

# INTERNET CONTROL MESSAGE PROTOCOL **OVERVIEW**

# Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)

Used by hosts & routers to communicate network-level information

- error reporting
  - unreachable host, network, port, protocol
- echo request/reply
  - used by ping
- network-layer above IP
  - ICMP msgs carried in IP pkts

## ICMP message

- ICMP header: 8 bytes
- Start with type and code fields

<u>Type</u>	<u>Code</u>	<u>Description</u>
0	0	echo reply (ping)
3	0	dest. network unreachable
3	1	dest host unreachable
3	2	dest protocol unreachable
3	3	dest port unreachable
3	6	dest network unknown
3	7	dest host unknown
4	0	source quench (congestion control - not used)
8	0	echo request (ping)
9	0	route advertisement
10	0	router discovery
11	0	TTL expired
12	0	bad IP header

# Ping Implementations

## Sender

Send ICMP echo with the current timestamp

## Destination

Send ICMP reply (with the original payload in ICMP echo copied)

## Sender

Get the current time

Get the time carried in ICMP reply

Difference: one instance of RTT

See more details in PA2 document

# NETWORK PROGRAMMING

## **BIT-WISE OPERATIONS IN PYTHON**

# Bit-wise operations on variables

$x \ll y$

- returns  $x$  with bits shifted to left by  $y$  places
  - new bits on right-hand-side are zeros
  - same as multiplying  $x$  by  $2^y$

$x \gg y$

- returns  $x$  with bits shifted to right by  $y$  places
  - same as dividing  $x$  by  $2^y$

$x \& y$

- does a bitwise and
  - each bit of output is 1 if corresponding bit of  $x$  AND of  $y$  is 1, otherwise 0

$\sim x$

- returns complement of  $x$ 
  - number you get by switching each 1 for 0 and each 0 for 1

E.g.,

- use to pack `ip_version` and `ip header length` into 8 bits

<https://wiki.python.org/moin/BitwiseOperators>

[https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python3/bitwise\\_operators\\_example.htm](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python3/bitwise_operators_example.htm)

# Traceroute and ICMP

## Source sends series of UDP datagram to destination

- first set has TTL = 1
- second set has TTL=2, etc.
- unlikely port number

## When *n*th set arrives to *n*th router

- router discards and sends source ICMP message (type 11, code 0)
- ICMP message includes name of router & IP address

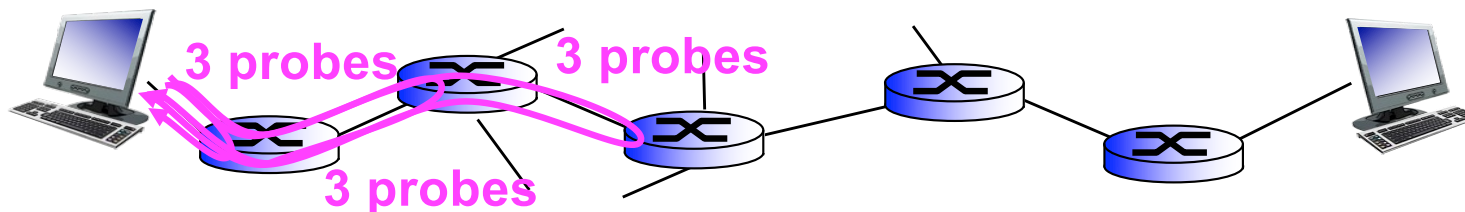
## When ICMP msg arrives

- source records RTTs

### Stopping criteria

UDP datagram eventually arrives at dst host

- dst returns ICMP “port unreachable” message
- source stops



# Traceroute Example Implementations

## Send UDP datagram

Intermediate routers

- respond with ICMP TTL expired

Final destination

- responds with ICMP “port unreachable” message

## Can also use TCP segments (to pass firewalls)

Approach: similar as UDP

## Send segments using ICMP echo

Intermediate routers

- respond with ICMP TTL expired

Final destination

- responds with ICMP echo reply