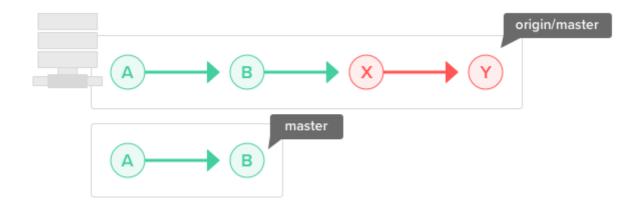
Git Tutorial



Pull remote branch

You can apply the latest changes from a remote repository to your local repository using the **git pull** command.

For example, say the remote branch is upstream of your local branch. The remote branch would include all of the changes that belong to the local branch as shown below.

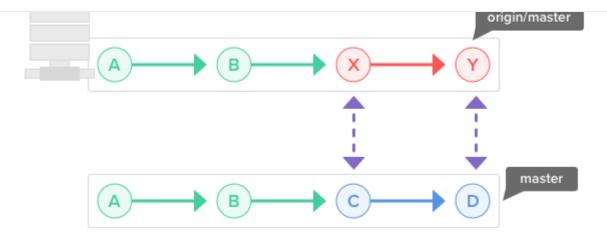


Remote branch is upstream from local branch.

In this case, if we were to apply a merge from the remote branch (origin/master) into our local branch (master), it would be a fast-forward merge.

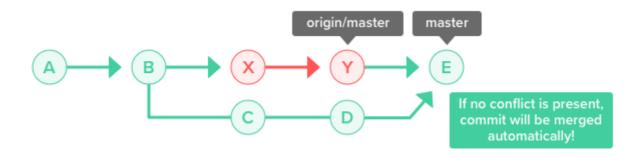


Git Tutorial



Git must merge and commit before a pull if the local branch is different from the remote branch.

When a pull is executed, a merge commit will be automatically created in the local repository. If there is a conflict, you will have to resolve the conflict and commit the merge manually.



If there is no conflict, the commit will be merged automatically.

Prev

Git Tutorial

FOIIOW US OII







English Terms Privacy

 $\hfill \odot$ 2021 Nulab, Inc. All rights reserved.