## Safety and Reliability of Embedded Systems- SRES (WS 19/20) Problem Set 2

## Problem 1: Definition of "risk"

1. Complete the graphic by filling in the gray boxes with the following concepts: Safety, Danger, Residual Risk, Required Risk Reduction and Actual Risk Reduction.

Actual risk reduction

Actual risk reduction

Target Marginal Current risk risk

Residual risks

Required risk reduction

2. How is risk defined mathematically? Please depict your results from 1. by using a frequency vs. severity plot

Definition of risk: R = H \* S

H: Expected frequency of the occurrence of an event that leads to a particular harm.

S: Expected severity of the harm

Area of acceptable risk

Residual risk area acceptable risk

Residual risk area acceptable risk

Residual risk area acceptable risk

## **Problem 2: Railroad crossing**

summary: MTTR = 12 hours

MTBF = 6 months

Every 100<sup>th</sup> crossing accident killing all passengers

Driver: 300 railroads crossings per year 5 seconds per crossing

1. calculate the individual risk of fatality for the driver of the car.

$$NP = \frac{300}{y} = \frac{300}{8760h} = \frac{5}{146h} = 3.42 \times 10^{-2} h^{-1}$$

HR = 
$$\frac{2}{y} = \frac{2}{8760h} = \frac{1}{4380h} = 2.28 \times 10^{-4} h^{-1}$$

E = 5 sec = 
$$\frac{5}{3600h}$$
 = 0.001388 << D = 0

$$C = \frac{1}{100} = 0.01$$

$$F = 1_death$$

$$IRF_i = \sum_{hazard_j} NP_i \cdot \left[ HR_j \cdot (D_j + E_{ij}) \cdot \sum_{accidents_k} A_{jk} \cdot F_{jk} \right]$$

So, Individual Risk of Fatality (IRF) = NP. [ HR(D+E).C.F ] 
$$= (3.42 \times 10^{-2} h^{-1}) * (2.28 \times 10^{-4} h^{-1}) * 12h * 0.01 \text{ death}$$
$$= 9.35*10^{-7} \text{ deaths/h}$$
$$= 8.2*10^{-3} \text{ deaths/year}$$

2. is the "Minimal Endogenous Mortality" criterion (MEM) satisfied?

"minimal endogenous mortality" MEM considers 10-5 deaths per person and year to be the upper limit of the (additional) mortality caused by technical systems:

$$\left(10^{-5} \frac{deaths}{person.year}\right) * 1 \ person = \frac{10^{-5} \ deaths}{8760 h} = 1.142 * 10^{-9} \ \frac{death}{h}$$

IRF = 
$$9.35*10^{-7} \frac{death}{h} > 1.142 * 10^{-9} \frac{death}{h}$$

So, the MEM criterion is not fulfilled.

3. calculate also the availability  $a_c$  of the safe guarding controller.

$$a_c = \frac{MTBF}{MTBF + MTTR} = \frac{4380}{4380 + 12} = 0.99727$$

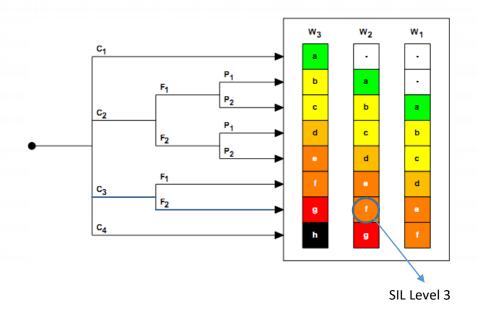
## **Problem 3: Adaptive Cruise Control System**

- 1. Please give a C, F, P, W value for the hazards based on the values <u>described in Chapter 3</u> and on the following assumptions (notice that they are not based on real data):
  - Acceleration is too high
  - Deceleration is too high

\*\*\* Reference: Slide 30, Chapter 3

Consequence C = C₃	If an accident occurs due to these hazards, at least 2 people are killed and at most 10 people are killed. (C₃: Death of several people)
Frequency of and exposure time in the hazardous zone $\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{F}_2$	The ACC vehicle's passengers (including driver) sit inside the vehicle two hours per day in average. (F₂:Frequent to permanent)
Possibility of failing to avoid the hazardous event <b>P</b> = <b>P</b> <sub>1</sub>	There is a high possibility to avoid these hazards by the deactivating the ACC system and giving the full control of the vehicle to the driver. (P1: Possible under certain conditions)
Probability of the unwanted occurrence <b>W</b> = <b>W</b> <sub>2</sub>	<ul> <li>It is known that each hazard might occur once in 10 years.         (few unwanted occurrences -&gt; 1/87600 ≈ 1.141× 10<sup>-5</sup> </li> <li>According to a safety analysis, the likelihood that the ACC system is in a hazardous state is 0.02% (Slight probability)</li> </ul>

2. Assign a SIL level for the ACC system by ranking the Hazards using the risk graph example provided in chapter



Necessary minimal risk reduction	Safety integrity level
	No safety requirements
а	No special safety requirements
b, c	1
d	2
e, f	3
g	4
h	An E/E/PE SRS* is not sufficient

safety-related system

\*\*\* Reference: Slide 29, Chapter 3

3. What is the necessary risk reduction to be applied?

Minimum required risk reduction: f