

# ARIANA QUEK

(984) 215-0790 || yq87@duke.edu || Github: arianaqyp

## PERSONAL STATEMENT

Ph.D. candidate in Mechanical Engineering and Materials Science at Duke University, focusing on computational materials science and uncertainty quantification. At Boehringer Ingelheim, I gained experience developing mechanistic models for drug release kinetics with computer-vision, and designing regulated experimental setups. I'm passionate about applying scientific rigor to real-world challenges that advance human, animal, and environmental health.

## EDUCATION

<b>Duke University; Durham, NC</b> <i>Ph.D. in Mechanical Engineering and Materials Science</i> Advisor: Dr. Johann Guilleminot Computational Mechanics and Scientific Computing focus aiM-NRT fellowship (AI and Materials Science)	Aug 2021 - Nov 2025 (Anticipated)
<b>University of Southampton; UK</b> <i>MEng(Hons) Mechanical Engineering in Aerospace</i> High Achiever Scholarship for the MEng(Hons) Mechanical Engineering Degree	Sep 2015 - Jul 2019 (First Class Honors)

## TECHNICAL STRENGTHS

<b>Computer Languages</b>	Python, MATLAB
<b>Machine Learning</b>	PyTorch, TensorFlow, Computer Vision
<b>Software &amp; Tools</b>	LaTeX, Git, LAMMPS, FEniCS, OpenCV, ImageJ, Microsoft Office
<b>Analytical Techniques</b>	Dissolution

## KEY INTERESTS

Uncertainty Quantification, Mathematical Modeling, Multi-scale Modeling, Stochastic Modeling, Statistical Analysis, Machine Learning, Data-driven Modeling, Optimization, Molecular Dynamics

## RESEARCH & WORK EXPERIENCE

<b>Internship - Boehringer Ingelheim; Ridgefield, CT</b> · Integrate USP-compliant dissolution assays with a high-speed imaging pipeline, developing computer-vision algorithms to extract real-time drug disintegration metrics under GMP conditions. · Design and implement a mechanistic model to predict dissolution kinetics, integrating image-derived measurements for enhanced formulation insight. · Perform data-driven analysis of API-exciipient interactions, using model simulations and image analysis to assess how formulation and process variables influence release profiles. · Automate an end-to-end workflow- from image acquisition and preprocessing through model prediction to accelerate formulation optimization and quality-control decision making.	May 2025 - Present
<b>Ph.D. Research - Duke University</b> <i>Guilleminot Lab</i> · <b>Nonlinear Probabilistic Framework for Molecular Dynamics:</b> · Developed a stochastic reduced-order model augmented with nonlinear enrichment to improve error robustness in simulating complex mechanical systems. · Proposed a novel method to determine the optimal dimensions of the model by integrating multiple data sources, enhancing the accuracy and robustness of reduced-order simulations.	Aug 2021 - Present

- **Multi-Model Probabilistic Framework for Machine-Learned Molecular Dynamics (J2):**
  - Unified multiple ML potentials in a single nonparametric probabilistic framework, enhancing reliability in high-energy MD simulations.
  - Introduced stabilizing techniques (e.g., momenta augmentation, frequency splitting) and validated on sodium thiophosphate, improving reliability of ionic diffusivity prediction for battery materials.
  - Established an automated and scalable workflow for large-scale, data-intensive simulations, required for robust and scalable predictive modeling.
- **Generative Modeling for Predicting Fracture Paths in Complex Materials (J1):**
  - Developed an efficient generative modeling approach to approximate fracture paths, enabling robust uncertainty estimates for fracture in random heterogeneous materials, improving risk assessment in engineering applications.
  - Achieved comparable predictive accuracy to state-of-the-art deep-learning operators without extensive hyperparameter tuning.

#### Internship - Mitsubishi Japan, UK

Jun 2018 - Aug 2018

- Quantified microstructural variations in aerospace composites through CT scan, mechanical testing, and data analysis– correlating material distribution with fracture behavior to identify critical failure mechanisms.
- Applied statistical and image-analysis techniques, enabling precise tracking of damage progression and modeling of crack initiation and propagation in stiffened composites.

#### SELECTED JOURNAL PUBLICATIONS & CONFERENCE TALKS

---

- J2. **A. Quek**, N. Ouyang, H. M. Lin, O. Delaire, & J. Guillemot. Enhancing Robustness in Machine-Learning-Accelerated Molecular Dynamics: A Multi-Model Nonparametric Probabilistic Approach. *Mechanics of Materials*, 2024. doi: 10.1016/j.mechmat.2024.105237.
- J1. **A. Quek**, J. Y. Yong, & J. Guillemot. Approximating Fracture Paths in Random Heterogeneous Materials: A Probabilistic Learning Perspective. *Journal of Engineering Mechanics*, 150(8):04024051, 2024. doi: 10.1061/JENMDT.EMENG-7617.
- T3. **A. Quek**, N. Ouyang, H. M. Lin, O. Delaire, & J. Guillemot, Enhancing Predictiveness in Atomistic Simulations Accelerated by ML Potentials: A Stochastic Reduced-Order Modeling Approach, U.S. National Congress on Computational Mechanics, Chicago, IL, July 19–23 (2025).
- T2. H. Zhang, **A. Quek**, S. Kounouho, and J. Guillemot (invited talk), Riemannian probabilistic Representation of model ensembles, with applications in atomistic and continuum simulations, SIAM Conference on Mathematical Aspects of Materials Science, Pittsburgh, PA, May 19-23 (2024).
- T1. **A. Quek** and J. Guillemot (invited talk), Operator learning for predicting fracture paths in brittle random media, 2023 MRS Spring Meeting, San Francisco, CA, April 10–14 (2023).

#### TEACHING EXPERIENCE

---

##### Teaching Assistant, Duke University

Jan 2024 - May 2024

*ME 582/CS 582: Applications in Data and Materials Science*

- Assisted in modules including boosted decision trees for discovering structural patterns controlling bandgaps in metamaterials, machine learning to predict dynamic heterogeneities in materials, and AI-assisted design of high entropy materials for catalysis.

##### Teaching Assistant, Duke University

Aug 2023 - Dec 2023

*CEE 421L: Matrix Structural Analysis*

- Facilitated student understanding of stiffness matrix methods from first principles, superposition of loads and elements, and linear analysis of plane and space structures comprising one-dimensional truss and beam elements.