CSCI 400-1

Presented by Group 8: Folusho Adeoti, Arif Ahmed, Josue Nunez

Overview

Wireless Penetration Testing
Introduction
Benefits
Phases
Hardware/Tools
01
02
03
04
Proposed Solutions
Real World Examples
Demonstrations
06
07
08
09
Problems and Difficulties
Attacks
Conclusion
05
10

Introduction

The aim of this project is to preform penetration testing in a wireless network. We will perform packet sniffing to capture sensitive data, and Packet analysis to extract important information like IP addresses, MAC addresses and others, as well as Denial of Service attacks to disrupt network connectivity.

Penetration testing is the set of techniques used by authorized practitioners to exploit vulnerabilities to determine whether unauthorized access or other malicious activity is possible

Benefits

Risk Mitigation - By uncovering vulnerabilities, penetration testing enables organizations to asses and prioritize risks effectively. They can implement appropriate security controls and measures to mitigate these risks and strengthen their overall cybersecurity posture.

Identifying Vulnerabilities - Penetration testing helps identify weaknesses in systems, networks, and applications before attackers can exploit them.

Testing Incident Response Plans - Testing can simulate real-world cyber attacks, which allows organizations to test their incident response plans and procedures. This helps them identify gaps in response capabilities and ensure that they are well prepared in responding to security incidents.

Wireless Penetration	n Testing
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The Phases

Reconnaissance

The gathering information and preparation phase

Scanning

The phase in which we use tools and techniques to discover vulnerabilities within the target system

Gaining Access

Exploit the vulnerabilities found during scanning to gain access to the system

Analysis/Report

Evaluate the findings, and document every detailed finding. The documentation usually includes technical risks, any vulnerabilities that were found, and how they were found.

Attacks

This attack is a type of Denial of Service (Dos) attack that will disrupt the connectivity of the network by sending deauthentication frames to the client, causing legitimate users to disconnect from the wireless network.

Deauthentication

Packet Sniffing

Packet Analysis

This attack captures network traffic to inspect the data packets being transmitted over the wireless network. This is done to identify sensitive information, such as usernames, passwords, or other confidential data.

This attack analyzes the captured network packets to extract important information like users IP addresses, their MAC addresses, the protocols used, and other network characteristics.

Hardware/Tools

Wireless USB WiFi Adapter

Kali Linux Virtual Machine

Wireshark

Aircrack-ng

Demonstrations

Proposed Solution

Deauthentication Attack

Deploying wireless intrusion detection and prevention systems (WIDS/WIPS) to detect and mitigate deauthentication attacks.

Configuring wireless access points to detect and block excessive deauthentication frames or implement rate limiting to prevent flooding attacks

Network logs should be monitored for suspicious activity and any unauthorized deauthentication attempts should be investigated promptly

Proposed Solution

Packet Sniffing

Encrypting protocols such as WPA2 (WiFi Protected Access 2) with AES (Advanced Encryption Standard) encryption should be implemented. Those protocols will encrypt data packets transmitted over the network.

Use secure communication protocols such as HTTPS for web browsing and SSH (Secure Shell) for remote access to prevent sensitive information from being transmitted in plaintext.

Proposed Solution

Packet Analysis

Network traffic should be monitored regularly using intrusion detection systems (IDS) or intrusion prevention systems (IPS) to detect abnormal or suspicious behavior.

Implementation network segmentation and access controls to limit the exposure of critical systems and data.

Encrypt sensitive data transmitted over the network to prevent unauthorized access to plaintext information.

Real World Examples

The Equifax Data Breach

In 2017, Equifax (One of the largest consumer credit reporting agencies) had a data breach that exposed the personal information of 143 million individuals.

Equifax hired a third party vendor to conduct a penetration test on its systems, however the vendor failed to identify a critical vulnerability in their web application framework, which allowed attackers to abuse this vulnerability and gain access to the companys data.

If the vendor had conducted a more through test, this vulnerability would have been identified and patched before the attackers ever had a chance to find and abuse it. Its extremely important to not cut any corners when conducting these tests, for the consequences can be significant.

Real World Examples

The Canadian Cybersecurity Breach

In 2019, the Canadian Government experienced a cybersecurity breach that compromised the personal information of over nine thousand people. The breach was caused by a vulnerability in the online portal for people searching for employment.

The government hired penetration testers to identify these vulnerabilities and patch them. They identified several vulnerabilities that could have been exploited by attackers to gain access to the governments sensitive data.

The penetration testers allowed the Canadian government to identify and address these vulnerabilities before any further attacks occur. They not only patched the already existing vulnerability but managed to find addition ones that the government was not aware of. These tests helped the government improve its cybersecurity posture and mitigate risk.

Problems and Difficulties

Bluetooth interface commands like hcitool and hciconfig were not working as intended. Problem suspected to be with virtual machine used, or the host computer itself. After using a different virtual machine and an older version of kali linux, bluetooth interface began to work as intended.

Purchasing a WIFI adapter that was not compatible with Kali Linux.

Conclusion

Wireless Penetration Testing

Our testing using these techniques highlighted the vulnerabilities present in wireless networks. Through our research weve identified several effective solutions that will mitigate risk. By integrating these solutions into our network infrastructure and maintaining a proactive security posture, we can strengthen our defenses and safeguard against any potential breaches coming our way.

Thank
You

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