

אלגברה יחסים + הקוד ב SQL

Query number	דרישה במסמך הוראות	Relational Algebra	MYSQL
1.	האם ספר X נמצא במלאי	$\pi \text{ count} (*) (\text{bookstoredb.stocks } s, \text{ books } b, \text{ book_details } e) (\sigma (s.\text{BOOKedition} = e.\text{book_edID}) \cup (e.\text{BookID} = b.\text{BookID}) \cup (b.\text{Title} = ?))$	<code>SELECT count(*) FROM bookstoredb.stocks s, books b, book_details e where s.BOOKedition = e.book_edID and e.BookID = b.BookID and b.Title = '' + title + ''</code>
2.	מי הוא הלקוח הוותיק ביותר	$\pi \text{ Name,DOB}(\text{customer})(\text{ORDER BY DOB Limit } 1)$	<code>SELECT Name, DOB FROM bookstoredb.customer order by DOB LIMIT 1</code>
3.	מי הוא הספר הוותיק ביותר	$\pi b.\text{title} (\text{bookstoredb.stocks } s, \text{ books } b, \text{ book_details } e) (\sigma (s.\text{BOOKedition} = e.\text{book_edID}) \cup (e.\text{BookID} = b.\text{BookID})) \text{ ORDER BY } s.\text{Arr_date Limit } 1$	<code>SELECT b.Title FROM bookstoredb.stocks s, books b, book_details e where s.BOOKedition = e.book_edID and e.BookID = b.BookID order by s.Arr_date Limit 1</code>
4.	רשימת הזמנות הנוכחית	$\pi (c.\text{name}, co.\text{order_date}, b.\text{Title}) (\text{customer } c, \text{ customer_order } co, \text{ books } b) (\sigma (c.\text{CustomerID} = co.\text{CustomerID}) \cup (b.\text{BookID} = co.\text{BookID})) \text{ ORDER BY } \text{order_date ASC}$	<code>select c.name, co.order_date, b.Title from customer c, customer_order co, books b where c.CustomerID = co.CustomerID and b.BookID = co.BookID ORDER BY order_date ASC</code>
5.	כמה עותקים של ספר Y נמכרו על-ידי החנות	$\pi \text{ count} (\text{customer_purchase}.\text{Book_ID}) \text{ AS Copies_Sold} (\text{customer_purchase}, \text{ books}) \sigma ((\text{customer_purchase}.\text{Book_ID} = \text{books}.\text{BookID}) \cup (\text{books}.\text{title} = ?)) \text{ group by Book_ID}$	<code>SELECT count(customer_purchase.Book_ID) as Copies_Sold FROM customer_purchase, books where customer_purchase.Book_ID = books.BookID and books.title = '' + name + '' group by Book_ID</code>
6.	מי הסופר הכי נקרא בתווך תאריכים X עד Y	$\pi (a.\text{Author_fname}, a.\text{Author_lname}) \text{ COUNT} (*) (\text{bookstoredb}.\text{customer_purchase } p, \text{ books } b, \text{ book_authors } ba, \text{ authors } a) \sigma ((b.\text{BookID} = p.\text{Book_ID}) \cup (ba.\text{book_id} = b.\text{bookID}) \cup (ba.\text{author_id} = a.\text{AuthorID}) \cup (p.\text{Date_c} > x \wedge p.\text{Date_c} < y)) p(a.\text{AuthorID} \text{ order by count} (*) \text{ Desc limit } 1)$	<code>SELECT a.Author_fname, a.Author_lname , count(*) FROM bookstoredb.customer_purchase p, books b, book_authors ba, authors a where b.BookID = p.Book_ID and ba.book_id = b.bookID and ba.author_id = a.AuthorID and p.Date_c BETWEEN ? AND ? group by a.AuthorID order by count(*) Desc limit 1</code>
7.	רשימת 3 הלקוחות שרכשו הכי הרבה ספרים לאורך השנים	$\pi (\text{customer}) \text{ order by Books_Bought DESC limit } 3$	<code>SELECT * FROM bookstoredb.customer order by Books_Bought DESC limit 3</code>
8.	מי הוא הספר עם מספר התרגומים הגדול ביותר שקיים כרגע במלאי	$\pi \text{ count} (*) b.\text{title} (\text{bookstoredb}.\text{book_details } e, \text{ books } b) \sigma (e.\text{bookid} = b.\text{bookID}) p (e.\text{bookid} \text{ order by count} (*) \text{ desc limit } 1)$	<code>SELECT count(*), b.title FROM bookstoredb.book_details e, books b where e.bookid = b.bookID group by e.bookid order by count(*) desc limit 1</code>
9.	היסטוריית רכישות של לקוח X: אלו ספרים רכש, באלו תאריכים ומה המחיר ששילם עבור כל ספר.	$\pi p.\text{Date_c}, p.\text{Bill}, c.\text{Name}, b.\text{Title} (\text{bookstoredb}.\text{customer_purchase } p, \text{ customer } c, \text{ books } b) \sigma ((c.\text{CustomerID} = p.\text{CustomerID}) \cup (b.\text{BookID} = p.\text{Book_ID}) \cup (c.\text{Name} = ?))$	<code>SELECT p.Date_c,p.Bill,c.Name,b.Title FROM bookstoredb.customer_purchase p,customer c,books b where c.CustomerID = p.CustomerID and b.BookID = p.Book_ID and c.Name = ?</code>

10.	לגבי אדם: X היסטוריית הזמנות (מה ומתי הזמין. מסודר לפי תאריכי הזמנה. ציון האם הספר אכן נמצא, ואם כן האם רכש)	π c.Name, p.order_date, b.Title, p.Order_Status (customer_order p, customer c, books b) σ ((c.CustomerID = p.CustomerID) \cup (b.BookID = p.BookID) \cup (c.Name = ?)) ORDER BY order_date ASC	SELECT c.Name, p.order_date, b.Title, p.Order_Status FROM customer_order p, customer c, books b where c.CustomerID = p.CustomerID and b.BookID = p.BookID and c.Name = ? ORDER BY order_date ASC
11.	חישוב עלות משלוח	π Weight (books b, book_details e) σ ((b.BookID = e.BookID) \cup (b.Title = ?))	SELECT Weight FROM books b, book_details e where b.BookID = e.BookID and b.Title = ?
12.	האם לקוח X פיצל, אי פעם, רכישת ספרים למספר משלוחים ואם כן מה הם נתוני המשלוחים	π o.OrderID (customer_order o, customer c) σ ((o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID) \cup (c.name = ?))	select o.OrderID from customer_order o, customer c where o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID and c.name = ?
13.	מה הוא הסטטוס הנוכחי של משלוח מסוים	π s.ShipmentID, s.Shipment_Status, b.Title (books b, shipments s, customer c, customer_order o) σ ((b.BookID = o.BookID) \cup (s.OrderID=o.OrderID) \cup (c.CustomerID=o.CustomerID) \cup (c.Name = ?))	select s.ShipmentID, s.Shipment_Status, b.Title from books b, shipments s, customer c, customer_order o where b.BookID = o.BookID and s.OrderID=o.OrderID AND c.CustomerID=o.CustomerID AND c.Name = ?
14.	מה סכום המשלוחים שבוצעו על ידי חברת Xpress בחודש מסוים	π if(isnull(SUM(tr.total_cost)), 0, SUM(tr.total_cost)) AS 'Total amount' (shipment_transaction tr, shipmentoptions s) σ ((shipping_type = 'Express Shipment') \cup (tr.Option_id = s.OptionID) \cup month(tr.Transaction_Date) = ?))	select if(isnull(SUM(tr.total_cost)), 0, SUM(tr.total_cost)) as 'Total amount' From shipment_transaction tr, shipmentoptions s where shipping_type = 'Express Shipment' and tr.Option_id = s.OptionID and month(tr.Transaction_Date) = ?
15.	סך הכסף שהועבר לחשבון החנות באמצעות אפליקציית Bit בחודש מסוים	π if(isnull(SUM(tr.total_cost)), 0, SUM(tr.total_cost)) AS 'Total amount' (shipment_transaction tr) σ ((Payment_Method = 'Bit app') \cup (month(tr.Transaction_Date) = ?))	select if(isnull(SUM(tr.total_cost)), 0, SUM(tr.total_cost)) as 'Total amount' From shipment_transaction tr where Payment_Method = 'Bit app' and month(tr.Transaction_Date) = ?
16.	מחן העסקאות שבוצעו במהלך 12 החודשים האחרונים, ואשר הניבו רווח גדול יותר מרווח העסקאות הממוצע ב- 12 החודשים האלו	π ifnull(avg(cost),0) (all_purchases) σ (Date >= current_date() - interval 12 month)	SELECT ifnull(avg(cost),0) FROM all_purchases where Date >= current_date() - interval 12 month
		π ap.Date, ap.cost, ap.purchase_type, b.Title AS gain (all_purchases ap, books b) σ ((b.BookID = ap.Book_ID) \cup (Date >= current_date() - interval 12 month) \cup (ap.cost > (π ifnull(avg(cost),0) (all_purchases) σ ((Date >= current_date() - interval 12 month))))	select ap.Date, ap.cost, ap.purchase_type, b.Title as gain from all_purchases ap, books b where b.BookID = ap.Book_ID and Date >= current_date() - interval 12 month and ap.cost > (SELECT ifnull(avg(cost),0) FROM all_purchases where Date >= current_date() - interval 12 month)
17.	כמה משלוחים בוצעו במהלך 12 החודשים האחרונים באמצעות דואר ישראל, וכמה בוצעו באמצעות חברת Xpress	π count(*) (shipment_transaction tr, shipmentoptions s) σ ((shipping_type = 'Express Shipment') \cup (tr.Option_id = s.OptionID) \cup (month(tr.Transaction_Date) = ?))	select count(*) From shipment_transaction tr, shipmentoptions s where shipping_type = 'Express Shipment' and tr.Option_id = s.OptionID and month(tr.Transaction_Date) = ?

18.	נתונים על כל המשלוחים שבוצעו, אי פעם, וכללו לפחות 2 מהדורות שונות של אותו הספר.	π TransactionID, total_cost, title (shipment_transaction tr, shipments s, customer_order o, books b) σ ((s.ShipmentID = tr.ShipmentID) and (o.BookID = b.bookid) and (s.OrderID = o.OrderID) and (b.bookid IN(π distinct bookid (customer_order) p (CustomerID, bookid) HAVING COUNT(bookid) > 1) p (b.bookid, s.ShipmentID)))	SELECT TransactionID, total_cost, title from shipment_transaction tr, shipments s, customer_order o, books b where s.ShipmentID = tr.ShipmentID and o.BookID = b.bookid and s.OrderID = o.OrderID and b.bookid IN(SELECT distinct bookid FROM customer_order GROUP BY CustomerID, bookid HAVING COUNT(bookid) > 1) group by b.bookid, s.ShipmentID
19.	נתונים על כל הלקוחות שרכשו בעבר, מתי שהוא, לפחות ספר אחד מהחנות, ושלא ביצעו שום רכישה במהלך 24 החודשים האחרונים	π c.Name, t2.mxdate ((customer c, customer_purchase t1) \bowtie (π max(Date_c) mxdate, CustomerID) (customer_purchase) p CustomerID) t2 on (t1.CustomerID = t2.CustomerID) \cup (t1.Date_c = t2.mxdate) σ ((t2.mxdate < current_date() - interval 24 month \cup (c.CustomerID = t1.CustomerID))	select c.Name, t2.mxdate from customer c, customer_purchase t1 inner join(select max(Date_c) mxdate, CustomerID from customer_purchase group by CustomerID) t2 on t1.CustomerID = t2.CustomerID and t1.Date_c = t2.mxdate where t2.mxdate < current_date() - interval 24 month and c.CustomerID = t1.CustomerID
20.	רשימת הלקוחות שביצעו הזמנות, הספרים שהזמינו הגיעו לחנות, החנות יצרה איתם קשר ליידע אותם על זמינות הספר. הקשר נוצר לפני 14 ימים, והלקוחות עדיין לא רכשו הספר	π c.Name, o.order_date, b.Title (customer_order o, customer c, books b) σ ((c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID) \cup (b.BookID = o.BookID) \cup (o.Order_Status = 'Available') \cup (o.order_date < current_date() - interval 14 day)) ORDER BY name ASC	SELECT c.Name, o.order_date, b.Title FROM customer_order o, customer c, books b where c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID and b.BookID = o.BookID and o.Order_Status = 'Available' and o.order_date < current_date() - interval 14 day ORDER BY name ASC
21.	מספר הספרים במחסן בחתך חודשי	π s.arr_date, b.Title (bookstoredb.stocks s, books b, book_details e) σ ((s.BOOKedition = e.book_edID) \cup (e.BookID = b.BookID) \cup (s.inventory_location = 'Warehouse') \cup (month(s.arr_date) = ?))	SELECT s.arr_date, b.Title FROM bookstoredb.stocks s, books b, book_details e where s.BOOKedition = e.book_edID and e.BookID = b.BookID and s.inventory_location = 'Warehouse' and month(s.arr_date) = ?
22. A	כמה ספרים רכשה החנות בין תאריך D1 לתאריך D2 ומה היה סך התשלום עבורם	π count(*) bookstoredb.customer_purchase σ (Date_c > x \cup Date_c < y)	SELECT count(*) FROM bookstoredb.customer_purchase where Date_c BETWEEN ? AND ?
		π IFNULL(sum(Bill),0)(bookstoredb.customer_purchase) σ (Date_c > x \cup Date_c < y)	SELECT IFNULL(sum(Bill),0) FROM bookstoredb.customer_purchase where Date_c BETWEEN ? AND ?
22. B	רווח החנות ממכירות בחודש מסוים	π ifnull(sum(Sale_price),0) AS sum (customer_purchase c \bowtie book_details b) σ ((b.bookID = c.Book_ID) \cup (month(c.date_c) = ?) \cup (year(c.date_c) = ?))	SELECT ifnull(sum(Sale_price),0) as sum FROM customer_purchase c INNER JOIN book_details b ON b.bookID = c.Book_ID and month(c.date_c) = ? and year(c.date_c) = ?
		π ifnull(sum(c.Bill), 0) AS sum (customer_purchase c \bowtie book_details b) σ ((b.bookID = c.Book_ID) \cup (month(c.date_c) = ?) \cup (year(c.date_c) = ?))	SELECT ifnull(sum(c.Bill), 0) as sum FROM customer_purchase c JOIN book_details b ON b.bookID = c.Book_ID and month(c.date_c) = ? and year(c.date_c) = ?

23.	ממוצע עסקאות שנתי בחתך חודשי	$\pi \text{ ifnull}(\text{avg}(\text{cost}),0) \text{ (all_purchases)} \sigma ((\text{Month}(\text{Date}) = 1) \cup (\text{year}(\text{Date}) = 2020))$	<code>SELECT ifnull(avg(cost),0) FROM all_purchases where Month(Date) = 1 and year(Date) = 2020</code>
24.	המשכורת ברוטו של עובד Z בחודש מסוים	$\pi \text{ emp.Emp_name (employees emp)} \sigma (\text{emp.emp_name} = ?)$	<code>select emp.Emp_name from employees emp where emp.emp_name = ?</code>
		$\pi s.\text{perHour} * s.\text{hoursWorked (salary s, employees emp)} \sigma ((s.\text{EmpID} = \text{emp.EmpID}) \cup (\text{month} = ?) \cup (\text{emp.emp_name} = ?))$	<code>select s.perHour * s.hoursWorked from salary s, employees emp where s.EmpID = emp.EmpID and month = ? and emp.emp_name = ?</code>
25.	מי המוכר עם הכי הרבה עסקאות בחודש X	$\pi e.\text{Emp_name}, \text{count} (*) \text{ (customer_purchase p , employees e)} \sigma ((\text{month}(\text{Date_c}) = ?) \cup (e.\text{EmpID} = p.\text{Sold_by})) p (\text{Sold_by order by count} (*) \text{DESC Limit } 1)$	<code>select e.Emp_name, count(*) from customer_purchase p , employees e where month(Date_c) = ? and e.EmpID = p.Sold_by group by Sold_by order by count(*) DESC Limit 1</code>