

GSEA Chunk vs dissociated

Ariel Hippen

2022-07-28

Contents

Analyzing differential expression results	1
Top genes	2
Volcano plot	6
GSEA	6
GO Biological process	7
Cell types	8
Conclusions	10

Analyzing differential expression results

We have calculated differential expression genes in `DE_chunk_vs_dissociated.Rmd`, now we will try to make sense of them. Our main workhorse will be Gene Set Enrichment Analysis (GSEA) across several reference sets.

```
suppressPackageStartupMessages({
  library(DESeq2)
  library(WebGestaltR)
  library(ggplot2)
  library(rtracklayer)
  library(yaml)
})

params <- read_yaml("../config.yml")
data_path <- params$data_path
local_data_path <- params$local_data_path
samples <- params$samples

# Load the DESeq2 object with the original count matrix
deseq_path <- paste(local_data_path, "deseq2_output", sep = "/")
dds <- readRDS(paste(deseq_path, "chunk_vs_dissociated_data.rds", sep = "/"))

# Load the DESeqResults object with differentially expressed genes, at FDR 0.1 and 0.05
res1 <- readRDS(paste(deseq_path, "chunk_vs_dissociated_FDR_0.1.rds", sep = "/"))
res05 <- readRDS(paste(deseq_path, "chunk_vs_dissociated_FDR_0.05.rds", sep = "/"))
```

Top genes

Let's look at the top 20 most upregulated and downregulated genes and see if we can find a pattern.

```
res1 <- subset(res1, res1$padj < 0.1)
res1 <- res1[order(res1$log2FoldChange), ]
as.data.frame(head(res1, n=20))
```

##	baseMean	log2FoldChange	lfcSE	stat	pvalue
## HBB	2264.208007	-5.274949	0.5652136	-9.332664	1.032427e-20
## HBA2	673.751104	-4.757030	0.6046143	-7.867875	3.607153e-15
## CXCR1	81.309358	-4.189585	0.8399832	-4.987701	6.110198e-07
## HBA1	181.662594	-3.916449	0.8980385	-4.361115	1.294011e-05
## AC008083.2	2.076658	-3.586494	1.0980669	-3.266189	1.090056e-03
## ADIPOQ	1911.854070	-3.576924	1.5643494	-2.286525	2.222357e-02
## LINC01355	346.657721	-3.542691	0.3813332	-9.290276	1.538885e-20
## LEP	659.431225	-3.501804	0.8992838	-3.893993	9.860768e-05
## AP003031.1	3.682507	-3.423470	1.1016482	-3.107589	1.886204e-03
## AL512303.1	2.164243	-3.361063	1.0989848	-3.058334	2.225711e-03
## PLIN1	4600.183400	-3.360219	0.9704688	-3.462470	5.352406e-04
## AC009019.1	2.931348	-3.344863	1.0812273	-3.093580	1.977572e-03
## CIDEA	886.538783	-3.343077	0.9366554	-3.569164	3.581216e-04
## AC007991.4	5.651049	-3.250859	1.2545567	-2.591241	9.563052e-03
## AC069023.1	6.893661	-3.150502	0.8467974	-3.720491	1.988355e-04
## AL034397.3	213.851165	-3.116796	0.5526555	-5.639673	1.703737e-08
## TEX48	2.977500	-3.111579	0.9807365	-3.172696	1.510306e-03
## FCGR3B	193.803406	-2.994792	0.5669353	-5.282423	1.274861e-07
## AL109936.6	41.516596	-2.952083	0.3777630	-7.814642	5.511941e-15
## AC091117.2	4.983689	-2.933680	0.8210291	-3.573175	3.526791e-04
##	padj				
## HBB	9.875591e-18				
## HBA2	1.107237e-12				
## CXCR1	2.141483e-05				
## HBA1	2.709565e-04				
## AC008083.2	9.179539e-03				
## ADIPOQ	8.694829e-02				
## LINC01355	1.386635e-17				
## LEP	1.399598e-03				
## AP003031.1	1.390167e-02				
## AL512303.1	1.574343e-02				
## PLIN1	5.274116e-03				
## AC009019.1	1.442662e-02				
## CIDEA	3.829733e-03				
## AC007991.4	4.705386e-02				
## AC069023.1	2.419020e-03				
## AL034397.3	9.752147e-07				
## TEX48	1.172056e-02				
## FCGR3B	5.661478e-06				
## AL109936.6	1.655538e-12				
## AC091117.2	3.786082e-03				

So these are more upregulated in the chunks than in the dissociated cells. HBB, HBA1, and HBA2 are all hemoglobin genes. CXCR1 is a chemokine receptor. Several of these genes are secreted by fat cells/adipocytes

(ADIPOQ, LEP, PLIN1, CIDEC). There's a gene (TEX48) that's very lowly expressed but is apparently only expressed in testes???? Is that cancer being funky or a sign of contamination? And then FCCGR3B is a component of IgG.

```
as.data.frame(tail(res1, n=20))
```

##		baseMean	log2FoldChange	lfcSE	stat	pvalue
##	AC082651.3	3.298485	4.014912	1.2315989	3.259918	1.114443e-03
##	AL450322.1	11.335458	4.016885	0.8575780	4.683988	2.813470e-06
##	AL031432.1	2.978587	4.030684	1.5135530	2.663061	7.743333e-03
##	TRIM72	51.103458	4.034666	0.5397907	7.474502	7.749675e-14
##	IL1B	5013.558651	4.040173	0.5288699	7.639256	2.184798e-14
##	AL512603.2	96.416357	4.153359	0.5912721	7.024447	2.149162e-12
##	SELE	1265.716907	4.235680	1.0213159	4.147277	3.364535e-05
##	AC103591.3	174.459490	4.247204	0.4036049	10.523172	6.756033e-26
##	AP002008.3	23.015276	4.275042	0.6825899	6.262973	3.777057e-10
##	AC084262.1	15.831221	4.282993	0.6963939	6.150245	7.736331e-10
##	HSPB3	13.932159	4.284497	0.8446749	5.072363	3.929069e-07
##	ASTL	483.145817	4.295618	0.4594194	9.350101	8.756428e-21
##	LINC02404	8.229731	4.313546	0.7646813	5.640972	1.690925e-08
##	CSF3	840.783269	4.324277	1.1762588	3.676297	2.366439e-04
##	EREG	1495.336882	4.372911	0.5682361	7.695587	1.408457e-14
##	AL450322.2	40.149822	4.380950	0.5388039	8.130880	4.261850e-16
##	OVOL1-AS1	28.077768	4.405757	0.5093041	8.650543	5.125512e-18
##	AGXT	42.060301	4.605439	0.7499662	6.140863	8.207455e-10
##	PRR35	5.705105	4.920525	1.0650368	4.620052	3.836435e-06
##	PYDC1	16.081991	5.920640	1.0858810	5.452384	4.969895e-08
##		padj				
##	AC082651.3	9.314705e-03				
##	AL450322.1	7.652256e-05				
##	AL031432.1	4.034575e-02				
##	TRIM72	1.915679e-11				
##	IL1B	5.868073e-12				
##	AL512603.2	3.660520e-10				
##	SELE	5.918690e-04				
##	AC103591.3	1.572635e-22				
##	AP002008.3	3.552342e-08				
##	AC084262.1	6.568356e-08				
##	HSPB3	1.493207e-05				
##	ASTL	8.735476e-18				
##	LINC02404	9.718646e-07				
##	CSF3	2.777384e-03				
##	EREG	3.934243e-12				
##	AL450322.2	1.653420e-13				
##	OVOL1-AS1	2.753287e-15				
##	AGXT	6.884650e-08				
##	PRR35	9.804939e-05				
##	PYDC1	2.510381e-06				

These are more upregulated in the dissociated cells. The top ones are a mess. AGXT is supposedly only expressed in the liver, OVOL1-AS1 is a lncRNA. EREG is “a member of the epidermal growth factor (EGF) family of proteins. The encoded protein may be involved in a wide range of biological processes including inflammation, wound healing, oocyte maturation, and cell proliferation.” <https://www.genecards.org/cgi->

bin/carddisp.pl?gene=EREG CSF3 “is produced by endothelium, macrophages, and a number of other immune cells.” https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Granulocyte_colony-stimulating_factor HSPB3 “This gene encodes a muscle-specific small heat shock protein.” <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/8988> SELE “The protein encoded by this gene is found in cytokine-stimulated endothelial cells” <https://www.genecards.org/cgi-bin/carddisp.pl?gene=SELE>

Let’s try again but with a filter to only genes that are decently expressed.

```
res1high <- subset(res1, res1$baseMean > 100)
as.data.frame(head(res1high, n=20))
```

##	baseMean	log2FoldChange	lfcSE	stat	pvalue
## HBB	2264.2080	-5.274949	0.5652136	-9.332664	1.032427e-20
## HBA2	673.7511	-4.757030	0.6046143	-7.867875	3.607153e-15
## HBA1	181.6626	-3.916449	0.8980385	-4.361115	1.294011e-05
## ADIPOQ	1911.8541	-3.576924	1.5643494	-2.286525	2.222357e-02
## LINC01355	346.6577	-3.542691	0.3813332	-9.290276	1.538885e-20
## LEP	659.4312	-3.501804	0.8992838	-3.893993	9.860768e-05
## PLIN1	4600.1834	-3.360219	0.9704688	-3.462470	5.352406e-04
## CIDEA	886.5388	-3.343077	0.9366554	-3.569164	3.581216e-04
## AL034397.3	213.8512	-3.116796	0.5526555	-5.639673	1.703737e-08
## FCGR3B	193.8034	-2.994792	0.5669353	-5.282423	1.274861e-07
## CXCR2	123.2648	-2.902115	0.6040217	-4.804654	1.550197e-06
## GPD1	2110.0034	-2.864240	0.7833736	-3.656288	2.558936e-04
## THRSP	111.3514	-2.806047	0.5185531	-5.411301	6.256841e-08
## ACVR1C	402.7838	-2.561761	0.6224156	-4.115836	3.857782e-05
## SLC7A10	173.5175	-2.541003	0.6983780	-3.638436	2.742989e-04
## DGAT2	657.6586	-2.379434	0.5416326	-4.393078	1.117572e-05
## SLC19A3	783.9477	-2.147723	0.4350801	-4.936385	7.958396e-07
## NAV2-AS5	107.3732	-2.112261	0.4127966	-5.116954	3.105091e-07
## EDDM13	118.7541	-2.098489	0.3144391	-6.673754	2.493419e-11
## PRH2	118.4492	-2.089533	0.3042387	-6.868073	6.507514e-12
##	padj				
## HBB	9.875591e-18				
## HBA2	1.107237e-12				
## HBA1	2.709565e-04				
## ADIPOQ	8.694829e-02				
## LINC01355	1.386635e-17				
## LEP	1.399598e-03				
## PLIN1	5.274116e-03				
## CIDEA	3.829733e-03				
## AL034397.3	9.752147e-07				
## FCGR3B	5.661478e-06				
## CXCR2	4.611948e-05				
## GPD1	2.950040e-03				
## THRSP	3.066181e-06				
## ACVR1C	6.530874e-04				
## SLC7A10	3.104534e-03				
## DGAT2	2.403167e-04				
## SLC19A3	2.630791e-05				
## NAV2-AS5	1.211376e-05				
## EDDM13	3.180305e-09				
## PRH2	1.004278e-09				

Okay, a couple more adipose tissue things (THRSP, DGAT2).

```
as.data.frame(tail(res1high, n=20))
```

##		baseMean	log2FoldChange	lfcSE	stat	pvalue
##	AC015912.3	115.7652	3.441191	0.5106750	6.738514	1.600142e-11
##	TEX14	506.7056	3.458933	0.4128350	8.378487	5.361261e-17
##	AL645608.7	251.0051	3.561417	0.3339811	10.663530	1.507648e-26
##	ARC	468.9911	3.582926	0.6197149	5.781572	7.400601e-09
##	PRSS22	847.8038	3.592108	0.4997242	7.188182	6.565986e-13
##	KRT16	1301.5981	3.604455	0.6626794	5.439214	5.351601e-08
##	NLRP3	4526.4309	3.719893	0.4310242	8.630359	6.115979e-18
##	PEAK3	247.3214	3.792340	0.3163026	11.989595	4.028711e-33
##	AC253572.2	2103.7996	3.799999	0.3781945	10.047737	9.400152e-24
##	CCL3L1	1773.0335	3.852048	0.5126728	7.513659	5.749744e-14
##	ADRA2B	329.1694	3.857407	0.3385773	11.392986	4.531907e-30
##	PMAIP1	1407.2301	3.904967	0.4278432	9.127098	7.036027e-20
##	KRT17	7909.5372	3.956979	0.5389221	7.342395	2.098052e-13
##	CXCL8	9524.6068	4.014204	0.5531115	7.257495	3.943256e-13
##	IL1B	5013.5587	4.040173	0.5288699	7.639256	2.184798e-14
##	SELE	1265.7169	4.235680	1.0213159	4.147277	3.364535e-05
##	AC103591.3	174.4595	4.247204	0.4036049	10.523172	6.756033e-26
##	ASTL	483.1458	4.295618	0.4594194	9.350101	8.756428e-21
##	CSF3	840.7833	4.324277	1.1762588	3.676297	2.366439e-04
##	EREG	1495.3369	4.372911	0.5682361	7.695587	1.408457e-14
##		padj				
##	AC015912.3	2.180330e-09				
##	TEX14	2.303940e-14				
##	AL645608.7	4.375544e-23				
##	ARC	4.796310e-07				
##	PRSS22	1.300764e-10				
##	KRT16	2.683775e-06				
##	NLRP3	3.106139e-15				
##	PEAK3	1.875567e-29				
##	AC253572.2	1.544556e-20				
##	CCL3L1	1.466380e-11				
##	ADRA2B	1.808425e-26				
##	PMAIP1	5.615352e-17				
##	KRT17	4.803680e-11				
##	CXCL8	8.538524e-11				
##	IL1B	5.868073e-12				
##	SELE	5.918690e-04				
##	AC103591.3	1.572635e-22				
##	ASTL	8.735476e-18				
##	CSF3	2.777384e-03				
##	EREG	3.934243e-12				

Oh boy, another testis-expressed gene (TEX14). Oooh upregulated keratin (KRT16, KRT17). And we've got a brain-specific protease (PRSS22). PEAK3 is "Involved in regulation of actin cytoskeleton organization." <https://www.genecards.org/cgi-bin/carddisp.pl?gene=PEAK3> NLRP3 is "NLRP3 is expressed predominantly in macrophages and as a component of the inflammasome." <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/NLRP3> ARC is "Activity-regulated cytoskeleton-associated protein" and apparently really important for learning? https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Activity-regulated_cytoskeleton-associated_protein A couple more chemokines (CCL3L1, CXCL8) Something involved in apoptosis (PMAIP1), <https://www.genecards.org/cgi-bin/carddisp.pl?gene=PMAIP1>

Volcano plot

We'll now filter down to only protein-coding genes, using info from the gtf file downloaded from the Cellranger website.

```
genefile <- paste(data_path, "index/refdata-gex-GRCh38-2020-A/genes/genes.gtf", sep = "/")
gff <- readGFF(genefile)
protein_coding <- subset(gff, gff$gene_type=="protein_coding")

res1 <- subset(res1, rownames(res1) %in% protein_coding$gene_name)
```

```
library(EnhancedVolcano)
```

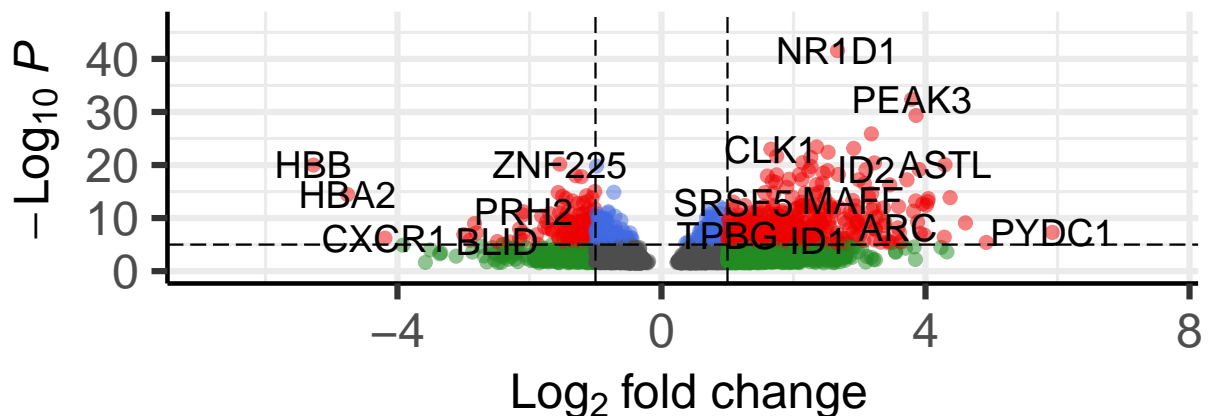
```
## Loading required package: ggrepel
```

```
EnhancedVolcano(res1, lab = rownames(res1), x = 'log2FoldChange', y = 'pvalue')
```

Volcano plot

EnhancedVolcano

● NS ● Log₂ FC ● p-value ● p-value and log₂ FC



GSEA

WebGestaltR expects a data frame with two columns, gene name and fold change.

```
res1$gene <- rownames(res1); rownames(res1) <- NULL
res1 <- subset(res1, select=c("gene", "log2FoldChange"))
res1 <- as.data.frame(res1)
nrow(res1)
```

```
## [1] 5009
```

```
res05 <- subset(res05, res05$padj < 0.05)
res05$gene <- rownames(res05); rownames(res05) <- NULL
res05 <- subset(res05, select=c("gene","log2FoldChange"))
res05 <- as.data.frame(res05)
nrow(res05)
```

```
## [1] 5836
```

GO Biological process

Our first try at GSEA will use the same reference set we used for overrepresentation analysis in the single-cell data, GO Biological process.

```
GO_bp <- suppressWarnings(WebGestaltR(enrichMethod = "GSEA",
                                     enrichDatabase = "geneontology_Biological_Process_noRedundant",
                                     interestGene = res1,
                                     interestGeneType = "genesymbol",
                                     isOutput = FALSE))
```

```
## Loading the functional categories...
## Loading the ID list...
## Performing the enrichment analysis...
## 1000 permutations of score complete...
```

```
nrow(GO_bp)
```

```
## [1] 291
```

```
GO_bp_05 <- suppressWarnings(WebGestaltR(enrichMethod = "GSEA",
                                         enrichDatabase = "geneontology_Biological_Process_noRedundant",
                                         interestGene = res05,
                                         interestGeneType = "genesymbol",
                                         isOutput = FALSE))
```

```
## Loading the functional categories...
## Loading the ID list...
## Performing the enrichment analysis...
## 1000 permutations of score complete...
```

```
nrow(GO_bp_05)
```

```
## [1] 261
```

```
GO_bp_05 <- GO_bp_05[order(GO_bp_05$normalizedEnrichmentScore, decreasing = TRUE),]
head(subset(GO_bp_05, select=c("geneSet","description","normalizedEnrichmentScore","pValue","FDR","size"))
```

```
##      geneSet      description normalizedEnrichmentScore
## 1 G0:0043062      extracellular structure organization      2.558967
## 2 G0:0048705      skeletal system morphogenesis      2.534183
## 3 G0:0045165      cell fate commitment      2.523143
## 4 G0:0007389      pattern specification process      2.443704
## 5 G0:0002237      response to molecule of bacterial origin      2.428714
## 6 G0:0033002      muscle cell proliferation      2.424678
##      pValue FDR size
## 1      0      0 109
## 2      0      0  63
## 3      0      0  66
## 4      0      0  93
## 5      0      0  99
## 6      0      0  56
```

```
tail(subset(G0_bp_05, select=c("geneSet", "description", "normalizedEnrichmentScore", "pValue", "FDR", "size"))
```

```
##      geneSet      description
## 43 G0:0033865      nucleoside bisphosphate metabolic process
## 52 G0:0140053      mitochondrial gene expression
## 8  G0:0009593      detection of chemical stimulus
## 9  G0:0050906      detection of stimulus involved in sensory perception
## 10 G0:0016999      antibiotic metabolic process
## 11 G0:0006399      tRNA metabolic process
##      normalizedEnrichmentScore pValue      FDR size
## 43      -2.575540      0 0.0002897701  22
## 52      -2.594618      0 0.0003477242  41
## 8       -2.655345      0 0.0000000000  33
## 9       -2.662161      0 0.0000000000  40
## 10      -2.695368      0 0.0000000000  22
## 11      -2.703201      0 0.0000000000  43
```

Cell types

Let's try a custom set for cell types, as curated by the folks at <http://www.gsea-msigdb.org/>

```
C8 <- suppressWarnings(WebGestaltR(enrichMethod = "GSEA",
  enrichDatabaseFile = "GSEA_custom_sets/c8.all.v7.5.1.symbols.gmt",
  enrichDatabaseType = "genesymbol",
  interestGene = res1,
  interestGeneType = "genesymbol",
  isOutput = FALSE))
```

```
## Loading the functional categories...
## Loading the ID list...
## Performing the enrichment analysis...
## 1000 permutations of score complete...
```

```
nrow(C8)
```

```
## [1] 339
```



```
C8 <- C8[order(C8$normalizedEnrichmentScore, decreasing = TRUE),]
head(subset(C8, select=c("geneSet", "normalizedEnrichmentScore", "pValue", "FDR", "size")))
```

```
##                                geneSet normalizedEnrichmentScore
## 1          CUI_DEVELOPING_HEART_C5_VALVAR_CELL                2.923429
## 2          AIZARANI_LIVER_C29_MVECS_2                2.903700
## 3      GAO_LARGE_INTESTINE_ADULT_CJ_IMMUNE_CELLS                2.885018
## 4      TRAVAGLINI_LUNG_ADVENTITIAL_FIBROBLAST_CELL                2.885015
## 5      CUI_DEVELOPING_HEART_VALVAR_ENDOTHELIAL_CELL                2.859748
## 6 DESCARTES_FETAL_CEREBRUM_VASCULAR_ENDOTHELIAL_CELLS                2.833196
##   pValue FDR size
## 1      0   0  102
## 2      0   0  163
## 3      0   0  214
## 4      0   0  109
## 5      0   0   81
## 6      0   0  237
```

```
tail(subset(C8, select=c("geneSet", "normalizedEnrichmentScore", "pValue", "FDR", "size")))
```

```
##                                geneSet normalizedEnrichmentScore
## 174      DESCARTES_MAIN_FETAL_ERYTHROBLASTS                -2.355485
## 161 DESCARTES_FETAL_PLACENTA_AFP_ALB_POSITIVE_CELLS                -2.403167
## 170      DESCARTES_FETAL_MUSCLE_ERYTHROBLASTS                -2.419611
## 103      DESCARTES_FETAL_STOMACH_ERYTHROBLASTS                -2.498829
## 104      DESCARTES_FETAL_INTESTINE_ERYTHROBLASTS                -2.504469
## 105      DESCARTES_FETAL_ADRENAL_ERYTHROBLASTS                -2.620851
##   pValue      FDR size
## 174      0 0.0004382483   52
## 161      0 0.0002629490   45
## 170      0 0.0003286862   30
## 103      0 0.0000000000   23
## 104      0 0.0000000000   44
## 105      0 0.0000000000   25
```

```
C8_05 <- suppressWarnings(WebGestaltR(enrichMethod = "GSEA",
                                     enrichDatabaseFile = "GSEA_custom_sets/c8.all.v7.5.1.symbols.gmt",
                                     enrichDatabaseType = "genesymbol",
                                     interestGene = res05,
                                     interestGeneType = "genesymbol",
                                     isOutput = FALSE))
```

```
## Loading the functional categories...
## Loading the ID list...
## Performing the enrichment analysis...
## 1000 permutations of score complete...
```

```
nrow(C8_05)
```

```
## [1] 308
```

```
C8_05 <- C8_05[order(C8_05$normalizedEnrichmentScore, decreasing = TRUE),]
head(subset(C8_05, select=c("geneSet", "normalizedEnrichmentScore", "pValue", "FDR", "size")))
```

```
##                                geneSet normalizedEnrichmentScore
## 1          CUI_DEVELOPING_HEART_C5_VALVAR_CELL                2.924764
## 2          AIZARANI_LIVER_C29_MVECS_2                2.895396
## 3      GAO_LARGE_INTESTINE_ADULT_CJ_IMMUNE_CELLS                2.828090
## 4          AIZARANI_LIVER_C10_MVECS_1                2.819640
## 5 DESCARTES_FETAL_CEREBRUM_VASCULAR_ENDOTHELIAL_CELLS                2.811425
## 6          HAY_BONE_MARROW_STROMAL                2.804545
##   pValue FDR size
## 1      0   0   90
## 2      0   0  131
## 3      0   0  179
## 4      0   0  105
## 5      0   0  199
## 6      0   0  207
```

```
tail(subset(C8_05, select=c("geneSet", "normalizedEnrichmentScore", "pValue", "FDR", "size")))
```

```
##                                geneSet normalizedEnrichmentScore
## 181      DESCARTES_MAIN_FETAL_ERYTHROBLASTS                -2.307258
## 168 DESCARTES_FETAL_PLACENTA_AFP_ALB_POSITIVE_CELLS                -2.368194
## 169      DESCARTES_FETAL_MUSCLE_ERYTHROBLASTS                -2.400061
## 179      DESCARTES_FETAL_INTESTINE_ERYTHROBLASTS                -2.400364
## 182      DESCARTES_FETAL_STOMACH_ERYTHROBLASTS                -2.441366
## 142      DESCARTES_FETAL_ADRENAL_ERYTHROBLASTS                -2.722040
##   pValue      FDR size
## 181      0 0.0018179226   38
## 168      0 0.0012119484   29
## 169      0 0.0012119484   24
## 179      0 0.0016159312   34
## 182      0 0.0018179226   17
## 142      0 0.0006059742   16
```

Conclusions

The main things being lost in dissociation are red blood cells and adipose tissue. The latter makes sense, because it's documented that it's very hard to get adipose tissue to dissociate cleanly, and as such it's much more prevalent in single-nucleus RNA-seq than single cell. Still need to figure out the reason for the loss of red blood cells in dissociation.

The dissociated samples seem to have an enrichment of fibroblasts, endothelial cells, and immune cells. I imagine this means they're being sequenced to a higher depth since they're not competing with adipose tissue.

Still not totally sure what this means for the cancer cells. Probably more analysis is needed there.