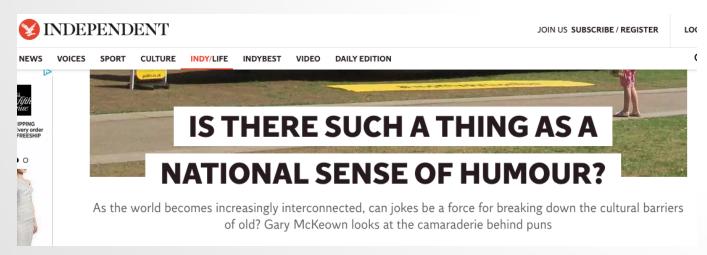
How US comedies fare worldwide

Metis Bootcamp, Fall 2018 Arianna Breslauer

Past US comedies may have travelled less well overseas





Now we have a more globalized movie marketplace



Web connected foreign consumers



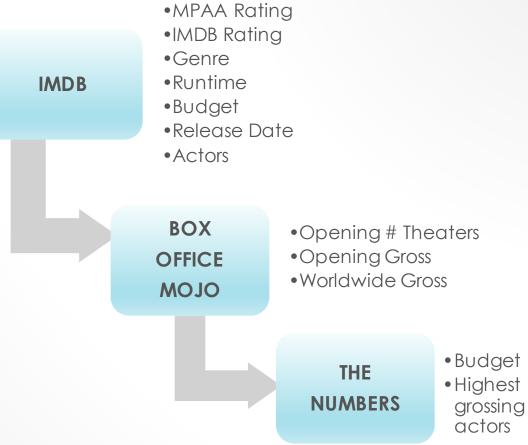
Purpose-built comedies

Initial hypotheses on worldwide gross

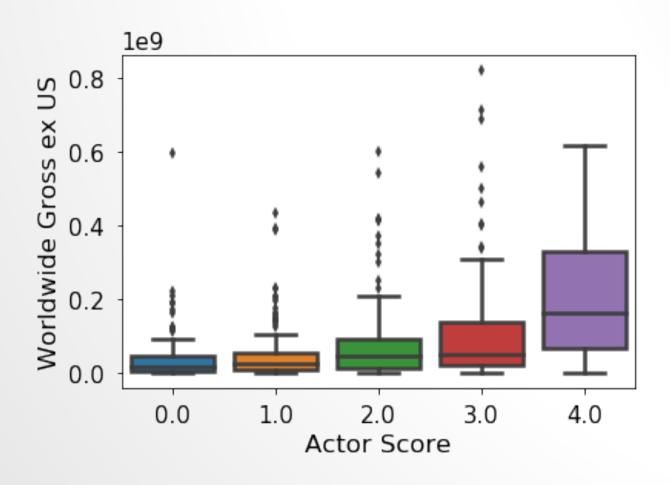
- Opening US domestic gross a strong predictor
- Starry actors play a large role
- Budget also important

Setting up the model

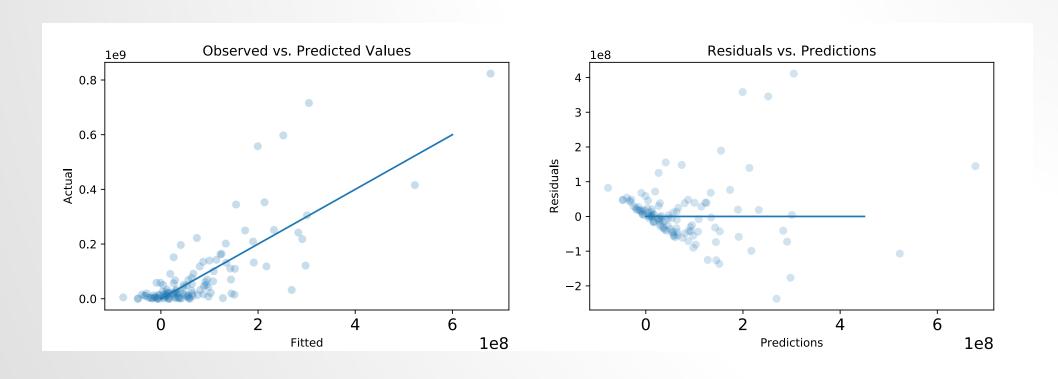
- Scraped with BeautifulSoup
- Generated an Actor Score based on highest grossing actors
- Limited data set to movies showing in 100+ theaters
- Target variable:
 - Worldwide gross ex US



Initial EDA: high actor scores appear to be correlated with worldwide gross ex US



R² is 0.625 for linear regression model



Ridge performs best across linear regression features

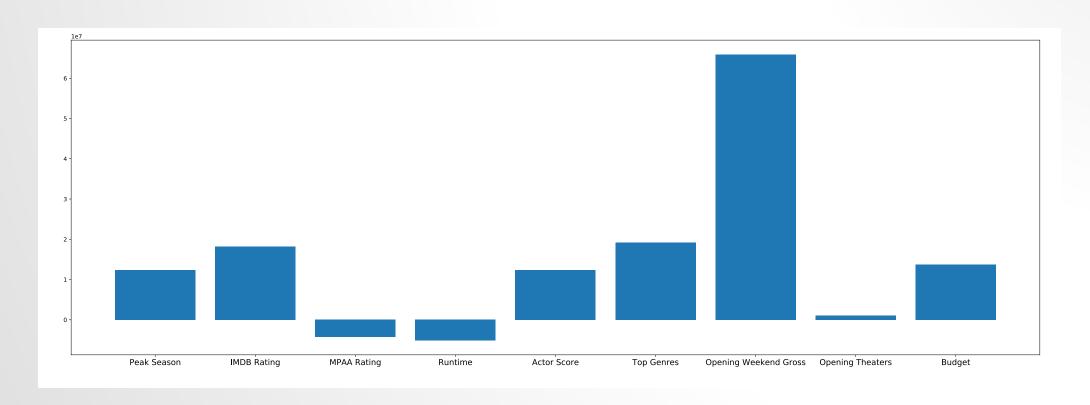
Train/Validation/ Test	R ²
Linear Regression	0.62477
Ridge Regression	0.62481
Lasso Regularization	0.62472
Polynomial Features	0.44392

Cross- Validation/Test	R²
Linear Regression	0.44575
Ridge Regression	0.44613
Lasso Regularization	0.44573
Polynomial Features	0.44575

RIDGECV ARRAY

[0.61579173 -0.32579784 0.59130861 0.69818528 0.65115842]

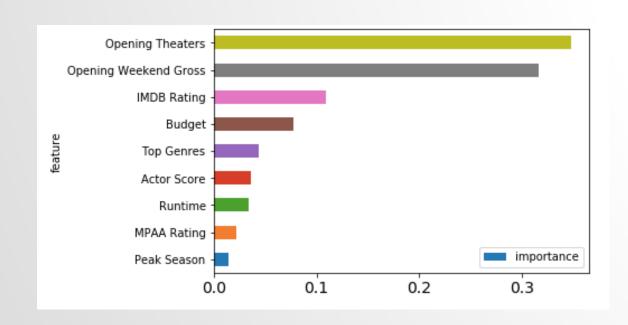
Scaled Relative Feature Strength – Ridge; initial hypotheses seem to hold

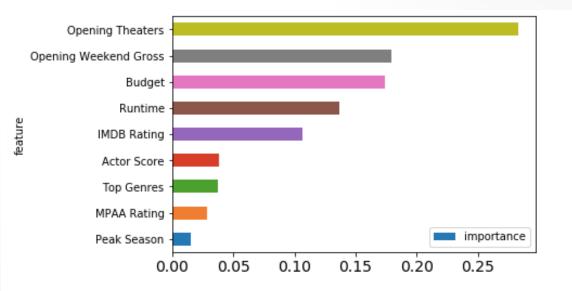


Tree based methods outperform previous models; RMSE reduced by half

RANDOMFOREST

GRADIENTBOOSTING





 $R^2 = 0.66044$ RMSE = 81.411.737

 $R^2 = 0.69044$ RMSE = 77.732.225

Closing remarks

- Today's big hits earn ~80% of their box office revenue internationally
- Thinking about foreign audiences has become de rigueur
- Next steps to improve prediction model:
 - Location of filming (filmed ex US?)
 - Plot (high-concept, universal appeal?)
 - Production company (large distribution network worldwide?)