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**Semester:** 5th semester

**LAB REPORT 6**  
**WEB TECHNOLOGIES**  
**Asynchronous JavaScript**

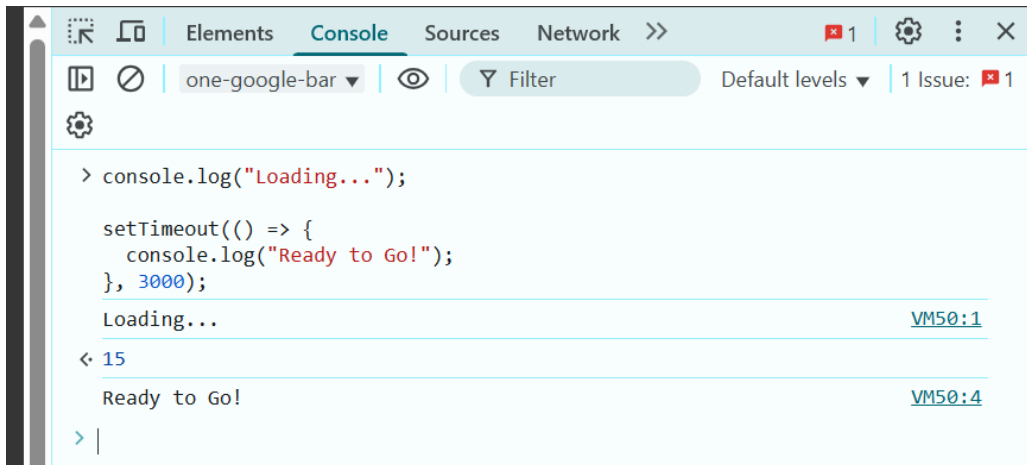


**Institute of Space and Technology**

**Submitted to:** Miss Maryam

## Lab Tasks

1. Print "Loading..." immediately, and then after 3 seconds print "Ready to Go!".  
→ Use `setTimeout()`.

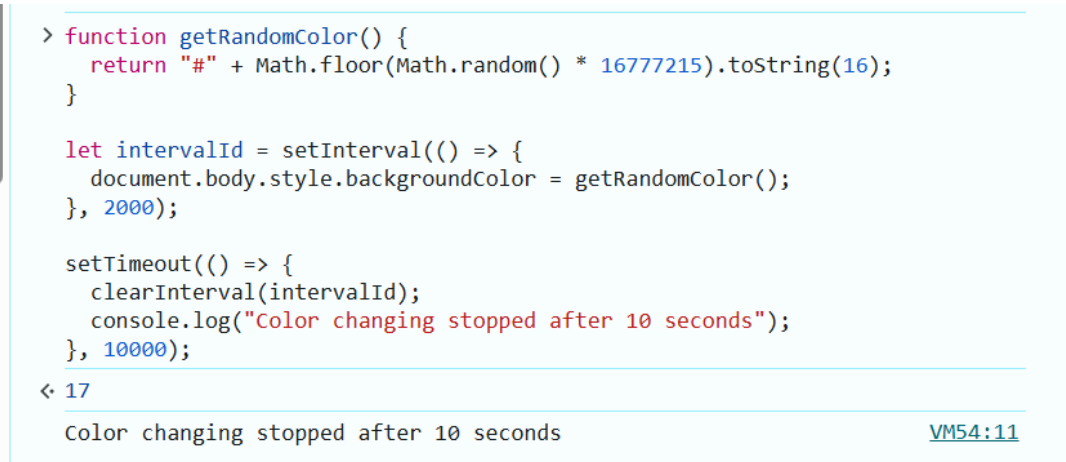


```
> console.log("Loading...");

setTimeout(() => {
  console.log("Ready to Go!");
}, 3000);

Loading... VM50:1
< 15
Ready to Go! VM50:4
> |
```

2. Change the background color of the webpage every 2 seconds using a random color, but only for 10 seconds total.  
(Hint: Combine `setTimeout()` and `setInterval()`.)



```
> function getRandomColor() {
  return "#" + Math.floor(Math.random() * 16777215).toString(16);
}

let intervalId = setInterval(() => {
  document.body.style.backgroundColor = getRandomColor();
}, 2000);

setTimeout(() => {
  clearInterval(intervalId);
  console.log("Color changing stopped after 10 seconds");
}, 10000);

< 17
Color changing stopped after 10 seconds VM54:11
```





3. Simulate a loading message that resolves after 3 seconds and prints 'Data Loaded Successfully!'.

```
> function loadData() {
  return new Promise((resolve) => {
    console.log("Loading data...");
    setTimeout(() => {
      resolve("Data Loaded Successfully!");
    }, 3000);
  });
}

loadData().then((msg) => console.log(msg));
Loading data... VM62:3
< ▶ Promise {<pending>}
Data Loaded Successfully! VM62:10
```

4. Rewrite the Promise-based code using async/await.

```
> function loadData() {
  return new Promise((resolve) => {
    setTimeout(() => {
      resolve("Data Loaded Successfully!");
    }, 3000);
  });
}

async function showData() {
  console.log("Loading data...");
  let result = await loadData();
  console.log(result);
}

showData();
Loading data... VM66:10
< ▶ Promise {<pending>}
Data Loaded Successfully! VM66:12
```

