EDA

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```
library('tidyverse')

## -- Attaching packages ------- tidyverse 1.3.0 --

## v ggplot2 3.2.1 v purrr 0.3.3

## v tibble 2.1.3 v dplyr 0.8.4

## v tidyr 1.0.2 v stringr 1.4.0

## v readr 1.3.1 v forcats 0.4.0

## -- Conflicts ------- tidyverse_conflicts() --

## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()

## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
```

The Gender Gap: by Degree Level

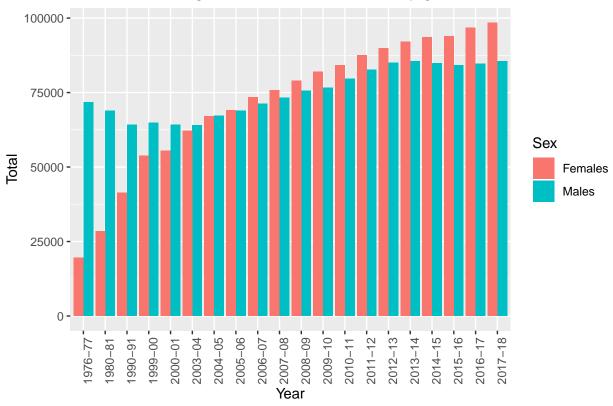
We will first do some exploration of degrees conferred, separated by degree level.

Doctor's

```
doctors <- read_csv('data/doctors.csv')</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
     Sex = col character(),
     Year = col_character(),
##
##
    Total = col_double(),
##
     White = col_double(),
     Black = col_double(),
##
##
     Hispanic = col_double(),
     `Asian/Pacific Islander` = col_double(),
##
##
     `American Indian/Alaska Native` = col_double(),
     `Two or more races` = col_double(),
     `Non-resident alien` = col_double()
##
## )
```

```
head(doctors)
## # A tibble: 6 x 10
   Sex Year Total White Black Hispanic `Asian/Pacific ~ `American India~
##
     <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                       <dbl>
                                                        <dbl>
                                                                         <dbl>
## 1 Total 1976~ 91218 79932 3575
                                       1533
                                                         1674
                                                                           240
## 2 Total 1980~ 97281 84200 3893
                                                         2267
                                        1924
                                                                           312
## 3 Total 1990~ 105547 81791 4429
                                        3210
                                                         5120
                                                                           356
## 4 Total 1999~ 118736 82984 7078
                                        5042
                                                                           708
                                                        10682
## 5 Total 2000~ 119585 82321 7035
                                        5204
                                                        11587
                                                                           705
## 6 Total 2003~ 126087 84695 8089
                                        5795
                                                                           771
                                                        12371
## # ... with 2 more variables: `Two or more races` <dbl>, `Non-resident
## # alien` <dbl>
doctors_by_sex <- doctors %>%
  select(Sex, Year, Total) %>%
  group_by(Year) %>%
  filter(Sex!="Total")
head(doctors_by_sex)
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
## # Groups: Year [6]
    Sex Year
                   Total
     <chr> <chr>
                   <dbl>
## 1 Males 1976-77 71709
## 2 Males 1980-81 68853
## 3 Males 1990-91 64242
## 4 Males 1999-00 64930
## 5 Males 2000-01 64171
## 6 Males 2003-04 63981
ggplot(doctors_by_sex, aes(fill=Sex, y=Total, x=Year)) +
  ggtitle("U.S. doctoral degrees conferred over time, by gender") +
  geom_bar(position="dodge", stat="identity") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))
```

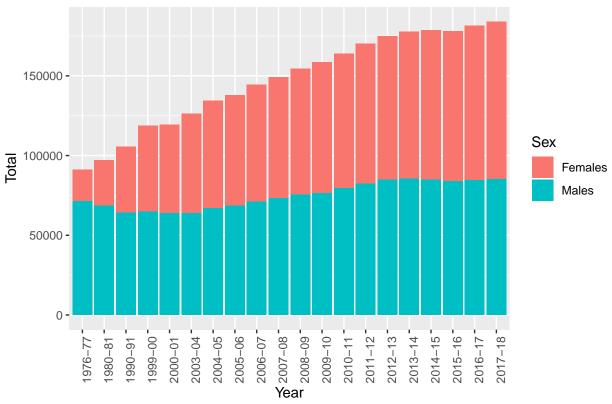




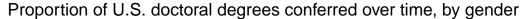
Though females seem to be steadily increasing over time, male degrees fluctate much more.

```
ggplot(doctors_by_sex, aes(fill=Sex, y=Total, x=Year)) +
ggtitle("U.S. doctoral degrees conferred over time, by gender") +
geom_bar(position="stack",stat="identity") +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))
```





```
ggplot(doctors_by_sex, aes(fill=Sex, y=Total, x=Year)) +
   ggtitle("Proportion of U.S. doctoral degrees conferred over time, by gender") +
   geom_bar(position="fill", stat="identity") +
   theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90)) +
   geom_abline(slope=0, intercept = 0.5)
```





Around 2005 was when females and males were earning doctorate degrees equally. Since then, females have been taking an increasing amount of the proportion, but still not startling more than 50%.

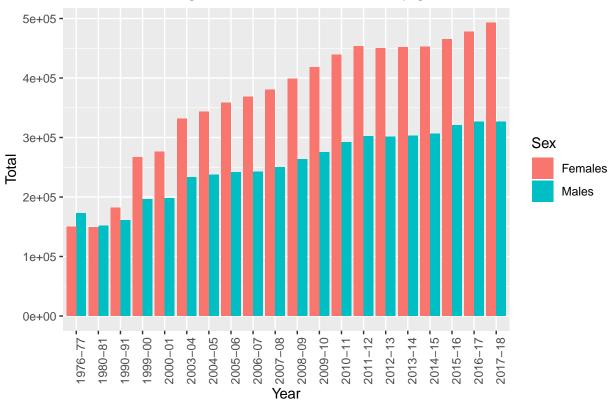
Masters

A tibble: 6 x 10

```
masters <- read_csv('data/masters.csv')</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     Sex = col_character(),
     Year = col_character(),
##
     Total = col_double(),
##
     White = col_double(),
##
##
     Black = col_double(),
     Hispanic = col_double(),
##
     `Asian/Pacific Islander` = col_double(),
##
     `American Indian/Alaska Native` = col_double(),
##
##
     `Two or more races` = col_double(),
##
     `Non-resident alien` = col_double()
## )
head(masters)
```

```
Sex Year Total White Black Hispanic `Asian/Pacific ~ `American India~
                                                                         <dbl>
##
   <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                       <dbl>
                                                        <dbl>
## 1 Total 1976~ 322463 271402 21252
                                        6136
                                                         5127
                                                                          1018
## 2 Total 1980~ 301081 247475 17436
                                        6534
                                                         6348
                                                                          1044
## 3 Total 1990~ 342863 265927 17023
                                        8981
                                                        11869
                                                                          1189
## 4 Total 1999~ 463185 324990 36606
                                     19379
                                                        23523
                                                                          2263
## 5 Total 2000~ 473502 324211 38853
                                                        24544
                                                                          2496
                                       21661
## 6 Total 2003~ 564272 373448 51402
                                       29806
                                                                          3206
                                                        31202
## # ... with 2 more variables: `Two or more races` <dbl>, `Non-resident
## # alien` <dbl>
masters_by_sex <- masters %>%
 select(Sex, Year, Total) %>%
 group_by(Year) %>%
 filter(Sex!="Total")
head(masters_by_sex)
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
## # Groups: Year [6]
## Sex
         Year
                   Total
     <chr> <chr>
                   <dbl>
## 1 Males 1976-77 172703
## 2 Males 1980-81 151602
## 3 Males 1990-91 160842
## 4 Males 1999-00 196129
## 5 Males 2000-01 197770
## 6 Males 2003-04 233056
ggplot(masters_by_sex, aes(fill=Sex, y=Total, x=Year)) +
 ggtitle("U.S. masters degrees conferred over time, by gender") +
 geom_bar(position="dodge", stat="identity") +
 theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))
```

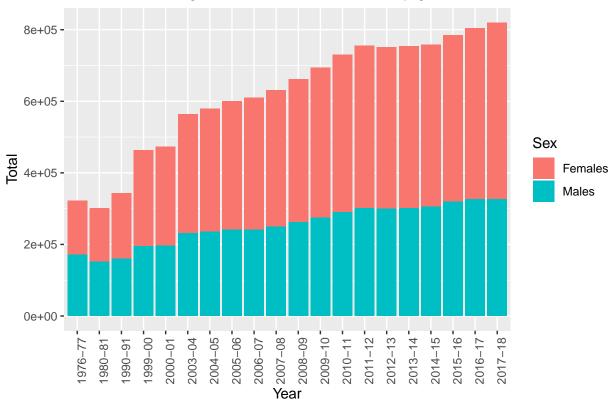




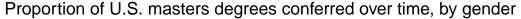
Though both male and female masters degrees seem to be gaining over time, there has been increasingly more degrees conferred to females, especially in the 21st century.

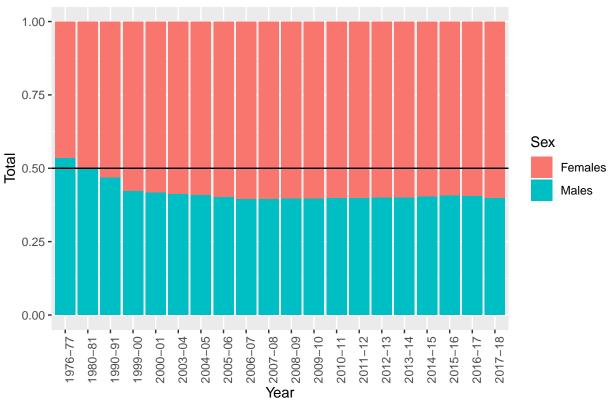
```
ggplot(masters_by_sex, aes(fill=Sex, y=Total, x=Year)) +
ggtitle("U.S. masters degrees conferred over time, by gender") +
geom_bar(position="stack",stat="identity") +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))
```





```
ggplot(masters_by_sex, aes(fill=Sex, y=Total, x=Year)) +
   ggtitle("Proportion of U.S. masters degrees conferred over time, by gender") +
   geom_bar(position="fill", stat="identity") +
   theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90)) +
   geom_abline(slope=0, intercept = 0.5)
```





Around 1981, women and men were earning bachelors degrees at similar rates, and into the 21st century females starting gaining on males much more rapidly. Since the start of the 21st century, only incremental changes have occured.

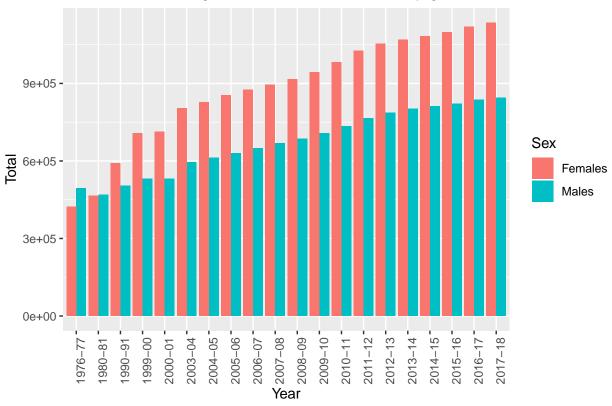
Bachelors

```
bachelors <- read_csv('data/bachelors.csv')
```

```
## Parsed with column specification:
  cols(
##
##
     Sex = col_character(),
##
     Year = col_character(),
     Total = col_double(),
##
##
     White = col_double(),
##
     Black = col_double(),
##
     Hispanic = col_double(),
##
     `Asian/Pacific Islander` = col_double(),
##
     `American Indian/Alaska Native` = col_double(),
     `Two or more races` = col_double(),
##
     `Non-resident alien` = col_double()
##
## )
```

```
head(bachelors)
## # A tibble: 6 x 10
    Sex Year Total White Black Hispanic `Asian/Pacific ~ `American India~
##
     <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
                                <dbl>
                                         <dbl>
                                                          <dbl>
                                                                           <dbl>
## 1 Total 1976~ 9.18e5 8.08e5 58636
                                         18743
                                                          13793
                                                                            3326
## 2 Total 1980~ 9.35e5 8.07e5 60673
                                                                            3593
                                         21832
                                                          18794
## 3 Total 1990~ 1.09e6 9.14e5 66375
                                         37342
                                                          42529
                                                                            4583
## 4 Total 1999~ 1.24e6 9.29e5 108018
                                                                            8717
                                         75063
                                                          77909
## 5 Total 2000~ 1.24e6 9.27e5 111307
                                         77745
                                                          78902
                                                                            9049
## 6 Total 2003~ 1.40e6 1.03e6 131241
                                                                           10638
                                         94644
                                                          92073
## # ... with 2 more variables: `Two or more races` <dbl>, `Non-resident
## # alien` <dbl>
bachelors_by_sex <- bachelors %>%
  select(Sex, Year, Total) %>%
  group_by(Year) %>%
  filter(Sex!="Total")
head(bachelors_by_sex)
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
## # Groups: Year [6]
     Sex
                    Total
          Year
     <chr> <chr>
                    <dbl>
## 1 Males 1976-77 494424
## 2 Males 1980-81 469625
## 3 Males 1990-91 504045
## 4 Males 1999-00 530367
## 5 Males 2000-01 531840
## 6 Males 2003-04 595425
ggplot(bachelors_by_sex, aes(fill=Sex, y=Total, x=Year)) +
  ggtitle("U.S. bachelors degrees conferred over time, by gender") +
  geom_bar(position="dodge", stat="identity") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))
```

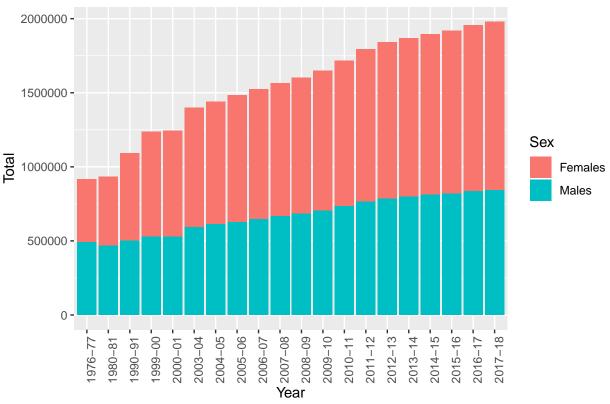




Both males and females are increasing over time, though it seems females may be increasing more rapidly.

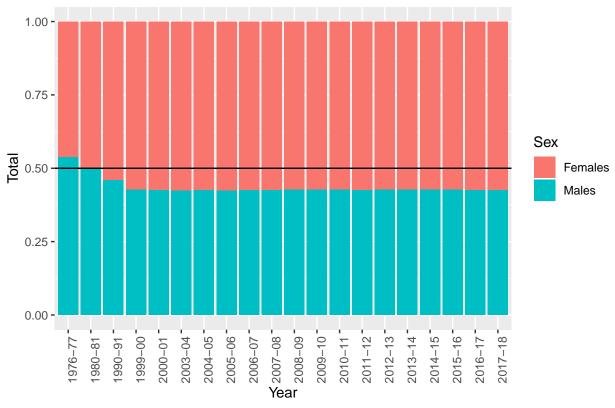
```
ggplot(bachelors_by_sex, aes(fill=Sex, y=Total, x=Year)) +
ggtitle("U.S. bachlors degrees conferred over time, by gender") +
geom_bar(position="stack",stat="identity") +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))
```





```
ggplot(bachelors_by_sex, aes(fill=Sex, y=Total, x=Year)) +
   ggtitle("Proportion of U.S. bachelors degrees conferred over time, by gender") +
   geom_bar(position="fill", stat="identity") +
   theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90)) +
   geom_abline(slope=0, intercept = 0.5)
```





Around 1981, women and men were earning equal amounts of bachelor's degrees. Since about 2000, it seems that the proportion of women vs men earning bachelor's degrees has stayed pretty consistent around a 60-40 split.

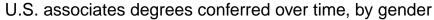
Associates

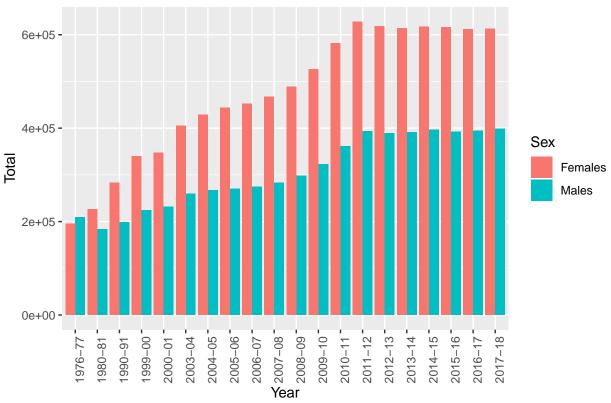
```
associates <- read_csv('data/associates.csv')
```

```
## Parsed with column specification:
  cols(
##
##
     Sex = col_character(),
##
     Year = col_character(),
     Total = col_double(),
##
##
     White = col_double(),
##
     Black = col_double(),
##
     Hispanic = col_double(),
##
     `Asian/Pacific Islander` = col_double(),
##
     `American Indian/Alaska Native` = col_double(),
     `Two or more races` = col_double(),
     `Non-resident alien` = col_double()
##
## )
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 10
    Sex Year Total White Black Hispanic `Asian/Pacific ~ `American India~
##
     <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                        <dbl>
                                                         <dbl>
                                                                          <dbl>
## 1 Total 1976~ 404956 342290 33159
                                        16636
                                                          7044
                                                                           2498
## 2 Total 1980~ 410174 339167 35330
                                        17800
                                                          8650
                                                                           2584
## 3 Total 1990~ 481720 391264 38835
                                        25540
                                                         15257
                                                                           3871
## 4 Total 1999~ 564933 408822 60208
                                        51563
                                                                           6474
                                                         27778
## 5 Total 2000~ 578865 411075 63855
                                        57288
                                                         28463
                                                                           6623
## 6 Total 2003~ 665301 456047 81183
                                        72270
                                                         33149
                                                                           8119
## # ... with 2 more variables: `Two or more races` <dbl>, `Non-resident
## # alien` <dbl>
associates_by_sex <- associates %>%
  select(Sex, Year, Total) %>%
  group_by(Year) %>%
  filter(Sex!="Total")
head(associates_by_sex)
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
## # Groups: Year [6]
    Sex
                    Total
          Year
     <chr> <chr>
                    <dbl>
## 1 Males 1976-77 209672
## 2 Males 1980-81 183819
## 3 Males 1990-91 198634
## 4 Males 1999-00 224721
## 5 Males 2000-01 231645
## 6 Males 2003-04 260033
ggplot(associates_by_sex, aes(fill=Sex, y=Total, x=Year)) +
  ggtitle("U.S. associates degrees conferred over time, by gender") +
  geom_bar(position="dodge", stat="identity") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))
```

head(associates)

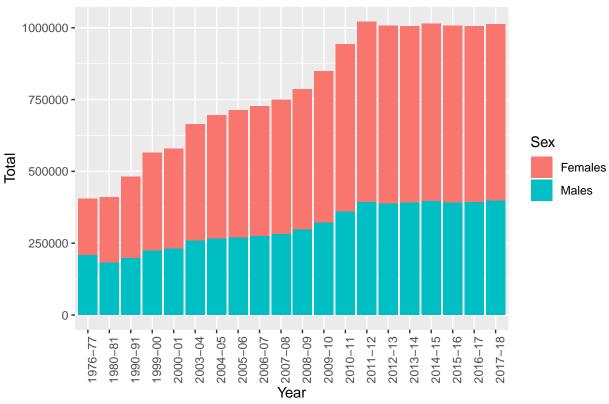




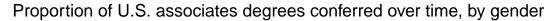
Both males and females are mostly increasing over time (potentially with a peak around 2011), though it seems females are increasing much more rapidly.

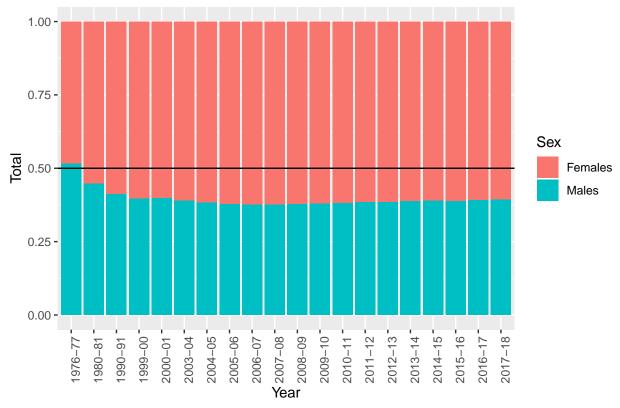
```
ggplot(associates_by_sex, aes(fill=Sex, y=Total, x=Year)) +
   ggtitle("U.S. associates degrees conferred over time, by gender") +
   geom_bar(position="stack",stat="identity") +
   theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))
```





```
ggplot(associates_by_sex, aes(fill=Sex, y=Total, x=Year)) +
   ggtitle("Proportion of U.S. associates degrees conferred over time, by gender") +
   geom_bar(position="fill", stat="identity") +
   theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90)) +
   geom_abline(slope=0, intercept = 0.5)
```





Since the 80's women have been earning more associate's degrees than men. The difference here is much more pronouced than in higher levels of education, and is extremely persistent today.