Web Application Penetration Testing Report

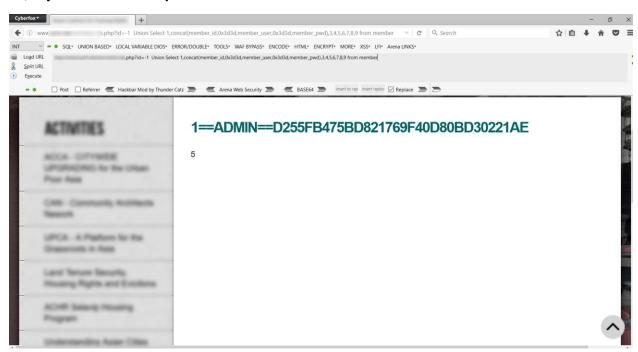
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Executive Summary:

A thorough penetration test of the web application at https://target.com has revealed several critical vulnerabilities categorized as SQL Injection, File Upload, Local File Inclusion (LFI), Cross-Site Scripting (XSS), and Remote Code Execution (RCE). Each vulnerability has been analyzed to present the affected component, a proof of concept for exploitation, and the technical specifics of the security flaw.

Vulnerability Assessment:

SQL Injection Vulnerability:

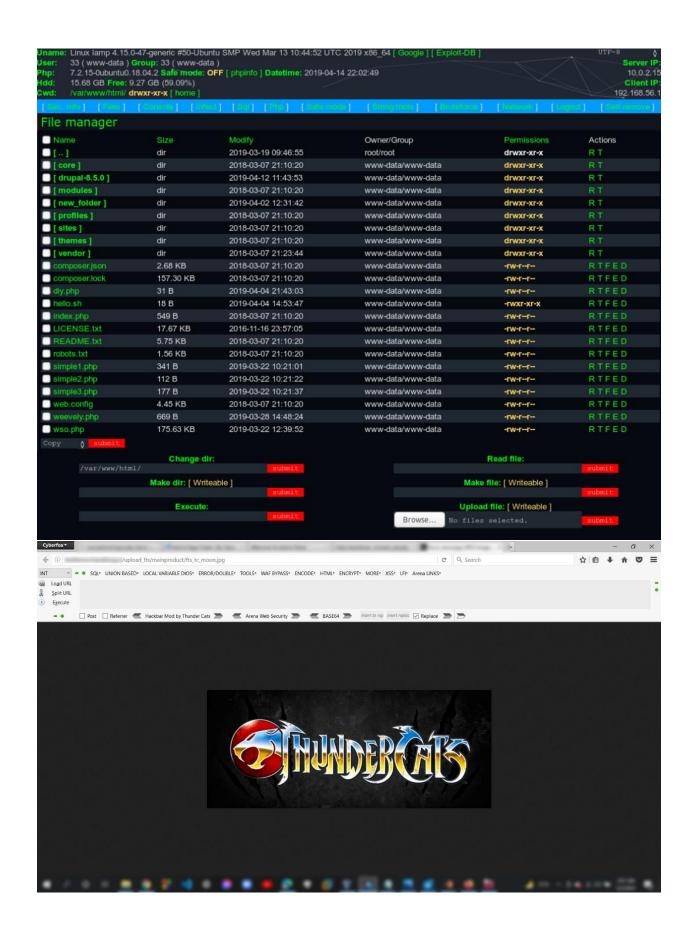


Affected Component: https://target.com/login

Proof of Concept: Submission of `' OR '1'='1` in the `username` field which causes unauthorized authentication.

Technical Details: The login form's `username	`parameter lacks proper sanitization allowing SQL
command injection.	

File Upload Vulnerability:

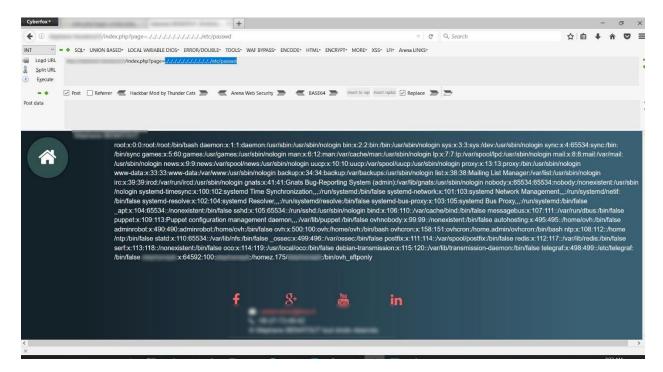


Affected Component: https://target.com/profile/upload

Proof of Concept: Uploading a file named `shell.php.jpg` and accessing it via `https://target.com/uploads/shell.php.jpg` executes the embedded PHP code.

Technical Details: The upload script fails to adequately validate the file extension and MIME type, permitting executable code uploads.

Local File Inclusion (LFI) Vulnerability:

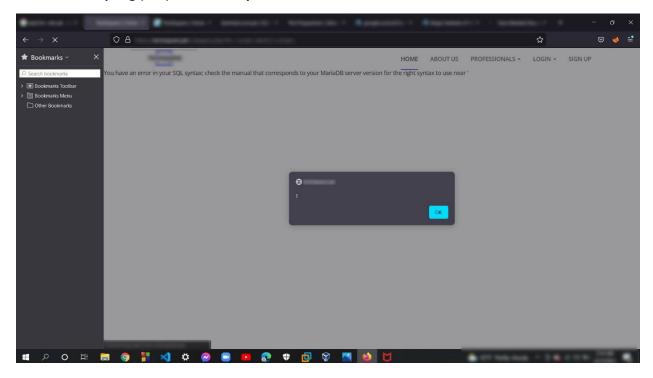


Affected Component: 'https://target.com/page'

Proof of Concept: Altering the `file` parameter to `https://target.com/page?file=../../../etc/passwd` retrieves the system's passwd file.

Technical Details: The `file` parameter in the URL is improperly sanitized, leading to directory traversal and local file inclusion.

Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) Vulnerability:

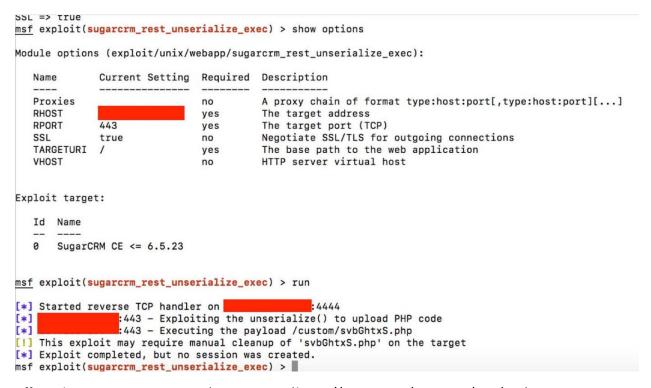


Affected Component: `https://target.com/search`

Proof of Concept: Entering `<script>alert('XSS')</script>` in the search box causes execution of JavaScript.

Technical Details: The search input is reflected in the page without proper encoding, leading to reflective XSS.

Remote Code Execution (RCE) Vulnerability:



Affected Component: SugarCRM's REST API at `https://target.com/sugarcrm/rest/v10`

Proof of Concept: Exploiting the `unserialize` PHP function through the API endpoint to execute arbitrary code.

Technical Details: The API endpoint improperly handles object deserialization, allowing the injection and execution of arbitrary PHP objects.

Remediation Recommendations:

- Strengthen input validation and employ prepared statements or ORM for database interactions.
- Enforce strict file type verification and content scanning for uploads.
- Implement rigorous sanitization techniques for file inclusions, adopting a whitelist approach.
- Apply output encoding and CSP headers to prevent XSS.
- Patch SugarCRM to the latest version and audit application code to prevent insecure deserialization.

Conclusion:

The identified vulnerabilities are significant and demand immediate remediation to safeguard the web application. Implementing the recommended security measures will substantially reduce the risk of successful exploitation.

Note: This penetration test report contains sensitive information and is intended for the authorized personnel of https://target.com. The tests were conducted under strict ethical guidelines and with full authorization.