294	Mains Cord (EU)	
PHC110007	Power Switch	
	Assembly	
PHC768019	Phones Board	
40207	Horizontal Female Jack Socket	
HC768133	Display Board (Pcb# 290-60241)	
80742	* Led 3mm Wide Diffused Red-Grn	
80710	* Led 3mm 60deg Diffused Yel	
30705	* Led 3mm 60deg Diffused Red	
HC074001	* 10K Rotary Potentiometer	
HC768016	Power Supply & I/O Board (Pcb# 290-60240)	
30557	* 1uh Hor Coil For Amplifier	
40228	* Horizontal Jack Stereo Socket	
0307	* Relay 24V / 2 Switch 5A 250V	
00051	* 4558 Dual Operational Amplifier	
1C090000	* A1015GR T092 Ln Pnp Transistor	
1C090001	* C1815GR TO92 Ln Npn Transistor	
30232	* 5V1 1W 5% Zener Diode	
80156	* 1N4002 1A 100V Rectifier Diode	
80103	* 1N4148 100mA 75V Signal Diode	
70241	* 100K 20% Horizontal Linear Trimmer	
70121	* 1K 20% Horizontal Linear Trimmer	
60540 60481	* 3K3 1W 5% Resistor * 820E 5W 10% Resistor	
00214	* 4E7 5W 10% Hesistor	
30085	* 2u2 50V 20% Vert Electrolytic Bipolar Capacitor	
0020	* T5A Fuse 5x20mm (EU)	
0003	* T3.15A Fuse 5x20mm (EU)	
0605	* KBL02(6) 4A 200V Rectifier Diode Bridge	
0293	* 15V 1W 5% Zener Diode	
60441	* 470E 5W 10% Resistor	
30543	* 3300u 63V 20% Snap-In Electrolytic Capacitor	
1C727596	* Power Amplifier Board (Pcb# 9610042) With Heatsink	
0931	* MC34081 Single J-Fet Operational Amplifier	
0917	* MJE350 TO126 Pnp Transistor	Note:
00916	* MJE340 TO126 Npn Transistor	
0201	* 2N5401 TO92 Pnp Transistor	Each spare part is single quantity unless otherwise specified.
0200	* 2N5550 TO92 Npn Transistor	Asterisk prefix explanation:
0194	* BC560 TO92 LN Pnp Transistor	Omitted = First level spare part.
0183	* BC550 TO92 LN Npn Transistor	One asterisk = Second level, part of previous listed first level part.
0261	* 10V 1W 5% Zener Diode	Two asterisk = Third level, part of previous listed second level part.
80245	* 7V5 1W 5% Zener Diode	Three asterisk =
HC080007	* LT6A04 6A Fast Recovery Diode	Any request for not above mentioned part must encompass specific description including:
30156	* 1N4002 1A 100V Rectifier Diode	1) Model name,
30103	* 1N4148 100mA 75V Signal Diode	2) Section name,
70084	* 220E 20% Vertical Linear Trimmer	3) Module code,
70065	* 100E 20% Vertical Linear Trimmer	4) Reference name,
60075	* 0E33 5W 5% Wire Resistor	5) Quantity number.