Industrial photonics

Assignment 04



A Review on Optical Fiber Sensors for Environmental Monitoring Hang-Eun Joe, Huitaek Yun, Seung-Hwan Jo, Martin B.G. Jun, and Byung-Kwon Min

Environmental monitoring, nowadays is a must for most facilities. In the ones that happens to operate in **harsh conditions**, optical fiber sensors (**OFS**) have some great advantages:

- resistance to electromagnetic interference
- resistance under extreme pressure
- resistance under extreme temperature
- low losses
- small sizes



Cable layer vessel "Leonardo da Vinci"

Comparison between sensors

Electrochemical

- low power
- linear
- selective

Micro-electromech.

- small size
- cheap
- short life
- disturbance

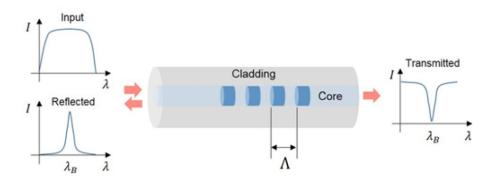
Optical fiber

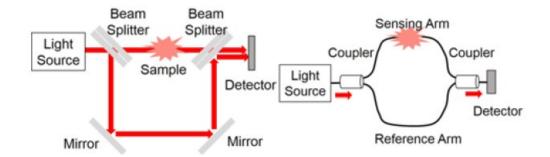
- high bandwidth
- compatible with existing infrastructure
- resistance to electromagnetic interference
- resistance under extreme pressure
- resistance under extreme temperature
- low losses
- small sizes

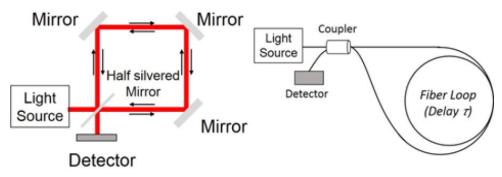


Types of OFS

- Point-Based sensitivity / selectivity
 - fiber gratings (sensing T, ε, correlated)
 - inline interferometer (a lot of phis. quantities)
- Distributed spatial and temporal domain
 - Optical Time-Domain Interferometer
 - Optical Frequency Interferometer







From Bulky equipment to fiber based



Fabrication process

Grating inscription

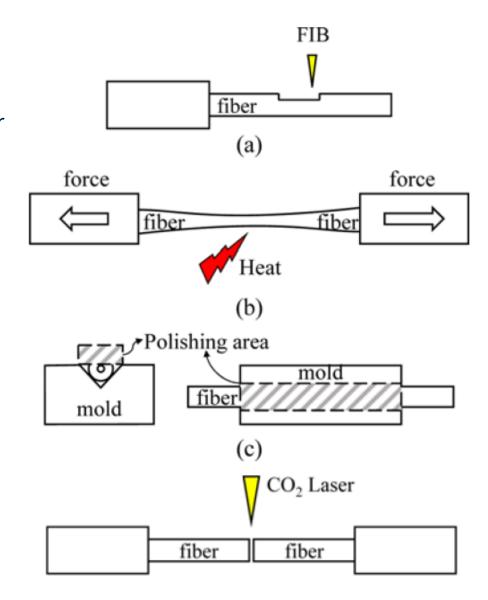
- Laser processing of the core of the fiber without damaging the coatings
- Interference lithography

Functional coating

- Physical vapor deposition
- Chemical vapor deposition
- Atomic layer deposition

Shaping

- Machining
- Tapering
- Polishing
- Splicing





Example of application

- Earthquake monitoring (or well)
- Oil and Gas
 - Leakages
 - Corrosion
 - Span hundreds of km with a resolution in the orders of meters
- Civil
 - Dams/landslides/dikes
 - Structural health monitoring
- Aviation/Space
 - Real time monitoring of composite materials
- Agriculture
 - Air/Soil/Water/Chemical monitoring

