# Define Iteration Paths (aka sprints) and configure team iterations

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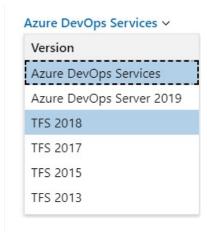
You add Iteration Paths to support teams who implement Scrum or use sprint planning to group work items based on a time-box interval or sprint. You define Iteration Paths at the project level and then each team selects the ones they want to be active for them under the team configuration. You can create a flat iteration path structure or a hierarchy of paths to support releases, sub-releases, and sprints.

Each team has access to a number of Agile tools as described in <u>About teams and Agile tools</u>. Each tool references the team's default area path(s). Several tools reference the team's default and selected Iteration Paths or sprints. Most teams choose one Area Path and several Iteration Paths to support their work tracking activities. However, to support other scenarios, it's possible for teams to choose several Area Paths to appear on their backlogs and boards.

Newly created projects contain a single, root Area Path that corresponds to the project name. You add Area Paths under this root. Also, each project typically specifies a predefined set of Iteration Paths to help you get started tracking your work. All you need to do is specify the dates.

#### (i) Importante

Make sure that you select the correct version of this article for Azure DevOps Services or Azure DevOps Server, renamed from Team Foundation Server (TFS). The version selector is located above the table of contents.



## **Prerequisites**

- You add Iteration Paths to a project. If you don't have a project yet, create one now.
- To add an Iteration Path under the root node or edit or delete any child node, you must be a member of the Project Administrators group. To acquire these permissions, see Set permissions at the project- or collection-level.
- Or, to add, edit, and manage Iteration Paths under a node, you must have one or more of the following
  permissions set to Allow for the node you want to manage: Create child nodes, Delete this node, and
  Edit this node, and View permissions for this node. By default, the user who created the project has
  these permissions set. To learn more, see Set permissions and access for work tracking.
- To set team Iteration Paths, you must be added as the team administrator or be a member of the **Project**Administrators group.

For naming restrictions on Iteration Paths, see About areas and iterations, Naming restrictions.

#### Get started sequence

If you are new to managing projects and teams, the most straight forward sequence for configuring iterations for your project and teams is as follows:

- 1. First, define the Area Paths and teams following the guidance provided in Define area paths and assign to a team.
- 2. Determine the length of the iteration you want to support. Recommended practice is to have all teams use the same sprint cadence. For guidance, review About areas and iterations.
- 3. Determine if you want a flat structure or hierarchy of sprints and releases.
- 4. Open Project settings> Project configuration and define the Iteration Paths to support steps 2 and 3 at the project level. Follow the steps provided later in this article: Open Project Settings, Project configuration and Add iterations and set iteration dates.
- 5. Open the team configuration and assign the default and additional Area Path(s) to each team. Follow the steps provided later in this article: Open team settings and Set team default iteration path(s).
- 6. Each team should assign the default Iteration Path they selected to their work items. This is needed in order for those work items to show up on their product backlogs and boards. Use bulk modify to modify several work items at once. See also Assign backlog items to a sprint. As needed, you can perform the following actions at any time:
- Add additional child iteration nodes
- Rename an Iteration Path (except the root path)
- Move a child Iteration Path under another node

- Delete a child Iteration Path
- Change the default and selected Iteration Paths assigned to a team

# Backlog iteration versus default iteration

Teams can set a default iteration different from the backlog iteration. The backlog iteration determines which items appear on the team's backlogs and boards. And, the default iteration determines what value is assigned to work items created from the team context.

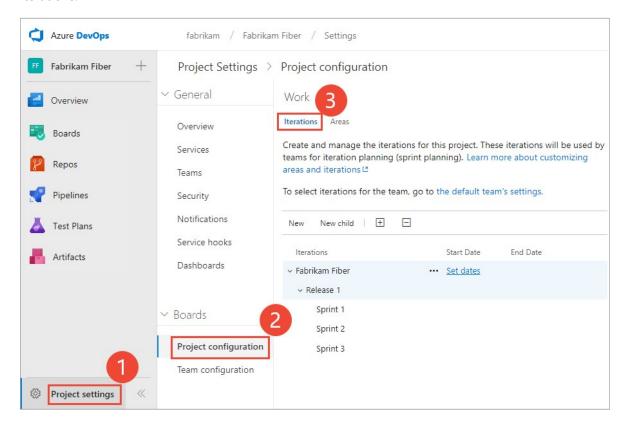
All work items that you create from your team context are automatically assigned both the team's default area path and default iteration path.

#### **Open Project Settings**

From the web portal, open Project Settings.

You define both areas and iterations for a project from the Project Settings>Work>Project configuration.

1. Choose (1) **Project Settings**, expand **Boards** if needed, and choose (2) **Project configuration** and then (3) **Iterations**.

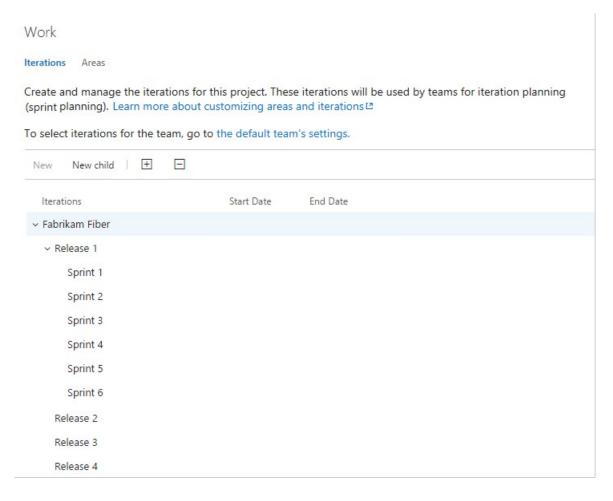


#### Add iterations and set iteration dates

From **Iterations**, you can add iterations that teams can then select for their use. You add iterations in the same way you add areas. For more information about working within a sprint cadence, see <u>Scrum and sprint planning tools</u>.

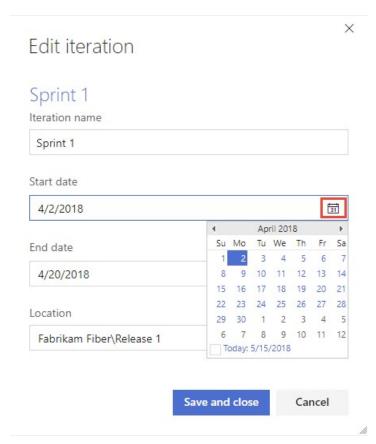
You add and modify area paths from the Work, Iterations page from the project admin or settings context.

For Scrum-based projects, you'll see the following set of sprints.

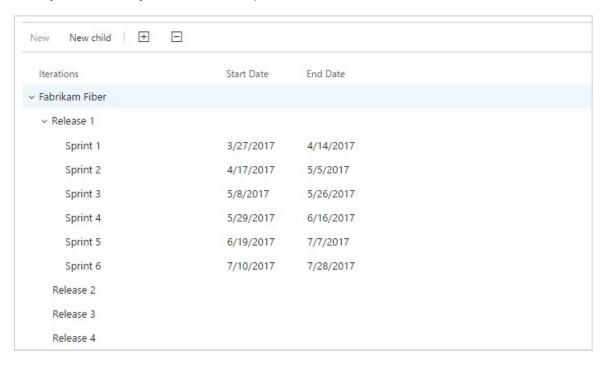


1. To schedule the start and end dates for each sprint your teams use, Highlight the sprint and choose **Set** dates. Or, you can open the \*\*\* context menu for the iteration path and choose **Edit**.

Choose the calendar icon to choose new dates.



2. When you're finished, you'll have a set of sprints scheduled - like this:



Your next step is to choose the sprints each team uses.

# Open team settings

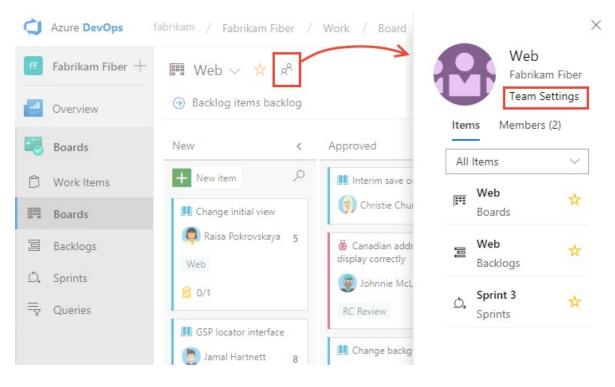
You set team defaults from team settings. If you're not a team administrator, get added as one. Only team or project administrators can change team settings.

From a web browser, open the web portal administrative context for your team.

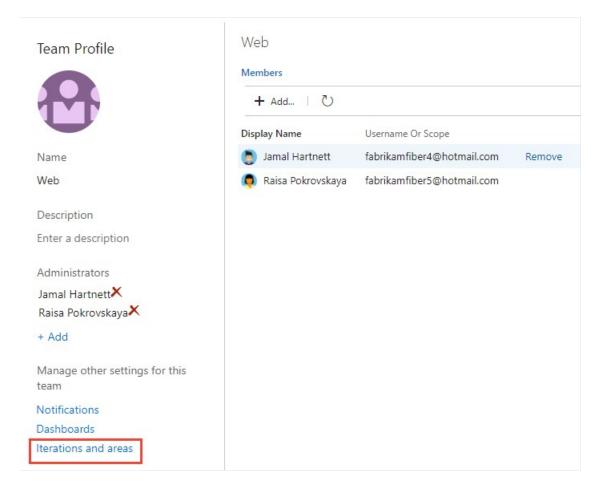
You define both areas and iterations from **Project Settings>Boards>Team configuration**. You can quickly navigate to it from a team work tracking backlog, board, or dashboard.

1. Open a backlog or board for a team and choose the  $\Re$  team profile icon. Then choose **Team Settings**.

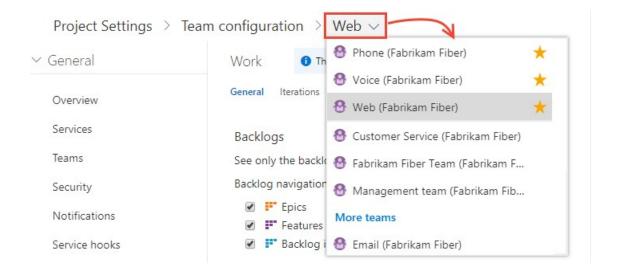
Here we open the Board for the Web team and from there the team profile.



2. Choose Iterations and areas.



3. If you need to switch the team context, use the team selector within the breadcrumbs.

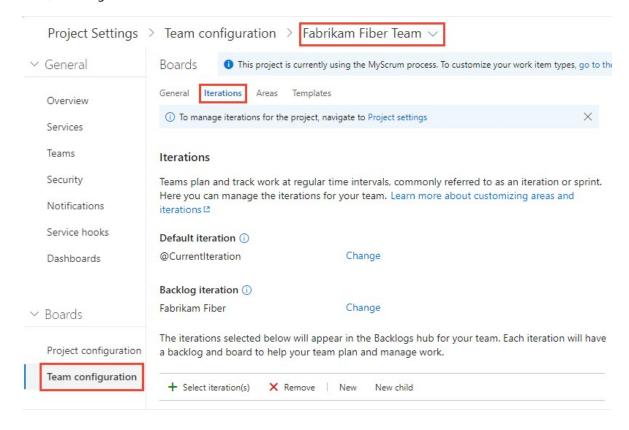


## Select team sprints and default iteration path

You <u>define sprints for the project</u> and then select them to be active for each team. You assign the default iteration to use when creating new work items.

1. Open Project settings>Boards>Team Configuration>Iterations for a team.

Here, we navigate to the Fabrikam Fiber Team.



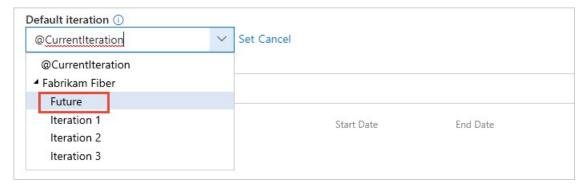
2. **Backlog iteration**. Only work items assigned to an iteration equal to or under this backlog iteration appear in the team's backlogs and boards.



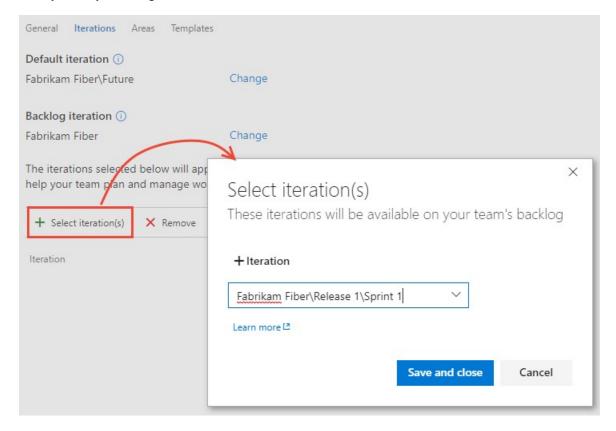
Also, all work items added through a team's backlog or board are assigned the backlog iteration.

3. Default iteration. The default iteration defines the iteration used when a work item is created from the team dashboard (new work item widget) and queries page. You can use an explicit value or use @CurrentIteration to assign new work items to the team's current iteration. This is the same macro used in queries to list work items assigned to the currently active iteration assigned to the team.

For example, you might want all new work items to be added to a future iteration path which you use to triage and assign to specific sprints at periodic intervals.



4. **Active sprints**. Add an iteration for each sprint backlog you want active for the team. Add each sprint, one by one, by selecting it from the menu.



When you're done, you should see a list of sprints, similar to the following.



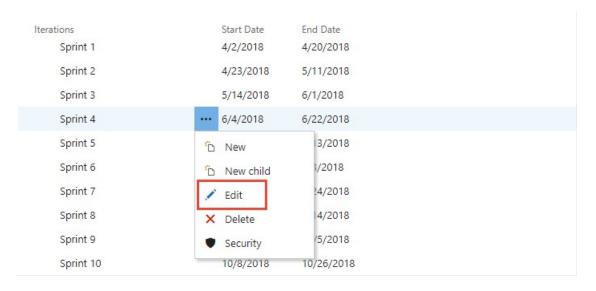
If you don't see the sprints you need, or the dates aren't set, you can add or edit iterations for the project, provided you have the required permissions. To learn more, see <u>Define iteration paths (aka sprints)</u>.

5. To see the newly activated sprint backlogs, refresh your team's product backlog page.

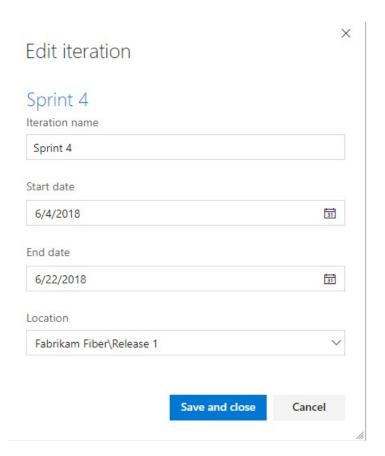
## Rename, move, or delete an iteration

When you rename an iteration, or move the node within the tree hierarchy, the system automatically updates the work items and queries that reference the existing path or paths.

1. To rename an iteration path, choose the \*\*\* actions icon for the node, and select **Edit**.



2. In the dialog that opens, enter the new name.



- 3. To move the node within the hierarchy, change the Location field.
- 4. To delete a node, choose the Delete option from the actions menu.

① Observação

When you delete an iteration node, the system automatically updates the existing work items with the node that you enter at the deletion prompt.

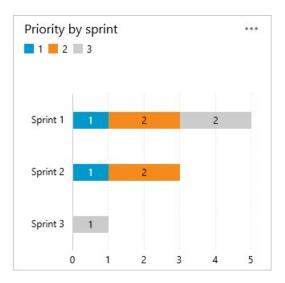
#### Archive iteration paths

After a while, you may want to archive iteration paths that were used for sprints that are a year or more out of date. You can do that by moving the iteration path under a node that you label "Archive". All work items are updated with the moved iteration path. Also, teams can de-select those sprints that have past. All data is maintained in the data store with the new iteration path assignments.

Prior to archiving the iterations, consider if you have captured all the reports that you may want.

# Chart progress by iteration

You can quickly generate <u>queries</u> to view the progress for those areas. As an example, you can <u>visualize</u> <u>progress of work items assigned to sprints</u> as shown in the following stacked bar chart.



## Q & A

#### Q: Do I have to assign iteration paths to a team?

A: If your team doesn't use sprints to plan and track work, then no. You can leave the defaults assigned to the team as they are. You can then use the product and portfolio backlogs and boards, however you won't be able to gain much use of sprint planning tools.

#### **Related articles**

As you can see, iterations play a major role in supporting Agile tools and managing work items. You can learn more about working with these fields from these articles:

- About areas and iterations
- Add another team
- Configure team settings and add team administrators
- Assign backlog items to a sprint
- Agile tools that rely on areas or iterations
- Query by date or current iteration
- Query by area or iteration path
- Set permissions and access for work tracking