

# SOLVING TRICKY PROBLEMS

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*Presto REACTO!*

# SOME FACTS

- **The FSA Admissions exam assesses for two things:**
  - Knowledge of fundamental JS
  - Problem solving ability
- ***How do Engineers solve tricky problems?***

# PROBLEM SOLVING

- **Identify the problem**
- **Brainstorm solutions**
- **Implement one**
- **Evaluate it**

**R e s t a t e**

**E x a m p l e s**

**A p p r o a c h**

**Notice how far down this is**

**C o d e**

**T e s t**

**O p t i m i z e**

# RESTATE

- **Rephrase in your own words (diagram if useful)**
- **Make sure you fully understand the problem**
- **Leads very naturally into...**

# EXAMPLES

- **Representative input and output**
- **Consider edge cases**
- **Consider errors**
- **Write them down**

# APPROACH

- **Come up with at least one *conceptual* solution**
- **Don't code yet!**
- **Make some comments in your code file**

# CODE

- Translate your *Approach* into working JS
- FSA Admissions Team will even give partial credit for a solid approach (*even if the code isn't complete*)
- Make sure include all those edge cases!



# TEST

- **Use Examples in the test specs to hone your solution**
- **Ensure your Code works for all Examples**
- **Debug as necessary**

# OPTIMIZE

- **The final (and least important) step!**
- **Only if your code works and you have plenty of time**
- **Is there a more concise way to write this code?**
- **Are there built-in methods that can help?**
- **Did I document my code so it is easy to understand?**

# EXAMPLE

- *“Create a function `vowelCount()` that takes a string as an argument. The function should return the total number of vowels in the string”*

# RESTATE

- ◉ *“I want to return the total number of vowels in a string argument”.*
  - *Do I include ‘y’?*
  - *Is it case sensitive?*
  - *What if I get an empty string?*

# EXAMPLES

- *vowelCount('hello')* => 2
- *vowelCount('Yummy Food')* => 5
- *vowelCount('')* => 0

# APPROACH

- ◉ *I will loop over every character in the string.*
- ◉ *For each character, I will convert to Lower Case, and check if it exists in a string of vowels.*
- ◉ *If it does, I will increment my vowelCount*
- ◉ *After my loop, I will return the total vowelCount*

# CODE / TEST

```
function vowelCount(str){  
  var vowels = 'aeiouy';  
  var vowelCount = 0;  
  for(var i = 0; i < str.length; i++){  
    var char = str[i].toLowerCase();  
    for(var j = 0; j < vowels.length; j++){  
      var vowel = vowels[j];  
      if(vowel === char) {  
        vowelCount++  
        break;  
      }  
    }  
  }  
  
  return vowelCount  
}
```

# OPTIMIZE

```
function vowelCount(str){  
  var vowels = 'aeiouy'; // string of vowels  
  var vowelCount = 0; // initialize vowel count  
  for(var i = 0; i < str.length; i++){ // loop over string  
    var char = str[i].toLowerCase();  
    if(vowels.indexOf(char) >= 0) { // if character is in vowels  
      vowelCount++ // increment vowelCount  
    }  
  }  
  
  return vowelCount // return total vowels  
}
```



# TODAY'S PROBLEM

- **Today you will build a *Caesar Cypher***, an encryption scheme favored by the Ancient Romans
- Your function will take a string, and a number of characters. It should shift each character in the string by that number of letters
- Example: “dog” shifted by 4 => “hsk”

# ET TU REACTO?

**R** e s t a t e

**E** x a m p l e s

**A** p p r o a c h

**C** o d e

**T** e s t

**O** p t i m i z e

