DIAGNOSING LUNG DISEASES USING DEEP LEARNING

By Ari Iwunze

Why Lung Diseases?

Pneumonia is the cause of 1 out of 6 childhood deaths, making it the leading cause of fatalities in children under 5 years

In the United States,
The death rate of pneumonia is 10 out of every
100,000 individuals



In Africa,
The death rate of pneumonia is 100 out of every
100,000 individuals

100,000

Deaths per year due to the misdiagnosis of pneumonia

Misdiagnosis

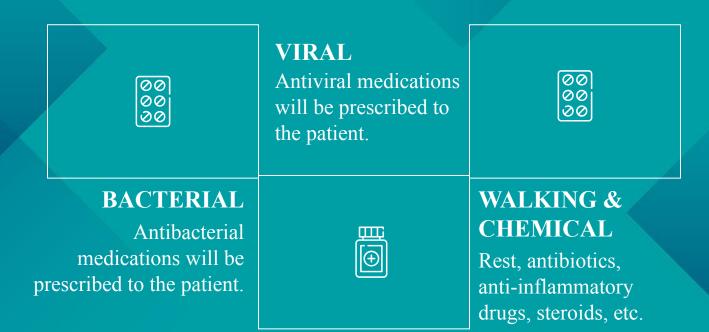
> Wrongful diagnosis of pneumonia can be very life threatening given that it leads to an increase in severity due to lack of treatment. Especially in cases where the patient might have a more serious infection like COVID-19.

➤ Why so many misdiagnosis?

- Such errors are causes by rushing patents through examinations especially now during the times of COVID - 19.
- It can also be due to the health workers who often possess low education levels which causes them to lack the required knowledge for recognizing pneumonia.



TREATMENT



PNEUMONIA TIME SCALE

More deadly if younger than 5 years of age or older than 65

WEEK 1

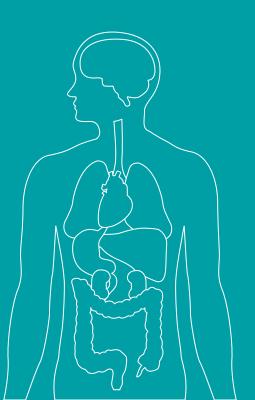
30%

Temperature should have reduced.

WEEK 6

70%

cough and breathlessness should've reduced.



People most-likely recover when diagnosed and treated properly

WEEK 4

50%

Mucus and chest pain should have reduced.

WEEK 12

----- 90%

Most symptoms should have subsided by now.

Using the Kaggle's Image Dataset With X-Rays of Patients who Tested Both Positive and Negative For Pneumonia & Covid-19



38% Chest X-Rays showing normal lungs

24% Chest X-Rays showing lungs infected with Covid-19

38% Chest X-Rays showing lungs infected with Pneumonia

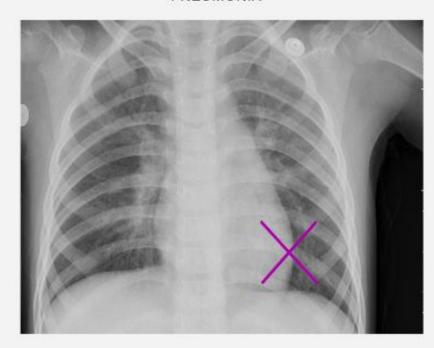
TOTAL: 3,554

Physical Examination

NORMAL







Results - Pneumonia



*

LOG LOSS

RECALL

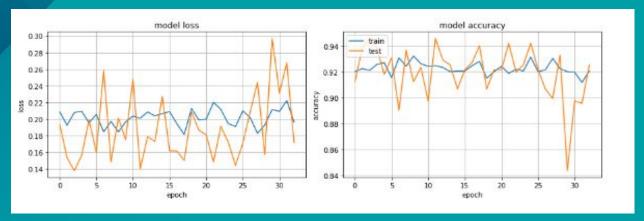
*

The accuracy is 95% and this is the amount of time the predicted result is actually correct.

The model loss is 0.14 out and this is the amount the model penalizes for incorrect predictions.

The recall percentage is 95% and this is the probability of the model diagnosing a correct positive diagnosis out of all the times it diagnosed positive.

Using The VGG19 Transfer Learning Model



Results - Covid-19



*

LOG LOSS

RECALL

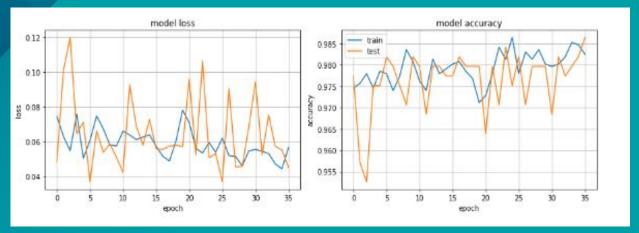
*

The accuracy is 98% and this is the amount of time the predicted result is actually correct.

The model loss is 0.04 out and this is the amount the model penalizes for incorrect predictions.

The recall percentage is 98% and this is the probability of the model diagnosing a correct positive diagnosis out of all the times it diagnosed positive.

Using The VGG19 Transfer Learning Model



Results - Covid-19 vs Pneumonia

ACCURACY

The accuracy is 98% and this is the amount of time the predicted result is actually correct.

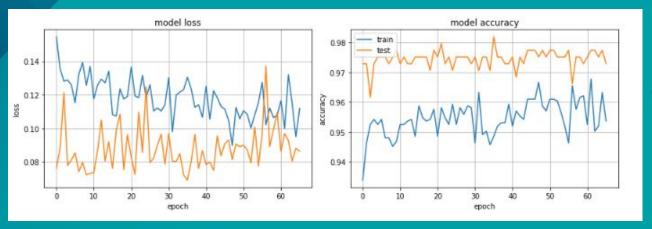
LOG LOSS

The model loss is 0.07 out and this is the amount the model penalizes for incorrect predictions.

* RECALL

The recall percentage is 98% and this is the probability of the model diagnosing a correct positive diagnosis out of all the times it diagnosed positive.

Using The VGG19 Transfer Learning Model



Future Work

Other Lung Diseases

Create a classifier to differentiate pneumonia x-rays from other lung infections like Tuberculosis, etc.



Target Detection

Create a classifier to detect what section of the lungs the infection is located.

Model Improvement

Collect more data and tune more layers to the transfer learning model to improve its performance.

Conclusion



Our model has a recall score of 90%. Let's help save lives lost to pneumonia so we can allocate more resources to other health related problems.



Health professionals are welcomed to integrate this model, after thorough verification, into their medical software to help them correctly diagnose pneumonia.

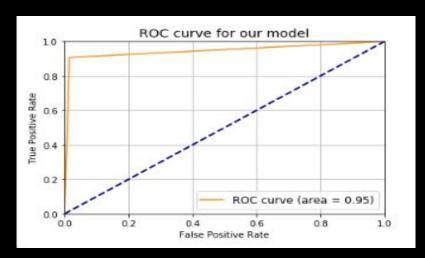
THANK YOU

References

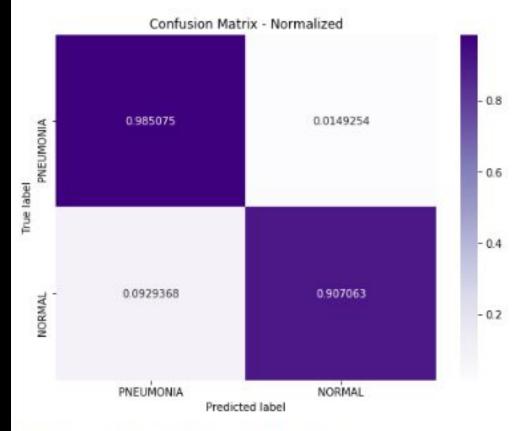
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Appendix - Pneumonia

- The AUC score is 0.95 and this is the average probability that the model can diagnose each X-ray image correctly.
- The model loss is 0.14 out and this is the amount the model penalizes for incorrect predictions.



Confusion Matrix

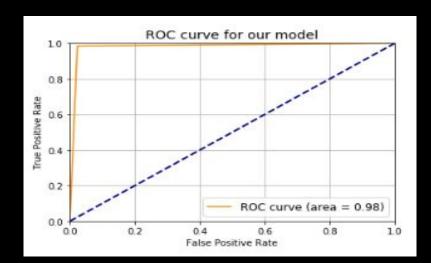


Precision Score: [0.91349481 0.98387097] Recall Score: [0.98507463 0.9070632] F1 Score: [0.94793537 0.94390716]

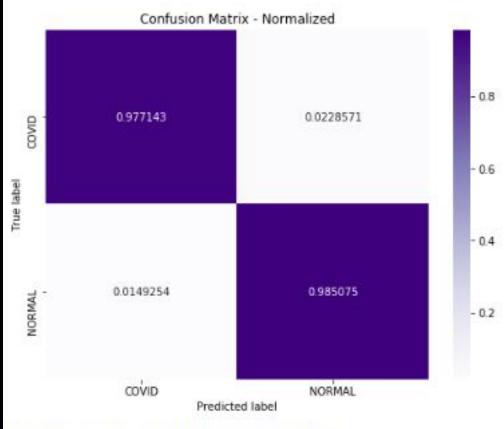
Accuracy Score: 0.9459962756052142

Appendix - Covid-19

- ➤ The AUC score is 0.98 and this is the average probability that the model can diagnose each X-ray image correctly.
- The model loss is 0.04 out and this is the amount the model penalizes for incorrect predictions.



Confusion Matrix

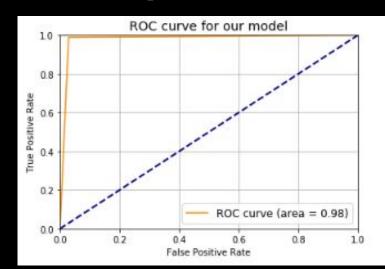


Precision Score: [0.97714286 0.98507463] Recall Score: [0.97714286 0.98507463]

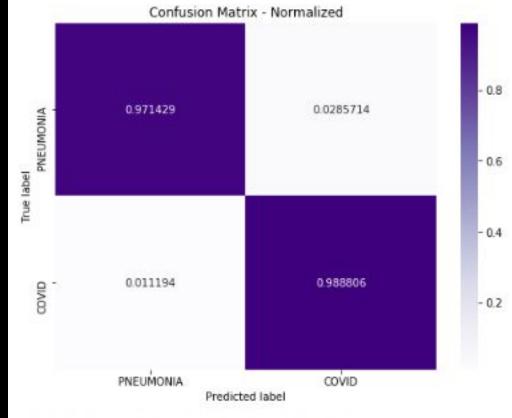
F1 Score: [0.97714286 0.98507463] Accuracy Score: 0.981941309255079

Appendix - Covid-19 vs Pneumonia

- The AUC score is 0.98 and this is the average probability that the model can diagnose each X-ray image correctly.
- The model loss is 0.07 out and this is the amount the model penalizes for incorrect predictions ~ 10%







Precision Score: [0.98265896 0.98148148] Recall Score: [0.97142857 0.98880597] F1 Score: [0.97701149 0.98513011] Accuracy Score: 0.981941309255079