

Tut \rightarrow 1

$$1. \quad a) V_T = kT = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \times 293 = 1.38 \times 293 \times 10^{-4}$$
$$= 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \quad 1.6$$
$$= 25.2 \times 10^{-3}$$
$$= 25.2 \text{ mV}$$

$$(b) I_S = 40 \text{nA} \quad n=2$$

$$V_D = 0.5.$$

$$I_p = 40 \times 10^{-9} \left(e^{0.5/2(25.2) \times 10^{-3}} - 1 \right)$$

$$= 40 \times 10^{-9} \left(e^{10} - 1 \right)$$

$$= 0.881 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$2. (a) n=2, I_{S+} = 50 \text{nAmp}, V=0.6, T=20^\circ\text{C}$$
$$= 293 \text{K}$$

$$I_p = I_S \left(e^{V_D/kT} - 1 \right)$$

$$= 50 \times 10^{-9} \left(e^{0.6/2(25.2) \times 10^{-3}} - 1 \right) \quad V_T = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \times 293$$
$$= 1.6 \times 10^{-9} \quad = 25.2 \text{ mV}$$

$$= 8.1 \times 10^{-3} \Rightarrow 8.1 \text{ mA}$$

$$504 = 50$$

$$(b) I_S = 0.1 \mu \text{Amp}, V = -10 \text{V} \quad T = 20^\circ\text{C} \quad n=2$$

$$V_T = 25.2 \text{ mV}$$

$$I_D = 0.1 \times 10^{-6} \left(e^{-10/25.2 \times 10^{-3} \times 2} - 1 \right)$$

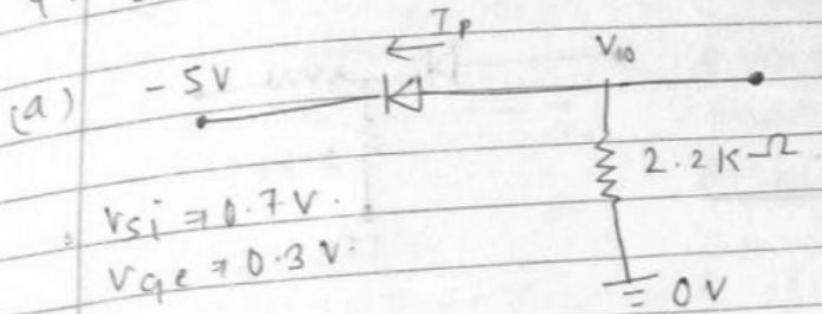
$$\Rightarrow 0.1 \times 10^{-6} (e^{200} - 1) \Rightarrow 7.22 \times 10^{-6} = 7.22 \mu \text{A}$$

$$R_D = V_D / I_D \quad r_{AV} = \Delta V_A / \Delta I_D$$

$$r_{AV_1} = \frac{0.72 - 0.61}{2 - 0} = \frac{0.11}{2} = 11 \times 10^1 = 55$$

$$r_{AV_2} = \frac{0.8 - 0.78}{20 - 10} = \frac{0.02 \times 10^3}{10} = 20 = 2$$

4. determine V_o and I_D for



$$v_1 - v_o = 0.7$$

$$-5 - v_o = -0.7$$

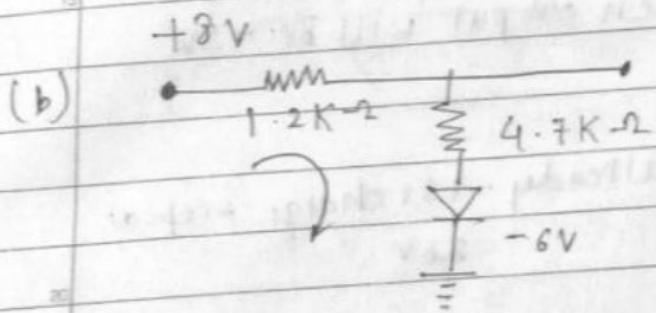
$$v_o = -5 + 0.7$$

$$v_o = -4.3 \text{ and } I = \frac{V}{R} = \frac{0 - v_o}{R}$$

$$= 0 - (-4.3)$$

$$2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$= \frac{4.3}{2.2} \times 10^3 = 1.955 \text{ mA}$$



$$V_1 = I_R \cdot 1.2 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$V_1 - V_2 = I_R \cdot 4.7 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$8 - (-6) = I_D (1.2 + 4.7)$$

$$\boxed{I_D = 2.25 \text{ mA}}$$

TUT - 2

a) (a) Diode is in R.B \rightarrow so $I = 70\text{mA}$

$$(b) 20V - 0.7V = 19.3V$$

$$N = 19.3V$$

$$K = 20^{-2}$$

$$I = \frac{V}{R} = \frac{19.3}{20} = 0.965\text{A}$$

(c) Middle branch will not be considered,
 $\therefore I = \frac{10^{-2}}{10} = 1\text{A}$

a) For +ve cycle : I

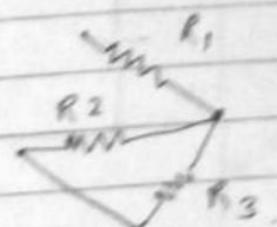
$$D_1 \rightarrow \text{off}$$

$$D_2 \rightarrow \text{on}$$

$$R_{23} = R_2 || R_3$$

$$= 2.2 || 2.2$$

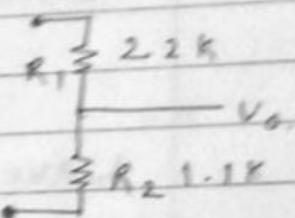
$$\approx 1.1\text{k}\Omega$$



$$V_o = \left(\frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \right) V_{in}$$

$$V_o = \frac{1.1 \times 1.70\text{V}}{1.1 + 2.2\text{k}\Omega}$$

$$V_o = 56.67\text{V}$$

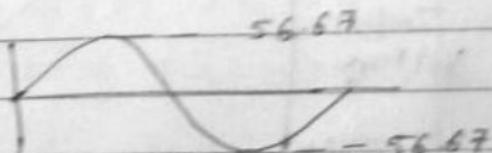


When we have -ve cycle.

$$D_1 \rightarrow \text{on}$$

$$D_2 \rightarrow \text{off}$$

$$V_o = 56.67\text{V}$$



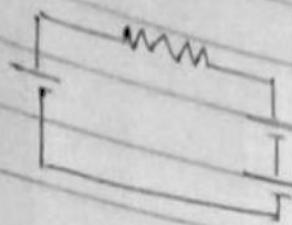
$$V_{DC} = 0.636(V_{o\text{peak}})$$

$$= 0.636(56.67\text{V})$$

$$V_{DC} = 36.04\text{V}$$

3

for forward

Voltage across +ve
cycle 2

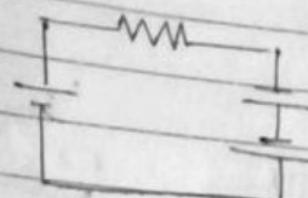
$$V_o = 0.7 + 5.3$$

$$I_R = \frac{10 - 6}{10} = 0.4 \text{ mA}$$

$$V_o = 6 \text{ V}$$

10

For Reverse Bias:

Voltage across -ve
cycle 1

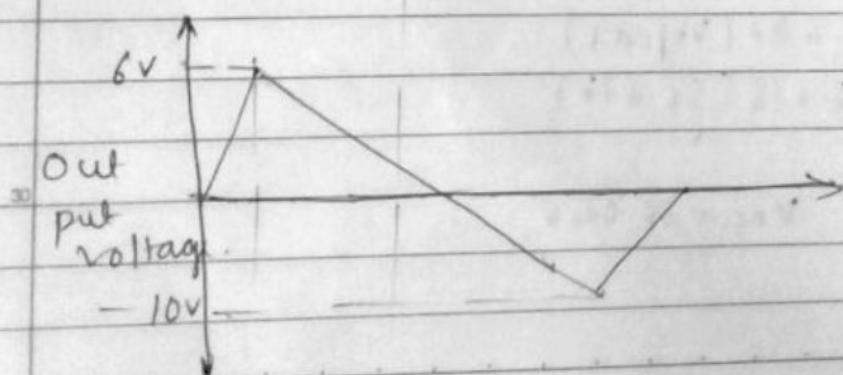
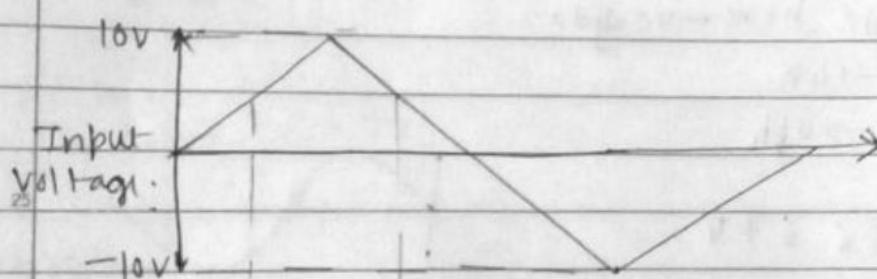
$$V_o = -0.7 - 7.3$$

$$= -8 \text{ V}$$

$$I_p = \frac{-10 + 8}{10} = -0.2 \text{ mA}$$

20

Wave forms I



+ 0.1V
- 0.2V



Waveform

Input voltage = 10V
condition at which
diode work $\Rightarrow V_1 > 6V$
A it forward Bias

4. $I_D = 0A$ because I diode is on & II Diode is off.
 $\rightarrow V_o = 0$ & $I_o = 0$.

Applying KVL, Z.

$$V_{in} - V_{D_1} - V_{D_2} - V_o = 0.$$

$$V_{D_2} = V_{in} - V_{D_1} - V_o \Rightarrow 20V$$

Shockley's eqn.

$$I_D = I_s [e^{\frac{V_D}{nV_T}} - 1]$$

I_D \Rightarrow diode current (mA)

I_s \Rightarrow reverse saturation (pico amp to micro amp).

V_D \Rightarrow voltage across diode.

n \Rightarrow ideality factor [1, 2]

V_T \Rightarrow thermal voltage

$$V_T = \frac{kT}{q}$$

k \Rightarrow Boltzmann const
 $1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$

At room temp.

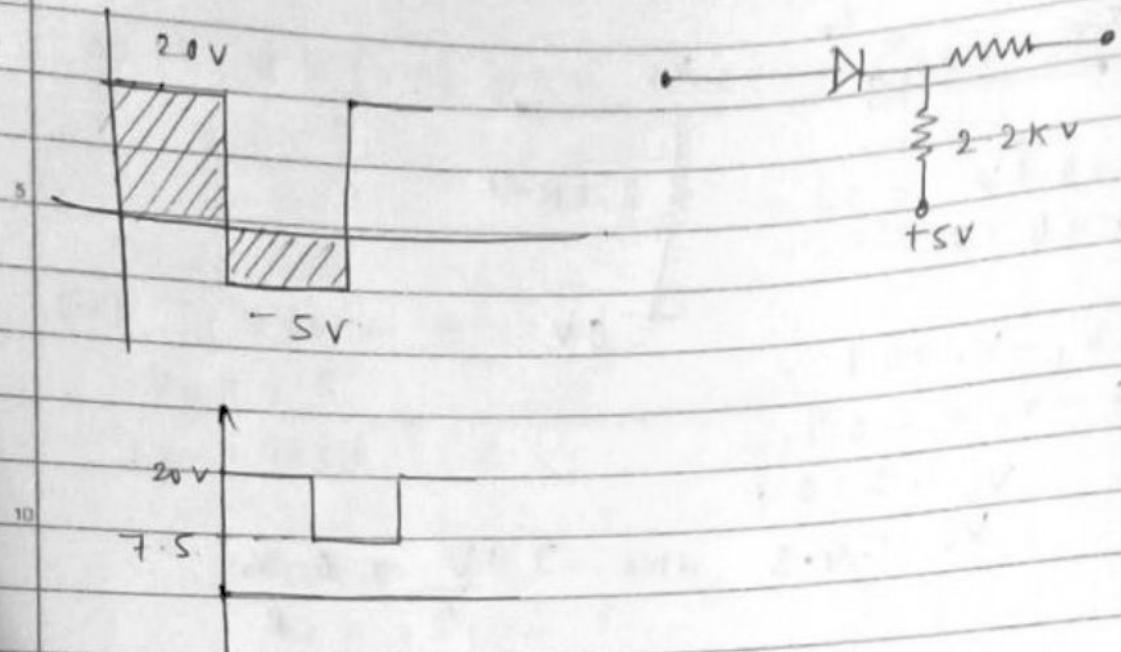
$$V_T \approx 26 \text{ mV} \text{ at } 27^\circ\text{C}$$

$$T = (K) = 273 + C$$

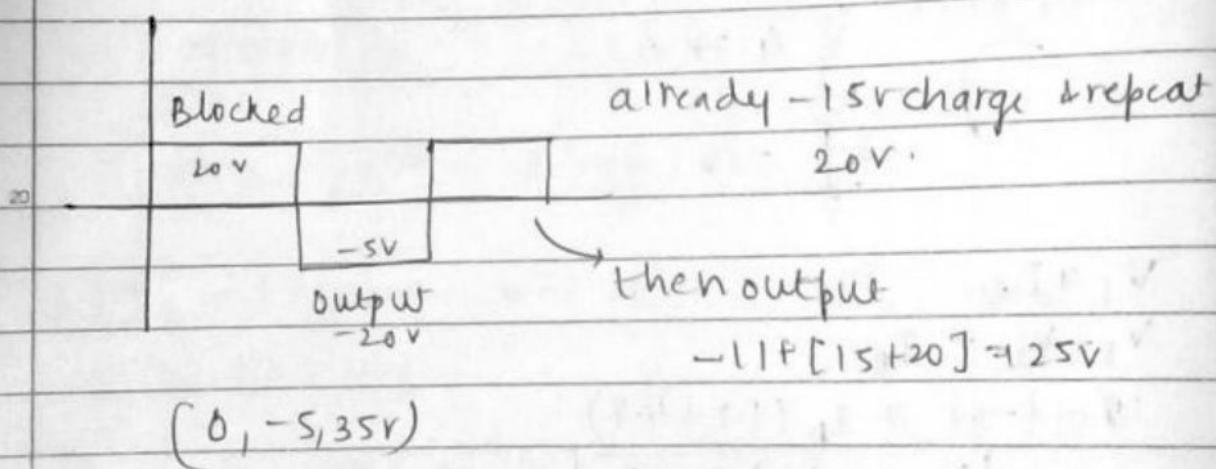
$$q = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

Tut = 3.

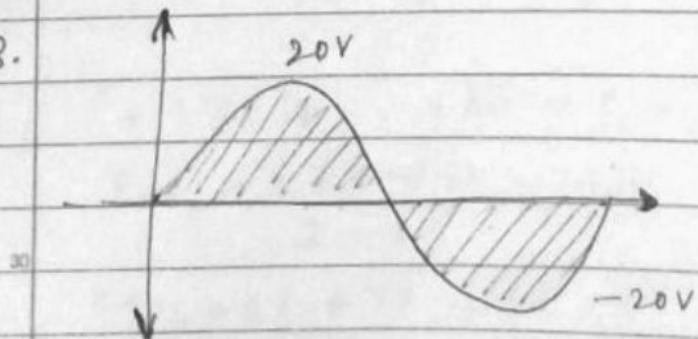
1.

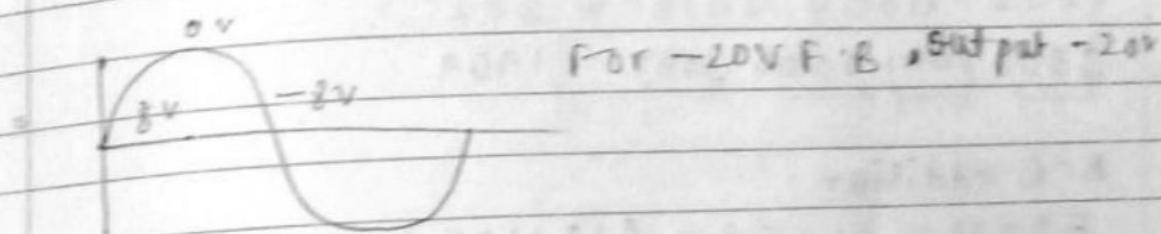
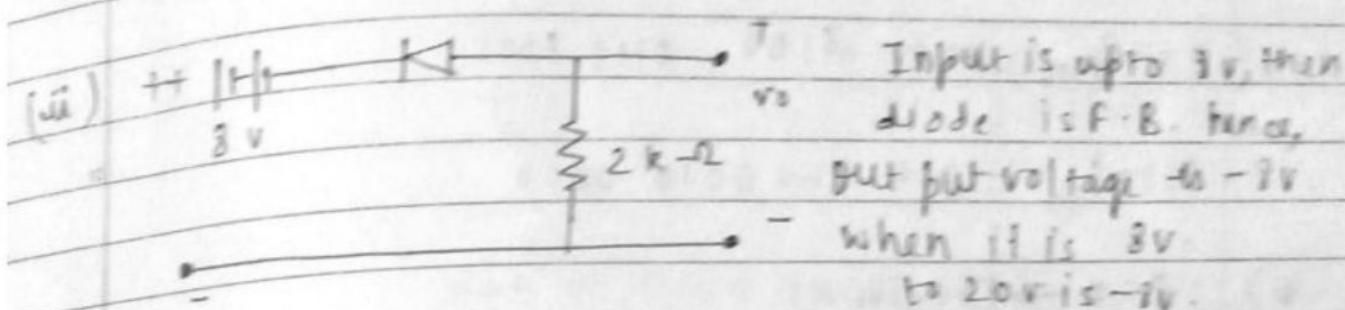
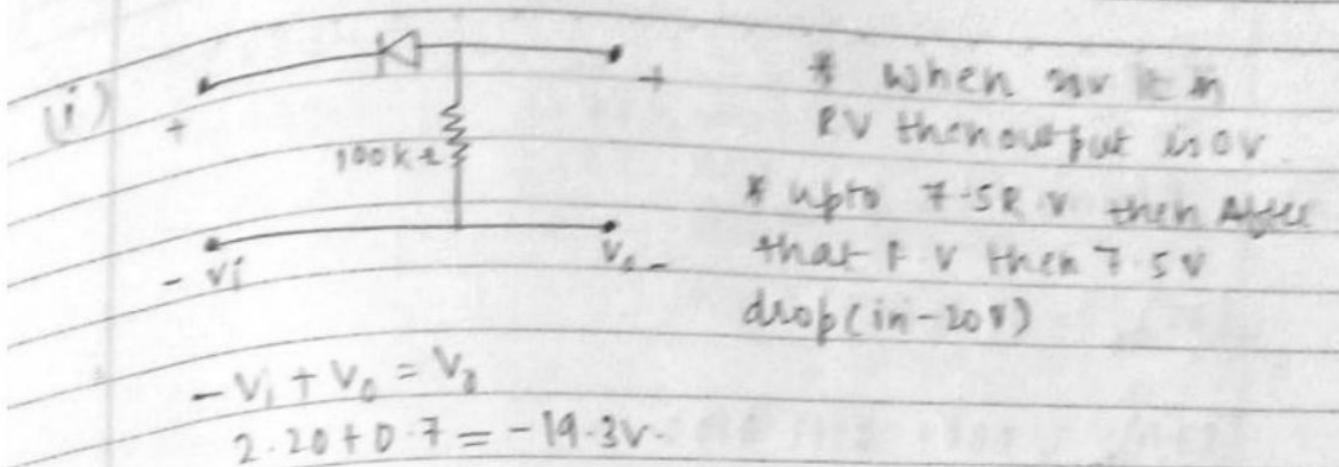


2. when $-20V$ diode $[-5V, -20V]$, FB $= 20V \parallel -5V$,
Then P.D is $-15V$ then, the capacitor will change from $-15V$ then output will be $-5V$



3.





TUT \rightarrow 5

a) Decimal \rightarrow BCD

$$(35)_{10} \Rightarrow 00110101$$

$$(174)_{10} \Rightarrow 000101110100$$

$$(2479)_{10} \Rightarrow 00100100100111001$$

$$(8620)_{10} \Rightarrow 1000011000100000$$

b) BCD \rightarrow Decimal.

i) 1000 6000 0010 $\Rightarrow 802$

ii) $0\ 001\ \underbrace{1001}_{1}\ \underbrace{0000}_{0}\ \underbrace{1001}_{1} = 1909$

c) BCD addition.

i) $58 + 21$ $58 \Rightarrow 01011000$
 $\Rightarrow 79$ $21 \Rightarrow 00100001$
 $\begin{array}{r} 0111 \\ \hline 7 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r} 1001 \\ \hline 9 \end{array}$

ii) $495 + 247$ $495 \Rightarrow 01001001010$
 $247 \Rightarrow 001001000111$
 $\begin{array}{r} 0110 \\ 1101 \\ \hline 1100 \end{array}$

add 6 as BCD $0110 \quad 0110$
is invalid $0110 \quad 10011 \quad 10010$.

Remaining bits except $\overbrace{\quad \quad \quad}$
carry $0110 \quad 0011 \quad 0110$

BCD values $\begin{array}{r} 0111 \\ \hline 7 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 0100 \\ \hline 4 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 0010 \\ \hline 2 \end{array}$

iii) $5678 + 2598$

$$\Rightarrow 171210$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5678 = 0101 \ 0110 \ 0110 \ 1000 \\ 2598 \quad 0010 \ 0101 \ 1001 \ 1000 \end{array}$$

~~0111 1011 10000 10000~~

$$\begin{array}{r} 0111 \ 1011 \ 10000 \ 10000 \\ - 0110 \ 0110 \ 0110 \ 0110 \\ \hline 0111 \ 10001 \ 10110 \ 10110 \end{array}$$

\Rightarrow

$$\begin{array}{r} 1000 \ 0010 \ 0111 \ 0110 \\ \hline 8 \quad 2 \quad 7 \quad 6 \end{array}$$

+1

(iv) $209 + 891$

$$209 \rightarrow 0010 \ 0000 \ 1001$$

$$891 \quad 1000 \ 1001 \ 0001$$

$$\hline 1010 \ 1001 \ 1010$$

$$0110 \qquad \qquad 0110$$

$$\hline 10000 \ 1001 \ 10000$$

Discard $\nwarrow \textcircled{1} 0000 \ 1010 \ 0000$

0110

$$\begin{array}{r} 10000 \ 0 \textcircled{1} 00000000 \\ \hline 0001 \ 0000 \ 0000 \end{array}$$

= $\textcircled{1100}$

4 (a) $AB' + ABC' + A'B'C + AC$.

(b) $(A+B+C)(A'+B+C')(A+c')(B+c)$

(a) $(A+B') (A+B+c') (A'+B'+c) (A+c)$

(b) $(ABC) + (A'BC') + (AC') + (BC)$

2 Binary \rightarrow Gray code.

i) $1010010 \rightarrow 1111011$

ii) $11011011 \rightarrow 10110110$

iii) $01110010 \rightarrow 010010101$

3 Gray code \rightarrow Binary

$$(i) \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array} \rightarrow \text{ans}$$

$$(ii) \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ \hline \end{array} \rightarrow \text{answer}$$

$$(iii) \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array} \rightarrow \text{ans}$$

5 (a) $x'y'z + x'y z + xy'$

$$\begin{aligned} &x'z(y'+y) + xy' \\ &x'z + xy' \end{aligned}$$

(b) $x + x'y \Rightarrow x(x+x') + x'y$

$$\Rightarrow xx + xx' + x'y$$

$$x + x'(x+y)$$

(c)

$$XY + X'Z + YZ.$$

$$XY + X'Z + (X+X')YZ$$

$$XY + X'Z + XYZ + X'YZ$$

$$XY(1+Z) + X'Z(1+Y)$$

$$XY + X'Z$$

$$(1) (x+y+z) (x'+y'z) (x'+y+z) (x'y+z')$$

$$\Rightarrow (xy' + xy' + xz + x'y + yz' + yz + xz + yz + z)$$

$$(x'x' + x'y + x'z' + yz + yz' + x'z + yz + z')$$

$$\Rightarrow (xy' + x'y + xz + x'z + yz + yz' + z) (x' + x'y + x'z' + x'z)$$

$$+ y + y)$$

$$\Rightarrow (xy' + x'y + z + z + z) (x' + x' + y)$$

$$\Rightarrow (yz' + x'y + z) (x' + y)$$

$$\Rightarrow zx'y' + x'x'y + x'z + xyy' + x'y + yz$$

$$\Rightarrow x'y + x'z + x'y + yz$$

$$\Rightarrow x'y + x'z + yz \leftarrow \text{simplified form}$$

$$(e) xy' + x'z + y'z'$$

$$\Rightarrow xy' + x'z + y'z' (x+x')$$

$$\Rightarrow xy' + x'z + 2xy'z' + x'y'z'$$

$$\Rightarrow 2y'(1+z) + x'z(1+y')$$

$$\Rightarrow 2y' + x'z$$

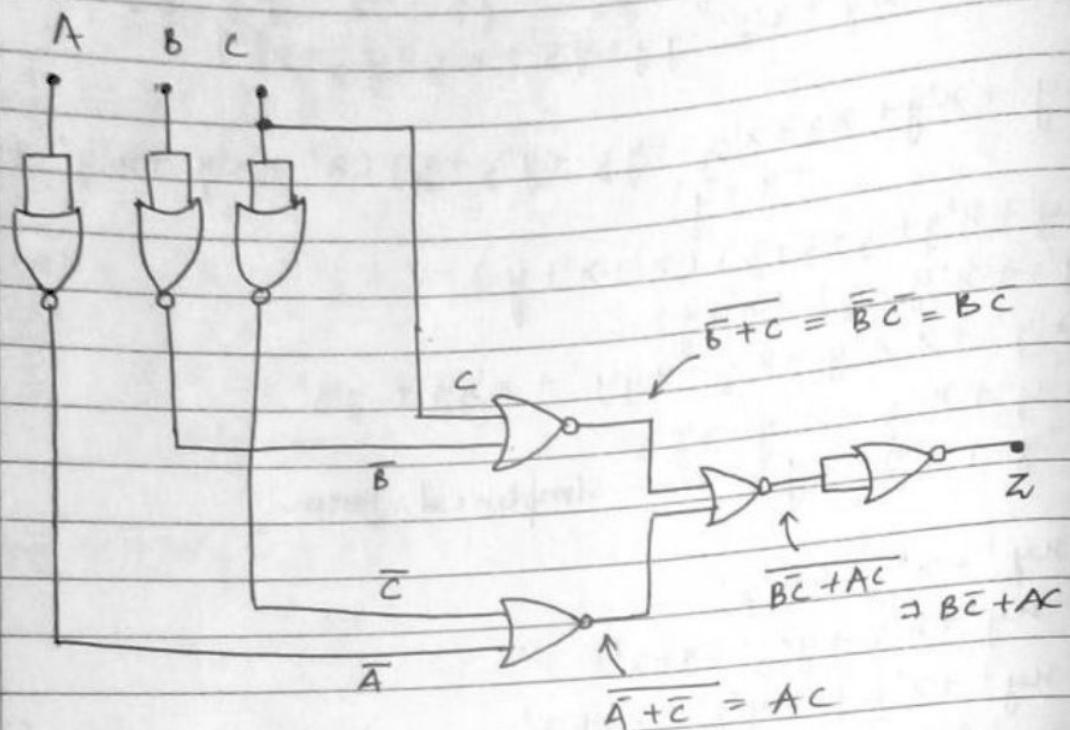
$$(b) (A'D + Bc') (AB + CD')$$

$$ABBc' + \underbrace{AA'BD}_{0} + \underbrace{Bcc'D}_{0} + \underbrace{A'DD'c}_{0}$$

$$\Rightarrow ABC'$$

$T U F \rightarrow 8$

Q1



Q2

$$Z = A'B'C + AB'C' + ABC + ABC'$$

		BC	00	01	11	10
		A	0			
			0			
0	0					
1	0					
0	1					
1	1					

$\Rightarrow BC + \bar{A}C$

Q3 (a) $(AB+C)(CAB+D)$

$$AB \cdot AB + AB \cdot D + AB \cdot C + CD$$

$$AB + AB \cdot D + AB \cdot C + CD$$

$$AB(1+D) + AB \cdot C + CD$$

$$AB(1+C) + CD$$

$$AB + CD$$

(b)

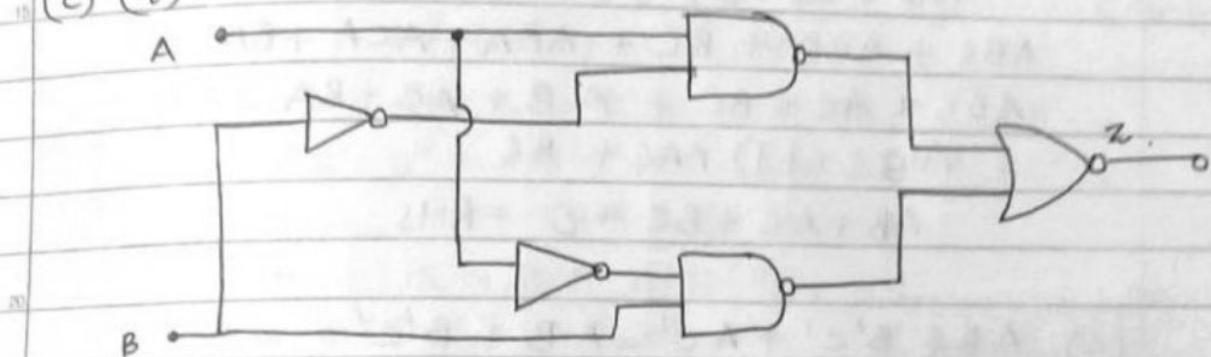
$$\begin{aligned}
 & AA' + C(A+C)' + AC \\
 & 0 + C(A+C)' + AC \\
 & C(\bar{A} \cdot \bar{C}) + AC \\
 & 0 + AC \Rightarrow AC
 \end{aligned}$$

Q4 (a) Truth Table.

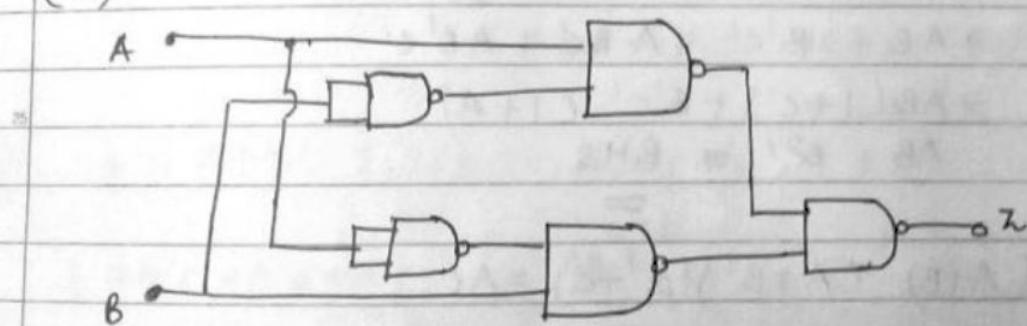
Inputs		$\bar{A}B$	$\bar{A}\bar{B}$	Output
A	B			Z
0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	1
1	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	0	0

(b) EX-OR Operation.

(c) (i)



(ii)



Q5 (a) $(A' + B)' + (A' + B')' = A$

$$\text{LHS} \Rightarrow A'' + B' + A'' + B''$$

$$A \cdot B' + A \cdot B$$

$$A(B' + B) \Rightarrow A \text{ RHS.}$$

(b) $(A+B)(B+C)(C+A) \Rightarrow AB+BC+CA$

$$\text{LHS} \neq AB + AC + BB + B \cdot C(C+A)$$

$$ABC + ACC + BBC + BEC \\ + ABA + ACA + BBA + BEA$$

$$(AB + AC + B + B \cdot C)(C+A)$$

$$(AB + AC + BC(1+C)) C(C+A)$$

$$(AB + AC + B)(C(C+A))$$

$$ABC + ACC + BC + ABA + ACA + BA$$

$$ABC + AC + BC + AB + AC + BA$$

$$ABC(1+C) + AC + BC$$

$$AB + AC + BC + 0 = \text{RHS.}$$

(c) $AB + B'C' + AC' = AB + B'C'$

$$\text{LHS} \Rightarrow AB + B'C' + AC'$$

$$\Rightarrow AB + B'C' + ACB + B'C'$$

$$\Rightarrow AB + B'C' + ABC' + AB'C'$$

$$\Rightarrow AB(1+C') + B'C'(1+A)$$

$$AB + B'C' \Rightarrow \text{RHS.}$$

=

(d) $(A+B)(A+B')(A'+C) = AC.$

$$\text{LHS} \neq (A+B)(A+B')(A'+C)$$

$$(A \cdot A + AB' + A \cdot B + B \cdot B')(A'+C)$$

$$(A + A \cdot B' + AB + 0)(A'+C)$$

$$A(1+B') + B(A'+C)$$

$$A \cdot (A'+C) \Rightarrow AA' + AC \Rightarrow AC \Rightarrow \text{RHS}$$

TUT \rightarrow 7

Q1 (a) (i) $A'(B+B') + B'(A+A')$
 $A'B + A'B' + AB' + A'B'$
 $A'B + A'B' + AB'$
 $\Sigma m(0,1,2)$

(ii) for maxterm based expansion the function has one term with both variable present And is thus in canonical form and requires no further expansion and can be written as $F_1 \Pi M$
(3)

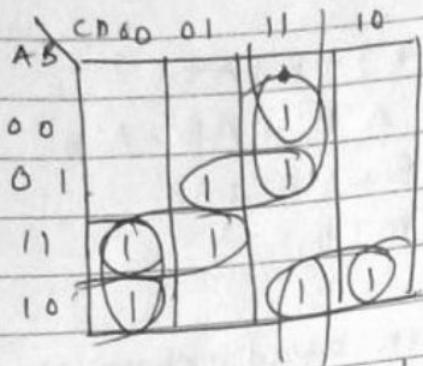
(b) $F(A,B,C,D) = A + BC' + ABD' + ABCD.$
 $f_{min} = A(B+B')(C+C')(D+D') + BC'(A+A')$
 $C'D+D'$
 $+ ABD'(C+C') + ABCD$
 $\Rightarrow ABCD + ABCD' + ABC'D + ABC'D + AB'C'D +$
 $AB'C'D' + AB'C'D + AB'C'D' + A'BC'D$
 $+ A'B'C'D.$
 $\Sigma m = (15, 14, 13, 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 5, 4)$
 $\Pi M = (0, 1, 2, 3, 6, 7).$

$$f_{max} = (A+B+C+D)(A+B+C+D')(A+B+C'+D)(A+B+C'+D') \\ (A+B'+C+D)(A+B+C'+D')$$

Q2 $f = \Pi M(2, 8, 8, 10, 11, 12, 14)$

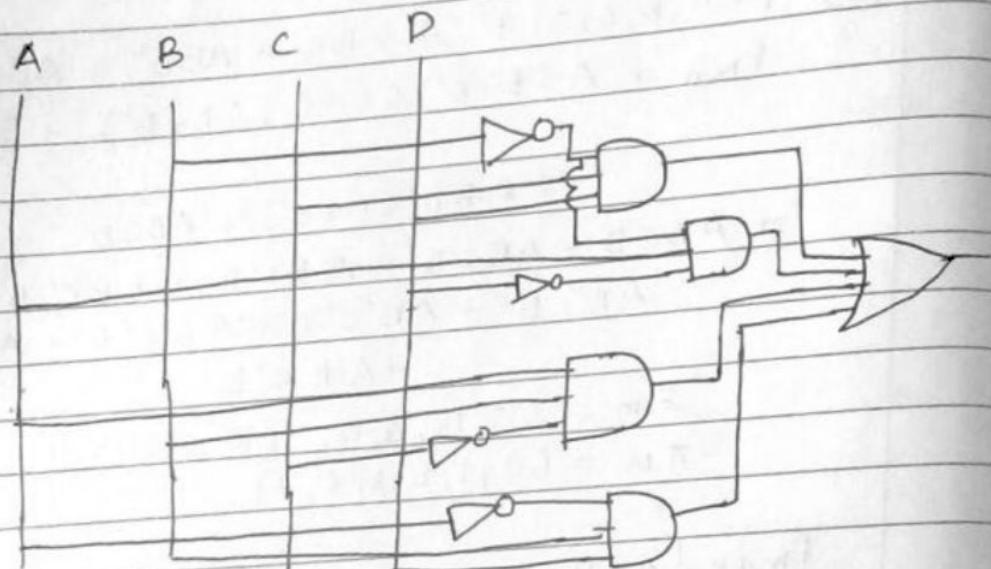
		CD					
		AB		00	01	11	10
				1	1	1	0
				1	1	1	1
				0	1	1	0
				0	0	0	0

3) $F(A, B, C, D) \Rightarrow \sum_m(3, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13)$

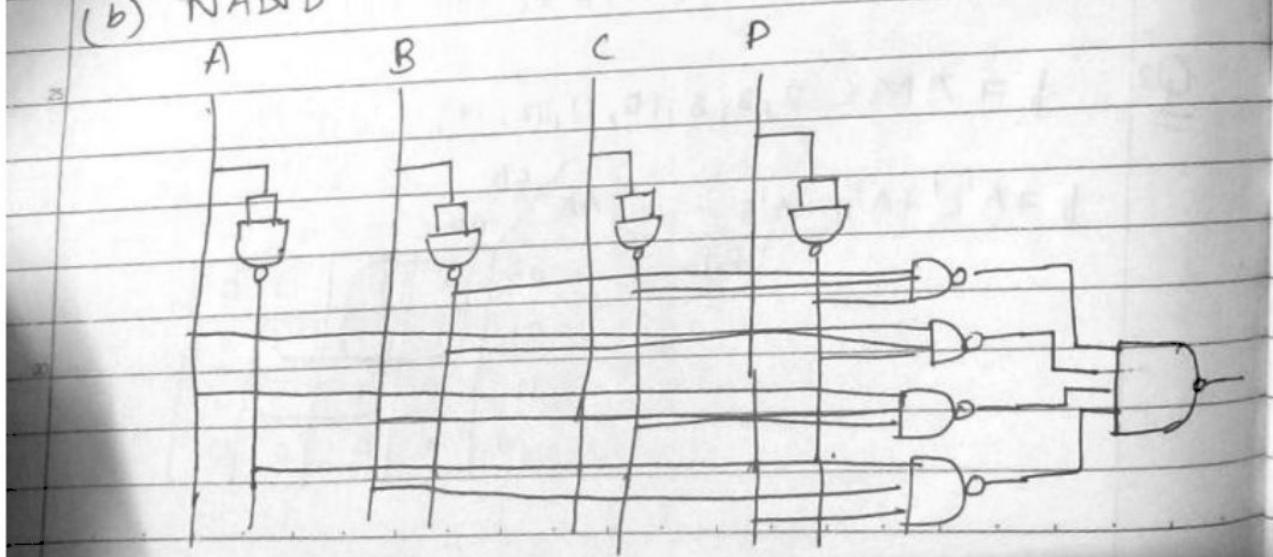


$$F = B'C'D + AB'D' + ABC' + A'BD.$$

(a) AOI



(b) NAND

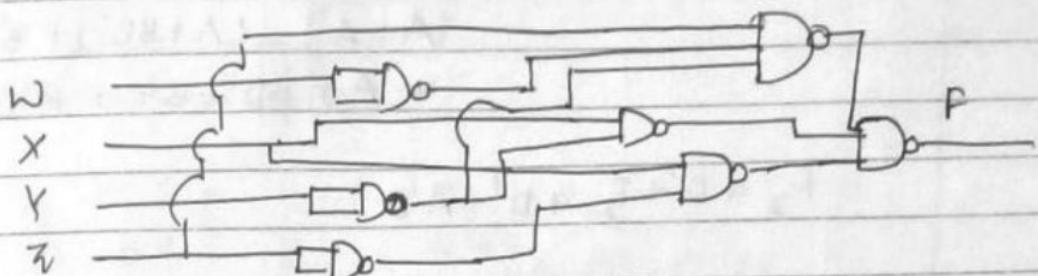


u) $F(W, X, Y, Z) = \sum m(1, 5, 6, 12, 13, 14) + \sum d(2, 4)$

=

$W \setminus X \setminus Y \setminus Z$	00	01	11	10
00	0	1	0	X
01	X	1	0	1
11	1	1	0	1
10	0	0	0	0

$$F \Rightarrow XZ' + XY' + W'X'Z$$



s) $F(A, B, C, D) = \sum (0, 1, 2, 5, 8, 9, 10)$

$$F(A, B, C) = A'B'C'D' + A'B'C'D + A'B'C'D' + A'B'C'D.$$

$$\text{Min} \quad + AB'C'D + AB'C'D + AB'C'D'$$

$$\prod M(3, 4, 6, 7, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15)$$

$$F_{\text{MAX}}(A, B, C) = (A+B+C'+D')(A+B'+C+D)(A+B+C+D)$$

$$(A+B'+C'+D')(A'+B+C'+D')(A'+B'+C+D)$$

$$(A'+B'+C+D')(A'+B'+C'+D)(A'+B'+C'+D')$$

TUT \rightarrow 3

1)

$$(a) T_1 = B'C$$

$$T_2 = A'B$$

$$T_3 = A + T_1 = A + B'C$$

$$T_4 = T_2 \oplus D = A'BD' + (A+B')D \Rightarrow A'BD' + AD + B'D$$

$$F_1 = T_3 + T_4 = A + B'C + A'BD' + AD + B'D$$

$$\Rightarrow A(1+D) + A'BD' + B'C + B'D$$

$$(A+A')(A+BD') + B'C + B'D$$

$$= A + BD' + B'C + B'D$$

$$F_2 = D' + T_2 = D' + A'B$$

15) (b)

A	B	C	D	F ₁	F ₂
0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	1	0
0	0	1	0	1	1
0	0	1	1	1	0
0	1	0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0	1	1
0	1	1	1	0	1
1	0	0	0	1	1
1	0	0	1	1	0
1	0	1	0	1	1
1	0	1	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	1	1
1	1	0	1	1	0
1	1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	1

(c)

AB	CD	00	01	11	10
00	1	0	0	1	
01	1	1	1	1	
11	1	0	0	1	
10	1	0	0	1	

$$f_2 \Rightarrow D' + A'B$$

AB	CD	00	01	11	10
00	0	1	1	1	
01	1	0	0	1	
11	1	1	1	1	
10	1	1	1	1	

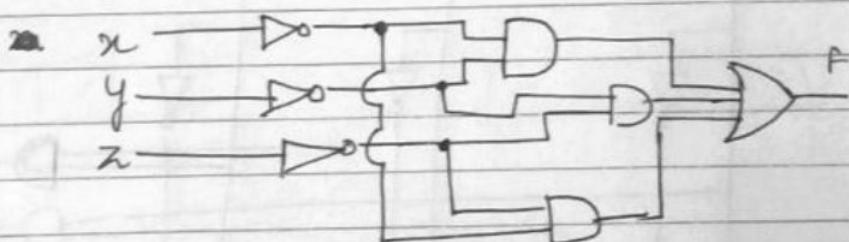
$$f_1 \Rightarrow BD' + B'D + A + CD'$$

2)

x	y	z	f
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	0

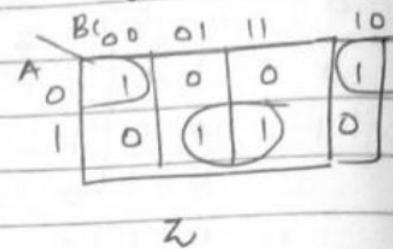
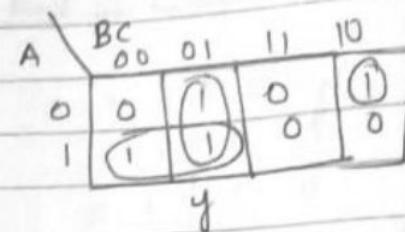
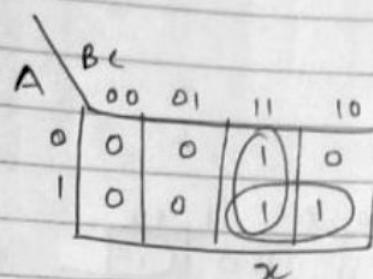
x	y	z	00	01	11	10
0	1	1	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	0	0	0	0

$$F = x'y' + y'z' + x'z'$$



3)

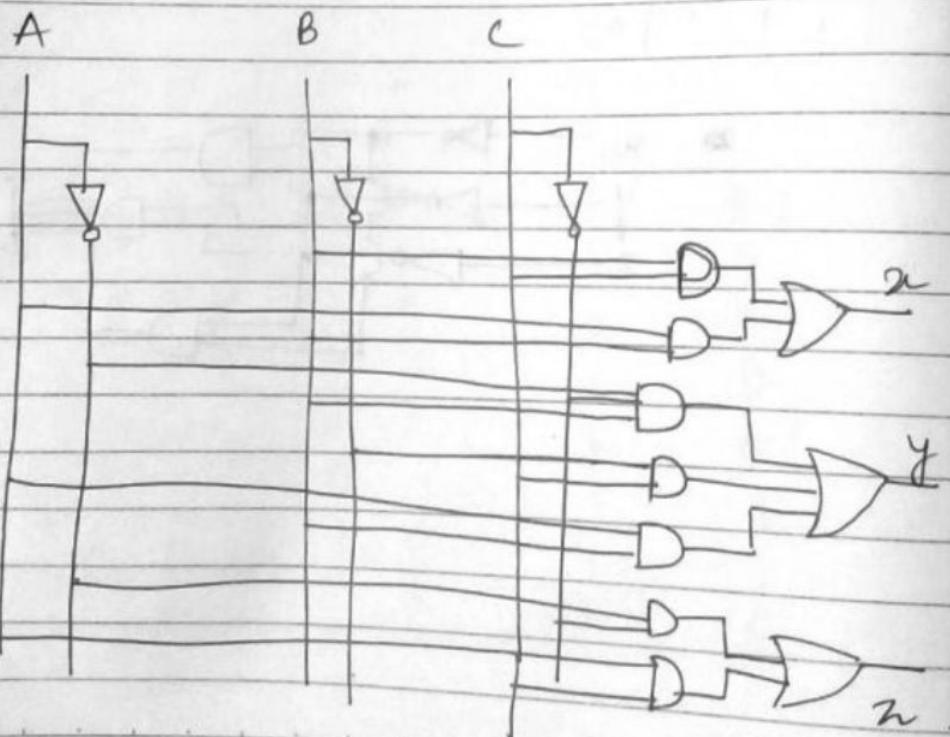
A	B	C	x	y	z
0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0	1	0
0	1	0	0	1	1
0	1	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1	0	0
1	1	1	1	0	1



$$x = BC + AB$$

$$y = A'B'C' + B'C + AB'$$

$$z = A'C' + AC$$



	A	B	C	D		Excess 3 code
0	0	0	0	0		w x y z
0	0	0	0	1		0 0 1 1
0	0	0	1	0		0 1 0 0
0	0	0	1	1		0 1 0 1
0	1	0	0	0		0 1 1 0
0	1	0	1	1		0 1 1 1
0	1	1	0	0		1 0 0 0
0	1	1	1	1		1 0 0 1
1	0	0	0	0		1 0 1 0
1	0	0	0	1		1 1 0 0
1	0	1	0	0		x x x y
1	0	1	1	1		x x x x
1	1	0	0	0		x x x x
1	1	0	1	1		x x x x
1	0	1	0	0		x x x x
1	1	1	1	0		x x x y

AB \ CD	00	01	11	10
00	0	0	0	0
01	0	1	1	1
w	1	y	x x	x
10	1	1	x	x

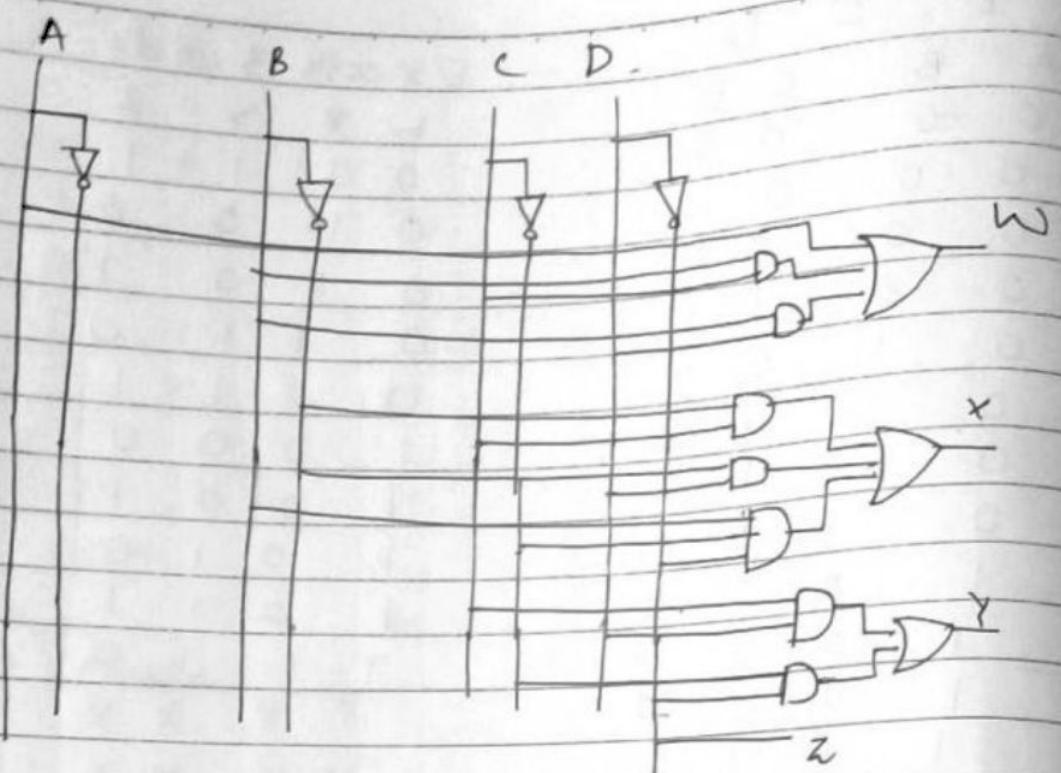
AB \ CD	00	01	11	10
00	0	1	1	1
01	1	0	0	0
x	1	x	x	x x
10	0	1	x	x

AB \ CD	00	01	11	10
00	1	0	1	0
01	1	0	1	0
y	1	x	x x	x
10	1	0	x	x

AB \ CD	00	01	11	10
00	1	0	0	1
01	1	0	0	1
z	1	x x	x x	x x
10	1	0	x x	x x

$$w = BD + BC + A$$

$$x = B'C'D + B'D + B'C \\ C'D + C \\ D'$$



4)

	w	x	y	z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g
=	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1
	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1
	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1

	Y ₂ WZ	00	01	11	10
WX	00	1	0	1	0
	01	0	1	0	1
	11	0	0	0	0
	10	1	0	0	0

a

	Y ₂ WZ	00	01	11	10
WX	00	1	0	0	0
	01	1	0	0	1
	11	0	0	0	0
	10	1	0	0	0

	Y ₂ WZ	00	01	11	10
WX	00	1	1	1	1
	01	1	0	1	0
	11	0	0	0	0
	10	1	1	0	0

b

	Y ₂ WZ	00	01	11	10
WX	00	1	0	1	1
	01	0	1	0	1
	11	0	0	0	0
	10	1	1	0	0

c

	Y ₂ WZ	00	01	11	10
WX	00	1	0	0	1
	01	0	0	0	1
	11	0	0	0	0
	10	1	0	0	0

d

	Y ₂ WZ	00	01	11	10
WX	00	1	0	0	0
	01	1	1	0	1
	11	0	0	0	0
	10	1	1	0	0

e

	Y ₂ WZ	00	01	11	10
WX	00	0	0	1	1
	01	1	1	0	1
	11	0	0	0	0
	10	1	1	0	0

$$a = w'x'z' + w'y + w'xz + wx'y'$$

$$b = x'y' + u'x' + w'xz' + w'yz$$

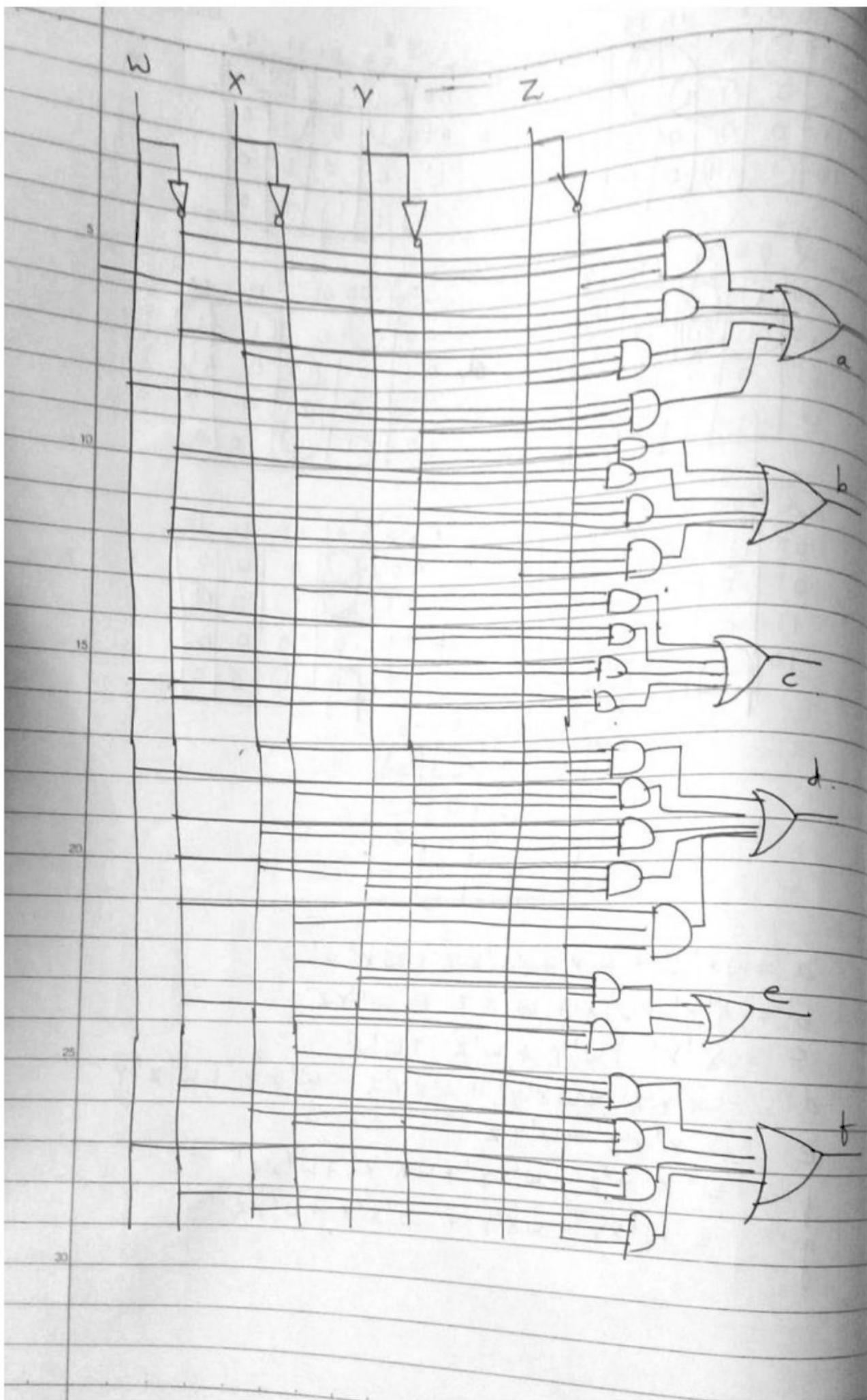
$$c = x'y' + w'yz' + w'z + w'x$$

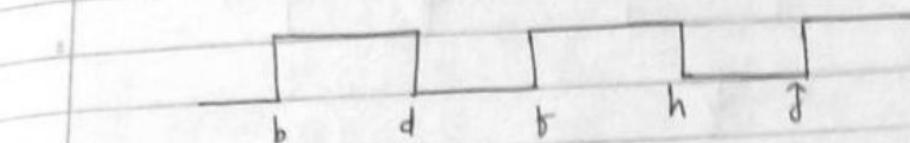
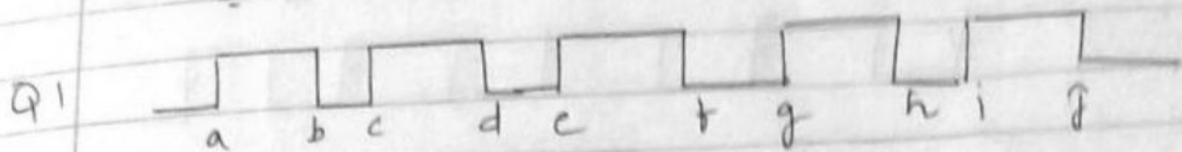
$$d = x'y'z' + wx'y' + w'xy'z + w'xy + w'z'y$$

$$e = x'y'z' + w'yz$$

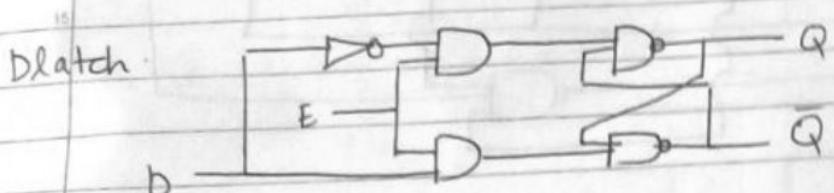
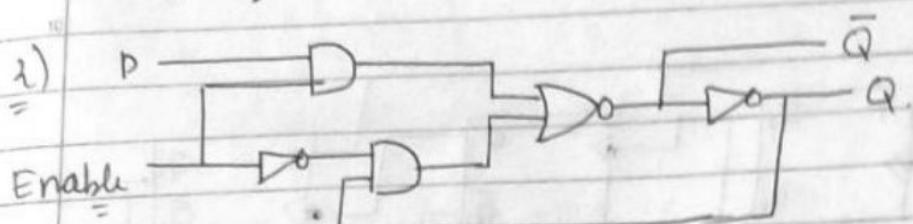
$$f = x'y'z' + w'xy' + wx'y' + w'xz'$$

$$g = w'xy' + wx'y' + w'x'y + w'yz$$



TDT \rightarrow 

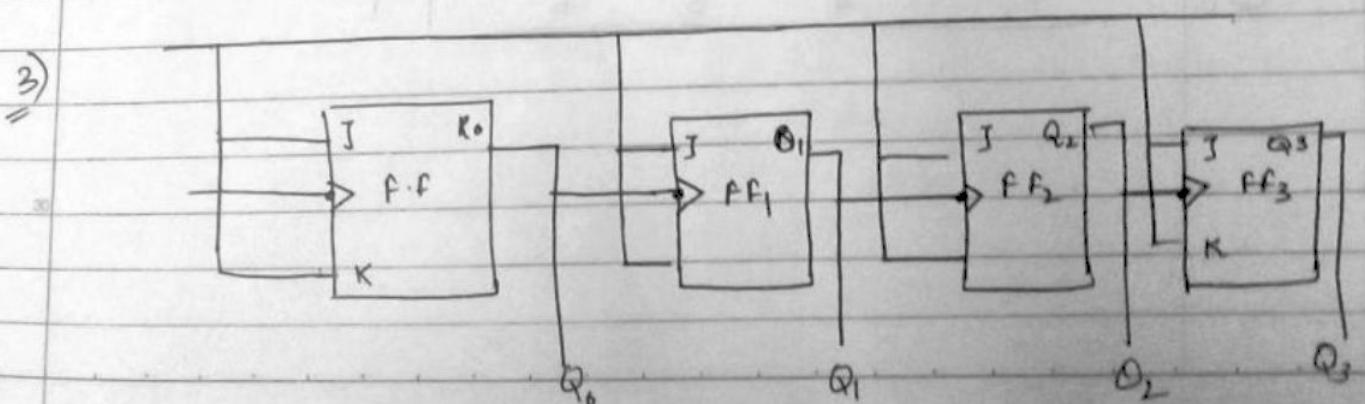
$$f' = \frac{t}{2} \Rightarrow 50\text{Hz}$$

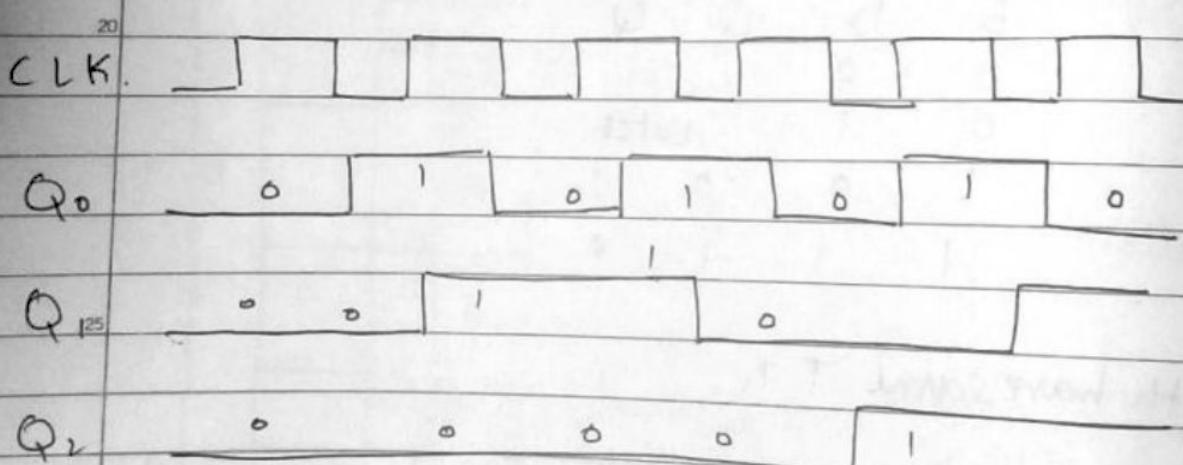
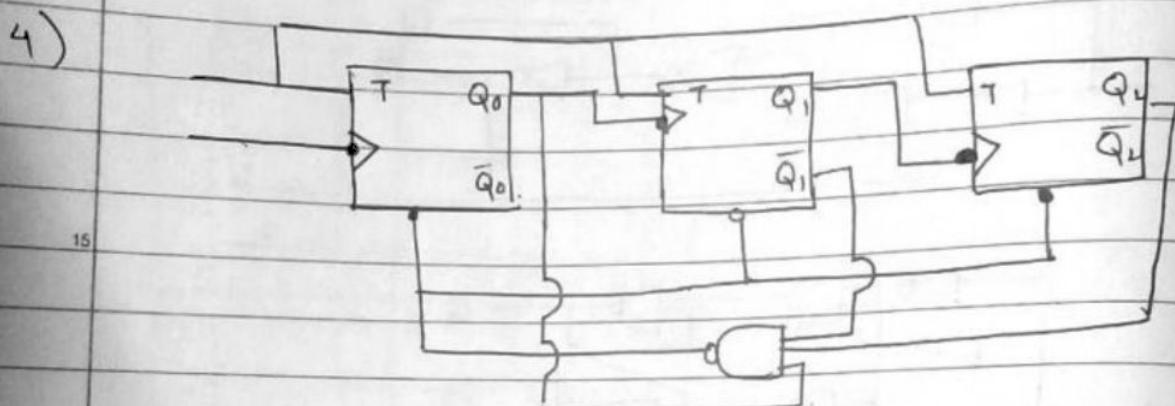
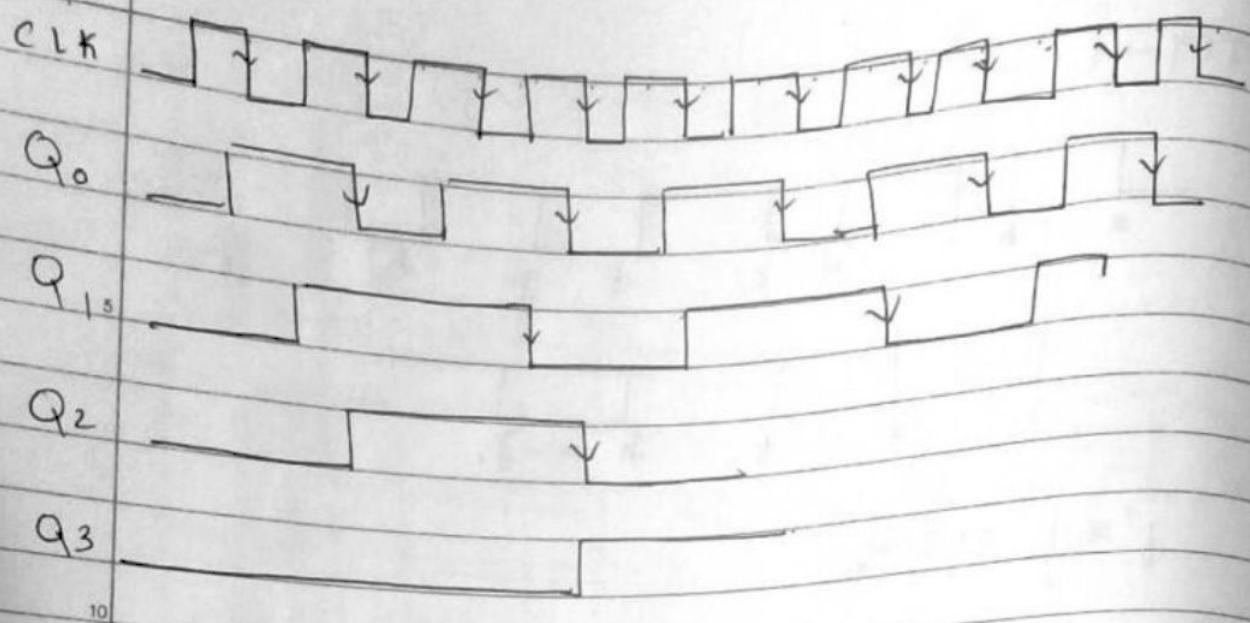


E	D	Q	\bar{Q}
0	0		
0	1		
1	0	0	1
1	1	1	0

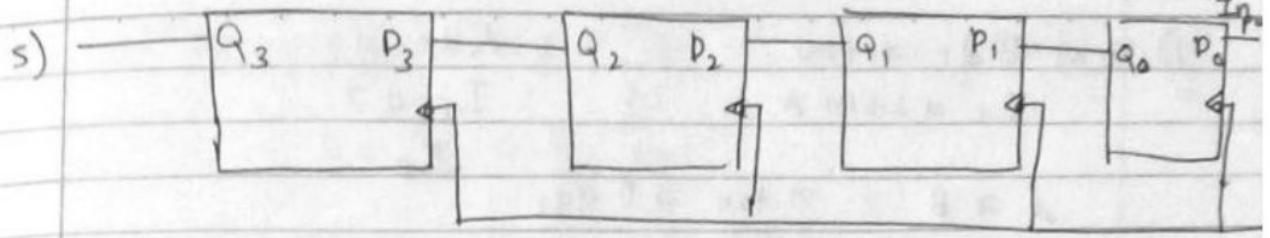
latch.

25) Both have same T.T.



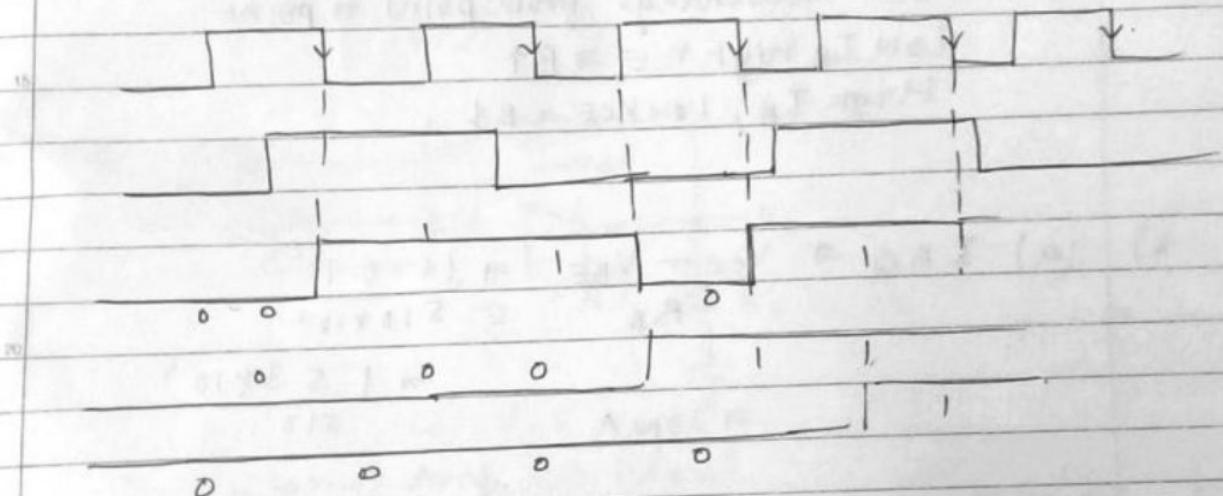


30



D_3	D_2	D_1	D_0	CLK	Q_3	Q_2	Q_1	Q_0
0	0	0	0	initial.	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	↓	0	0	0	1
0	0	1	1	↓	0	0	1	1
0	1	1	0	↓	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	1	↓	1	1	0	1

Original data input $\Rightarrow 1101$



TOT \rightarrow 10

$$1) \quad (a) B_{dc} \geq 120.$$

$I_c = 20 \text{ mA}$

 $B_{dc} \geq ?$
 $I_E \geq ?$
 $I_B = ?$

$$\frac{\beta}{\beta + 1} \geq \frac{120}{121} \geq 0.99$$

5

$$(b) \beta_{dc} \geq \frac{I_c}{I_B} \geq \frac{6.7 \text{ mA}}{80 \mu\text{A}} \rightarrow 83.75.$$

$$10) (c) \beta_{dc} \geq \frac{0.85}{5} \Rightarrow 170.$$

$$(d) \beta_{dc} \geq \frac{3.4}{50} \Rightarrow 113.33$$

e β_{dc} does change from point to point

Low I_B high V_{CE} $\Rightarrow \beta \uparrow$

High I_B , low V_{CE} $\Rightarrow \beta \downarrow$.

$$2) (a) I_{BQ} \Rightarrow \frac{V_{cc} - V_{BE}}{R_B} = \frac{16 - 0.7}{510 \times 10^3}$$

20

$$= 1.53 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$= 30 \mu\text{A}.$$

510.

$$(b) I_{CQ} = \beta I_{BQ} \Rightarrow 128 \times 30 \mu\text{A} \Rightarrow 3.6 \text{ mA}$$

$$25) (c) V_{CEQ} \Rightarrow V_{cc} - I_{CQ} R_C = 16 - 3.6 \times 10^{-3} (1.8 \times 10^3)$$

$$\Rightarrow 9.52 \text{ V}.$$

$$(d) V_C \Rightarrow V_{CEQ} = 9.52 \text{ V}.$$

$$(e) V_B = V_{BE} = 0.7 \text{ V}.$$

$$30) (f) \Rightarrow V_E = 0 \text{ V}.$$

(a) Voltage gain $A_v = -\frac{R_f}{R_i}$ (Inverting Amplifier)

$$V_o = -\frac{R_f}{R_i} \times V_i$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{10 \times 10^3}{1 \times 10^3} \times 10.$$

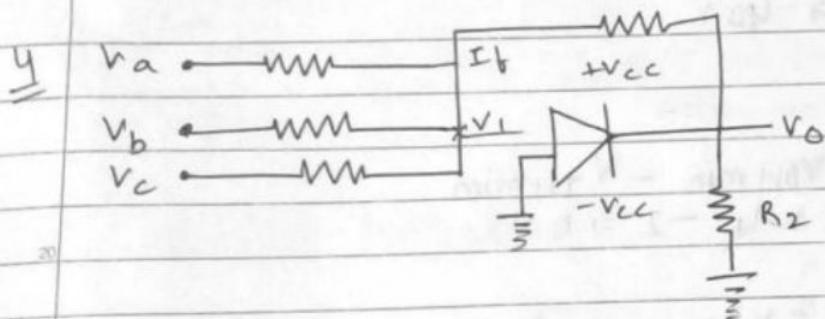
$$\Rightarrow -100 \text{ V} \text{ (180 phase b/w I/O)}$$

(b) $A_v = 1 + \frac{R_f}{R_i}$ (Non Inverting amplifier with voltage gain).

$$V_o \left(1 + \frac{10 \times 10^3}{1 \times 10^3} \right) \times 10 \Rightarrow 110 \text{ V} \text{ (same phase)}$$

(c) Current gain Amplifier

$$V_o = 10 \text{ V}$$



Operational Amp is ideal.

Applying KCL at V_1 , $I_1 + I_2 + I_3 = I_f$.

$$\frac{V_a - V_1}{R_1} + \frac{V_b - V_1}{R_2} + \frac{V_c - V_1}{R_3} \Rightarrow \frac{V_1 - V_o}{R_f}$$

From Virtual Ground concept.

$$V_1 = 0 \quad V_o = 0$$

$\therefore V_1$ is known as virtual ground.

$$\frac{V_a}{R_1} + \frac{V_b}{R_2} + \frac{V_c}{R_3} = -\frac{1}{R_f} \Rightarrow V_o$$

$$V_o \Rightarrow -R_f \left[\frac{V_a}{R_1} + \frac{V_b}{R_2} + \frac{V_c}{R_3} \right]$$

(a) $V_o = -10 \times 10^3 \left[\frac{-5}{2 \times 10^3} + \frac{1}{1 \times 10^3} - \frac{1}{5 \times 10^3} \right]$

$$\Rightarrow -10 \left[\frac{-5}{2} + 1 - \frac{1}{5} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow 25 - 10 + 2$$

$$= 17 V$$

(b) $V_o = -20 \left[\frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{5} + \frac{4}{5} \right]$

$$\Rightarrow -40 V$$

5) $NM_H \Rightarrow V_{OH\min} - V_{IH\max}$
 $\Rightarrow 2.4 - 2 \Rightarrow 0.4 V$

$$NH_2 = V_{IL\max} - V_{QL\max}$$

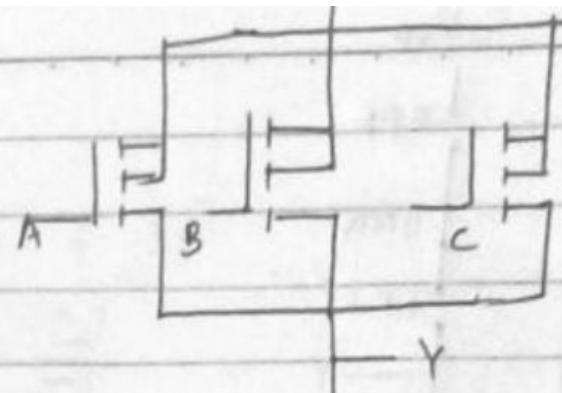
$$= 0.8 - 0.4$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.4 V$$

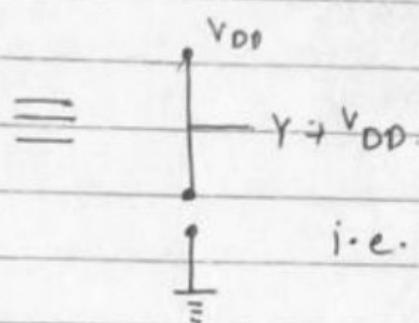
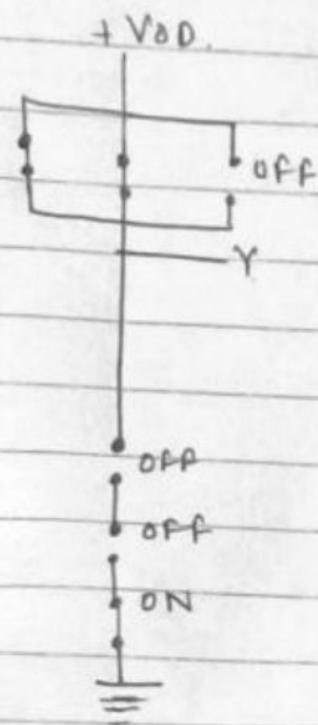
6 \equiv 3 i/p NAND gate.

A	B	C	Y
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0

1 1 0 0
1 1 1 0



Operation: for i/p $A=0, B=0, C=1$

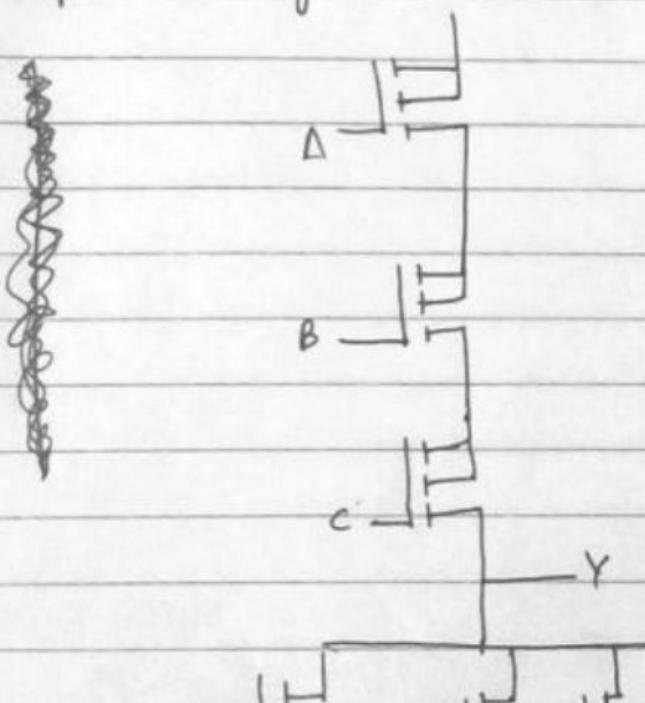


i.e. logic 1

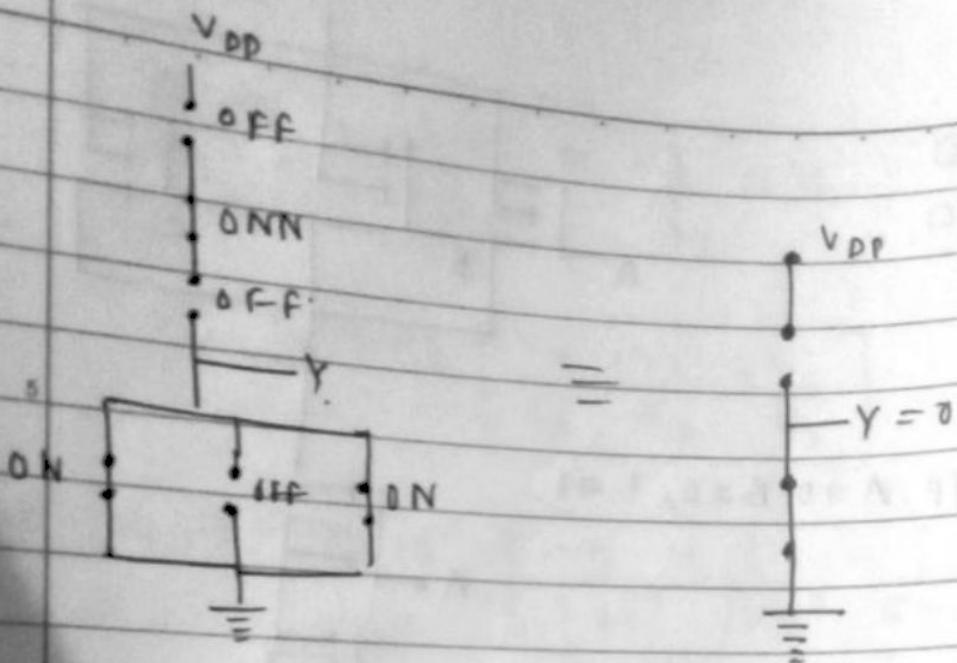
$\therefore Q/P$ can be obtained for other combined. of.

Jmpud

3 input NOR gates.



A	B	C	Y
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	0



TUT → 4.

Q6 Decimal

BCD - 84-2-1

0	0000
1	0001
2	0010
3	0011
4	0100
5	0101
6	0110
7	0111
8	1000
9	1001

Q5 $(77)_8 \rightarrow 63$ - Decimal.

111111 → Binary

100000 → Gray

Q4 - 43

$$\begin{array}{r}
 -101011 \\
 -00101011 \\
 \hline
 +101011 \\
 +00101011 \\
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1's -11010100 \\
 2's -11010101 \\
 \hline
 11010100 \\
 11010101
 \end{array}$$

Q3 (a) $56742 - 2487$

9's of 62487 = 97512

10's = 975131

$$\begin{array}{r}
 56742 \\
 97513 \\
 \hline
 ① 54255
 \end{array}$$

(b)

$$A_2 B C - B_8 9$$

$$X = A_2 B C$$

$$Y = B_8 9$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{1's of } Y \\ \text{---} \\ \begin{array}{r} FF FF \\ 0 B 8 9 \\ \hline F 4 7 6 \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$A_2 B C$$

$$F 4 7 6$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 9 7 3 2 \rightarrow 9 7 3 3$$

Q2

$$(68)_{10} - (58)_{10}$$

$$(000100)_2 - (011101)_2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1000100 \\ 1000101 \\ \hline 1000100 \\ +1 \\ \hline 0001010 \\ \Rightarrow (10)_{10} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (68)_{10} - 1000100 \\ (58)_{10} - 01110110 \\ \hline \begin{array}{l} \text{1's} \\ \text{of 58} \end{array} \quad 1000101 \\ +1 \\ \hline 1000110 \end{array}$$

$$(43)_{10} - (58)_{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0101011 \\ 1000101 \\ \hline 1110000 \\ 0001111 \\ \hline -(15)_{10} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0101011 \\ 1000110 \\ \hline 1110001 \\ 0001110 \\ \hline -(15)_{10} \end{array}$$