```
In [1]: #7. Data Analytics
    #Implement Simple Naïve Bayes classification algorithm using Python/R on iris.
    #ComputeConfusionmatrixtofindTP,FP,TN,FN,Accuracy,Errorrate,Precision,
    #Recall on the given dataset.

#iris.csv
#****1St try
#sssss
In [30]: import numpy as np
```

```
In [30]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [31]: df = pd.read_csv('iris.csv')
    df.head()
```

## Out[31]: ld SepalLengthCm SepalWidthCm PetalLengthCm PetalWidthCm **Species** 1 5.1 3.5 1.4 0.2 Iris-setosa 2 4.9 3.0 0.2 Iris-setosa 1 1.4 3 3.2 4.7 1.3 0.2 Iris-setosa 3 4.6 3.1 1.5 0.2 Iris-setosa 5 5.0 3.6 0.2 Iris-setosa 1.4

## Out[32]: Id sepal\_length sepal\_width petal\_length petal\_width species 0 1 1.4 5.1 3.5 0.2 Iris-setosa 1 2 4.9 3.0 1.4 0.2 Iris-setosa 2 3 4.7 3.2 1.3 0.2 Iris-setosa 0.2 Iris-setosa 4 4.6 3.1 1.5 5 5.0 3.6 1.4 0.2 Iris-setosa

```
In [33]: \#df = pd.DataFrame(df1)
          df.head()
Out[33]:
             ld sepal length sepal width petal length petal width
                                                                species
           0
             1
                        5.1
                                    3.5
                                               1.4
                                                          0.2 Iris-setosa
             2
                        4.9
                                    3.0
                                               1.4
                                                          0.2 Iris-setosa
           1
           2
             3
                        4.7
                                    3.2
                                               1.3
                                                          0.2 Iris-setosa
                                                          0.2 Iris-setosa
             4
                        4.6
                                    3.1
                                               1.5
            5
                        5.0
                                    3.6
                                               1.4
                                                          0.2 Iris-setosa
In [34]: |#Step 3: Checking for null values
In [35]: df.isnull().sum()
Out[35]: Id
                           0
          sepal_length
                           0
          sepal_width
                           0
          petal length
                           0
          petal width
                           0
          species
                           0
          dtype: int64
In [36]: x = df.iloc[:,:4].values
          y = df['species'].values
In [37]: #Step 4: Splitting the dataset into the Training set and Test set
          from sklearn.model selection
In [38]:
          import train test split
          x_train, x_test, y_train,
          y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size = 0.2)
In [39]: #Step 5: Feature Scaling
In [40]: | from sklearn.preprocessing
          import StandardScaler
          sc = StandardScaler()
          x_train = sc.fit_transform(x_train)
          x_test = sc.transform(x_test)
In [41]: #Step 6: Training the Naive Bayes Classification model on the Training Set
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```
In [42]: from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB
           classifier = GaussianNB()
           classifier.fit(x_train, y_train)
Out[42]: GaussianNB()
In [43]: #In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representat
           #On GitHub, the HTML representation is unable to render, please try loading th
           #Step 7: Predicting the Test set results
In [44]: y_pred = classifier.predict(x_test)
           y_pred
Out[44]: array(['Iris-virginica', 'Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-setosa',
                   'Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-setosa',
                   'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-setosa', 'Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-setosa', 'Iris-versicolor',
                   'Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-versicolor',
                   'Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-setosa',
'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-setosa',
'Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-versicolor', 'Iris-versicolor',
                   'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-virginica',
                   'Iris-setosa', 'Iris-virginica', 'Iris-virginica'], dtype='<U15')
In [45]: #Step 8: Confusion Matrix and Accuracy
In [46]: | from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
           cm = confusion matrix(y test, y pred)
           from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
           print ("Accuracy : ", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
           \mathsf{cm}
           Accuracy: 1.0
Out[46]: array([[ 7, 0, 0],
                   [ 0, 12, 0],
                   [ 0, 0, 11]], dtype=int64)
In [47]: #Step 9: Comparing the Real Values with Predicted Values
```

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	Real Values	Predicted Values
0	Iris-virginica	Iris-virginica
1	Iris-versicolor	Iris-versicolor
2	Iris-setosa	Iris-setosa
3	Iris-versicolor	Iris-versicolor
4	Iris-versicolor	Iris-versicolor

In [ ]: