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Thanks!

Chapter 3 Check Point Questions

Section 3.2

V3.2.1

List six relational operators.

```
<, <=, ==, !=, >, >=
Hide Answer
```

V3.2.2

Assuming that x is 1, show the result of the following Boolean expressions:

```
x > 0
x < 0
x != 0
x >= 0
x != 1

true
false
true
true
false
```

Hide Answer

V3.2.3

Can the following conversions involving casting be allowed? Write a test program to verify it.

```
boolean b = true;
i = (int)b;
int i = 1;
boolean b = (boolean)i;
```

No. Boolean values cannot be cast to other types.

Hide Answer

Section 3.3

V3.3.1

Write an if statement that assigns 1 to x if y is greater than 0.

```
if (y > 0)
 x = 1;
Hide Answer
```

V3.3.2

Write an if statement that increases pay by 3% if score is greater than 90.

```
if (score > 90)
 pay *= 1.03;
Hide Answer
```

V3.3.3

What is wrong in the following code?

```
if radius >= 0
 area = radius * radius * PI;
 System.out.println("The area for the circle of " +
    " radius " + radius + " is " + area);
```

The parentheses is required for the conidition radius ≥ 0 .

Hide Answer

Section 3.4

V3.4.1

Write an if statement that increases pay by 3% if score is greater than 90, otherwise increases pay by 1%.

```
if (score > 90)
 pay *= 1.03;
else
 pay *= 1.01;
```

Hide Answer

V3.4.2

What is the output of the code in (a) and (b) if number is 30? What if number is 35?

```
(a)
if (number % 2 == 0)
 System.out.println(number + " is even.");
System.out.println(number + " is odd.");
(b)
if (number % 2 == 0)
 System.out.println(number + " is even.");
else
 System.out.println(number + " is odd.");
```

```
If number is 30, (a) displays
30 is even
30 is odd

(b) displays
30 is even

If number is 35, (a) displays
35 is odd

(b) displays
35 is odd

Hide Answer
```

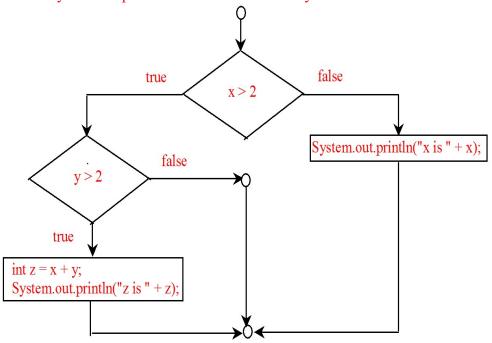
Section 3.5

V3.5.1

Suppose x = 3 and y = 2; show the output, if any, of the following code. What is the output if x = 3 and y = 4? What is the output if x = 2 and y = 2? Draw a flowchart of the code.

```
if (x > 2) {
   if (y > 2) {
      z = x + y;
      System.out.println("z is " + z);
   }
} else
   System.out.println("x is " + x);
```

Note: else matches the first if clause. No output if x = 3 and y = 2. Output is "z is 7" if if x = 3 and y = 4. Output is "x is 2" if if x = 2 and y = 2.



Hide Answer

```
Suppose x = 2 and y = 3. Show the output, if any, of the following code. What is the
 output if x = 3 and y = 2? What is the output if x = 3 and y = 3?
 if (x > 2)
   if (y > 2) {
      int z = x + y;
      System.out.println("z is " + z);
    }
 else
   System.out.println("x is " + x);
 Note that the else pairs with the most recent if. In this case, the else pairs with the second
  else. So code is same as
  if (x > 2)
    if (y > 2) {
      int z = x + y;
      System.out.println("z is " + z);
    }
    else
      System.out.println("x is " + x);
  and same as
 if (x > 2) {
   if (y > 2) {
      int z = x + y;
      System.out.println("z is " + z);
    }
    else
      System.out.println("x is " + x);
  }
 No output if x = 2 and y = 3. Output is "x is 3" if x = 3 and y = 2. Output is "z is 6" if x = 3
  3 and y = 3.
  Hide Answer
V3.5.3
 What is wrong in the following code?
 if (score >= 60.0)
   System.out.println("D");
 else if (score >= 70.0)
   System.out.println("C");
 else if (score >= 80.0)
   System.out.println("B");
 else if (score >= 90.0)
    System.out.println("A");
 else
   System.out.println("F");
 Consider score 90, what will be the grade? It will be D.
  Hide Answer
```

Section 3.6

73.6.1

Which of the following statements are equivalent? Which ones are correctly indented?

```
(a)
if (i > 0) if
(j > 0)
x = 0; else
if (k > 0) y = 0;
else z = 0;
(b)
if (i > 0) {
 if (j > 0)
    x = 0;
  else if (k > 0)
    y = 0;
}
else
  z = 0;
(c)
if (i > 0)
  if (j > 0)
    x = 0;
  else if (k > 0)
    y = 0;
  else
    z = 0;
(d)
if (i > 0)
  if (j > 0)
    x = 0;
  else if (k > 0)
    y = 0;
else
  z = 0;
a, c, and d are the same. (B) and (C) are correctly indented.
```

V3.6.2

Hide Answer

Rewrite the following statement using a Boolean expression:

```
if (count % 10 == 0)
  newLine = true;
else
  newLine = false;
newLine = (count % 10 == 0);
Hide Answer
```

▼3.6.3

Are the following statements correct? Which one is better?

```
if (age < 16)
   System.out.println
      ("Cannot get a driver's license");
 if (age >= 16)
   System.out.println
      ("Can get a driver's license");
 (b)
 if (age < 16)
   System.out.println
      ("Cannot get a driver's license");
 else
   System.out.println
      ("Can get a driver's license");
 Both are correct. (b) is better.
  Hide Answer
V 3.6.4
 What is the output of the following code if number is 14, 15, or 30?
 if (number % 2 == 0)
   System.out.println
      (number + " is even");
 if (number % 5 == 0)
   System.out.println
      (number + " is multiple of 5");
 (b)
 if (number % 2 == 0)
   System.out.println
      (number + " is even");
 else if (number % 5 == 0)
   System.out.println
      (number + " is multiple of 5");
 For (a) if number is 14, the output is
              14 is even
 if number is 15, the output is
              15 is multiple of 5
 if number is 30, the output is
               30 is even
              30 is multiple of 5
 For (b) if number is 14, the output is
              14 is even
 If number is 15, the output is
```

(a)

```
15 is multiple of 5
   if number is 30, the output is
                 30 is even
    Hide Answer
Section 3.7
 V3.7.1
   Which of the following is a possible output from invoking Math.random()?
   323.4, 0.5, 34, 1.0, 0.0, 0.234
   0.5, 0.0, 0.234
    Hide Answer
 V3.7.2
   a. How do you generate a random integer i such that 0 \le i \le 20?
   b. How do you generate a random integer i such that 10 \le i \le 20
   c. How do you generate a random integer i such that 10 \le i \le 50
   d. Write an expression that returns 0 or 1 randomly.
   (a) (int)(Math.random() * 20)
   (b) 10 + (int)(Math.random() * 10)
   (c) 10 + (int)(Math.random() * 41)
   (d) (int)(Math.random() * 2)
    Hide Answer
Section 3.9
 V3.9.1
   Are the following two statements equivalent?
   (a)
   if (income <= 10000)
     tax = income * 0.1;
   else if (income <= 20000)</pre>
     tax = 1000 +
        (income - 10000) * 0.15;
   (b)
   if (income <= 10000)</pre>
     tax = income * 0.1;
   else if (income > 10000 &&
             income <= 20000)
     tax = 1000 +
        (income - 10000) * 0.15;
   Yes
    Hide Answer
```

Section 3.10

V3.10.1

Assuming that x is 1, show the result of the following Boolean expressions.

```
(true) && (3 > 4)

!(x > 0) && (x > 0)

(x > 0) || (x < 0)

(x != 0) || (x == 0)

(x >= 0) || (x < 0)

(x != 1) == !(x == 1)

(true) && (3 > 4) is false

!(x > 0) && (x > 0) is false

(x > 0) || (x < 0) is true

(x != 0) || (x == 0) is true

(x != 0) || (x < 0) is true

(x != 1) == !(x == 1) is true
```

Hide Answer

V3.10.2

- (a) Write a Boolean expression that evaluates to true if a number stored in variable num is between 1 and 100.
- (b) Write a Boolean expression that evaluates to true if a number stored in variable num is between 1 and 100 or the number is negative.

```
(a) (x > 1) && (x < 100)
(b) (num > 1) && (num < 100) || num < 0
```

Hide Answer

73.10.3

- (a) Write a Boolean expression for |x 5| < 4.5.
- (b) Write a Boolean expression for |x 5| > 4.5.

```
(a) (x - 5) < 4.5 && (x - 5) > -4.5
(b) (x - 5) > 4.5 || (x - 5) < -4.5
```

Hide Answer

73.10.4

Assume that x and y are int type. Which of the following are legal Java expressions?

```
x > y > 0
x = y && y
x /= y
x or y
x and y
(x != 0) || (x = 0)

x > y > 0 is incorrect
x = y && y is incorrect
x /= y is correct
x or y is incorrect
x and y is incorrect
(x != 0) || (x = 0) is incorrect on x = 0
```

73.10.5

Are the following two expressions the same?

```
(a) x % 2 == 0 && x % 3 == 0
(b) x % 6 == 0
```

Yes

Hide Answer

73.10.6

What is the value of the expression $x \ge 50 \&\& x \le 100 \text{ if } x \text{ is } 45, 67, \text{ or } 101?$

If x is 45, the expression is false.

If x is 67, the expression is true.

If x is 101, the expression is false.

Hide Answer

V3.10.7

Suppose, when you run the following program, you enter the input 2 3 6 from the console. What is the output?

```
public class Test {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    java.util.Scanner input = new java.util.Scanner(System.in);
    double x = input.nextDouble();
    double y = input.nextDouble();
    double z = input.nextDouble();
    System.out.println("(x < y &  y < z) is " + (x < y &  y < z));
    System.out.println("(x < y || y < z) is " + (x < y || y < z));
    System.out.println("!(x < y) is " + !(x < y));
    System.out.println("(x + y < z) is " + (x + y < z));
    System.out.println("(x + y > z) is " + (x + y > z));
  }
}
(x \le y \&\& y \le z) is true
(x \le y \parallel y \le z) is true
!(x < y) is false
(x + y < z) is true
(x + y > z) is false
Hide Answer
```

73.10.8

Write a Boolean expression that evaluates to true if age is greater than 13 and less than 18

```
age > 13 \&\& age < 18
```

Hide Answer

3.10.9

Write a Boolean expression that evaluates to true if weight is greater than 50 pounds or height is greater than 60 inches.

```
weight > 50 \parallel \text{height} > 60.
```

Hide Answer

73.10.10

Write a Boolean expression that evaluates to true if weight is greater than 50 pounds and height is greater than 60 inches.

```
weight > 50 && height > 60.
```

Hide Answer

V3.10.11

Write a Boolean expression that evaluates to true if either weight is greater than 50 pounds or height is greater than 60 inches, but not both.

```
weight > 50 ^ height > 60.
```

Hide Answer

Section 3.11

V3.11.1

How many days in the February of a leap year? Which of the following is a leap year? 500, 1000, 2000, 2016, and 2020?

29 days. 500, 1000 are not leap years. 2000, 2016, and 2020 are leap years.

Hide Answer

Section 3.12

V3.12.1

What happens if you enter an integer as 05?

It will be the same as entering 5.

Hide Answer

Section 3.13

V3.13.1

What data types are required for a switch variable? If the keyword break is not used after a case is processed, what is the next statement to be executed? Can you convert a switch statement to an equivalent if statement, or vice versa? What are the advantages of using a switch statement?

Switch variables must be of char, byte, short, int, or String types. If a break statement is not used, the next case statement is performed. You can always convert a switch statement to an equivalent if statement, but not an if statement to a switch statement. The use of the switch statement can improve readability of the program in some cases. The compiled code for the switch statement is also more efficient than its corresponding if statement.

Hide Answer

V3.13.2

What is y after the following switch statement is executed? Rewrite the code using an ifelse statement.

```
x = 3; y = 3;
switch (x + 3) {
   case 6: y = 1;
   default: y += 1;
}

y is 2.

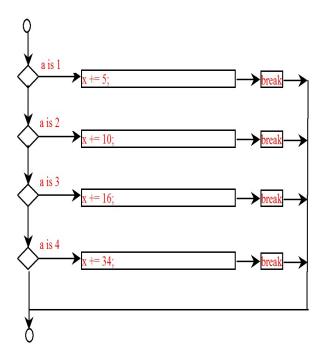
x = 3; y = 3;
if (x + 3 == 6) {
   y = 1;
}
y += 1;

Hide Answer
```

V3.13.3

What is x after the following if-else statement is executed? Use a switch statement to rewrite it and draw the flowchart for the new switch statement.

```
int x = 1, a = 3;
if (a == 1)
 x += 5;
else if (a == 2)
  x += 10;
else if (a == 3)
 x += 16;
else if (a == 4)
 x += 34;
x is 17
switch (a) {
  case 1: x += 5; break;
  case 2: x += 10; break;
 case 3: x += 16; break;
  case 4: x += 34;
}
```



Hide Answer

V3.13.4

Write a switch statement that displays Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, if day is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, accordingly.

```
switch (day) {
  case 0: System.out.println("Sunday"); break;
  case 1: System.out.println("Monday"); break;
  case 2: System.out.println("Tuesday"); break;
  case 3: System.out.println("Wednesday"); break;
  case 4: System.out.println("Thurday"); break;
  case 5: System.out.println("Friday"); break;
  case 6: System.out.println("Saturday"); break;
}
```

▼3.13.5

Hide Answer

Rewrite the switch statement in Listing 3.8 using an if-else statement.

```
int remainder = year % 12;
if (remainder == 0)
   System.out.println("monkey");
else if (remainder == 1)
   System.out.println("rooster");
else if (remainder == 2)
   System.out.println("dog");
else if (remainder == 3)
   System.out.println("pig");
else if (remainder == 4)
   System.out.println("rat");
else if (remainder == 5)
   System.out.println("ox");
else if (remainder == 6)
   System.out.println("tiger");
```

```
else if (remainder == 7)
         System.out.println("rabbit");
       else if (remainder == 8)
         System.out.println("dragon");
       else if (remainder == 9)
         System.out.println("snake");
       else if (remainder == 10)
         System.out.println("horse");
       else
         System.out.println("sheep");
   Hide Answer
Section 3.14
 V3.14.1
   Suppose that, when you run the following program, you enter the input 2 3 6 from the
   console. What is the output?
   public class Test {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
       java.util.Scanner input = new java.util.Scanner(System.in);
       double x = input.nextDouble();
       double y = input.nextDouble();
       double z = input.nextDouble();
       System.out.println((x < y \&\& y < z)?
         "sorted" : "not sorted");
     }
   Sorted
   Hide Answer
 V3.14.2
   Rewrite the following if statements using the conditional operator.
   if (ages >= 16)
     ticketPrice = 20;
     ticketPrice = 10;
   ticketPrice = (ages >= 16) ? 20 : 10;
   Hide Answer
 V3.14.3
   Rewrite the following conditional expressions using if-else statements.
   a. score = (x > 10) ? 3 * scale : 4 * scale;
   b. tax = (income > 10000)? income * 0.2 : income * 0.17 + 1000;
   c. System.out.println((number \% 3 == 0) ? i : j);
   (a)
   if (x > 10)
     score = 3 * scale;
```

```
else
    score = 4 * scale;

(b)
if (income > 10000)
    tax = income * 0.2;
else
    tax = income * 0.17 + 1000;

(c)
if (number % 3 == 0)
        System.out.println(i);
else
        System.out.println(j);

Hide Answer
```

V3.14.4

Write conditional expression that returns -1 or 1 randomly.

```
(int)(Math.random() * 2) == 0 ? -1 : 1;
```

Hide Answer

Section 3.15

V3.15.1

List the precedence order of the Boolean operators. Evaluate the following expressions:

```
true || true && false
true && true || false
```

The precedence order for boolean operators is !, $^$, &&, and \parallel true \parallel true && false is true true && true \parallel false is true

Hide Answer

▼3.15.2

True or false? All the binary operators except = are left associative.

True

Hide Answer

▼3.15.3

Evaluate the following expressions:

```
2 * 2 - 3 > 2 && 4 - 2 > 5
2 * 2 - 3 > 2 || 4 - 2 > 5
```

Both are false

Hide Answer

▼3.15.4

Is x > 0 && x < 10 the same as x > 0 && x < 10? Is $x > 0 \parallel x < 10$ the same as $x > 0 \parallel x < 10$? Is $(x > 0 \parallel x < 10)$ && y < 0 the same as $(x > 0 \parallel (x < 10$ && y < 0))? Yes. Yes. Yes.

Hide Answer