# Docker + Django + Postgres Add-on + Heroku



So I'm running through the following:

7

 Created a Dockerfile and a docker-compose.yml to develop a django app locally, nothing to do here, everything works just fine.



Dockerfile



FROM python:3

**ENV PYTHONUNBUFFERED 1** 

RUN mkdir /code

WORKDIR /code

ADD requirements.txt /code/

RUN pip install -r requirements.txt

ADD . /code/

- All it does is fetches python3 image, copies the code from my source folder to the docker image
- Then I'm trying to deploy this to heroku, so I added postgres add-on on heroku apps, and configured it using dj\_database\_url, with the following command on my settings.py file:
   DATABASES = {}

DATABASES['default'] = dj\_database\_url.config()

- After that I pushed my application to heroku using heroku container:push web and it got pushed to my app no problem at all...
- The final piece is when I open my application using heroku open it says I got an error:

  Application error

An error occurred in the application and your page could not be served. If you are the application owner, check your logs for details.

- This is what get printed on the heroku website
- Now, when I log using heroku logs -t , it says that exited with code 0, then it crashes

## What am I missing?

- Plus: when I run heroku run web python manage.py migrate it migrates the data on the heroku app
- Plus 2: when I run heroku run web python manage.py runserver it says is running on 127.0.0.1:8000

**EDIT 1:** If you want to reproduce the problem you can clone all my code in the following git repo: https://github.com/giovanniKleinCampigoto/djangoherokuproblem.git

### **EDIT 2**:

In this official tutorial: <a href="https://devcenter.heroku.com/articles/deploying-python">https://devcenter.heroku.com/articles/deploying-python</a>, says to use virtualenv, but I'm using docker, so I don't really know how to proceed...

**EDIT 3:** Also, I noticed that when I push the image to heroku using: heroku container:push web, the server re-deploys, but instead of running whatever is on the procfile it just logs this: Starting process with command python 1

with communic pythons ]

**EDIT 4:** When running heroku local web, and editing the Procfile to run docker-compose up works just fine, the problem is with the upload to heroku's server...not sure if I should edit the file to just python manage.py runserver...

docker-compose.yml

edited Sep 14 '17 at 21:27

asked Sep 14 '17 at 18:14



try to change running server on heroku to heroku run web python manage.py runserver 0.0.0.0:5000 inside your ProcFile . I've some issues running flask and django on heroku, so, this worked for me. — Abe Sep 14 '17 at 18:18

Aren't we suposed to listen to the \$PORT variable? Wouldn't it be 0.0.0.0:\$PORT, plus I don't believe that my procfile get's ever executed... − Giovanni Klein Campigoto Sep 14 '17 at 18:25 ✓

## 2 Answers



How I did not find any anwsers to this I'm answering my own question, so others can use my solution...



Ok so after a lot of testing, coming and goings I have discovered the problem.



So what happened was the following: for local development you should use docker-compose, mount volumes and all that yummy stuff, however when going on production with heroku you need to set a command for server starting. So if you ever plan to setup a project with docker + django + postgres add-on on heroku. Do the following steps.

## First off:

- Follow docker official setup for local development: <a href="https://docs.docker.com/compose/django/">https://docs.docker.com/compose/django/</a>
- Then with docker-compose up command server should run locally at port 8000

- After all de development is done and you have written your Dockerfile, it's time to deploy it
- Follow this guide: <a href="https://devcenter.heroku.com/articles/django-app-configuration">https://devcenter.heroku.com/articles/django-app-configuration</a>
- Be sure to add postgres add-on on your heroku app
- In settings.py under databases modify to the following: DATABASES = {} DATABASES['default']
   = dj database url.config(default='DATABASE URL')
- This DATABASE\_URL is a environment variable that you can get in your heroku app, go to
  your dashboard on heroku, find your app, go to settings, and Config Variables, click on reveal,
  and you should get the DATABASE\_URL, the default variable is needed to /admin on django
  work...(This is only a work around, you should find a way to get the DATABASE\_URL from a
  environment var)
- Modify your Dockerfile to run the command to put the django server up adding to the last line: CMD python3 manage.py runserver 0.0.0.0:\$PORT
- The \$PORT variable is the application port provided by heroku, so your application can run
- Last but not least add your heroku app url to ALLOWED\_HOSTS, as our friend Alejandro Sánchez said
- And you're golden, your application should be running at the heroku app url

#### **EDIT 1:**

You don't need gunicorn as a dependency, the only command you should have in your Procfile is: web: python3 manage.py runserver

edited Sep 14 '17 at 22:23

answered Sep 14 '17 at 22:15



**190** 1 12

thanks for this. i was in a similar pinch and found this very helpful. - Ryan Skene Feb 11 '18 at 23:25

Any chance you used Caddy as the server and can share the configs? Finding it difficult to run for production using heroku's default app domain vs caddy's requirements – Casper Mar 23 '18 at 1:55 /

did you find installing django-heroku to be necessary? The module itself seems to break for me. – Casper Mar 23 '18 at 14:03

No, I used docker, I can't answer about caddy, because I don't have any knowledge about it. – Giovanni Klein Campigoto Mar 23 '18 at 14:12 ✓

I was finally able to only push it thanks to your descriptions. But I'm having trouble with the CMD python3 ... line. Heroku logs say python3: can't open file 'manage.py': [Errno 2] No such file or directory . Any idea? I wouldve thought with CMD, I'd run gunicorn. I've tried that too, but the following "app.wsgi" "module can't be found".. – Casper Mar 23 '18 at 14:42

That's probably because you are not in the right django repository, because your manage.py was not found, you should try to find the django directory that contains manage.py file, and open it's path with CD, before executing CMD python3 – Giovanni Klein Campigoto Mar 23 '18 at 19:14



Try adding the heroku url to ALLOWED\_HOSTS



**NOTOTOTION** 



answered Sep 14 '17 at 19:53



That actually was some part of it, see my answer bellow - Giovanni Klein Campigoto Sep 14 '17 at 22:16